## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from electronic originals (may include minor formatting differences from printed original)

### STATE OF MAINE

124<sup>TH</sup> LEGISLATURE SECOND REGULAR SESSION



Summaries of bills, adopted amendments and laws enacted or finally passed during the Second Regular Session of the 124<sup>th</sup> Maine Legislature coming from the

## JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON LEGAL AND VETERANS' AFFAIRS

April 2010

### **MEMBERS:**

SEN. NANCY B. SULLIVAN, CHAIR SEN. SETH A. GOODALL SEN. DEBRA D. PLOWMAN

REP. PAMELA JABAR TRINWARD, CHAIR
REP. JOHN L. TUTTLE, JR.
REP. LINDA M. VALENTINO
REP. MICHAEL E. CAREY
REP. ALEXANDER CORNELL DU HOUX
REP. DIANE RUSSELL
REP. STACEY ALLEN FITTS
REP. WRIGHT H. PINKHAM, SR.
REP. JOAN M. NASS
REP. MICHAEL G. BEAULIEU

### STAFF:

Danielle D. Fox, Legislative Analyst Office of Policy and Legal Analysis 13 State House Station Augusta, ME 04333 (207) 287-1670

## STATE OF MAINE

124<sup>TH</sup> LEGISLATURE SECOND REGULAR SESSION



# LEGISLATIVE DIGEST OF BILL SUMMARIES AND ENACTED LAWS

This Legislative Digest of Bill Summaries and Enacted Laws summarizes all bills and adopted amendments and all laws enacted or finally passed during the Second Regular Session of the 124<sup>th</sup> Maine Legislature.

The *Digest* is arranged alphabetically by committee and within each committee by LD number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor and lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are summarized and listed by paper number. A subject index is included with each committee. The appendices include a summary of relevant session statistics, an index of all bills by LD number and an index of enacted laws by law type and chapter number.

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CARRIED OVER	Carried over to a subsequent session of the Legislature	
	hapter # of Constitutional Resolution passed by both Houses	
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE		
DIED BETWEEN HOUSES	House & Senate disagree; bill died	
DIED IN CONCURRENCE One body accepts ONTP report; the other indefinitely postpones the bill		
DIED ON ADJOURNMENT	Action incomplete when session ended; bill died	
EMERGENCY	Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days	
	PASSAGEEmergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote	
FAILED ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Bill failed to get majority vote	
FAILED MANDATE ENACTMENT	Bill imposing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote	
NOT PROPERLY BEFORE THE BODY	Ruled out of order by the presiding officers; bill died	
INDEF PP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed; bill died	
ONTP (or Accepted ONTP report)	Ought Not To Pass report accepted; bill died	
P&S XXX		
PUBLIC XXX		
RESOLVE XXX	Chapter # of finally passed Resolve	
UNSIGNED	Bill held by Governor	
VETO SUSTAINED	Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto	

The effective date for non-emergency legislation enacted in the Second Regular Session of the 124<sup>th</sup> Legislature is Monday, July 12, 2010. The effective date for legislation enacted as an emergency measure is specified in the enacted law summary for those bills.

### Joint Standing Committee on Legal and Veterans Affairs

### **Enacted Law Summary**

Public Law 2009, chapter 524 amends a requirement that a Maine Clean Election Act candidate keep a record specifying the work performed by a vendor if the candidate has paid \$500 or more in public campaign funds to the vendor by limiting the requirement to campaign staff and consulting services, rather than services provided by vendors generally. The law exempts certain personal gifts from disclosure in the statement of sources of income that executive branch employees file with the Commission on Governmental Ethics and Election Practices. The exemption is for gifts made to the employee on the basis of personal friendship from sources other than lobbyists, as long as the employee has no reason to believe that the gift was made because of the employee's official position. Chapter 524 also removes the requirement that the employee swear to the statement before filing it with the commission. This law permits the commission to subpoen records and testimony of witnesses from sources outside the State. It also permits the commission to waive the filing of accelerated campaign finance reports by traditionally financed candidates whose Maine Clean Election Act opponents have received the maximum amount of matching funds. For individuals or groups who are required to file independent expenditure reports of expenditures made to influence candidate elections, chapter 524 deletes the requirement to report contributions received. Under this law, if the commission receives a document from a gubernatorial candidate seeking Maine Clean Election Act funding that contains telephone numbers, e-mail addresses or bank account or credit card information of the candidate's contributors, the commission shall keep that information confidential, with limited exceptions. Also, chapter 524 clarifies that, starting in the 2010 elections, if there is insufficient money in the Maine Clean Election Fund, the commission may permit publicly funded candidates to raise contributions in the same amounts as traditionally financed candidates. Finally, this law clarifies what triggers reporting under the laws governing ballot question committees by replacing language with a cross-reference to an existing definition of "campaign."

LD 1559

### An Act Regarding Liquor Licenses for Qualified Catering Services

PUBLIC 530 EMERGENCY

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
BLISS	OTP-AM	S-375

This bill specifies that a qualified catering service that is eligible for a liquor license may host up to 12 events per year at a facility owned by the catering service and serve alcoholic beverages to be consumed on the premises.

#### Committee Amendment "A" (S-375)

This amendment replaces the bill. It creates a permit available to a qualified caterer licensed to serve spirits, wine and malt liquor as a caterer to conduct self-sponsored events at the caterer's facility and serve these alcoholic beverages. The fee for the self-sponsored event permit is \$700 annually in addition to the qualified catering license fee. Events conducted in accordance with this permit must offer a diverse menu and may not exceed seven hours in duration.

### **Enacted Law Summary**

Public Law 2009, chapter 530 creates a permit available to a qualified caterer licensed to serve spirits, wine and malt liquor as a caterer to conduct self-sponsored events at the caterer's facility and serve these alcoholic beverages. The fee for the self-sponsored event permit is \$700 annually in addition to the qualified catering license fee. Events conducted in accordance with this permit must offer a diverse menu and may not exceed seven hours in duration.

Public Law 2009, chapter 530 was enacted as an emergency measure effective March 22, 2010.