MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals

(text not searchable)

COMMITTEE ON: TRANSPORTATION

LD#: 2092	TITLE:		DISPLAY OF BLUE LIGHTS THOSE USED BY AUTHORIZED RS AND AGENCIES.
HEARING DATE:		-February 8, 1988	
WORK SESSION DATE:		February 10, 1988 February 17, 1988 March 2, 1988	-
REPORTED OUT DATE:		March 11, 1988	-
COMMITTEE REPORT:	Ought to	Pass as Amended.	

SECOND REGULAR SESSION

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH LEGISLATURE

Legislative Document

No. 2092

S.P. 795

Submitted by the Department of Public Safety pursuant to Joint Rule 24.

Reference to the Committee on Legal Affairs suggested and ordered printed.

JOY J. O'BRIEN, Secretary of the Senate

Presented by Senator CAHILL of Sagadahoc.
Cosponsored by Representative MCPHERSON of Eliot,
Representative MACOMBER of South Portland, Representative
STROUT of Corinth.

STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD NINETEEN HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-EIGHT

2 3 4 5	AN ACT to Prohibit the Display of Blue Lights on Vehicles Other than those Used by Authorized Law Enforcement Officers and Agencies.						
6 7	Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine follows:						
8	Sec. 1. 29 MRSA §1367-B is enacted to read:						
9 10	§1367-B. Spot, fog or auxiliary lights; fire and emergency vehicles						

Page 1-LR4538

1. Spot and fog lights. There shall not be used on or in connection with any motor vehicle a spotlight or more than 2 fog or auxiliary lights, the rays from which shine more than 2 feet above the road at a distance of 30 feet from the vehicle, except that such a spotlight may be used for the purpose of reading signs and as an auxiliary light in cases of necessity when the other lights required by law fail to operate. No fog or auxiliary light mounted on any vehicle at a height greater than the center of the main headlamps may be illuminated while that vehicle is being operated on any public way, except as provided by section 1462, and the beam emitted shall be white or amber.

23456

- 2. Alternate flashing headlamps. No vehicles, other than ambulances, fire department, police department and highway maintenance vehicles, may be equipped with a device which provides for the alternate flashing of the vehicle's headlamps.
- 3. Blue lights. No vehicle may be equipped with or display a blue light, except that emergency lights used on police department vehicles and on motor vehicles operated by chiefs of police, state fire inspectors, inland fisheries and wildlife wardens, sea and shore fisheries wardens, Baxter State Park rangers, sheriffs and deputy sheriffs shall emit a blue beam of light.
 - 4. Red lights. A red light shall not be used on or in connection with any motor vehicle, the beam from which is visible to the front of the vehicle, except that emergency vehicles may display lights which emit a red beam to the front of the vehicle only under the following classifications.
 - A. Lights used on ambulances; fire department vehicles; vehicles operated by city and town fire inspectors; forestry department vehicles used for forest fire control purposes; and by vehicles operated by chiefs and chief officers, such as assistant chiefs, deputy chiefs and district

chiefs of fire departments, shall emit a red beam of light or a combination of red and white When authorized by the municipal officers lights. of a municipality and countersigned by the fire chief, a red blinker or flashing red signal light not more than 5 inches in diameter may be mounted as near as practicable above the registration plate on the front of a motor vehicle, or mounted on the dashboard so that the light will be shielded from the driver so as not to interfere with his vision, while operated by a member of a municipal or volunteer fire department. The light may be displayed, but shall not be in operation, except while the vehicle is in use for fire or other emergency service. No volunteer or service. No volunteer emergency municipal firefighter may operate a red blinker or flashing red signal light upon a motor vehicle, except while actually enroute to the scene of a fire or other emergency requiring services and unless the operator is an active member of the department. Nothing in this subsection may limit the use of lights showing a red beam of light to the front or rear of school buses, provided those lights are of a type approved by the Commissioner of Educational and Cultural Services under section 2012: nor may any designation or authorization by 2012; nor may any designation or authorization by the Commissioner of Public Safety be required for the use of emergency lights authorized under this section.

- B. Members of a volunteer emergency rescue squad or volunteer emergency ambulance service may display a red blinker or flashing red signal light of the same proportion, in the same location and under the same conditions as those permitted volunteer firefighters, when authorized by the municipal officers and countersigned by the chief official of the rescue squad or ambulance service.
- 5. Amber lights. Lights used on vehicles engaged in highway maintenance, in emergency rescue operations by civil defense and public safety agencies, wreckers and public utility emergency service vehicles shall emit an amber beam of light.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	A. Vehicles equipped and used for plowing snow on other than public ways may be equipped with an auxiliary rotary flashing light, which shall be mounted on top of the vehicle in such a manner as to emit an amber beam of light over a 360 degree angle. The lighting shall be in use only on a public way when the vehicle is entering the public way in the course of plowing private driveways and other off-highway locations.
10 11 12 13 14	The use of those auxiliary lights does not relieve the owner or operator of an emergency vehicle from conforming to section 1366. Sec. 2. 29 MRSA §1368, as amended by PL 1981, c. 98, §10, is repealed.
15	STATEMENT OF FACT
16 17 18	The main purpose of this bill is to make it clear that blue lights may not be displayed on other than police vehicles.
19 20 21 22 13 14 5	In order to make the entire text of the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 29, section 1368, clearer, more orderly and easier to read, the bill repeals the present section and creates a new section containing subsections which refer to spot and fog lights, alternate flashing headlamps, blue lights, red lights and amber lights.

6

(c)

SAMPLE STYLE OF SET-UP FOR NEWSPAPERS

STATE OF MAINE

Legislative Notices

The following committees will give public hearings in their rooms at the State House, Augusta. THURSDAY, JAN. 31, 1963
APPROPRIATIONS AND FINANCIAL AFFAIRS—Room 317, State Office Building—Public Hearing Advertised: On that part of the following department: 9:00 a.m.—Economic Development.

General Appropriation Act providing funds for the following department: 9:00 s.m.—Economic Development.

JUDICIARY—At 9:30 s.m.—H. P. 231, L. D. 294

— An Act Relating to Recording of Notice in Foreclosure by Publication. S. P. 106, L. D. 334

— An Act Relating to Medical Examiners. H. P. 218, L. D. 287

— An Act Relating to Redical Examiners. H. P. 218, L. D. 287

— An Act Relating to Restricting Certain Trustee Process Until After Judgment. H. P. 292, L. D. 386

— An Act Relating to Power of Sale in a Mortgage and Sale Under a Power in a Mortgage. H. P. 223, L. D. 292

— An Act Relating to Walling. H. P. 121, L. D. 165

— An Act Relating to Fences Around Public Burying Grounds. H. P. 159, L. D. 209

— An Act Relating to Fences Around Public Burying Grounds. H. P. 159, L. D. 209

— An Act Relating to Forect Around Public Burying Clerk of Overseers of Poor, Fairfield. H. P. 160, L. D. 210

— An Act Relating to Forect Around Public Burying Clerk of Overseers of Poor, Fairfield. H. P. 160, L. D. 210

— An Act Relating to Forect Around Providing Compensation of Councilmen of City of Gardiner, H. P. 126, L. D. 170

— An Act Relating to Purposes and Powers of Bar Harbor School Dis-

State of Maine Legislature

LEG

Legislative Notice

ADVERTISING COMMITTEE HEARINGS January 27., 1988	 □ Bangor Daily News □ Biddeford Journal □ Tribune □ Kennebec Journal □ Lewiston Sun Journal □ Portland Press Herald □ Times Record □ Waterville Morning Sentinel
ContactJoan .Colford2894148	

The Committee on Transportation Will give a public hearing in Augusta, on .. Monday, February 8, 1988

> at 1:30 p.m. in Room 122 State Office Building concerning:

- (L.D. 2092) Bill "An Act to Prohibit the Display of Blue Lights on Vehicles Other than those Used by Authorized Law Enforcement Officers and Agencies"
- (L.D. 2093) Bill "An Act to Create a Single Point of Contact for the Operators of Commercial Vehicles"
- (L.D. 2099) Bill "An Act to Amend the Law Requiring Motorists to Stop for School Buses"

PUBLIC HEARING NOTICE

Joint Standing Committee on

Transportation

Date:

February 8, 1988

Time:

1:30 p.m.

Location:

Room 122 State Office Building

Senator Charles G. Dow, Senate Chair Representative Fred Moholland, House Chair

- (L.D. 2092) Bill "An Act to Prohibit the Display of Blue Lights on (S.P. 795) Vehicles Other than those Used by Authorized Law Enforcement Officers and Agencies" (Presented by Senator CAHILL of Sagadahoc) (Cosponsored by: Representative MCPHERSON of Eliot, Representative MACOMBER of South Portland, Representative STROUT of Corinth) (Submitted by the Department of Public Safety pursuant to Joint Rule 24)
- (L.D. 2093) Bill "An Act to Create a Single Point of Contact for the (S.P. 796) Operators of Commercial Vehicles" (Presented by Senator DOW of Kennebec) (Cosponsored by: Senator CAHILL of Sagadahoc, Representative MOHOLLAND of Princeton, Representative STROUT of Corinth) (Submitted by the Department of Transportation pursuant to Joint Rule 24)
- (L.D. 2099) Bill "An Act to Amend the Law Requiring Motorists to Stop
 (H.P. 1544) for School Buses" (Presented by Representative RACINE of
 Biddeford) (Cosponsors: Representative SHELTRA of Biddeford
 and Senator CLARK of Cumberland) (Approved for introduction
 by a majority of the Legislative Council pursuant to Joint
 Rule 27)

Contact:

Joan Colford, State House Station 115, Augusta, ME 04333, 289-4148

TESTIMONY SIGN-IN SHEET

COMMITTEE: TRANSPORTATION

L.D.: 2092 AN ACT TO PROHIBIT THE DISPLAY OF BLUE LIGHTS ON VEHICLES OTHER THAN THOSE USED BY AUTHORIZED LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS

AND AGENCIES.

NAME	TOWN/AFFILIATION	PROPONENT/OPPONENT Sponsor			
1. Sen. Pamela Cahill	Sagadahoc				
2. Lt. Col. Alfred Sko	field Maine State Police	Proponent			
3.Edward Hansen	Associate Commissioner	Proponent			
4.	Dept. Corrections				
5.	·				
6.					
7.					
8.					
9.	;				
10.					
11.					
12.		·			
13.					
14.					
15.	·				
16.					
17.					
18.					
19.					
20.					

TESTIMONY OF LT. COL. ALFRED SKOLFIELD MAINE STATE POLICE

SUPPORTING LD 2092

AN ACT to Prohibit the Display of Blue Lights on Vehicles Other than those Used by Authorized Law Enforcement Officers and Agencies

BEFORE THE JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION
Sponsored by: Senator Cahill
Cosponsored by: Rep. McPherson, Rep. Macomber and
Rep. Strout
Date of Hearing: February 8, 1988

The Bureau of State Police supports LD 2092, "AN ACT to Prohibit the Display of Blue Lights on Vehicles Other Than Those Used by Authorized Law Enforcement Officers and Agencies." It is designed to clarify the present law and make it clear that the display of a blue light by other than those law enforcement officers authorized by the statute is a violation.

The bill arose because the present language of 29 MRSA §1368 is ambiguous. It states that "there shall not be used on or in connection with any motor vehicle a blue light, the beam from which is visible to the front" etc. This has been interpreted, by an Assistant District Attorney in northern Maine, to mean that the light must actually be emitting a beam, or turned on in order for a violation to occur. He came to that conclusion because other portions of the statute, in particular subsection 2, uses different language, i.e., "may be equipped with."

The Bureau of State Police is concerned with the safety of the people of Maine. Those people attach significance to the presence of a blue light in a motor vehicle whether it is emitting a beam or not. Namely, that a law enforcement officer is occupying the vehicle. And in all likelihood they may stop for the occupant when signaled to do so whether the light is turned on or not. This can potentially create a very dangerous

situation. And if we allow a person to display a blue light, for which there is no purpose served, provided he/she doesn't turn it on, this presents an enforcement problem.

Therefore, the suggested language change is to prohibit any vehicle from being equipped with or displaying a blue light. Display meaning to show, regardless of whether it emits a beam or not.

The only persons, other than those granted authority in subsection 3, who could argue that they need to be able to display blue lights are police equipment salespersons. I would suggest that lights and light bars can be constructed such that they could be removed when the vehicle is on the highway.

The bill seeks to repeal §1368 entirely and replace it with a new section that is more orderly, in that the subsections refer to spot and fog lights, alternate flashing headlamps, blue lights, red lights and amber lights, respectively. The substance of the text has only been changed in reference to blue lights as I have previously noted.

The Bureau of State Police supports L.D. 2092 because it clarifies the law and is designed to provide for the safety of Maine's citizens.

From Eleph. Consections 2/17-771 The moelay

AMENDMENT TO LD 2092

Proposed 29 M.R.S.A. § 1367-B sub-3 is amended to read:

3. Blue lights. No vehicle may be equipped with or display a blue light, except that emergency lights used on police department vehicles, on Department of Corrections vehicles and on motor vehicles operated by chiefs of police, state fire inspectors, inland fisheries and wildlife wardens, sea and shore fisheries wardens, Baxter State Park rangers, sheriffs and deputy sheriffs shall emit a blue beam of light.

29 M.R.S.A. § 1362 as repealed and replaced by P.L. 1985, c. 506 is amended to read:

§ 1362. Brakes; signals; unnecessary noise; bells and sirens; exceptions

Every motor vehicle shall be provided with adequate brakes in good working order and sufficient to control the vehicle at all times when the vehicle is in use, and a suitable and adequate horn or other device for signaling. Every such motor vehicle shall have brakes adjusted so as to stop 2-wheel brake vehicles at a speed of 20 miles per hour within a distance of 45 feet and 4-wheel brake vehicles within 30 feet, excepting motorcycles and motor driven cycles, which, at all times and under all conditions of loading, shall have brakes adjusted so as to stop the vehicles within a distance of 30 feet from a speed of 20 miles per hour. Every such vehicle and combination of vehicles, except 2-wheel motorcycles and 2-wheel motor driven cycles, shall be equipped with parking brakes adequate to hold the vehicle on any grade on which it is operated, under all conditions of loading, on a surface free from snow, ice or The parking brakes shall be capable of being loose material. applied in conformance with the requirements of this section by the driver's muscular effort or by spring action or by equivalent means. Their operation may be assisted by the service brakes or other source of power, provided that failure of the service brake actuation system or other power assisting mechanism will not prevent the parking brakes from being applied in conformance with the requirements of this section. The parking brakes shall be so designed that when once applied they shall remain applied with the required effectiveness despite exhaustion of any source of energy or leakage of any The same brake drums, brake shoes and lining assemblies, brake shoe anchors and mechanical brake shoe actuation mechanism normally associated with the wheel brake assemblies may be used for both the service brakes and the parking brakes. If the means of applying the parking brakes and the service brakes are connected in any way, they shall be so

constructed that failure of any one part shall not leave the vehicle without operative brakes. No signaling device may be unnecessarily sounded nor any braking or acceleration unnecessarily made so as to cause a harsh, objectionable or unreasonable noise, and no bell or siren may be installed or used on any motor vehicle, except that fire and police department vehicles and ambulances, Department of Corrections vehicles, and vehicles operated by state, city and town fire inspectors, city and town fire chiefs, assistant fire chiefs, police chiefs and assistant police chiefs may be so equipped for use only when responding to emergency calls, such motor vehicles used by forest rangers or personnel engaged in forest fire control as may be designated by the Department of Conservation, and such motor vehicles used by sheriffs and deputy sheriffs, and such motor vehicles used by inland fisheries and game wardens as may be designated by the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife and such motor vehicles used by coastal wardens as may be designated by the Department of Marine Resources, and such motor vehicles used by United States Government law enforcement officials, and such motor vehicles used by a state or municipal department which controls or supervises electrical alarm and communication systems.



DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Telephone (207) 289-2711 TESTIMONY OF EDWARD HANSEN ASSOCIATE COMMISSIONER

SUPPORTING an AMENDMENT to LD 2092

AN ACT To Prohibit the Display of Blue Lights on Vehicles Other Than Those
Used by Authorized Law Enforcement Officers and Agencies

BEFORE THE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

Sponsored by: Senator Cahill, Representative McPherson, Representative Macomber and Representative Strout

Date of Hearing: February 8, 1988

Senator Dow, Representative Moholland and members of the Committee, I am Edward J. Hansen, Associate Commissioner of the Department of Corrections, representing the Department and in support of an amendment to LD 2092.

When LD 2092 was printed we found during our review that the Department of Corrections was not included to be able to have blue lights on some of its vehincles. In doing further research with our attorneys from the Attorney General's Office, we found that there was no existing statute which gave permission for the Department of Corrections to have blue lights or sirens on any of its vehicles.

Some 15 years ago the Department requested of the State Police blue lights that we could use on vehicles that were utilized following escapes. Historically, from then up through this time the Department worked jointly with local law enforcement agencies dealing with escapees and many times used its vehicles for road blocks. In a few instances blue lights have been used while transporting a prisoner from a correctional facility to a hospital.

The Downeast Correctional Facility for instance, is located approximately 25 minutes away from a local hospital. The road that has to be traveled from that facility to the hospital is a very narrow road with few areas in which to pass vehicles. That facility, twice within the past year, has used blue lights, and people have cooperated by pulling over so that the car would be able to pass and proceed on its way to the hospital.

When the Commissioner was advised that there were no statutes which allowed the Department to utilize blue lights or sirens, he informed all of the correctional administrators that blue lights and sirens were not to be used until authority has been given by statute.

Testimony of Edward J. Hansen LD: 2092 Page Two

The Department feels that there is a definite need for blue lights and sirens for use during road blocks, in times of escapes and in emergency and/or high security situations such as transporting prisoners to other facilities.

Thank you. I will be happy to answer any questions you may have.

AMENDMENT TO LD 2092

Proposed 29 M.R.S.A. § 1367-B sub-3 is amended to read:

3. Blue lights. No vehicle may be equipped with or display a blue light, except that emergency lights used on police department vehicles, on Department of Corrections vehicles and on motor vehicles operated by chiefs of police, state fire inspectors, inland fisheries and wildlife wardens, sea and shore fisheries wardens, Baxter State Park rangers, sheriffs and deputy sheriffs shall emit a blue beam of light.

29 M.R.S.A. § 1362 as repealed and replaced by P.L. 1985, c. 506 is amended to read:

§ 1362. Brakes; signals; unnecessary noise; bells and sirens; exceptions

Every motor vehicle shall be provided with adequate brakes in good working order and sufficient to control the vehicle at all times when the vehicle is in use, and a suitable and adequate horn or other device for signaling. Every such motor vehicle shall have brakes adjusted so as to stop 2-wheel brake vehicles at a speed of 20 miles per hour within a distance of 45 feet and 4-wheel brake vehicles within 30 feet, excepting motorcycles and motor driven cycles, which, at all times and under all conditions of loading, shall have brakes adjusted so as to stop the vehicles within a distance of 30 feet from a speed of 20 miles per hour. Every such vehicle and combination of vehicles, except 2-wheel motorcycles and 2-wheel motor driven cycles, shall be equipped with parking brakes adequate to hold the vehicle on any grade on which it is operated, under all conditions of loading, on a surface free from snow, ice or loose material. The parking brakes shall be capable of being applied in conformance with the requirements of this section by the driver's muscular effort or by spring action or by equivalent means. Their operation may be assisted by the service brakes or other source of power, provided that failure of the service brake actuation system or other power assisting mechanism will not prevent the parking brakes from being applied in conformance with the requirements of this section. The parking brakes shall be so designed that when once applied they shall remain applied with the required effectiveness despite exhaustion of any source of energy or leakage of any The same brake drums, brake shoes and lining assemblies, brake shoe anchors and mechanical brake shoe actuation mechanism normally associated with the wheel brake assemblies may be used for both the service brakes and the parking brakes. If the means of applying the parking brakes and the service brakes are connected in any way, they shall be so

constructed that failure of any one part shall not leave the vehicle without operative brakes. No signaling device may be unnecessarily sounded nor any braking or acceleration unnecessarily made so as to cause a harsh, objectionable or unreasonable noise, and no bell or siren may be installed or used on any motor vehicle, except that fire and police department vehicles and ambulances, Department of Corrections vehicles, and vehicles operated by state, city and town fire inspectors, city and town fire chiefs, assistant fire chiefs, police chiefs and assistant police chiefs may be so equipped for use only when responding to emergency calls, such motor vehicles used by forest rangers or personnel engaged in forest fire control as may be designated by the Department of Conservation, and such motor vehicles used by sheriffs and deputy sheriffs, and such motor vehicles used by inland fisheries and game wardens as may be designated by the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife and such motor vehicles used by coastal wardens as may be designated by the Department of Marine Resources, and such motor vehicles used by United States Government law enforcement officials, and such motor vehicles used by a state or municipal department which controls or supervises electrical alarm and communication systems.

TRN CTE AMDT
LD 2092
HW DRAFT
3-01-88
DOC #3860*

STATE OF MAINE 113TH LEGISLATURE SECOND REGULAR SESSION

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " " TO L.D. 2092, AN ACT to Prohibit the Display of Blue Lights on Vehicles Other than those Used by Authorized Law Enforcement Officers and Agencies.

Amend the Bill by inserting after the enacting clause the following:

'Sec. 1. 28-A MRSA , §2212 as enacted by PL 1987, c. 45, \$A, 4 is amended to read:

§2212. State liquor enforcement officers vehicles

Notwithstanding the provisions of Title 29, sections 1362 and-1368, motor vehicles operated by state liquor enforcement officers may be equipped with sirens and. As provided in Title 29, section 1367-B, those vehicles may be equipped with lights which emit a blue beam of light. The equipment permitted by this section may be used only to discharge law enforcement responsibilities in connection with this title and Title 29, sections 1312 and 1312-B.

- Sec. 2. 29 MRSA §946-A is amended by adding at the end a new subsection to read:
- 5. Limited privileges authorized. Vehicles designated by the Department of Corrections to carry blue lights and sirens may exercise the privileges of emergency vehicles in accordance with this section except, they may not exceed the maximum speed limits, notwithstanding paragraph C of subsection 2.
- Sec. 3. 29 MRSA §1362 is amended by making the last sentence a separate paragraph to read:
- 'No signaling device may be unnecessarily sounded nor any braking or acceleration unnecessarily made so as to cause a harsh, objectionable or unreasonable noise, and no bell or siren may be installed or used on any motor vehicle, except that fire and police department vehicles and ambulances, and vehicles operated by state, city and town fire inspectors, city and town fire chiefs, assistant fire chiefs, police chiefs and assistant police chiefs may be so equipped for use only when responding to emergency calls, such motor vehicles used by forest rangers or personnel engaged in forest fire control as may be designated by the Department of Conservation, and such motor vehicles used by sheriffs and deputy sheriffs, and such

Office of Policy and Legal Analysis Draft.....page 1

motor vehicles used by inland fisheries and game wardens as may be designated by the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife and such motor vehicles used by coastal wardens as may be designated by the Department of Marine Resources, and such motor vehicles used by United Sates Government law enforcement officials, and such motor vehicles used by a state or municipal department which controls or supervises electrical alarm and communication systems may be so equipped for use as provided by law, and such motor vehicles used by corrections personnel as may be designated by the Department of Corrections may be so equipped for use only when responding to prison escapes or performing high-security transfers of committed offenders.'

Further amend the Bill in section 1, in subsection 3 (page 2, lines 20-27 in L.D.) to read:

3. Blue lights. Emergency lights used on police department vehicles, on Department of Corrections vehicles and on motor vehicles operated by chiefs of police, state fire inspectors, inland fisheries and wildlife wardens, marine patrol officers, Baxter State Park rangers, sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, liquor enforcement officers and United States Government law enforcement officers shall emit a blue beam of light. No other vehicle may be equipped with or display a blue light,

Further amend the Bill by renumbering the sections sequentially.

STATEMENT OF FACT

The committee amendment makes technical changes and adds to the list of vehicles which may carry blue lights U.S. Government law enforcement officers and brings in liquor enforcement officers who are so authorized by Title 28-A. It also authorizes corrections personnel to use blue lights and sirens (but not to exceed posted speed) when responding to prison escapes or performing high security transfers.

HELEN T. GINDER, DIRECTOR
HAVEN WHITESIDE, DEP. DIRECTOR
GILBERT W. BREWER
DAVID C. ELLIOTT
GRO FLATEBO
MARTHA E. FREEMAN, SR. ATTY.
JERI B. GAUTSCHI
CHRISTOS GIANOPOULOS
WILLIAM T. GLIDDEN, JR.



JULIE S. JONES
JOHN B. KNOX
EDWARD POTTER
MARGARET J. REINSCH
LARS H. RYDELL
JOHN R. SELSER
CAROLYN J. CHICK, PARALEGAL
ROBERT W. DUNN, RES. ASST.
HARTLEY PALLESCHI, JR., RES. ASST.
KATHRYN VAN NOTE, RES. ASST.

OFFICE OF POLICY AND LEGAL ANALYSIS

ROOM 101/107 STATE HOUSE STATION 13 AUGUSTA, MAINE 04333 TEL.: (207) 289-1670

February 8, 1988

To:

Joint Standing Committee on Transportation

From:

Haven Whiteside, Legislative Analyst

RE:

Bill Analysis LD 2092 (Hearing Feb. 8, 1:30 pm)

LD 2092 AN ACT TO PROHIBIT THE DISPLAY OF BLUELIGHTS ON VEHICLES OTHER THAN THOSE USED BY AUTHORIZED LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS AND AGENCIES

SPONSOR: CAHILL, McPherson, Macomber, Strout

SUMMARY: The bill repeals the present law and replaces it with reorganized but generally similar provisions. Its purpose is to make it clear that vehicles other than law enforcement vehicles may not be equipped with or display a blue light. Present law reads that "there shall not be used on or in connection with any vehicle a red or blue light... except that emergency vehicles... may...".

Present law restricts use of auxiliary lights on motor vehicles as follows:

- (1) spotlights or foglights may not shine more than 2 feet above the road at 30 feet, except a spotlight may be use for reading signs, and there is an exception for plowing. Foglights are to be white or amber.
- (2) alternate flashing headlamps are restricted to ambulance, fire, police and highway maintenance vehicles.
- (3) blue lights are to be used only by police, state fire inspectors, game wardens, marine wardens, Baxter State Park rangers, and sherrifs.

- (4) red lights are to be used only by ambulances, fire departments, city and town fire inspectors, forest fire vehicles and volunteer firefighters, volunteer rescue squad or volunteer ambulance in action; and there is a provision allowing red lights for school buses.
- (5) amber lights are to be used by highway maintenance, emergency rescue or utility emergency service vehicles or wreckers. Plowing vehicles may have a rotating flashing amber light. There is no restriction on the use of amber lights by other vehicles.

FISCAL IMPACT: None

COMMENT: This change makes it clear that installation as well as use of blue lights on non law-enforcement vehicles is prohibited. The present law is somewhat ambiguous for both blue and red lights. If the change is made, a change in the language on red lights should also be considered.

3407-12&13

COPY Q. W. 3-1088

1	L.D. 2092
2	(Filing No. S-)
3 4 5 6	STATE OF MAINE SENATE 113TH LEGISLATURE SECOND REGULAR SESSION
7 8 9 1.0	COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " " to S.P. 795, L.D. 2092 Bill, "AN ACT to Prohibit the Display of Blue Lights on Vehicles Other than those Used by Authorized Law Enforcement Officers and Agencies."
11 12	Amend the bill by inserting after the enacting clause the following:
13 14	'Sec. l. 28-A MRSA §2212, as enacted by PL 1987, c. 45, Pt. A, §4, is amended to read:
15	§2212. State liquor enforcement officers vehicles
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	Notwithstanding the provisions of Title 29, sections section 1362 and 1368, motor vehicles operated by state liquor enforcement officers may be equipped with sirens and. As provided in Title 29, section 1367-B, those vehicles may be equipped with lights which emit a blue beam of light. The equipment permitted by this section may be used only to discharge law enforcement responsibilities in connection with this Title and Title 29, sections 1312 and 1312-B.

Page 1-LR4973

Sec. 2. 29 MRSA $\S52$, as amended by PL 1981, c. 696, $\S2$, is further amended to read:

P

§52. Deputy

26

27

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " to S.P. 795, L.D. 2092

1 The Secretary of State may appoint and deputize agents, examiners and inspectors, stationed 3 places in convenient the State, to receive 4 applications for registration and licenses for the 5 operation of vehicles, to conduct examinations and to 6 perform any assigned duties pursuant to this Title when ordered by the Secretary of State. Any motor 7 8 vehicle inspector appointed under this section shall 9 have the duty and all necessary authority to enforce 10 the provisions of chapter 5, subchapter III-A and chapters 7, 15 and 21 and to enforce all rules 11 12 promulgated to implement these provisions. Enforcement 13 power as it relates to this section shall not include provisions under section $\frac{13687}{500}$ subsection $\frac{2}{500}$ and shall not be considered as having 14 15 16 authority to make routine motor vehicle stops on the 17 highways of the State.

- 18 Sec. 3. 29 MRSA §944-A, 2nd ¶, as enacted by PL 19 1981, c. 88, §1, is amended to read:
- 20 driver of а vehicle shall yield 21 right-of-way to any authorized vehicle obviously and 22 actually engaged in work upon a highway whenever such 23 vehicle displays flashing lights meeting the 24 requirements of section 1368, subsection 3 1367-B, 25 subsection 5 and section 1462.
- 26 Sec. 4. 29 MRSA §946, as amended by PL 1985, c. 108, §9, is further amended to read:

28 §946. Police and fire vehicles

29 Police, fire department, forest fire control vehicles and ambulance vehicles, when operated 30 31 response to calls, or when a police officer is in pursuit of a motor vehicle operator for which he has 32 33 probable cause to believe that the operator has 34 committed or is in the process of committing violation of law, and vehicles of the Department of Corrections making use of a blue light or a siren 35 36 37 shall have the right-of-way. On the approach of any 38 such vehicle, from any direction, and when such vehicle is sounding a siren and emitting a flashing 39 40 light, the driver of every other vehicle shall

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " to S.P. 795, L.D. 2092

- immediately draw his vehicle as near as practicable to
 the right-hand curb and parallel thereto, clear of any
- 3 intersection, and bring it to a standstill until such
- 4 public service vehicles have passed.
- 5 Sec. 5. 29 MRSA §946-A, sub-§3, as enacted by PL
 6 1981, c. 88, §2, is amended to read:
- 3. Audible signals; visual signals. The exemptions granted in this section to an authorized 7 8 9 emergency vehicle apply only when that vehicle is 10 making use of an audible signal as required in sections 946 and 1362 and visual signals as required 11 12 sections 946 and ± 368 1367-B, except that 13 authorized emergency vehicle operated as a police 14 vehicle need not be equipped with or display a special 15 visual signal visible from in front of the vehicle.
- 16 Sec. 6. 29 MRSA §946-A, sub-§5, is enacted to 17 read:
- 18 5. Limited privileges authorized. Vehicles
 19 designated by the Department of Corrections to carry
 20 blue lights and sirens may exercise the privileges of
 21 emergency vehicles in accordance with this section
 22 except that they may not exceed the maximum speed
 23 limits, notwithstanding subsection 2, paragraph C.
- Sec. 7. 29 MRSA §1362, as repealed and replaced by PL 1985, c. 506, Pt. A, §56, is repealed and the following enacted in its place:
- 27 §1362. Brakes: signals; unnecessary noise; bells and sirens; exceptions
- 29 Every motor vehicle shall be provided 30 adequate brakes in good working order and sufficient 31 to control the vehicle at all times when the vehicle is in use, and a suitable and adequate horn or other 32 device for signaling. Every such motor vehicle shall 33 34 have brakes adjusted so as to stop 2-wheel brake vehicles at a speed of 20 miles per hour within a distance of 45 feet and 4-wheel brake vehicles within 35 36 feet, excepting motorcycles and motor driven 37 38 cycles, which, at all times and under all conditions 39 of loading, shall have brakes adjusted so as to stop

17

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27 28

29

30

31

32

33 34

35

36

37

38

39

40 41

42 43

44 45

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " " to S.P. 795, L.D. 2092

the vehicles within a distance of 30 feet from a speed 2 miles per hour. Every such vehicle combination of vehicles, except 2-wheel motorcycles and 2-wheel motor driven cycles, shall be equipped with parking brakes adequate to hold the vehicle on 3 5 any grade on which it is operated, under all conditions of loading, on a surface free from snow, ice or loose material. The parking brakes shall be 6 7 8 9 capable of being applied in conformance with the requirements of this section by the driver's muscular effort or by spring action or by equivalent means. Their operation may be assisted by the service brakes 10 11 12 1.3 or other source of power, provided that failure of the service brake actuation system or other power assisting mechanism will not prevent the parking 14 15 brakes from being applied in conformance with the 16 requirements of this section. The parking brakes shall 18 be so designed that when once applied they shall remain applied with the required effectiveness despite exhaustion of any source of energy or leakage of any kind. The same brake drums, brake shoes and lining assemblies, brake shoe anchors and mechanical brake shoe actuation mechanism normally associated with the wheel brake assemblies may be used for both the service brakes and the parking brakes. If the means of applying the parking brakes and the service brakes are connected in any way, they shall be so constructed that failure of any one part shall not leave the vehicle without operative brakes.

No signaling device may be unnecessarily sounded nor any braking or acceleration unnecessarily made so as to cause a harsh, objectionable or unreasonable noise. No bell or siren may be installed or used on any motor vehicle, except that fire and police department vehicles and ambulances and vehicles operated by state, city and town fire inspectors, city and town fire chiefs, assistant fire chiefs, police chiefs and assistant police chiefs may be so equipped for use only when responding to emergency calls; motor vehicles used by forest rangers or personnel engaged in forest fire control as may be designated by the Department of Conservation; motor vehicles used by sheriffs and deputy sheriffs; motor vehicles used by inland fisheries and game wardens as may be designated by the Department of Inland Fisheries and

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT " to S.P. 795, L.D. 2092

- Wildlife; motor vehicles used by coastal wardens as may be designated by the Department of Marine 2 Resources; motor vehicles used by United 3 4 Government law enforcement officials; motor vehicles used by a state or municipal department which controls 5 6 supervises electrical alarm and communication 7 systems may be so equipped for use as provided by law; and motor vehicles used by corrections personnel as 8 may be designated by the Department of Corrections may 9 10 be so equipped for use only when responding to prison 11 escapes or performing high-security transfers 12 committed offenders.'
- Further amend the bill in section 1, in that part designated "§1367-B.", by striking out all of subsection 3 and inserting in its place the following:
- '3. Blue lights. Emergency lights used on police department vehicles, on Department of Corrections vehicles and on motor vehicles operated by chiefs of 1.6 17 18 police, state fire inspectors, inland fisheries and 19 wildlife wardens, marine patrol officers, Baxter State 20 21 Park rangers, sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, liquor enforcement officers and United States Government law 22 23 enforcement officers shall emit a blue beam of light. 24 No other vehicle may be equipped with or display a 25 blue light.
- 26 Further amend the bill by renumbering the sections 27 to read consecutively.

28 STATEMENT OF FACT

29 The amendment makes technical changes and adds to the list of vehicles which may carry blue lights 30 31 United States Government law enforcement officers and liquor enforcement officers who are so authorized by the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 28-A. It also 32 33 34 authorizes corrections personnel to use blue lights 35 sirens, but not to exceed posted speed, when responding to 36 prison escapes or performing 37 high-security transfers.

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 113TH LEGISLATURE

	VOTE TA	OTE TABULATION NO					L.D.# 2092		
H.P.#		•					-		
RESOLVE,									
ACT, TO PROHIBIT THE DIS	PLAY OF	' BI.IIF	LICUMO	OM 177	III. CI Da O	יש מקטת	[[]]	_	
USED BY AUTHORIZED	LAW ENF	ORCEM	ENT OFF	CEPC	AND ACTIV	THER T	HAN THO	SI	
				ICHID I	AND AGEN	CIES.			
10IION: OUGHT TO PAGE AG	AMERICA		· · ·						
MOTION: OUGHT TO PASS AS Amendment attached plus of the Dept Corrections car move over so they car	Jive au	cnori	I.V						
car move over so they car add section 5 to new amer	to have get b	<u>a</u> B: V-qive	Rep.	Haro]	d Macomb	per		_	
and section 5 to new amer	dment	7	OTP	The ri	gnt of v	vay to	keep mo	V.	
	YEA	NAY	AMEND	ONTP	LEAVE	IO EVERSTE	INGRSEN	IJ	
SEN. Charles G. Dow									
SEN. Raynold Theriault	Va	-							
SEN. Pamela L. Cahill					1		1	٦	
EP. Fred W. Moholland						1		=	
EP. Harold M. Macomber					1			-	
FP. Roger M. Pouliot	Mil					1	7	1	
EP. Frederick F. Soucy						1		1	
EP. Jeffery N. Mills	V	,						-	
EP. Polly Reeves				-		1	1./:		
P. Donald A. Strout				•			† <u>* </u>		
p. Orland G. McPherson	OBMM						1		
P. Daniel J. Callahan							<u> </u>		
P. Roland S. Salsbury, J	r.			÷					
	1 10								

REP. POLLY REEVES ABSENT FOR WEEK

SENATE REPORT

THE COMMITTEE ON

TRANSPORTATION

to which was referred the Bill, entitled "An Act to Prohibit the Display of Blue Lights on Vehicles Other than those Used by Authorized Law Enforcement Officers and Agencies."

S. P. 795 L. D. 2092

have had the same under consideration, and ask leave to report that the same

Ought to Pass as Amended by

Committee Amendment " ".

Sen. Dow

For the Committee

Kennebec