

# $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{STATE OF MAINE} \\ 125^{\text{TH}} \text{ Legislature} \\ \text{First Regular Session} \end{array}$



Summaries of bills, adopted amendments and laws enacted or finally passed

# JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

July 2011

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# **STATE OF MAINE**

 $125^{\text{TH}}$  Legislature First Regular Session



# LEGISLATIVE DIGEST OF BILL SUMMARIES AND ENACTED LAWS

This Legislative Digest of Bill Summaries and Enacted Laws summarizes all LDs and adopted amendments and all laws enacted or finally passed during the First Regular Session of the 125<sup>th</sup> Maine Legislature.

The *Digest* is arranged alphabetically by committee and within each committee by Legislative Document (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor and lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each LD title. All adopted amendments are summarized and listed by paper number. A subject index is included with each committee. The appendices include a summary of relevant session statistics, an index of all bills by LD number and an index of enacted laws by law type and chapter number.

Final action on each LD is noted to the right of the LD title. The following describes the various final actions.

CARRIED OVER	carried over to a subsequent session of the Legislature
	chapter # of constitutional resolution passed by both houses
	Committee of Conference unable to agree; legislation died
DIED BETWEEN HOUSES	House & Senate disagreed; legislation died
DIED IN CONCURRENCE	defeated in each house, but on different motions; legislation died
DIED ON ADJOURNMENT	action incomplete when session ended; legislation died
EMERGENCY	enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days after session adjournment.
	FINAL PASSAGE emergency failed to receive required 2/3 vote
	GE failed to receive final majority vote
FAILED, MANDATE ENACTMENT	legislation proposing local mandate failed required 2/3 vote
	has not signed; final disposition to be determined at subsequent session
LEAVE TO WITHDRAW	sponsor's request to withdraw legislation granted
	ruled out of order by the presiding officer; legislation died
INDEF PP	indefinitely postponed; legislation died
ONTP, ACCEPTED, MAJORITY, MINOR	ITY or REPORT X ought-not-to-pass report accepted; legislation died
P&S XXX	chapter # of enacted private & special law
PUBLIC XXX	chapter # of enacted public Law
RESOLVE XXX	
VETO SUSTAINED	Legislature failed to override Governor's veto

The effective date for non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session of the 125<sup>th</sup> Legislature is September 28, 2011. The effective date for legislation enacted as an emergency measure may be found in the enacted law summary for that legislation.

**ONTP** 

**PUBLIC 426** 

#### LD 165 An Act To Require Divorce Actions To Go to Mediation

Sponsor(s)Committee ReportAmendments AdoptedPRESCOTT<br/>TRAHANONTP

This bill is a concept draft pursuant to Joint Rule 208.

It proposes to require all contested divorce cases to be resolved through mediation, instead of in the courts, unless there are extenuating circumstances, such as abuse.

## LD 170 An Act To Extend the Maximum Time Period for Powers of Attorney PUBLIC 43 for Minors and Incapacitated Persons

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
NASS COURTNEY	OTP-AM	H-57

This bill extends the maximum time period for a power of attorney for a minor or incapacitated person from 6 to 12 months and authorizes the Probate Court, in issuing, modifying or terminating an order of guardianship of a minor, to include in the order transition arrangements as determined to be in the best interest of the child.

#### Committee Amendment "A" (H-57)

This amendment clarifies that orders providing for transitional arrangements may include, but are not limited to, rights of contact, housing, counseling or rehabilitation.

#### **Enacted Law Summary**

Public Law 2011, chapter 43 extends the maximum time period for a power of attorney for a minor or incapacitated person from 6 to 12 months and authorizes the Probate Court, in issuing, modifying or terminating an order of guardianship of a minor, to include in the order transition arrangements as determined to be in the best interest of the child. Orders providing for transitional arrangements may include, but are not limited to, rights of contact, housing, counseling or rehabilitation.

## LD 194 An Act To Make Permanent the Direction of Fines Derived from Tribal Law Enforcement Activities to the Passamaquoddy Tribe and the Penobscot Nation

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
Soctomah	OTP-AM	H-375

This bill removes the provision of law that repeals the laws that direct fines derived from tribal law enforcement activities to the Passamaquoddy Tribe and the Penobscot Nation.

# Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary

#### Committee Amendment "A" (H-375)

This amendment incorporates a fiscal note.

#### **Enacted Law Summary**

Public Law 2011, chapter 426 removes the provision of law that repeals the laws that direct fines derived from tribal law enforcement activities to the Passamaquoddy Tribe and the Penobscot Nation.

# LD 202 An Act To Modify Child Support Enforcement Procedures PUBLIC 34

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
NASS ROSEN R	OTP-AM	H-45

This bill amends several child support enforcement provisions. It:

1. Eliminates the 6-month limitation on a court order for a child support obligor to seek employment;

2. Changes the child support guidelines from requiring that the support obligation of a nonprimary care provider who earns less than the federal poverty guidelines may not exceed 10% of the nonprimary care provider's weekly gross income for each child for whom support is awarded to requiring that the support obligation may not exceed 10% of the nonprimary care provider's weekly gross income regardless of the number of children; and

3. Limits the assignment of child support received by a recipient of public assistance to only that support that accrues during the period that the recipient receives public assistance.

#### Committee Amendment "A" (H-45)

This amendment reinstates the limitation, which was removed in the bill, on a court order for a child support obligor, expanding the limitation from 6 months as in current law to one year.

#### **Enacted Law Summary**

Public Law 2011, chapter 34 does the following:

1. It changes the child support guidelines from requiring that the support obligation of a nonprimary care provider who earns less than the federal poverty guidelines may not exceed 10% of the nonprimary care provider's weekly gross income for each child for whom support is awarded to requiring that the support obligation may not exceed 10% of the nonprimary care provider's weekly gross income regardless of the number of children;

2. It limits the assignment of child support received by a recipient of public assistance to only that support that accrues during the period that the recipient receives public assistance; and

3. It expands the 6-month limitation on a court order for a child support obligor to seek employment to one year.