MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from electronic originals (may include minor formatting differences from printed original)

STATE OF MAINE

 132^{ND} Legislature First Regular and First Special Sessions



Disposition of bills and summaries of all laws enacted or finally passed

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON ENERGY, UTILITIES AND TECHNOLOGY

August 2025

MEMBERS:

SEN. MARK W. LAWRENCE, CHAIR SEN. NICOLE GROHOSKI SEN. MATTHEW HARRINGTON

REP. MELANIE F. SACHS, CHAIR
REP. CHRISTOPHER J. KESSLER
REP. VALLI D. GEIGER
REP. SOPHIA B. WARREN
REP. WALTER GERARD RUNTE, JR.
REP. KILTON M. WEBB
REP. STEVEN D. FOSTER
REP. NATHAN J. WADSWORTH
REP. REAGAN L. PAUL
REP. MATTHEW DAVID MCINTYRE

STAFF:

LINDSAY J. LAXON, LEGISLATIVE ANALYST OFFICE OF POLICY AND LEGAL ANALYSIS 13 STATE HOUSE STATION AUGUSTA, ME 04333 (207) 287-1670 http://legislature.maine.gov/opla

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON ENERGY, UTILITIES AND TECHNOLOGY

LD 810 An Act Regarding the Approval of Transmission Lines

ENACTED LAW SUMMARY

Public Law 2025, chapter 340 provides that a high-impact electric transmission line is deemed to have received the majority legislative approval required by the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 35-A, section 3132, subsection 6-C if the high-impact electric transmission line is approved for a contract after a competitive procurement conducted by the Public Utilities Commission or a state agency pursuant to statutory authority granted under Title 35-A.

LD 837 An Act to Require Positions Taken by the Public Advocate to Be Consistent with the Cost-effective Implementation of the State's Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reductions Obligations

ENACTED LAW SUMMARY

Public Law 2025, chapter 118 requires the Public Advocate, when taking a position on any matter in any proceeding or forum pursuant to the Public Advocate's authority, to exercise independent judgment to ensure that the Public Advocate's position is consistent with the cost-effective implementation for ratepayers of greenhouse gas emissions reductions obligations.

LD 860 An Act to Allow the Public Advocate to Obtain Information from Public Utilities, Competitive Electricity Providers and Standard-offer Service Providers

ENACTED LAW SUMMARY

Public Law 2025, chapter 123 amends the duties of the Public Advocate to include the review and investigation of the reasonableness and adequacy of the service or the terms and conditions of such service furnished or proposed to be furnished by any public utility, standard-offer service provider or competitive electricity provider. The law also allows the Public Advocate to make recommendations to the Legislature with respect to its review and investigation.

The law repeals and replaces existing law to clarify existing provisions and adds specific authority for the Public Advocate to petition the Public Utilities Commission for information or data from a public utility, standard-offer service provider or competitive electricity provider that is necessary for the Public Advocate to carry out the purposes of the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 35-A, chapter 17. To the extent that the information or data would otherwise be confidential pursuant to applicable laws and rules, the Public Advocate, the public utility, standard-offer service provider or competitive electricity provider may request that the commission issue a protective order to protect such information or data from disclosure.

The law also directs the Office of the Public Advocate to conduct a study and prepare a report regarding rates and business practices of standard-offer service providers and competitive

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON ENERGY, UTILITIES AND TECHNOLOGY

electricity providers. In conducting the study and preparing a report, the office is required to consult with and solicit recommendations from interested parties. The final report must be submitted to the Joint Standing Committee on Energy, Utilities and Technology by December 3, 2025, and the committee may report out legislation based on the final report to the Second Regular Session of the 132nd Legislature.

Public Law 2025, chapter 123 was enacted as an emergency measure effective May 29, 2025.

LD 861 An Act to Prohibit the Public Advocate and a Commissioner of the Public Utilities Commission from Certain Employment Activities Following Service

ENACTED LAW SUMMARY

Public Law 2025, chapter 406 prohibits the Public Advocate or a commissioner of the Public Utilities Commission serving or appointed on or after December 15, 2025, until 12 months after the completion of the Public Advocate's or commissioner's service, from soliciting or accepting employment from a public utility. The law also prohibits, until 12 months after the completion of service, a commissioner from appearing before the commission in a proceeding for compensation and the Public Advocate from appearing before the commission in a proceeding for compensation on behalf of a person, other than a state agency or quasi-independent state entity, if that person was a party to an adjudicatory proceeding in which the Public Advocate was a party during the Public Advocate's term of service. The law is enforced by the Office of the Attorney General and an individual who violates the law is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000 per occurrence.

LD 873 An Act to Expand Municipal Authority over Utility Pole Permits

ENACTED LAW SUMMARY

Public Law 2025, chapter 38 authorizes the municipal officers of a municipality having a population of more than 30,000 inhabitants to revoke the location of a utility pole when required for the public safety and welfare.

LD 905 An Act to Clarify the Process to Transfer Funds Resulting from the Expiration of Unused Kilowatt-hour Credits to Be Used to Provide Assistance to Low-income Electricity Customers

ENACTED LAW SUMMARY

Public Law 2025, chapter 50 changes the mechanism by which a transmission and distribution utility is required to remit the value of unused kilowatt-hour credits that were accumulated and that expired during the prior calendar year by requiring the utility to remit the value to the administrators of the statewide low-income assistance plan and the individual low-income