MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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STATE OF MAINE

126th Legislature First Regular Session



Summaries of bills, adopted amendments and laws enacted or finally passed

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON LABOR, COMMERCE, RESEARCH AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

July 2013

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STATE OF MAINE

126TH LEGISLATURE FIRST REGULAR SESSION



LEGISLATIVE DIGEST OF BILL SUMMARIES AND ENACTED LAWS

This Legislative Digest of Bill Summaries and Enacted Laws contains summaries of all LDs and adopted amendments and all laws enacted or finally passed during the First Regular Session of the 126th Maine Legislature.

The *Digest* is arranged alphabetically by committee and within each committee by Legislative Document (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor and lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each LD title. All adopted amendments are summarized and listed by paper number. A subject index is included with each committee. The appendices include a summary of relevant session statistics, an index of all bills by LD number and an index of enacted laws by law type and chapter number.

Final action on each LD is noted to the right of the LD title. The following describes the various final actions.

CARRIED OVER carried over to a subsequent session of the Legislature
CON RES XXX
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREECommittee of Conference unable to agree; legislation died
DIED BETWEEN HOUSES
DIED IN CONCURRENCEdefeated in each house, but on different motions; legislation died
DIED ON ADJOURNMENT action incomplete when session ended; legislation died
EMERGENCY enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days after session adjournment
FAILED, EMERGENCY ENACTMENT or FINAL PASSAGE emergency failed to receive required 2/3 vote
FAILED, ENACTMENT or FINAL PASSAGE failed to receive final majority vote
FAILED, MANDATE ENACTMENTlegislation proposing local mandate failed required 2/3 vote
HELD BY GOVERNORGovernor has not signed; final disposition to be determined at subsequent session
LEAVE TO WITHDRAWsponsor's request to withdraw legislation granted
NOT PROPERLY BEFORE THE BODYruled out of order by the presiding officer; legislation died
INDEF PP indefinitely postponed; legislation died
ONTP, ACCEPTED, MAJORITY, MINORITY or REPORT X ought-not-to-pass report accepted; legislation died
P&S XXX
PUBLIC XXX
RESOLVE XXX
VETO SUSTAINEDLegislature failed to override Governor's veto

The effective date for non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session of the 126th Legislature is October 9, 2013. The effective date for legislation enacted as an emergency measure may be found in the enacted law summary for that legislation.

Joint Standing Committee on Labor, Commerce, Research and Economic Development

largest number of seats in that body.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-72)

This amendment changes the terms of legislative appointments to the Maine Economic Growth Council. It provides that, beginning in 2015, legislative members must be appointed to the council by March 15th of the first year of the legislative term. The term of legislative members begins on March 15th of the first year of the legislative term and ends March 15th of the calendar year following the end of that member's legislative term. It also provides that nonlegislative members serve until a successor is appointed.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 102 changes the legislative membership on the Maine Economic Growth Council by requiring that 2 of the 4 legislative members must be Senators and 2 must be members of the House of Representatives. It also requires that, of the 2 members from each body, one must belong to the political party holding the largest number of seats in that body and one must belong to the political party holding the 2nd largest number of seats in that body. The law also changes the terms of legislative appointments to the Maine Economic Growth Council by requiring that, beginning in 2015, legislative members must be appointed to the council by March 15th of the first year of the legislative term. The term of legislative members begins on March 15th of the first year of the legislative term and ends March 15th of the calendar year following the end of that member's legislative term. It also provides that nonlegislative members serve until a successor is appointed.

LD 36 An Act To Amend the Laws Governing Record Keeping for Pawn Transactions

ONTP

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
HAYES	ONTP	

This bill requires that pawnbrokers maintain in their records digital photographs of property pawned and digital photographs of the consumers who pawn the property.

LD 71 An Act To Regulate Dealers in Secondhand Precious Metals

PUBLIC 398

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
FOWLE	OTP-AM	Н-392
		H-551 FOWLE

This bill:

- 1. Requires that pawnbrokers maintain in their records digital photographs of property pawned or purchased;
- 2. Requires that pawnbrokers file with the law enforcement agency of jurisdiction digital photographs of the properties pawned or purchased during the preceding calendar month;
- 3. Requires that, if the redemption or repurchase period is less than 30 days and the pawned property is not redeemed or repurchased by the consumer, a pawnbroker may not sell or alter the property until the property has remained in the pawnbroker's possession for 30 days after the expiration of the time for which it was pawned; and
- 4. Requires that if a pawnbroker purchases tangible personal property without any condition of repurchase by the seller for a fixed price within a fixed period of time, the pawnbroker must retain the property and may not sell or alter the property for a period of not less than 60 days after the purchase.

Joint Standing Committee on Labor, Commerce, Research and Economic Development

Committee Amendment "A" (H-392)

This amendment changes the title and replaces the bill. It requires a dealer in secondhand precious metals to maintain records of each transaction involving precious metals conducted by the dealer and prohibits a dealer from selling or altering any precious metals until the precious metals have remained in the dealer's possession for 15 days after the date of the transaction, except that a dealer who determines that the precious metals are not included in an electronic database designed to catalog stolen property may sell or alter the precious metals 10 days after the date of purchase or acquisition through exchange. It also prohibits a dealer from engaging in the purchase and sale of secondhand precious metals without a municipal permit. It also provides that a court may award restitution to any victim suffering economic loss from a violation of these provisions, including a dealer in secondhand precious metals, pursuant to the criteria currently provided for in law for restitution. It establishes that a violation of the inspection and holding period requirements is a Class E crime.

House Amendment "A" To Committee Amendment "A" (H-551)

This amendment makes the following changes to Committee Amendment "A."

- 1. It removes the requirement that records kept by dealers in secondhand precious metals be contained either in a bound volume or ledger or in a binder in which pages can be affixed.
- 2. It reduces from 10 days to 5 business days the period of time a dealer in secondhand precious metals must wait before selling or altering precious metals that are not listed in an electronic database designed to catalog stolen property.
- 3. It exempts auctioneers from the provisions governing dealers in secondhand precious metals.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 398 requires a dealer in secondhand precious metals to maintain records of each transaction involving precious metals conducted by the dealer and prohibits a dealer from selling or altering any precious metals until the precious metals have remained in the dealer's possession for 15 days after the date of the transaction, except that a dealer who determines that the precious metals are not included in an electronic database designed to catalog stolen property may sell or alter the precious metals 5 days after the date of purchase or acquisition through exchange. It also prohibits a dealer from engaging in the purchase and sale of secondhand precious metals without a municipal permit. It also provides that a court may award restitution to any victim suffering economic loss from a violation of these provisions, including a dealer in secondhand precious metals, pursuant to the criteria currently provided for in law for restitution. It establishes that a violation of the inspection and holding period requirements is a Class E crime. It exempts auctioneers from the provisions governing dealers in secondhand precious metals.

LD 103 An Act To Correct an Inconsistency in Maine's Apprenticeship Laws PUBLIC 5

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
GILBERT	ОТР	
PATRICK		

This bill repeals a provision of law that is in conflict with changes enacted in Public Law 2011, chapter 491 establishing minimum wages under the Maine Apprenticeship Program.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2013, chapter 5 repeals a provision of law that is in conflict with changes enacted in Public Law 2011, chapter 491 establishing minimum wages under the Maine Apprenticeship Program.