MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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STATE OF MAINE

127th Legislature First Regular Session



Summaries of bills, adopted amendments and laws enacted or finally passed

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

August 2015

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STATE OF MAINE

127TH LEGISLATURE FIRST REGULAR SESSION



LEGISLATIVE DIGEST OF BILL SUMMARIES AND ENACTED LAWS

This Legislative Digest of Bill Summaries and Enacted Laws contains summaries of all LDs and adopted amendments and all laws enacted or finally passed during the First Regular Session of the 127th Maine Legislature.

The *Digest* is arranged alphabetically by committee and within each committee by Legislative Document (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor and lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each LD title. All adopted amendments are summarized and listed by paper number. A subject index is included with each committee. An appendix provides a summary of relevant session statistics.

Final action on each LD is noted to the right of the LD title. The following describes the various final actions.

CARRIED OVER	carried over to a subsequent session of the Legislature
	chapter # of constitutional resolution passed by both houses
	Committee of Conference unable to agree; legislation died
	House & Senate disagreed; legislation died
	eated in each house, but on different motions; legislation died
	action incomplete when session ended; legislation died
EMERGENCYenacted l	aw takes effect sooner than 90 days after session adjournment
FAILED, EMERGENCY ENACTMENT or FINAL PA	ASSAGE emergency failed to receive required 2/3 vote
FAILED, ENACTMENT or FINAL PASSAGE	failed to receive final majority vote
FAILED, MANDATE ENACTMENT	legislation proposing local mandate failed required 2/3 vote
	gned; final disposition to be determined at subsequent session
LEAVE TO WITHDRAW	sponsor's request to withdraw legislation granted
NOT PROPERLY BEFORE THE BODY	ruled out of order by the presiding officer; legislation died
INDEF PP	indefinitely postponed; legislation died
	PORT Xought-not-to-pass report accepted; legislation died
P&S XXX	chapter # of enacted private & special law
PUBLIC XXX	chapter # of enacted public law
RESOLVE XXX	chapter # of finally passed resolve
VETO SUSTAINED	Legislature failed to override Governor's veto

The effective date for non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session of the 127th Legislature is October 15, 2015. The effective date for legislation enacted as an emergency measure may be found in the enacted law summary for that legislation.

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- 4. Providing that the agent with the power of attorney may not receive compensation; and
- 5. Clarifying that this power of attorney does not implicate the laws regarding foster care.

This bill was carried over to any special or regular session of the 127th Legislature by joint order, H.P. 992.

LD 1085

An Act To Implement the Recommendations of the Right To Know Advisory Committee Concerning Receipt of a Request for Public Records PUBLIC 317

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
	OTP-AM	H-473

This bill amends the Freedom of Access Act to clarify that the date of receipt of a request to copy or inspect a public record is the date a sufficient description of the public record is received by the agency or official at the office responsible for maintaining the public record. An agency or official that receives a request for a public record that is not maintained by that office must forward the request to the appropriate office without willful delay.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-473)

This amendment requires the agency or official that forwards a public record request to the office that has custody of the records that are the subject of the request to notify the requester that the request has been forwarded to the appropriate office and that the five-day period within which the receipt of the request must be acknowledged begins to run when that receiving office receives the request.

This amendment clarifies that the responsibility to forward a request for public records to the office that maintains the records is limited to circumstances in which the request is made to an agency that consists of more than one office in different locations, and the request is made to an office that does not maintain the records. The bill requires that the request be forwarded to the office that does maintain the records. It does not require a municipality to forward the request to another municipality.

This amendment also amends the laws governing public access officers by specifically requiring that a request for public records be acknowledged within five working days of the receipt of the request by the office responsible for maintaining the public record requested. This is consistent with the acknowledgment deadline.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2015, chapter 317 amends the Freedom of Access Act to clarify that the date of receipt of a request to copy or inspect a public record is the date a sufficient description of the public record is received by the agency or official at the office responsible for maintaining the public record. An agency or official that receives a request for a public record that is not maintained by that office must forward the request to the appropriate office without willful delay. The agency or official that forwards a public record request to the office that has custody of the records that are the subject of the request must notify the requester that the request has been forwarded to the appropriate office and that the five-day period within which the receipt of the request must be acknowledged begins to run when that receiving office receives the request.

Chapter 317 clarifies that the responsibility to forward a request for public records to the office that maintains the records is limited to circumstances in which the request is made to an agency that consists of more than one office in different locations, and the request is made to an office that does not maintain the records; it does not require a municipality to forward the request to another municipality.

Chapter 317 also amends the laws governing public access officers by specifically requiring that a request for public

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records be acknowledged within five working days of the receipt of the request by the office responsible for maintaining the public record requested. This is consistent with the acknowledgment deadline.

LD 1086 An Act To Implement the Recommendations of the Right To Know Advisory Committee To Create a Remedy for Unduly Burdensome and Oppressive Requests

PUBLIC 248

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
	OTP-AM	H-357

This bill amends the Freedom of Access Act to authorize a body, agency or official to deny a request for inspection or copying of public records, in whole or in part, on the basis that the request is unduly burdensome or oppressive. The bill requires that the body, agency or official seek protection from an unduly burdensome or oppressive request by filing an action in Superior Court within 30 days of receipt of the request. This bill adopts a good cause standard to be used by the court in determining whether the request may be limited or denied as unduly burdensome or oppressive.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-357)

This amendment adds a requirement that a public body, agency or official seeking a protection order from unduly burdensome and oppressive public records requests under the provision in the bill must provide to the court proof that the body, agency or official provided notice of the intent to file the action at least 10 days before the complaint is filed with the court.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2015, chapter 248 amends the Freedom of Access Act to authorize a body, agency or official to deny a request for inspection or copying of public records, in whole or in part, on the basis that the request is unduly burdensome or oppressive. It requires that the body, agency or official seek protection from an unduly burdensome or oppressive request by filing an action in Superior Court within 30 days of receipt of the request. A public body, agency or official seeking a protection order from unduly burdensome and oppressive public records requests under the provision in the bill must provide to the court proof that the body, agency or official provided notice of the intent to file the action at least 10 days before the complaint is filed with the court. Chapter 248 adopts a good cause standard to be used by the court in determining whether the request may be limited or denied as unduly burdensome or oppressive.

LD 1087 An Act To Implement the Recommendations of the Right To Know Advisory Committee Concerning Response Deadlines and Appeals

PUBLIC 249

Sponsor(s)	<u>Committee Report</u>	Amendments Adopted
	OTP-AM	H-360

This bill amends the Freedom of Access Act to make clear that an agency's or official's written notice of denial in response to a request to copy or inspect records may be a statement that the agency or official expects to deny the request in full or in part, but that decision can be made only after reviewing the records subject to the request. The agency or official is required to provide the written response within five days of the receipt of the request.

The bill clarifies the procedures for an appeal from a denial of a request to inspect or copy public records.

The bill also amends the laws governing public access officers by specifically requiring that a request for public records be acknowledged within five working days of the receipt of the request. This is consistent with the current