

### STATE OF MAINE 123<sup>rd</sup> Legislature Second Regular and First Special Sessions



Summaries of bills, adopted amendments and laws enacted or finally passed during the Second Regular or First Special Sessions of the 123<sup>rd</sup> Maine Legislature coming from the

## JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON INSURANCE AND FINANCIAL SERVICES

May 2008

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# STATE OF MAINE

123<sup>RD</sup> LEGISLATURE SECOND REGULAR & FIRST SPECIAL SESSIONS



## LEGISLATIVE DIGEST OF BILL SUMMARIES AND ENACTED LAWS

This *Legislative Digest of Bill Summaries and Enacted Laws* summarizes all bills and adopted amendments and all laws enacted or finally passed during the Second Regular or First Special Sessions of the 123<sup>rd</sup> Maine Legislature.

The *Digest* is arranged alphabetically by committee, and within each committee by LD number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor and lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are summarized and listed by paper number. A subject index is included with each committee. The appendices include a summary of relevant session statistics, an index of all bills by LD number and an index of enacted laws by law type and chapter number.

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CON RES XXX	Chapter # of Constitutional Resolution passed by both Houses
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE	
DIED BETWEEN BODIES	
DIED IN CONCURRENCE One body	accepts ONTP report; the other indefinitely postpones the bill
DIED ON ADJOURNMENT	Action incomplete when session ended; bill died
EMERGENCY	Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days
FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT/FINAL	PASSAGE Emergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote
FAILED ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Bill failed to get majority vote
FAILED MANDATE ENACTMENT	Bill imposing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote
INDEF PP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed; bill died
ONTP (or Accepted ONTP report)	Ought Not To Pass report accepted; bill died
P&S XXX	Chapter # of enacted Private & Special Law
PUBLIC XXX	Chapter # of enacted Public Law
RESOLVE XXX	Chapter # of finally passed Resolve
UNSIGNED	Bill held by Governor
VETO SUSTAINED	Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto

The effective date for non-emergency legislation enacted in the Second Regular Session (R2) is June 30, 2008. The effective date for non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Special Session (S1) is July 18, 2008.<sup>1</sup> The effective date for legislation enacted as an emergency measure is specified in the enacted law summary for those bills. Any bill summarized in this document having an LD number less than 1932 was a bill carried over from the First Regular Session of the 123<sup>rd</sup> Legislature.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The session in which each law was enacted or finally passed (R2 or S1) is included in Appendix C.

## Joint Standing Committee on Insurance and Financial Services

amendment requires the Department of Professional and Financial Regulation, Bureau of Insurance to appoint an advocacy panel to represent consumers in a rate hearing, with the costs of the panel to be paid by the insurer.

4. It clarifies that all rate filings and information and documentation used to support the filings, except for information relating to contracts between an insurer and a 3rd party, are public records and may be disclosed to the public.

5. It retains the provision of the bill that changes the standard of review that rates not be excessive to the standard that rates be reasonable and necessary.

6. It retains the provision of the bill that requires that rates not be approved unless certain standards are met and supported by evidence in the record.

7. It requires the Bureau of Insurance to develop consumer publications using the Office of the Public Advocate's "Ratewatcher" publication as a model and directs that a link to the Bureau of Insurance be added to the office's website.

8. It corrects cross-references to repealed law.

Committee Amendment "B" was adopted in the House, but was not adopted in the Senate.

#### House Amendment "A" (H-1018)

House Amendment "A" to Committee Amendment "B" removes language in the amendment that directs the insurance company making the rate filing to pay the cost of participation of consultants to the Attorney General. The amendment requires that a carrier provide summaries of coverage and premium rates for at least 5 individual policies with the highest level of enrollment and at least 5 small group policies with the highest level of enrollment on the carrier's publicly accessible website to allow consumers to review coverage offered under the policies. The amendment also requires the Bureau of Insurance to provide a link from its website to the publicly accessible websites of individual and small group insurance carriers.

House Amendment "A" to Committee Amendment "B" was adopted in the House, but was not adopted in the Senate.

#### LD 1667 An Act To Require Health Insurers To Provide Coverage for Nutritional Wellness and Prevention

Sponsor(s)Committee ReportAmendments AdoptedTUTTLEONTP

The bill requires that health insurance policies provide coverage for nutritional wellness and prevention that is shown to be beneficial to the enrollee. The bill defines "nutritional wellness and prevention" as nutritional measures and products, including dietary supplements, whose primary purposes are to enhance health, improve nutritional intake, strengthen the immune system, cleanse the body of toxins, address specific health needs and aid in resisting disease. The bill applies to all individual and group policies issued or renewed on or after January 1, 2008.

#### LD 1687

#### An Act To Increase Health Insurance Coverage for Front-line Direct Care Workers Providing Long-term Care

ONTP

ONTP

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
EDMONDS	ONTP	

## Joint Standing Committee on Insurance and Financial Services

LD 1687 amends the definition of "eligible business" for the Dirigo Health Program to allow providers of long-term care services with more than 50 employees to participate in the DirigoChoice health insurance plan. The bill also allows uninsured direct care workers who work an average of 10 or more hours per week to participate in the DirigoChoice health insurance plan. The bill directs the Board of Directors of Dirigo Health to develop a marketing and outreach program to enroll those newly eligible direct care workers and to design a targeted DirigoChoice health coverage plan that allows multiple long-term care employers to contribute monthly premium assistance to direct care employees eligible to enroll in Dirigo as an individual. The bill limits the costs to Dirigo Health for subsidies to direct care workers in the targeted DirigoChoice plan to \$400,000.

The bill also requires the Department of Health and Human Services to establish a demonstration project for long-term care providers who provide health insurance coverage to their full-time and part-time employees. The bill requires the department to provide financial assistance to allow those providers to start or expand health care coverage for their direct care employees. The bill limits the funding of the demonstration project to no more than \$500,000.

#### LD 1760 An Act To Restore Competition to Maine's Health Insurance Market

ACCEPTED ONTP REPORT

<u>Sponsor(s)</u> PILON Committee Report ONTP MAJ OTP-AM MIN Amendments Adopted

LD 1760 was carried over from the First Regular Session by joint order, H.P. 1369, after being recommitted before adjournment sine die of the First Regular Session.

LD 1760 establishes a reinsurance high-risk pool for the individual health insurance market called the Maine Individual High-risk Reinsurance Pool, which is modeled on a similar reinsurance pool in the state of Idaho. The bill modifies the guaranteed issuance law to require all individual health insurance carriers to guarantee coverage under health plans approved by the Maine Individual High-risk Reinsurance Pool. The bill requires health maintenance organizations to pay an assessment of 2% of premiums to partially support the costs of the reinsurance pool. The remaining costs of the pool are funded through reinsurance premiums paid by participating carriers. The bill provides reimbursement to carriers for individuals insured through the high-risk reinsurance pool for 90% of claims between \$5,000 and \$25,000 and 100% of claims incurred over \$25,000.

The bill also expands the community rating bands in the individual health insurance market to allow a maximum rate differential from highest to lowest of 5 to 1 on the basis of age, occupation and industry or geographic area and a maximum rate differential from highest to lowest of 1.5 to 1 on the basis of health status or tobacco use.

#### Committee Amendment "A" (H-667)

This amendment is the minority report of the committee. The amendment clarifies that assessments collected to support the Maine Individual High-risk Reinsurance Pool Association are first deposited in a dedicated fund administered by the Superintendent of Insurance and then transferred to the association. The amendment also clarifies the timing of the transfers to the association. The amendment removes 2 Legislators from the board of the association and adds 2 additional members appointed by insurers. The amendment also changes dates in the bill to reflect the timeline based on enactment of the bill during the Second Regular Session of the 123rd Legislature.

Committee Amendment "A" was not adopted.

#### House Amendment "A" (H-977)

This amendment accomplishes the following.