MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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STATE OF MAINE

123rd Legislature First Regular Session



Summaries of bills and adopted amendments and laws enacted or finally passed during the First Regular Session of the 123rd Maine Legislature coming from the

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY

July 2007

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STAFF:

MARION HYLAN BARR, LEGISLATIVE ANALYST OFFICE OF POLICY AND LEGAL ANALYSIS 13 STATE HOUSE STATION AUGUSTA, ME 04333 (207) 287-1670

STATE OF MAINE

123rd Legislature First Regular Session

LEGISLATIVE DIGEST OF BILL SUMMARIES AND ENACTED LAWS



This Legislative Digest of Bill Summaries and Enacted Laws summarizes all bills and adopted amendments and all laws enacted or finally passed during the First Regular Session of the 123rd Maine Legislature, which was in session from December 6, 2006 to June 21, 2007.

The *Digest* is arranged alphabetically by committee, and within each committee by LD number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor and lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are summarized and listed by paper number. A subject index is included with each committee. The appendices include a summary of relevant session statistics, an index of all bills by LD number and an index of enacted laws by law type and chapter number.

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

| CON RES XXX | . Chapter # of Constitutional Resolution passed by both Houses | |
|--|--|--|
| CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE | | |
| DIED BETWEEN BODIES | House & Senate disagree; bill died | |
| DIED IN CONCURRENCEOne body accepts ONTP report; the other indefinitely postpones the bill | | |
| | Action incomplete when session ended; bill died | |
| EMERGENCY | Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days | |
| FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT/FINA | AL PASSAGE Emergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote | |
| FAILED ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE | | |
| | Bill imposing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote | |
| NOT PROPERLY BEFORE THE BODY | | |
| INDEF PP | Bill Indefinitely Postponed | |
| ONTP (or Accepted ONTP report) | Ought Not To Pass report acceptedCommittee report Ought To Pass In New Draft | |
| OTP-ND | | |
| P&S XXX | | |
| PASSED | Joint Order passed in both bodies | |
| PUBLIC XXX | Chapter # of enacted Public Law | |
| RESOLVE XXX | | |
| UNSIGNED | Bill held by Governor | |
| VETO SUSTAINED | Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto | |
| | | |

Please note that the effective date for non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session is **September 20, 2007**. The effective date for legislation enacted as an emergency measure is specified in the enacted law summary for those bills.

Joint Standing Committee on Criminal Justice and Public Safety

Public Law 2007, chapter 196 amends Title 15, section 3307, subsection 2 by opening to the public a juvenile proceeding in which a petition has been filed for a juvenile crime that would constitute a Class D crime if the juvenile involved were an adult only when the juvenile has previously been adjudicated of committing a juvenile crime that would constitute a Class D or higher class crime.

Public Law 2007, chapter 196 replaces that section of the bill that enacts Title 15, section 3314, subsection 7 to clarify the juvenile court's inherent contempt power as a court of record to enforce either a disposition ordered following an adjudication for a juvenile crime or to enforce any order requiring the appearance of a juvenile before the court. Chapter 196 specifies that after notice and hearing and in accordance with the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 66 the court may exercise its inherent contempt power by way of a plenary contempt proceeding involving punitive sanctions, accompanied or unaccompanied by remedial sanctions, to enforce the disposition ordered following an adjudication for a juvenile crime or to enforce any order requiring the appearance of a juvenile before the court. Any confinement imposed as a punitive or remedial sanction upon a person who has not attained 18 years of age may not exceed 30 days and must be served in a facility approved or operated by the Department of Corrections exclusively for juveniles. To enforce the disposition ordered following an adjudication for a juvenile crime upon a person who has not attained 18 years of age, the court shall, at the time of the disposition, provide written notice to the juvenile of the court's authority to enforce the dispositional order through an exercise of its inherent contempt power and that a contempt order could include an order of confinement for up to 30 days as a punitive sanction and for up to 30 days as a remedial sanction. Nothing in this subsection affects the court's ability to exercise its contempt powers for persons who have attained 18 years of age.

Public Law 2007, chapter 196 specifies that a person who has turned 18 years of age and is subject to the court's contempt powers that include a sanction of confinement under Title 15, section 3314, subsection 7 may be sentenced to serve that term of confinement in an adult section of a jail or other secure detention facility intended or primarily used for the detention of adults.

LD 372

An Act To Strengthen the Crime of Gross Sexual Assault as It Pertains to Persons Who Furnish Drugs to Victims

CARRIED OVER

| Sponsor(s) | Committee Report | Amendments Adopted |
|------------|------------------|--------------------|
| NUTTING J | | S-251 |

In order to improve the ability to prosecute certain gross sexual assaults, this bill amends the crime of gross sexual assault by adding the element of furnishing drugs or intoxicants to a victim in order to substantially impair the victim's power to appraise or control the victim's sexual acts. Currently, a prosecutor must meet a higher standard by proving that the actor employed or administered the drugs or intoxicants to the victim. The bill also specifies that an actor cannot raise as a defense to gross sexual assault that the victim voluntarily consumed or allowed the administration of the drugs or intoxicants if the victim was 14 or 15 years of age.

Committee Amendment "A" (S-251)

This amendment clarifies that the definition of "furnish" is the same as that currently in the Maine Criminal Code.

LD 372 was carried over by joint order, H.P. 1369 after being removed from the Special Appropriations Table and recommitted to the Committee on Criminal Justice and Public Safety.