MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from electronic originals (may include minor formatting differences from printed original)

STATE OF MAINE

125th Legislature First Regular Session



Summaries of bills, adopted amendments and laws enacted or finally passed

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

July 2011

MEMBERS:

SEN. THOMAS B. SAVIELLO, CHAIR SEN. ROGER L. SHERMAN SEN. SETH A. GOODALL

REP. JAMES M. HAMPER, CHAIR
REP. BERNARD L. A. AYOTTE
REP. JANE S. KNAPP
REP. JOAN M. NASS
REP. RICKY D. LONG
REP. JAMES W. PARKER
REP. ROBERT S. DUCHESNE
REP. MELISSA WALSH INNES
REP. JOAN W. WELSH
REP. DENISE PATRICIA HARLOW

STAFF:

SUSAN Z. JOHANNESMAN, LEGISLATIVE ANALYST OFFICE OF POLICY AND LEGAL ANALYSIS 13 STATE HOUSE STATION AUGUSTA, ME 04333 (207) 287-1670

STATE OF MAINE

 125^{TH} LEGISLATURE FIRST REGULAR SESSION



LEGISLATIVE DIGEST OF BILL SUMMARIES AND ENACTED LAWS

This Legislative Digest of Bill Summaries and Enacted Laws summarizes all LDs and adopted amendments and all laws enacted or finally passed during the First Regular Session of the 125th Maine Legislature.

The *Digest* is arranged alphabetically by committee and within each committee by Legislative Document (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor and lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each LD title. All adopted amendments are summarized and listed by paper number. A subject index is included with each committee. The appendices include a summary of relevant session statistics, an index of all bills by LD number and an index of enacted laws by law type and chapter number.

Final action on each LD is noted to the right of the LD title. The following describes the various final actions.

CARRIED OVER	carried over to a subsequent session of the Legislature
CON RES XXX	chapter # of constitutional resolution passed by both houses
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE	
DIED BETWEEN HOUSES	House & Senate disagreed; legislation died
DIED IN CONCURRENCE	defeated in each house, but on different motions; legislation died
DIED ON ADJOURNMENT	action incomplete when session ended; legislation died
EMERGENCYenac	ted law takes effect sooner than 90 days after session adjournment
FAILED, EMERGENCY ENACTMENT or FINA	AL PASSAGE emergency failed to receive required 2/3 vote
FAILED, ENACTMENT or FINAL PASSAGE	failed to receive final majority vote
FAILED, MANDATE ENACTMENT	legislation proposing local mandate failed required 2/3 vote
HELD BY GOVERNORGovernor has n	not signed; final disposition to be determined at subsequent session
LEAVE TO WITHDRAW	sponsor's request to withdraw legislation granted
	ruled out of order by the presiding officer; legislation died
INDEF PP	indefinitely postponed; legislation died
	r REPORTXought-not-to-pass report accepted; legislation died
P&S XXX	chapter # of enacted private & special law
	chapter # of enacted public Law
RESOLVE XXX	chapter # of finally passed resolve
	Legislature failed to override Governor's veto

The effective date for non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session of the 125th Legislature is September 28, 2011. The effective date for legislation enacted as an emergency measure may be found in the enacted law summary for that legislation.

Joint Standing Committee on Environment and Natural Resources

Resolve 2011, chapter 60 was finally passed as an emergency measure effective June 3, 2011.

LD 981

An Act To Increase Recycling Jobs in Maine and Lower Costs for Maine Businesses Concerning Recycled Electronics

PUBLIC 250 EMERGENCY

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
WALSH INNES SNOWE-MELLO	OTP-AM	Н-315

This bill provides that the recycling of covered electronic devices received at collection sites and events from small universal waste generators is the manufacturer's responsibility. It clarifies that a manufacturer must register with the State prior to selling covered electronic devices in the State and must report sales information on annual registrations in terms of national numbers. In addition, this bill modifies the annual manufacturer registration fee from a flat fee to a tiered system based on a manufacturer's annual national unit sales of covered electronic devices, and exempts certain historic manufacturers from the registration fee requirements. It changes the reporting requirements from every 2 years to being a part of the product stewardship report.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-315)

Current law covers only households in the State's electronic waste recycling laws. The bill expands that by covering small universal waste generators as well as households. The amendment removes the bill's coverage of small universal waste generators and expands current coverage to small businesses and nonprofit organizations that employ 100 or fewer individuals and primary and secondary schools. The amendment adds a provision that limits the number of covered electronic devices that may be dropped off at municipal collection sites or consolidator-sponsored collection events to 7 devices, unless the municipal collection site or consolidator is willing to accept additional devices. The amendment adds a provision that allows for the controlled breakage of cathode ray tubes by licensed electronics demanufacturing facilities if the facilities demonstrate to the Department of Environmental Protection that they meet specified environmental health and safety standards. The amendment adds an emergency preamble and emergency clause to the bill.

Enacted Law Summary

Current law covers only households in the State's electronic waste recycling laws. Public Law 2011, chapter 250 expands current coverage to small businesses and nonprofit organizations that employ 100 or fewer individuals and primary and secondary schools. It limits the number of covered electronic devices that may be dropped off at municipal collection sites or consolidator-sponsored collection events to 7 devices, unless the municipal collection site or consolidator is willing to accept additional devices. It clarifies that a manufacturer must register with the State prior to selling covered electronic devices in the State and must report sales information on annual registrations in terms of national numbers. It modifies the annual manufacturer registration fee from a flat fee to a tiered system based on a manufacturer's annual national unit sales of covered electronic devices, and exempts certain historic manufacturers from the registration fee requirements. It changes the reporting requirements from every 2 years to being a part of the product stewardship report. Chapter 250 also allows for the controlled breakage of cathode ray tubes by licensed electronics demanufacturing facilities if the facilities demonstrate to the Department of Environmental Protection that they meet specified environmental health and safety standards.

Public Law 2011, chapter 250 was enacted as an emergency measure effective June 8, 2011.