

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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STATE OF MAINE
130TH LEGISLATURE
FIRST REGULAR AND FIRST SPECIAL SESSIONS



Disposition of bills and summaries of all laws enacted or finally passed

**JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON HEALTH COVERAGE,
INSURANCE AND FINANCIAL SERVICES**

December 2021

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**JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON HEALTH COVERAGE,
INSURANCE AND FINANCIAL SERVICES**

examination in satisfaction of Maine's requirement when a company is domiciled outside Maine. The purpose of these amendments is to allow Maine to participate in coordinated examinations with synchronized schedules for HMOs that are members of insurance groups.

The law amends the reciprocity provisions of Maine's receivership laws by recognizing as reciprocal states those states with laws determined by the Superintendent of Insurance to be adequate or substantially similar to the NAIC's model insolvency laws, and brings Maine into conformity with the NAIC's guidelines for interstate recognition of stays and injunctions in receivership.

Public Law 2021, chapter 16 was enacted as an emergency measure effective March 17, 2021.

LD 25 An Act To Modify the Qualifications for Resident Dentist Licensure

ENACTED LAW SUMMARY

Public Law 2021, chapter 88 authorizes the Board of Dental Practice to consider the educational equivalent of a doctoral degree in dentistry in determining the educational qualifications of an applicant for a resident dentist license who graduated from a dental program that was not accredited by the American Dental Association Commission on Dental Accreditation. The law also requires an applicant for a resident dentist license to pass only a jurisprudence examination and adds to the requirements governing the provision of dental services by a dental resident a requirement that they be provided in a board-approved setting.

Public Law 2021, chapter 88 was enacted as an emergency measure effective June 8, 2021.

LD 26 An Act To Allow a Dentist To Administer Botulinum Toxin and Dermal Fillers

ENACTED LAW SUMMARY

Public Law 2021, chapter 134 authorizes within a dentist's scope of practice the use of botulinum toxins or dermal fillers when supported by a patient's diagnosed dental condition or as a part of a patient's dental treatment plan. It also adds additional grounds the Board of Dental Practice may consider when taking disciplinary action against a dentist to include administering botulinum toxins or dermal fillers to a patient for a nondental condition or treatment. The law states that these changes are not intended to restrict the existing practice of oral surgeons.

The law also places into statute the limitations on a dentist's administering botulinum toxins or dermal fillers that were in former Board of Dental Practice rule Chapter: Complaints/Investigations/Unprofessional Conduct, which was repealed and replaced on April 5, 2020.

Public Law 2021, chapter 134 was enacted as an emergency measure effective June 10, 2021.