## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from electronic originals (may include minor formatting differences from printed original)

### STATE OF MAINE

 $129^{\text{th}}$  Legislature First Special and Second Regular Sessions



Summaries of bills, adopted amendments and laws enacted or finally passed

### JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

November 2020

### **MEMBERS:**

SEN. MICHAEL E. CARPENTER, CHAIR SEN. SHENNA BELLOWS SEN. LISA M. KEIM

**STAFF:** 

MARGARET J. REINSCH, SENIOR LEGISLATIVE ANALYST SAM SENFT, LEGISLATIVE ANALYST OFFICE OF POLICY AND LEGAL ANALYSIS 13 STATE HOUSE STATION AUGUSTA, ME 04333 (207) 287-1670 http://legislature.maine.gov/legis/opla/ REP. DONNA BAILEY, CHAIR
REP. CHRISTOPHER BABBIDGE
REP. BARBARA A. CARDONE
REP. LOIS GALGAY RECKITT
REP. RACHEL TALBOT ROSS
REP. THOM HARNETT
REP. DAVID G. HAGGAN
REP. PHILIP CURTIS
REP. JOHN DEVEAU
REP. JEFFREY EVANGELOS

### STATE OF MAINE

129<sup>th</sup> Legislature First Regular Session



## LEGISLATIVE DIGEST OF BILL SUMMARIES AND ENACTED LAWS

This Legislative Digest of Bill Summaries and Enacted Laws contains summaries of all LDs and adopted amendments and all laws enacted or finally passed during the First Regular Session of the 129<sup>th</sup> Maine Legislature.

The *Digest* is arranged alphabetically by committee and within each committee by Legislative Document (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor and lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each LD title. All adopted amendments are summarized and listed by paper number. A subject index is included with each committee. An appendix provides a summary of relevant session statistics.

Final action on each LD is noted to the right of the LD title. The following describes the various final actions.

CARRIED OVER	e
CON RES XXX	S
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE	d
DIED BETWEEN HOUSES	d
DIED IN CONCURRENCE defeated in each house, but on different motions; legislation died	d
DIED ON ADJOURNMENT action incomplete when session ended; legislation died	d
EMERGENCYenacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days after session adjournment	t
FAILED, EMERGENCY ENACTMENT or FINAL PASSAGEemergency failed to receive required 2/3 vote	e
FAILED, ENACTMENT or FINAL PASSAGE failed to receive final majority vote	e
FAILED, MANDATE ENACTMENTlegislation proposing local mandate failed required 2/3 vote	e
HELD BY GOVERNOR Governor has not signed; final disposition to be determined at subsequent session	i
LEAVE TO WITHDRAWsponsor's request to withdraw legislation granted	d
NOT PROPERLY BEFORE THE BODYruled out of order by the presiding officer; legislation died	
INDEF PP indefinitely postponed; legislation died	d
ONTP, ACCEPTED, MAJORITY, MINORITY or REPORT X ought-not-to-pass report accepted; legislation died	
P&S XXX	v
PUBLIC XXX	v
RESOLVE XXX	
VETO SUSTAINEDLegislature failed to override Governor's veto	9

The effective date for non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session of the 129<sup>th</sup> Legislature is Thursday, September 19, 2019. The effective date for legislation enacted as an emergency measure may be found in the enacted law summary for that legislation.

### Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary

### LD 1897 An Act To Authorize the Expungement of Records of Nonviolent Crimes ONTP

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
DILL J	ONTP	
NADEAUC		

This bill allows a person convicted of a Class E, Class D or Class C crime to petition the court where the person was convicted to expunge all records of the crime five years after the completion of the person's sentence. Expungement is not available for persons who have subsequent convictions or pending criminal charges; for crimes involving bribery, corruption, violence or sex offenses; or for crimes that had as an element of the offense victims who were minors or were 65 years of age or older.

# LD 1907 An Act To Restore to the Penobscot Nation and Passamaquoddy Tribe the Authority To Exercise Jurisdiction under the Federal Tribal Law and Order Act of 2010

**CARRIED OVER** 

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
TALBOT ROSS R		
MOORE M		

This bill amends the Act To Implement the Maine Indian Claims Settlement by:

- 1. Extending the criminal jurisdiction of the Penobscot Nation and the Passamaquoddy Tribe to persons who are not members of any federally recognized Indian tribe, nation, band or other group when such persons commit certain crimes on the Penobscot Indian Reservation or the Passamaquoddy Indian Reservation;
- 2. Expanding the jurisdiction of the Penobscot Nation and the Passamaquoddy Tribe from criminal offenses with a maximum period of imprisonment of one year and a maximum fine of \$5,000 for any one offense to criminal offenses with a maximum period of imprisonment of three years and a maximum fine of \$15,000 for any one offense but not to exceed a total penalty or punishment greater than imprisonment for nine years, as authorized by the federal Tribal Law and Order Act of 2010, Public Law 111-211; and
- 3. Ensuring that defendants prosecuted in the Penobscot Nation Tribal Court and Passamaquoddy Tribal Court have the rights afforded defendants by the federal Tribal Law and Order Act of 2010, Public Law 111-211; 25 United States Code, Section 1302 (2019); and the United States Constitution.

This bill, which had been referred to committee but not yet heard, was carried over to any special session of the 129th Legislature by joint order, S.P. 788.

## LD 1953 An Act Regarding Driver's License Suspensions for Nondriving Violations

**PUBLIC 603** 

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
MOONEN M	OTP	

This bill does the following.

### Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary

- 1. It removes the provisions of law that provide for the suspension of a driver's license or permit for failure to pay a fine for an offense not related to driving and strikes the October 1, 2021, repeal provisions.
- 2. It repeals the provision of law that provides for the issuance of a restricted driver's license for failure to pay a fine for offenses not related to driving.
- 3. It repeals the provision, effective on October 1, 2021, that provides the statutory exemptions from attachment and execution for certain property do not apply to enforcement of fines owed to the State.

#### **Enacted Law Summary**

Public Law 2019, chapter 603 does the following.

- 1. It removes the provisions of law that provide for the suspension of a driver's license or permit for failure to pay a fine for an offense not related to driving and strikes the October 1, 2021, repeal provisions.
- 2. It repeals the provision of law that provides for the issuance of a restricted driver's license for failure to pay a fine for offenses not related to driving.
- 3. It repeals the provision, effective on October 1, 2021, that provides the statutory exemptions from attachment and execution for certain property do not apply to enforcement of fines owed to the State.

## LD 1960 An Act To Protect Communications between Bargaining Agents and Bargaining Unit Members

**ONTP** 

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
SYLVESTER M	ONTP	

This bill makes communications between a bargaining agent and a municipal or state employee confidential in proceedings before the Maine Labor Relations Board to the same extent that such communications would be subject to the lawyer-client privilege under the Maine Rules of Evidence if the bargaining agent were a lawyer.

## LD 1963 An Act To Preserve the Value of Abandoned Properties by Allowing Entry by Mortgagees

PUBLIC 647

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
MARTIN J	OTP-AM	H-759
JACKSONT		

The purpose of this bill is to assist communities and financial institutions when a home becomes abandoned by the property owner. This bill allows, under specific circumstances, a mortgage or mortgage servicer to enter the property, secure the property and prevent further deterioration. This bill enhances the existing abandoned property laws and provides specific procedures for mortgage servicers and their designees to enter abandoned property for the purpose of abating an identified nuisance, preserving property or preventing waste. Mortgage servicers and their designees must post notices on properties prior to entering them, and the notices must contain information about the rights of the property owners and authorized occupants. Mortgage servicers and their designees may not enter property that is occupied.

#### Committee Amendment "A" (H-759)

This amendment replaces the bill. It allows a mortgage loan servicer to take certain actions to preserve the value of