MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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STATE OF MAINE

123rd Legislature First Regular Session



Summaries of bills and adopted amendments and laws enacted or finally passed during the First Regular Session of the 123rd Maine Legislature coming from the

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY

July 2007

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STATE OF MAINE

123rd Legislature First Regular Session

LEGISLATIVE DIGEST OF BILL SUMMARIES AND ENACTED LAWS



This Legislative Digest of Bill Summaries and Enacted Laws summarizes all bills and adopted amendments and all laws enacted or finally passed during the First Regular Session of the 123rd Maine Legislature, which was in session from December 6, 2006 to June 21, 2007.

The *Digest* is arranged alphabetically by committee, and within each committee by LD number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor and lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are summarized and listed by paper number. A subject index is included with each committee. The appendices include a summary of relevant session statistics, an index of all bills by LD number and an index of enacted laws by law type and chapter number.

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CON RES XXX	Chapter # of Constitutional Resolution passed by both Houses
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE	
DIED BETWEEN BODIES	House & Senate disagree; bill died
	v accepts ONTP report; the other indefinitely postpones the bill
	Action incomplete when session ended; bill died
EMERGENCY	Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days
FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT/FINA	IL PASSAGE Emergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote
FAILED ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	
	Bill imposing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote
NOT PROPERLY BEFORE THE BODY	Ruled out of order by the presiding officers; bill died
INDEF PP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed
ONTP (or Accepted ONTP report)	Ought Not To Pass report acceptedCommittee report Ought To Pass In New Draft
OTP-ND	
P&S XXX	
PASSED	Joint Order passed in both bodies
PUBLIC XXX	
RESOLVE XXX	
UNSIGNED	Bill held by Governor
VETO SUSTAINED	Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto

Please note that the effective date for non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session is *September 20, 2007*. The effective date for legislation enacted as an emergency measure is specified in the enacted law summary for those bills.

Joint Standing Committee on Criminal Justice and Public Safety

records submitted by state and local forensic DNA laboratories and is derived from the Combined DNA Index System.

This bill requires all persons who have been convicted in Maine at any time of murder, a Class A, B or C crime, commonly known as felonies and specified other crimes to submit a sample for DNA testing and storage. The requirement is delayed until July 1, 2008 to allow the Chief of the State Police to develop a plan to obtain and store the DNA of all those persons who are subject to this sampling requirement who still reside in Maine. The chief is required to submit that plan to the Joint Standing Committee on Criminal Justice and Public Safety, which is required to submit a bill to the Second Regular Session of the 123rd Legislature to implement the plan.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-368)

This amendment is the majority report of the Joint Standing Committee on Criminal Justice and Public Safety and replaces the bill. The amendment requires a person who commits an offense that does not currently require the person to submit a DNA sample to submit a DNA sample if that person was convicted of an offense prior to January 1, 1996 that is an offense that would require submitting a DNA sample if committed on or after that date. A person who fails to submit a DNA sample after receiving notice from the Department of Public Safety, State Bureau of Identification commits a Class E crime.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2007, chapter 294 requires a person who commits an offense that does not currently require the person to submit a DNA sample to submit a DNA sample if that person was convicted of an offense prior to January 1, 1996 that is an offense that would require submitting a DNA sample if committed on or after that date. A person who fails to submit a DNA sample after receiving notice from the Department of Public Safety, State Bureau of Identification commits a Class E crime.

LD 423 An Act To Ensure the Safety of the Public and of Victims of Sexual Assault

CARRIED OVER

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
JACOBSEN		

This bill is an emergency bill that requires the court to issue a standing criminal restraining order that applies to persons convicted of sex offenses under the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 17-A, chapters 11 and 12. The standing criminal restraining order takes effect when the defendant is released from confinement or at the time of sentencing if no confinement is ordered and continues until modified or revoked by the court for good cause shown. The order must include, but is not limited to, enjoining the defendant from residing within 10 miles of the victim's residence, within 10 miles of where the offense occurred and within 1,000 feet of a school, day care or playground if there are fewer than 30,000 residents in that community. Violation of the order is a Class D crime.

LD 423 was carried over by joint order, H.P. 1369.

LD 424 An Act To Protect Children from Dangerous Drugs, Harmful Chemicals and Drug-related Violence

CARRIED OVER

Sponsor(s)	<u>Committee Report</u>	Amendments Adopted
CLEARY		H-124

This bill includes in the offense of "aggravated trafficking of scheduled drugs," (17-A §1105-A), trafficking in the presence of a child under 18 years. Current law aggravates the offense for trafficking with a person under 18. This

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bill also includes in the offense of "aggravated trafficking of scheduled drugs" the offense of trafficking at a residence at which a child of under 18 years of age resides and the basis for the offense is the manufacture or attempt to manufacture methamphetamine, 3, 4 - methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA), 3, 4 - methylenedioxy amphetamine (MDA), lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD) or fentanyl. Instead of a minimum mandatory sentence of 4 years for an aggravated trafficking offense that the current law provides, a person convicted under this new provision of manufacturing at a residence with children would be subject to a minimum 10 years of imprisonment.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-124)

This amendment establishes as an aggravating factor in the offense of "trafficking or attempting to traffick in a scheduled drug" manufacturing or an attempt to manufacture methamphetamine, 3, 4 - methylenedioxymethamphetamine, 3, 4 - methylenedioxy amphetamine, lysergic acid diethylamide or fentanyl. This makes this offense a Class A crime, which is subject to the current minimum mandatory sentencing alternative of 4 years imprisonment for certain Class A drug offenses. Making the manufacturing of these drugs a Class A crime replaces the provision in the bill that would have made trafficking or attempting to traffick in a schedule W drug at a residence at which a child less than 18 years of age resides and the basis of the offense is manufacturing or an attempt to manufacture a Class A crime subject to a mandatory minimum sentence of 10 years imprisonment.

LD 424 was carried over by joint order, H.P. 1369 after being removed from the Special Appropriations Table and recommitted to the Committee on Criminal Justice and Public Safety.

LD 446 An Act To Improve the Use of Information Regarding Sex Offenders to Better Ensure Public Safety and Awareness

CARRIED OVER

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
DIAMOND		

This bill is a concept draft pursuant to Joint Rule 208.

This bill proposes that the Joint Standing Committee on Criminal Justice do the following:

- 1. Review compliance and enforcement of sex offender registration laws and identify resources and methods to ensure that all persons required to register do register, verify and update their information as directed;
- 2. Using other states models for tiered risk assessment and other examples of sex offender classification to learn from, create and adopt a system of classification based on risk to be applied to each person required to register under the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act of 1999 in order to classify sex offenders based on their risk of reoffending and the degree of likelihood that they pose a danger to the community;
- 3. Create and adopt processes to apply the risk assessment and evaluate its use so that due process concerns are met and each risk assessment analysis provides useful information to those in the criminal justice system and others who receive that information;
- 4. Educate and support law enforcement so that they can use the sex offender risk assessment information to best inform the public and better ensure public safety; and
- 5. Review the current list of registerable sex offenses and determine if changes to the current Maine sex offender registry and to the Maine sex offender registry website should be made.

LD 446 was carried over by joint order, H.P. 1369.