# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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## STATE OF MAINE

126<sup>TH</sup> LEGISLATURE SECOND REGULAR SESSION



Summaries of bills, adopted amendments and laws enacted or finally passed

# JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON INSURANCE AND FINANCIAL SERVICES

May 2014

#### **MEMBERS**:

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## STATE OF MAINE

### 126<sub>TH</sub> LEGISLATURE SECOND REGULAR SESSION

# LEGISLATIVE DIGEST OF BILL SUMMARIES AND ENACTED LAWS

The *Digest* is arranged within each committee by Legislative Document (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor and lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each LD title. All adopted amendments are summarized and listed by paper number. A subject index is included with each committee.

Final action on each LD is noted to the right of the LD title. The following describes the various final actions. DIED IN CONCURRENCE ...... defeated in each house, but on different motions; legislation died DIED ON ADJOURNMENT ...... action incomplete when session ended; legislation died EMERGENCY ......enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days after session adjournment FAILED, EMERGENCY ENACTMENT or FINAL PASSAGE.....emergency failed to receive required 2/3 vote FAILED, ENACTMENT or FINAL PASSAGE....... failed to receive final majority vote FAILED, MANDATE ENACTMENT.....legislation proposing local mandate failed required 2/3 vote HELD BY GOVERNOR...... Governor has not signed; final disposition to be determined at subsequent session LEAVE TO WITHDRAW.....sponsor's request to withdraw legislation granted NOT PROPERLY BEFORE THE BODY......ruled out of order by the presiding officer: legislation died INDEF PP.....indefinitely postponed; legislation died ONTP, ACCEPTED, MAJORITY, MINORITY or REPORT X... ought-not-to-pass report accepted; legislation died VETO SUSTAINED.....Legislature failed to override Governor's veto

The effective date for non-emergency legislation enacted in the Second Regular Session of the 126 Legislature is August 1, 2014. The effective date for legislation enacted as an emergency measure may be found in the enacted law summary for that legislation.

### Joint Standing Committee on Insurance and Financial Services

LD 1092	An Act To Increase the	ONTP	
	Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
	CRAVEN GRAHAM	ONTP	

This bill was carried over from the First Regular Session of the 126th Legislature.

The bill establishes an alternative long-term care benefit program for those persons that qualify for long-term benefits under the MaineCare program. The bill allows persons otherwise eligible for long-term care benefits under MaineCare that own life insurance policies with face amounts exceeding \$10,000 to enter into life settlement contracts in exchange for direct payments to a health care provider for long-term care benefits. The bill prohibits the Department of Health and Human Services from considering the value of the life settlement contract as an asset or resource in determining eligibility for MaineCare. The bill also establishes the conditions under which a life settlement contract may be used, requires certain disclosures to be made to MaineCare applicants and authorizes the Department of Health and Human Services to adopt rules after consultation with the Department of Professional and Financial Regulation, Bureau of Insurance.

# LD 1236 An Act To Amend the Maine Insurance Code To Ensure Fair and Reasonable Coverage and Reimbursement of Chiropractic Services

Accepted Majority (ONTP) Report

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
ALFOND	ONTP	
CAMPBELL R	OTP-AM	

This bill was carried over from the First Regular Session of 126th Legislature.

The bill requires that coverage and payment by health insurers and health maintenance organizations for services within the scope of practice of chiropractic doctors be at least equal to and consistent with coverage for services provided by allopathic or osteopathic doctors. It requires insurers to provide benefits covering and paying for care by chiropractic doctors at least equal to and consistent with the benefits paid to other health care providers treating similar conditions within the scope of practice of chiropractic doctors. Under the bill, these carriers may not classify services provided by chiropractic doctors as physical therapy, or place these services into other categories that unreasonably limit coverage or payments for such services, or impose copayments, coinsurance requirements or deductibles that are more burdensome or limiting than those imposed with respect to services provided by allopathic or osteopathic doctors. The copayment for each service provided in the course of an office visit to a chiropractic doctor may not exceed \$5 or 10% of the covered payment for such services, whichever is greater. The total copayment for the combined services provided in the course of an office visit to a chiropractic doctor may not exceed \$30 or 10% of the combined covered payment for such services, whichever is greater.

#### Committee Amendment "A" (S-376)

This amendment is the minority report of the committee and replaces the bill. The amendment requires coverage and reasonable payment by health insurers and health maintenance organizations for medically necessary services within the scope of practice of chiropractic doctors. It requires insurers to provide benefits covering and paying for care by chiropractic doctors. Under the amendment, these carriers may not classify services provided by chiropractic doctors as physical therapy or place these services into other categories that unreasonably limit coverage or payments for such services. It also prohibits the imposition of unreasonable patient copayment, coinsurance, or deductible requirements that exceed those patient obligations imposed with respect to other provider