

STATE OF MAINE 128^{TH} Legislature First Regular Session



Summaries of bills, adopted amendments and laws enacted or finally passed

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, CONSERVATION AND FORESTRY

August 2017

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STATE OF MAINE

 $128^{\text{TH}} LEGISLATURE$ FIRST REGULAR SESSION



LEGISLATIVE DIGEST OF BILL SUMMARIES AND ENACTED LAWS

This *Legislative Digest of Bill Summaries and Enacted Laws* contains summaries of all LDs and adopted amendments and all laws enacted or finally passed during the First Regular Session of the 128th Maine Legislature.

The *Digest* is arranged alphabetically by committee and within each committee by Legislative Document (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor and lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each LD title. All adopted amendments are summarized and listed by paper number. A subject index is included with each committee. An appendix provides a summary of relevant session statistics.

Final action on each LD is noted to the right of the LD title. The following describes the various final actions.

CARRIED OVERcarried over to a subsequent session of the Legislature	p
CON RES XXX	
CON RES AXA $(1, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3,$	з 1
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE Committee of Conference unable to agree; legislation died	л ,
DIED BETWEEN HOUSES	
DIED IN CONCURRENCE defeated in each house, but on different motions; legislation died	d
DIED ON ADJOURNMENT action incomplete when session ended; legislation died	d
EMERGENCYenacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days after session adjournment	t
FAILED, EMERGENCY ENACTMENT or FINAL PASSAGEemergency failed to receive required 2/3 vote	е
FAILED, ENACTMENT or FINAL PASSAGE failed to receive final majority vote	е
FAILED, MANDATE ENACTMENTlegislation proposing local mandate failed required 2/3 vote	е
HELD BY GOVERNOR Governor has not signed; final disposition to be determined at subsequent session	n
LEAVE TO WITHDRAWsponsor's request to withdraw legislation granted	
NOT PROPERLY BEFORE THE BODYruled out of order by the presiding officer; legislation died	d
INDEF PP indefinitely postponed; legislation died	d
ONTP, ACCEPTED, MAJORITY, MINORITY or REPORT X ought-not-to-pass report accepted; legislation died	d
P&S XXX	v
PUBLIC XXX	v
RESOLVE XXX	е
VETO SUSTAINEDLegislature failed to override Governor's veto	0
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The effective date for non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session of the 128th Legislature is Wednesday, November 1, 2017. The effective date for legislation enacted as an emergency measure may be found in the enacted law summary for that legislation.

Joint Standing Committee on Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry

LD 519 An Act To Allow the Storage of Tents, Campers, Trailers and Other PUBLIC 236 Devices Used for Camping in Campgrounds in the Unorganized Townships

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
STANLEY S	OTP-AM	Н-375

This bill clarifies that occupancy in the definition of "transient occupancy" for the unorganized territories is determined by the length of time a person is present and allows the storage of unoccupied camping devices such as tents, tent trailers, pickup campers, recreational vehicles and trailers at campgrounds or campsites in reserved camping spaces.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-375)

This amendment replaces the bill and changes the title. The amendment provides that the Maine Land Use Planning Commission may not limit the number of days a person may store an unoccupied camping device at a lawfully existing camping location within a campground permitted by the commission or a campground that lawfully existed at the time of district regulation and does not currently conform to district regulations.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2017, chapter 236 provides that the Maine Land Use Planning Commission may not limit the number of days a person may store an unoccupied camping device at a lawfully existing camping location within a campground permitted by the commission, or a campground that lawfully existed at the time of district regulation and does not currently conform to district regulations.

LD 548An Act To Amend Laws Relating to Agricultural Pulling EventsPUBLIC 207

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
BLACK R	OTP-AM	H-458
DILL J		

This bill adds to the law regarding pulling events the requirement that an animal entered in a pulling event must have either an ear tag or a microchip implant for identification purposes.

The bill also removes references to trainers in regards to pulling events. It requires the Commissioner of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry to impose a two-year suspension from competition for a person found to have used a prohibited substance with respect to an animal at a pulling event. It requires the commissioner to impose a full one-year suspension from competition for the animal found to have a prohibited substance in its system at the time of the pulling event. Currently, the commissioner may impose a suspension of less than two years.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-458)

This amendment:

1. Adds a definition of "driver" to the laws governing agricultural fairs and pulling events and replaces the term "teamster" with "driver" in those laws;

2. Allows a pull superintendent to visually examine an animal in an event and to request a veterinarian to undertake a more thorough examination when appropriate;

Joint Standing Committee on Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry

3. Provides that the driver is responsible, along with the owner, for an animal's condition, including whether it has been administered a prohibited substance; and

4. Increases the penalties for a driver or owner found to be in violation of the laws governing prohibited substances in an animal competing in a pulling event from a full two-year suspension in the bill to two years for a first offense, three years for a second offense and five years for third and subsequent offenses.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2017, chapter 207:

1. Adds to the law regarding pulling events the requirement that an animal entered in a pulling event must have either an ear tag or a microchip implant for identification purposes;

2. Removes references to trainers in regards to pulling events;

3. Adds a definition of "driver" to the laws governing agricultural fairs and pulling events and replaces the term "teamster" with "driver" in those laws;

4. Increases the penalties for a driver or owner found to be in violation of the laws governing prohibited substances in an animal competing in a pulling event to two years for a first offense, three years for a second offense and five years for third and subsequent offenses, and requires the Commissioner of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry to impose a full one-year suspension from competition for the animal found to have a prohibited substance in its system at the time of the pulling event;

5. Allows a pull superintendent to visually examine an animal in an event and to request a veterinarian to undertake a more thorough examination when appropriate; and

6. Provides that the driver is responsible, along with the owner, for an animal's condition, including whether it has been administered a prohibited substance.

LD 549 An Act To Recognize Preexisting Land Uses

PUBLIC 89

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
HANINGTON S	OTP-AM	H-167

This bill prohibits the Maine Land Use Planning Commission from requiring proof that preexisting, grandfathered nonconforming land uses were in legal existence for more than 20 years.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-167)

This amendment replaces the bill and provides that if a person demonstrates that a use or structure that does not conform with Maine Land Use Planning Commission district standards has existed for at least 30 years, there is a rebuttable presumption that the use or structure is a nonconforming use or nonconforming structure, which is a use or structure that lawfully existed when district regulations were adopted but that does not currently conform.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2017, chapter 89 provides that if a person demonstrates that a use or structure that does not conform with Maine Land Use Planning Commission district standards has existed for at least 30 years, there is a rebuttable presumption that the use or structure is a nonconforming use or nonconforming structure, which is a use or structure that lawfully existed when district regulations were adopted but that does not currently conform.