

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{STATE OF MAINE} \\ 124^{\text{TH}} \text{ Legislature} \\ \text{First Regular Session} \end{array}$



Summaries of bills, adopted amendments and laws enacted or finally passed during the First Regular Session of the 124th Maine Legislature coming from the

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON MARINE RESOURCES

July 2009

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STATE OF MAINE

124th Legislature First Regular Session



LEGISLATIVE DIGEST OF BILL SUMMARIES AND ENACTED LAWS

This Legislative Digest of Bill Summaries and Enacted Laws summarizes all bills and adopted amendments and all laws enacted or finally passed during the First Regular Session of the 124th Maine Legislature.

The *Digest* is arranged alphabetically by committee, and within each committee by LD number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor and lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are summarized and listed by paper number. A subject index is included with each committee. The appendices include a summary of relevant session statistics, an index of all bills by LD number and an index of enacted laws by law type and chapter number.

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

| CARRIED OVER | Carried over to a subsequent session of the Legislature |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| CON RES XXX Chapte | r # of Constitutional Resolution passed by both Houses |
| CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE | Committee of Conference unable to agree; bill died |
| DIED BETWEEN BODIES | House & Senate disagree; bill died |
| DIED IN CONCURRENCE One body accepts | s ONTP report; the other indefinitely postpones the bill |
| DIED ON ADJOURNMENT | Action incomplete when session ended; bill died |
| EMERGENCY | Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days |
| | AGE Emergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote |
| FAILED ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE | Bill failed to get majority vote |
| FAILED MANDATE ENACTMENT | |
| NOT PROPERLY BEFORE THE BODY | Ruled out of order by the presiding officers; bill died |
| INDEF PP | Bill Indefinitely Postponed; bill died |
| ONTP (or Accepted ONTP report) | |
| <i>P&S XXX</i> | Chapter # of enacted Private & Special Law |
| PUBLIC XXX | Chapter # of enacted Public Law |
| RESOLVE XXX | Chapter # of finally passed Resolve |
| UNSIGNED | |
| | Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto |

The effective date for non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session of the 124th Legislature is September 12, 2009. The effective date for legislation enacted as an emergency measure is specified in the enacted law summary for those bills.

Joint Standing Committee on Marine Resources

3. It increases the limit on the size of an experimental lease from 2 acres to 4 acres.

4. It eliminates the prohibition on limited-purpose aquaculture licenses in intertidal waters as long as permission of the landowner is obtained and creates a nonresident limited-purpose aquaculture license. It establishes a \$300 annual fee for nonresident limited-purpose aquaculture license.

5. It allows a person to possess cultured marine organisms that do not meet the size or season requirements that wild product must meet. Appropriate documentation must be maintained and made available upon request of the Department of Marine Resources.

6. It eliminates a duplicative notice requirement regarding an aquaculture facility's use of antibiotics.

7. It creates a mechanism to assign lease options, which allow the holder to have first priority in applying for a lease in a particular location. Some other coastal users such as local fishermen or adjacent landowners are still be able to claim preference under the law and nullify the option, but the option prevents other potential applicants that are not specifically given priority in law from moving forward with a lease application in the area until the option has expired. The department must assess whether the application for the option is in good faith and whether it will likely result in an aquaculture application in the area. Fees are charged per acre and are capped at \$500 for the first acre and \$50 for each additional acre.

8. It authorizes the commissioner to refuse to issue or renew a marine resources license, such as a fishing or wholesale license, to the holder of an aquaculture lease or license who has not paid legally required fees.

9. It authorizes the commissioner to require a license for the land-based culture of marine organisms and allows the commissioner to set the fee at not more than \$1,000.

10. It authorizes the department to remove and sell abandoned aquaculture gear or stock after the lease or license holder and anyone who has previously claimed ownership of the gear or stock has been notified and has failed to remove the gear or stock.

11. It authorizes marine patrol officers to inspect aquaculture leases and associated vehicles, watercraft and buildings, except for residences.

12. It allows municipalities that choose to issue aquaculture permits to charge an application fee that reflects their costs. Public Law 2009, chapter 229 clarifies the total acreage allowed under all permits in a municipality, requires municipalities to adopt ordinances to prevent speculative holding of permits, updates the maximum rental fee to match the department's lease fee and clarifies that it is an annual rental fee and requires municipalities to submit an annual report to the department.

13. It adds aquaculture lease and license holders to the group of persons that the department may authorize to take green crabs without a commercial license.

LD 1432 An Act To Create a Saltwater Recreational Fishing Registry

Carried Over

Sponsor(s)

Committee Report

Amendments Adopted

TRAHAN

Joint Standing Committee on Marine Resources

LD 1432 creates the saltwater recreational fishing registry to register persons engaged in saltwater recreational fishing to be administered by the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife through the department's existing program to issue fishing licenses. It directs the Commissioner of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife to negotiate a memorandum of agreement with the United States Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration to exempt the State from a federal registry if the State submits data from the saltwater recreational fishing registry created by this bill. LD 1432 deappropriates \$12,000 from the Department of Marine Resources recreational fishing program to fund the saltwater recreational fishing registry.

This bill was carried over to any special or regular session of the 124th Legislature by joint order H.P. 1053.