MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from electronic originals (may include minor formatting differences from printed original)

STATE OF MAINE

123rd Legislature First Regular Session



Summaries of bills and adopted amendments and laws enacted or finally passed during the First Regular Session of the 123rd Maine Legislature coming from the

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON UTILITIES AND ENERGY

July 2007

MEMBERS:

SEN. PHILIP L. BARTLETT, II, CHAIR SEN. BARRY J. HOBBINS SEN. DOUGLAS M. SMITH

REP. LAWRENCE BLISS, CHAIR
REP. HERBERT ADAMS
REP. PETER L. RINES
REP. RICHARD D. BLANCHARD
REP. SETH A. BERRY
REP. JON HINCK
REP. KENNETH C. FLETCHER
REP. PHILIP A. CURTIS
REP. STACEY ALLEN FITTS
REP. MICHAEL THIBODEAU

STAFF:

Lucia A. Nixon, Legislative Analyst Office of Policy and Legal Analysis 13 State House Station Augusta, ME 04333 (207) 287-1670

STATE OF MAINE

123rd Legislature First Regular Session

LEGISLATIVE DIGEST OF BILL SUMMARIES AND ENACTED LAWS



This Legislative Digest of Bill Summaries and Enacted Laws summarizes all bills and adopted amendments and all laws enacted or finally passed during the First Regular Session of the 123rd Maine Legislature, which was in session from December 6, 2006 to June 21, 2007.

The *Digest* is arranged alphabetically by committee, and within each committee by LD number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor and lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are summarized and listed by paper number. A subject index is included with each committee. The appendices include a summary of relevant session statistics, an index of all bills by LD number and an index of enacted laws by law type and chapter number.

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CON RES XXX	Chapter # of Constitutional Resolution passed by both Houses	
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE		
DIED BETWEEN BODIES	House & Senate disagree; bill died	
DIED IN CONCURRENCE One body accepts ONTP report; the other indefinitely postpones the bill		
	Action incomplete when session ended; bill died	
EMERGENCY	Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days	
FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT/FINA	IL PASSAGE Emergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote	
FAILED ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE		
	Bill imposing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote	
NOT PROPERLY BEFORE THE BODY	Ruled out of order by the presiding officers; bill died	
INDEF PP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed	
ONTP (or Accepted ONTP report)	Ought Not To Pass report acceptedCommittee report Ought To Pass In New Draft	
OTP-ND		
P&S XXX		
PASSED	Joint Order passed in both bodies	
PUBLIC XXX		
RESOLVE XXX		
UNSIGNED	Bill held by Governor	
VETO SUSTAINED	Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto	

Please note that the effective date for non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session is **September 20, 2007**. The effective date for legislation enacted as an emergency measure is specified in the enacted law summary for those bills.

Joint Standing Committee on Utilities and Energy

annual revenues greater than \$50,000,000. Specifically, the amendment:

- 1. Limits the application of these additional criteria for approval to transactions that would result in a change of ownership and control of the public utility;
- 2. Changes the criteria for approval relating to benefits to ratepayers from a standard of "short-term and long-term economic benefits" to a standard of "net benefits"; and
- 3. Adds a provision authorizing the Public Utilities Commission to impose conditions on a reorganization that is subject to the additional standards to ensure that the transaction will satisfy those standards.

The Joint Standing Committee on Utilities and Energy, by letter dated 6/14/07, requested that the Public Utilities Commission, in its review of the proposed merger and reorganization of Verizon and FairPoint Communications, give due consideration to several specific issues relating to the stated benefits of the merger and economic development issues for the State.

LD 1918

An Act To Ensure Adequate Funding for the Oversight of Spent Nuclear Fuel Storage in Maine

CARRIED OVER

Sponsor(s)	<u>Committee Report</u>	Amendments Adopted
BERRY		

Current law establishes an assessment on a licensee operating an interim spent nuclear fuel storage facility in this State. This assessment is scheduled to decrease from \$360,000 per year in calendar year 2007 to \$296,667 in calendar year 2008 and to \$170,000 beginning in 2009 continuing at that amount until all spent nuclear fuel is removed from the State. This bill eliminates the reductions in the assessment that exist in current law and establishes the assessment amount in years 2008 and beyond at a level of \$360,000 indexed to the rate of inflation using the Consumer Price Index. This bill also imposes an additional assessment of \$500,000 beginning in August 15, 2007 and every 5 years thereafter, also indexed to the rate of inflation, to pay for costs associated with the replacement of depreciated or obsolete capital equipment. Once the spent nuclear fuel is removed from the facility, these additional payments are no longer required.

This bill was carried over by H.P. 1369 to any special or regular session of the 123rd Legislature.

LD 1920 An Act To Stimulate Demand for Renewable Energy

PUBLIC 403

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
	OTP MAJ	H-516 PIEH
	ONTP MIN	

Current law establishes as a policy of the State the goal of increasing the share of new renewable capacity resources as a percentage of the total capacity resources in this State by 10% by 2017. This bill implements that policy goal by establishing portfolio requirements for new renewable capacity resources, beginning at 1% for calendar year 2008 and increasing by one percentage point per year, ending at 10% in 2017.

The bill allows competitive electricity providers to meet the portfolio requirements for new renewable capacity resources through the use of renewable energy credits or an alternative compliance payment to be set by the Public Utilities Commission. The bill allows the commission to suspend increases in the portfolio requirements for new renewable capacity resources if it finds that investment in new renewable capacity resources is insufficient and the