MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from electronic originals (may include minor formatting differences from printed original)

STATE OF MAINE

126th Legislature Second Regular Session



Summaries of bills, adopted amendments and laws enacted or finally passed

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON VETERANS AND LEGAL AFFAIRS

May 2014

MEMBERS:

SEN. JOHN L. TUTTLE, JR., CHAIR SEN. JOHN L. PATRICK SEN. GARRETT PAUL MASON

REP. LOUIS J. LUCHINI, CHAIR
REP. DIANE RUSSELL
REP. THOMAS R. W. LONGSTAFF
REP. LORI FOWLE
REP. ROBERT J. SAUCIER
REP. JOHN C. SCHNECK
REP. MICHAEL G. BEAULIEU
REP. BETH P. TURNER*
REP. JEFFREY ALLEN GIFFORD
REP. JONATHAN L. KINNEY
REP. WAYNE T. MITCHELL

STAFF:

Danielle D. Fox, Legislative Analyst Colleen McCarthy Reid, Legislative Analyst Office of Policy and Legal Analysis 13 State House Station Augusta, ME 04333 (207) 287-1670

*Committee member for the duration of the absence of Rep. David D. Johnson.

STATE OF MAINE

126_{TH} LEGISLATURE SECOND REGULAR SESSION

LEGISLATIVE DIGEST OF BILL SUMMARIES AND ENACTED LAWS

The *Digest* is arranged within each committee by Legislative Document (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor and lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each LD title. All adopted amendments are summarized and listed by paper number. A subject index is included with each committee.

Final action on each LD is noted to the right of the LD title. The following describes the various final actions. DIED IN CONCURRENCE defeated in each house, but on different motions; legislation died DIED ON ADJOURNMENT action incomplete when session ended; legislation died EMERGENCYenacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days after session adjournment FAILED, EMERGENCY ENACTMENT or FINAL PASSAGE.....emergency failed to receive required 2/3 vote FAILED, ENACTMENT or FINAL PASSAGE....... failed to receive final majority vote FAILED, MANDATE ENACTMENT.....legislation proposing local mandate failed required 2/3 vote HELD BY GOVERNOR...... Governor has not signed; final disposition to be determined at subsequent session LEAVE TO WITHDRAW.....sponsor's request to withdraw legislation granted NOT PROPERLY BEFORE THE BODY......ruled out of order by the presiding officer: legislation died INDEF PP.....indefinitely postponed; legislation died ONTP, ACCEPTED, MAJORITY, MINORITY or REPORT X... ought-not-to-pass report accepted; legislation died VETO SUSTAINED.....Legislature failed to override Governor's veto

The effective date for non-emergency legislation enacted in the Second Regular Session of the 126 Legislature is August 1, 2014. The effective date for legislation enacted as an emergency measure may be found in the enacted law summary for that legislation.

Joint Standing Committee on Veterans and Legal Affairs

they are materially relevant to a final commission determination or other decision by the commission concerning an audit, investigation or other enforcement matter.

LD 1713

An Act To Permit the Sharing of Revenue from the Sale of Alcoholic Beverages at Sporting Events

PUBLIC 446 EMERGENCY

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
ALFOND	OTP-AM	S-377

This bill creates an exception to the law that prohibits a liquor license from being sold, assigned or subject to the control of a person other than the licensee. The bill allows a civic auditorium that holds a liquor license and serves as the designated host facility for a professional sports team to enter into an agreement to share the proceeds from the sale of alcoholic beverages sold in conjunction with the professional team's sporting events. In order to qualify for this exception, the civic auditorium must have the capacity to seat at least 3,000 people.

Committee Amendment "A" (S-377)

This amendment adds an emergency preamble and emergency clause to the bill and strikes the requirement that a professional sports team must play at least 15 calendar days at a host facility in order to share revenue from liquor sales with the host facility. The amendment also provides that the revenue-sharing exception applies to any licensee that has the capacity to seat at least 3,000 people and hosts a professional sports team, not just licensed civic auditoriums. The amendment also requires that the licensee disclose not only the existence of an agreement with the sports team but also the terms of the revenue-sharing agreement when applying for a liquor license.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 446 establishes an exception to a provision in current law that prohibits a liquor license from being sold, assigned or subject to the control of a person other than the licensee. Chapter 446 provides that a licensee whose establishment has the capacity to seat at least 3,000 people and is the designated host facility for a professional sports team, may enter into an agreement to share revenues from the sale of alcoholic beverages with the professional sports team. The revenues to be shared are limited to those generated by sales of alcoholic beverages at sporting events conducted by the professional sports team. In order to share revenues, the professional sports team must conduct at least 75% of its sporting events as the home team in competition at the licensed facility. Revenue sharing agreements are required to be disclosed to the Bureau of Alcoholic Beverages and Lottery Operations.

Public Law 2013, chapter 446 was enacted as an emergency measure effective February 18, 2014.

LD 1763 An Act To Make Available to the Public Certain Information Concerning the Alcohol Content of Malt Liquor, Wine and Spirits

PUBLIC 504 EMERGENCY

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
LUCHINI PATRICK	OTP-AM	H-685

Current law prohibits a person licensed to manufacture, sell or distribute alcoholic beverages from publishing in any form an advertisement of malt liquor that refers in any manner to the alcohol content of the malt liquor manufactured, sold or distributed by that licensee, including through the use of phrases such as "full strength," "extra strength" or "prewar strength." The inclusion of the alcohol content on the product label is permitted. This bill prohibits the use of images as well as phrases that may be considered as statements of high alcohol content but permits the advertisement of alcohol content with respect to malt liquor, wine and spirits as long as it is expressed as a percentage of alcohol by volume.