

STATE OF MAINE 123rd Legislature Second Regular and First Special Sessions



Summaries of bills, adopted amendments and laws enacted or finally passed during the Second Regular or First Special Sessions of the 123rd Maine Legislature coming from the

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES

May 2008

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STATE OF MAINE

123RD LEGISLATURE SECOND REGULAR & FIRST SPECIAL SESSIONS



LEGISLATIVE DIGEST OF BILL SUMMARIES AND ENACTED LAWS

This *Legislative Digest of Bill Summaries and Enacted Laws* summarizes all bills and adopted amendments and all laws enacted or finally passed during the Second Regular or First Special Sessions of the 123rd Maine Legislature.

The *Digest* is arranged alphabetically by committee, and within each committee by LD number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor and lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are summarized and listed by paper number. A subject index is included with each committee. The appendices include a summary of relevant session statistics, an index of all bills by LD number and an index of enacted laws by law type and chapter number.

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CON RES XXX	Chapter # of Constitutional Resolution passed by both Houses
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE	
DIED BETWEEN BODIES	
DIED IN CONCURRENCE One body	accepts ONTP report; the other indefinitely postpones the bill
DIED ON ADJOURNMENT	Action incomplete when session ended; bill died
EMERGENCY	Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days
FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT/FINAL	PASSAGE Emergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote
FAILED ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Bill failed to get majority vote
FAILED MANDATE ENACTMENT	Bill imposing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote
INDEF PP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed; bill died
ONTP (or Accepted ONTP report)	Ought Not To Pass report accepted; bill died
P&S XXX	Chapter # of enacted Private & Special Law
PUBLIC XXX	Chapter # of enacted Public Law
RESOLVE XXX	Chapter # of finally passed Resolve
UNSIGNED	Bill held by Governor
VETO SUSTAINED	Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto

The effective date for non-emergency legislation enacted in the Second Regular Session (R2) is June 30, 2008. The effective date for non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Special Session (S1) is July 18, 2008.¹ The effective date for legislation enacted as an emergency measure is specified in the enacted law summary for those bills. Any bill summarized in this document having an LD number less than 1932 was a bill carried over from the First Regular Session of the 123rd Legislature.

¹ The session in which each law was enacted or finally passed (R2 or S1) is included in Appendix C.

Joint Standing Committee on Natural Resources

with the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over natural resources matters by March 1, 1996 and require the Board of Environmental Protection to adopt rules if the United States Environmental Protection Agency disapproves the State's 15% reduction plan and the department to confer with the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over natural resources matters before it proposes revision of a Stage II vapor recovery system rule.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2007, chapter 559 exempts from vapor recovery requirements gasoline stations that exceed an annual 1 million gallon gasoline throughput, that require excavation of underground storage tanks in order to repair or replace components of the Stage II vapor recovery system or that are constructed after the effective date of the public law. It also changes the repeal date of the Stage II vapor recovery system requirement to January 1, 2012. Chapter 559 also repeals sections of law that required a report by February 1, 1996, required the Governor to confer with the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over natural resources matters by March 1, 1996 and require the Board of Environmental Protection to adopt rules if the United States Environmental Protection Agency disapproves the State's 15% reduction plan and the department to confer with the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over natural resources matters before it proposes revision of a Stage II vapor recovery system rule.

LD 1983 An Act To Protect Public Safety, Provide for the Prudent Use of Landfill Capacity and Save Taxpayers Money

ONTP

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
SCHNEIDER	ONTP	

This bill provides that a person may not deliver waste of any kind in a vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of more than 50,000 pounds to a solid waste disposal facility, solid waste facility, solid waste landfill or waste facility if that facility or landfill is owned by the State and has been expanded or built out on or after the effective date of this legislation. It also provides that the operator of a solid waste disposal facility, solid waste facility, solid waste landfill or waste facility that has been expanded or built out on or after the effective date of this legislation and is owned by the State may not accept for delivery at that facility or landfill waste of any kind that has been hauled in a vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of more than 50,000 pounds. The bill requires the Executive Department, State Planning Office and the Department of Environmental Protection to determine the solid waste disposal capacity needs of the State as of January 1, 2008 for 3, 5 and 10 years and report their findings to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over natural resources matters no later than November 5, 2008. Based on the capacity needs as of January 1, 2008, using the data from the report issued pursuant to this legislation the State Planning Office and the Department of Environmental Protection shall determine the capacity of state-owned landfills. The State Planning Office and the Department of Environmental Protection shall determine the State Planning Office's and the Department of Environmental Protection's ability to control the different and various waste streams flowing into state-owned landfills, broken down by waste stream and by the sources of these waste streams whether in state or out of state. The Department of Environmental Protection shall determine how best to control the flow of waste coming into the State in order to ensure the longevity of state-owned landfills and save taxpayers money. The Department of Environmental Protection shall adopt major substantive rules to extend the life of state-owned landfills.