

# $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{STATE OF MAINE} \\ 129^{\text{TH}} \text{ Legislature} \\ \text{First Regular Session} \end{array}$



Summaries of bills, adopted amendments and laws enacted or finally passed

## JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

August 2019

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## **STATE OF MAINE**

 $129^{\text{TH}} LEGISLATURE$ FIRST REGULAR SESSION



### LEGISLATIVE DIGEST OF BILL SUMMARIES AND ENACTED LAWS

This *Legislative Digest of Bill Summaries and Enacted Laws* contains summaries of all LDs and adopted amendments and all laws enacted or finally passed during the First Regular Session of the 129<sup>th</sup> Maine Legislature.

The *Digest* is arranged alphabetically by committee and within each committee by Legislative Document (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor and lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each LD title. All adopted amendments are summarized and listed by paper number. A subject index is included with each committee. An appendix provides a summary of relevant session statistics.

Final action on each LD is noted to the right of the LD title. The following describes the various final actions.

CARRIED OVER	arried over to a subsequent session of the Legislature
CON RES XXX	
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE	$\pi$ of constitutional resolution passed by both noises
DIED BETWEEN HOUSES	
DIED IN CONCURRENCE defeated in a	
DIED ON ADJOURNMENT ac	tion incomplete when session ended; legislation died
EMERGENCYenacted law takes	effect sooner than 90 days after session adjournment
FAILED, EMERGENCY ENACTMENT or FINAL PASSAGE.	emergency failed to receive required 2/3 vote
FAILED, ENACTMENT or FINAL PASSAGE	failed to receive final majority vote
FAILED, MANDATE ENACTMENTlegislat	ion proposing local mandate failed required 2/3 vote
HELD BY GOVERNOR Governor has not signed; fin	al disposition to be determined at subsequent session
LEAVE TO WITHDRAW	sponsor's request to withdraw legislation granted
NOT PROPERLY BEFORE THE BODYruled	out of order by the presiding officer; legislation died
INDEF PP	indefinitely postponed; legislation died
ONTP, ACCEPTED, MAJORITY, MINORITY or REPORT X.	ought-not-to-pass report accepted; legislation died
P&S XXX	
PUBLIC XXX	
RESOLVE XXX	
VETO SUSTAINED	
	Le gisidiare juilea io overnue Oovernor s velo

The effective date for non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session of the 129<sup>th</sup> Legislature is Thursday, September 19, 2019. The effective date for legislation enacted as an emergency measure may be found in the enacted law summary for that legislation.

**CARRIED OVER** 

### LD 428 An Act To Establish Wage and Employment Parity between Adult and Child Protective Services Caseworkers in the Department of Health and Human Services

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
RECKITT L	ONTP OTP-AM	H-139 H-549 MADIGAN C

This bill requires the Department of Health and Human Services to provide at least one week of training to new employees engaged in adult protective services. It requires the number of supervisory positions in adult protective services and child protective services to be identical. It provides funding for the recruitment and retention of employees in Adult Protective Services Caseworker positions and Adult Protective Services Caseworker Supervisor positions with a \$5 per wage-hour stipend payment.

### Committee Amendment "A" (H-139)

This amendment, which is the minority report of the committee, amends the bill to require the Department of Health and Human Services to provide at least one week of training to any employee engaged in adult protective services instead of to only new employees. It clarifies that it is the ratio of supervisors to caseworkers, instead of the number of supervisors, that must be identical in adult protective services and child protective services. The amendment also provides that Adult Protective Services Caseworker positions, Adult Protective Services Caseworker Supervisor positions, Adult Protective Services Public Service Manager I positions and Adult Protective Services Public Service Manager II positions receive a \$1 per wage-hour stipend for employees holding or obtaining a relevant master's degree. It provides that the \$5 per wage-hour stipend payment and \$1 per wage-hour stipend payment authorized for Adult Protective Services Caseworker positions, Adult Protective Services Caseworker Supervisor positions, Adult Protective Services Public Service Manager I positions and Adult Protective Services Public Service Manager II positions must be considered part of those employees' base pay for purposes of transfers, promotions, cost-of-living adjustments, merit increases and collectively bargained wage increases. The amendment also replaces the appropriations and allocations section.

### House Amendment "A" To Committee Amendment "A" (H-549)

This amendment removes language requiring the Department of Health and Human Services to provide at least one week of training to new employees and removes language regarding the ratio of supervisors to caseworkers. It provides funding to support the recruitment and retention of certain employees in the Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Aging and Disability Services with a stipend payment of up to \$5 per wage-hour and an additional \$1 per wage-hour stipend payment for employees holding a relevant master's degree.

This bill was reported out of committee and then carried over to any special or regular session, or both, of the 129th Legislature on the Special Appropriations Table by joint order, H.P. 1322.

## LD 439Resolve, Directing the Commissioner of Health and Human Services ToRESOLVE 69Convene a Task Force To Study the Need for Long-term Acute CareBeds

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
CLAXTON N	OTP-AM	S-145

This resolve requires the Commissioner of Health and Human Services to convene a task force to evaluate the need for long-term acute care beds in the State. The commissioner is required to submit a report detailing findings of the task force and recommended legislation to the Joint Standing Committee on Health and Human Services, which may

### Joint Standing Committee on Health and Human Services

submit a bill related to the report to the Second Regular Session of the 129th Legislature.

### Committee Amendment "A" (S-145)

This amendment clarifies that the Commissioner of Health and Human Services is required to convene a task force of stakeholders to evaluate the need for long-term acute care beds in the State. It changes the reporting date for the department from December 1, 2019 to January 2, 2020.

### **Enacted Law Summary**

Resolve 2019, chapter 69 requires the Commissioner of Health and Human Services to convene a task force to evaluate the need for long-term acute care beds in the State. The commissioner is required to submit a report detailing findings of the task force and recommended legislation to the Joint Standing Committee on Health and Human Services no later than January 2, 2020. The committee is authorized to report out a bill related to the report to the Second Regular Session of the 129th Legislature.

### LD 443 An Act To Prevent Vitamin K Deficiency Bleeding and Eye Damage in PUBLIC 426 Infants

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
SANBORN L MASTRACCIO A	OTP-AM	S-153

This bill requires every physician, midwife or nurse in charge at the birth of an infant to administer vitamin K to an infant intramuscularly to prevent vitamin K deficiency bleeding in infants. This bill also removes the exemption for religious tenets and practices for the administration of a prophylactic solution instilled into an infant's eyes at birth.

### Committee Amendment "A" (S-153)

This amendment, which is the unanimous report of the committee, replaces the bill. Current law requires every physician, midwife or nurse in charge to instill or cause to be instilled into the eyes of an infant within 24 hours after the infant's birth prophylactic eye drops, except for an infant whose parents object to this procedure on the grounds that it conflicts with their religious tenets and practices. This amendment updates the term "eye drops" to "ophthalmic ointment" to reflect current practice, removes the civil penalties for noncompliance and removes the exemption based on religious tenets and practices.

This amendment also requires every physician, midwife or nurse in charge at the birth of an infant to administer vitamin K to an infant intramuscularly to prevent vitamin K deficiency bleeding in infants within six hours after the infant's birth.

It requires the Department of Health and Human Services to adopt rules to implement this section, including, but not limited to, creating and making publicly available a brochure about the medical benefits and risks of administering the prophylactic ophthalmic ointment and vitamin K injection and providing a form on which a parent can refuse the prophylactic ophthalmic ointment and vitamin K injection for the infant of that parent.

It also requires the Department of Health and Human Services to amend its newborn blood spot screening refusal form to include a section permitting a parent to refuse the prophylactic ophthalmic ointment and vitamin K injection for the infant of that parent.

#### **Enacted Law Summary**

Public Law 2019, chapter 426 requires every physician, midwife or nurse in charge at the birth of an infant to administer vitamin K to an infant intramuscularly to prevent vitamin K deficiency bleeding in infants within six hours after the infant's birth and requires every physician, midwife or nurse in charge at the birth of an infant to to install or cause to be instilled into the eyes of an infant ophthalmic ointment within 24 hours after the infant's birth.