

# STATE OF MAINE $125^{\text{TH}}$ Legislature First Regular Session



Summaries of bills, adopted amendments and laws enacted or finally passed

# JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON INSURANCE AND FINANCIAL SERVICES

July 2011

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# **STATE OF MAINE**

 $125^{\text{TH}}$  Legislature First Regular Session



### LEGISLATIVE DIGEST OF BILL SUMMARIES AND ENACTED LAWS

This Legislative Digest of Bill Summaries and Enacted Laws summarizes all LDs and adopted amendments and all laws enacted or finally passed during the First Regular Session of the 125<sup>th</sup> Maine Legislature.

The *Digest* is arranged alphabetically by committee and within each committee by Legislative Document (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor and lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each LD title. All adopted amendments are summarized and listed by paper number. A subject index is included with each committee. The appendices include a summary of relevant session statistics, an index of all bills by LD number and an index of enacted laws by law type and chapter number.

Final action on each LD is noted to the right of the LD title. The following describes the various final actions.

CARRIED OVER	carried over to a subsequent session of the Legislature
	chapter # of constitutional resolution passed by both houses
	Committee of Conference unable to agree; legislation died
DIED BETWEEN HOUSES	House & Senate disagreed; legislation died
DIED IN CONCURRENCE	defeated in each house, but on different motions; legislation died
DIED ON ADJOURNMENT	action incomplete when session ended; legislation died
EMERGENCY	enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days after session adjournment.
	FINAL PASSAGE emergency failed to receive required 2/3 vote
	GE failed to receive final majority vote
FAILED, MANDATE ENACTMENT	legislation proposing local mandate failed required 2/3 vote
	has not signed; final disposition to be determined at subsequent session
LEAVE TO WITHDRAW	sponsor's request to withdraw legislation granted
	ruled out of order by the presiding officer; legislation died
INDEF PP	indefinitely postponed; legislation died
ONTP, ACCEPTED, MAJORITY, MINOR	ITY or REPORT X ought-not-to-pass report accepted; legislation died
P&S XXX	chapter # of enacted private & special law
PUBLIC XXX	chapter # of enacted public Law
RESOLVE XXX	
VETO SUSTAINED	Legislature failed to override Governor's veto

The effective date for non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session of the 125<sup>th</sup> Legislature is September 28, 2011. The effective date for legislation enacted as an emergency measure may be found in the enacted law summary for that legislation.

### Joint Standing Committee on Insurance and Financial Services

of the laws governing captive insurance companies, the provisions of the captive insurance company laws control, except that a captive insurance company insuring health risks may not provide individual health insurance and, if it insures health risks of employers, a captive insurance company must comply with the same requirements of community rating, guaranteed issuance and renewal and mandated benefit laws applicable to small group health insurers. Part I permits an association captive insurance company to require its members to be jointly and severally liable for its health insurance obligations and to meet financial obligations and wellness criteria established in a plan of operation and provides solvency standards applicable to such captives. The law requires the Superintendent to issue a license to an association captive insuring health risks for an association captive insurance company that requires its members to be jointly and severally liable and has an aggregate net worth of more than \$100,000,000 and meets the requirements of the captive insurance law. Part I also designates that rules related to captive insurance companies are major substantive rules.

Part J corrects cross-references in the statutes as a result of the repeal of the State Health Plan, Advisory Council on Health Systems Development and the Governor's Office of Health Policy and Finance.

# LD 1338An Act To Amend the Maine Consumer Credit Code To Conform withPUBLIC 427Federal Law

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
WHITTEMORE	OTP-AM	S-311

This bill incorporates consumer protections found in federal law and regulation, including restrictions on credit card lending found in the federal Credit Card Accountability Responsibility and Disclosure Act of 2009 and the implementing provisions of federal Regulation Z, 12 Code of Federal Regulations, Section 226.1 et seq., adopted by reference in Truth-in-Lending; Maine's Regulation Z-2. It also amends the Maine Consumer Credit Code's truth-in-lending provisions based on authority granted by the federal Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act. The bill amends sections of the Maine Consumer Credit Code relating to the registration of loan officers, since those provisions have been supplanted by new statutes governing the licensing of mortgage loan originators.

### Committee Amendment "A" (S-311)

This amendment does the following.

The amendment replaces Part A of the bill. The amendment repeals Article 8 of the Maine Consumer Credit Code and enacts Article 8-A, which requires creditors to comply with federal truth-in-lending laws and regulations. The amendment also retains provisions in current state law that provide more protection for consumers than federal law and makes those provisions applicable only to nondepository lenders. The retained provisions are not applicable to state-chartered financial institutions and credit unions and the Maine State Housing Authority.

The amendment adds to Part B of the bill a definition of "mortgage loan originator" and permits adjustments in the licensing process for nonbank supervised lenders and loan brokers to allow regulators to continue to adopt the nationwide mortgage licensing system program for those entities.

The amendment adds Part C to the bill to require the Department of Professional and Financial Regulation, Bureau of Consumer Credit Protection to facilitate meetings and other communications among interested parties to evaluate and determine the ways in which the State's foreclosure prevention outreach and housing counseling program may be streamlined and made more efficient.

The amendment also adds Part D to the bill to correct cross-references.

### Joint Standing Committee on Insurance and Financial Services

### **Enacted Law Summary**

Public Law 2011, chapter 427 repeals Article 8 of the Maine Consumer Credit Code and enacts Article 8-A, which requires creditors to comply with federal truth-in-lending laws and regulations. The law retains provisions in current state law that provide more protection for consumers than federal law and makes those provisions applicable only to nondepository lenders. The retained provisions are not applicable to state-chartered financial institutions and credit unions and the Maine State Housing Authority.

Public Law 2011, chapter 427 amends the Maine Consumer Credit Code relating to the registration of loan officers, since those provisions have been supplanted by new statutes governing the licensing of mortgage loan originators, and permits adjustments in the licensing process for nonbank supervised lenders and loan brokers to allow regulators to continue to adopt the nationwide mortgage licensing system program for those entities.

Public Law 2011, chapter 427 also requires the Department of Professional and Financial Regulation, Bureau of Consumer Credit Protection to facilitate meetings and other communications among interested parties to evaluate and determine the ways in which the State's foreclosure prevention outreach and housing counseling program may be streamlined and made more efficient.

LD 1352	<b>LD 1352</b> An Act To Implement the Requirements of the Federal Nonadmitted and Reinsurance Reform Act of 2010			
	Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopte	<u>ed</u>
F	CHARDSON W	OTP-AM	H-543	

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This bill amends surplus lines eligibility standards and nonadmitted insurance premium tax laws to conform to the					
requirements of the federal Nonadmitted and Reinsurance Reform Act of 2010. It authorizes the State Tax Assessor					
to enter into a multistate agreement as directed by federal law; transfers the administration of self-procured					
insurance premium taxes from the Department of Professional and Financial Regulation, Bureau of Insurance to the					
Department of Administrative and Financial Services, Maine Revenue Services; and makes conforming technical					
changes to other provisions of the surplus lines insurance and premium tax laws.					

#### Committee Amendment "A" (H-543)

The amendment clarifies provisions in the bill by adopting explicit language from federal law rather than incorporating the federal law through cross-reference. The amendment clarifies that, in accordance with the federal Nonadmitted and Reinsurance Reform Act of 2010, Maine's surplus lines law pertains to those transactions when Maine is the home state of the applicant or the insured. The amendment clarifies that diligent search requirements generally required before coverage can be placed in the nonadmitted market do not apply to commercial purchasers defined as exempt from those requirements under federal law. The amendment adds definitions of several terms used within the surplus lines law. The amendment clarifies how United States insurers and non-United States insurers may become eligible surplus lines insurers.

The amendment also requires that the Department of Administrative and Financial Services, Maine Revenue Services consult with the Department of Professional and Financial Regulation, Bureau of Insurance and complete a fiscal analysis of the impact on the State's gross receipt of premium tax before entering into any multistate agreement with respect to the reporting, allocation and collection of surplus lines premium taxes on multistate risks. The amendment also requires that Maine Revenue Services consult with representatives of surplus lines insurers, admitted insurers and surplus lines producers when making a determination that entering into a multistate agreement is in the State's financial best interest and consistent with the federal Nonadmitted and Reinsurance Reform Act of 2010.