## MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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## State Of Maine 122nd Legislature

# First Regular Session and First Special Session

### Bill Summaries

### Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary

August 2005

Members: Sen. Barry J. Hobbins, Chair Sen. Lynn Bromley Sen. David R. Hastings III

Rep. Deborah L. Pelletier-Simpson,
Chair
Rep. Sean Faircloth
Rep. Stan Gerzofsky
Rep. Marilyn E. Canavan
Rep. Mark E. Bryant
Rep. Michael Edward Dunn
Rep. Roger L. Sherman
Rep. Roderick W. Carr
Rep. Joan Bryant-Deschenes
Rep. Joan M. Nass
Rep. Donna M. Loring

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### Maine State Legislature



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## 122nd Legislature First Regular Session and First Special Session

## Summary of Legislation Considered by the Joint Standing Committees August 2005

Enclosed please find a summary of all bills, resolves, joint study orders, joint resolutions and Constitutional resolutions that were considered by the joint standing select committees of the Maine Legislature this past session. The document is a compilation of bill summaries which describe each bill and relevant amendments, as well as the final action taken. Also included are statistical summaries of bill activity this session for the Legislature and each of its joint standing committees.

The document is organized for convenient reference to information on bills considered by the committees. It is organized by committees and within committees by bill (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor for each bill and the lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are listed by paper number. A subject index for each committee is included immediately before the bill summaries for that committee, and a numerical index by LD number is included at the back of the document. A separate publication, <u>History and Final Disposition of Legislative Documents</u>, may also be helpful in providing information on the disposition of bills. These bill summaries also are available at the Law and Legislative Reference Library and on the Internet (www.state.me.us/legis/opla).

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CARRIED OVER	Bill Carried Over to Second Regular Session
CON RES XXX	Bill Carried Over to Second Regular Session Chapter # of Constitutional Resolution passed by both Houses
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE	
	House & Senate disagree; bill died
DIED IN CONCURRENCE One be	ody accepts ONTP report; the other indefinitely postpones the bill
DIED ON ADJOURNMENT	
EMERGENCY	Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days
FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Emergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote
FAILED ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Bill failed to get majority vote
FAILED MANDATE ENACTMENT	
NOT PROPERLY BEFORE THE BODY	Ruled out of order by the presiding officers; bill died
INDEF PP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed
ONTP	Ought Not To Pass report accepted
OTP ND	
OTP ND/NT	
P&S XXX	
PUBLIC XXX	
RESOLVE XXX	
UNSIGNED	Bill held by Governor
VETO SUSTAINED	Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto

Please note the effective date for all non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session (unless otherwise specified in a particular law) is *June 29, 2005*; and for non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Special Session is *September 17, 2005*.

### Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary

Public Law 2005, chapter 275 provides that a governmental entity that acquires ownership of a time-share estate for reasons of tax delinquency may not be charged for the share of common expenses chargeable to the time-share estate during the period the governmental entity owns the time-share estate unless used by the entity. Although liens for prior unpaid common expenses will be extinguished as a result of the foreclosure by the governmental entity, all common expenses that accrue during the period of the governmental entity's ownership may be charged to a purchaser of a foreclosed time-share estate when the purchaser obtains title to the unit from the governmental entity. The governmental entity must disclose in writing to a prospective purchaser that the purchaser may be charged for the common expenses accrued while the governmental entity owned the time-share estate.

LD 1229

### An Act To Strengthen the Enforcement of Divorce Decrees

CARRIED OVER

<u>Sponsor(s)</u> <u>Committee Report</u> <u>Amendments Adopted</u>

MCKENNEY

LD 1229 proposed to enhance the sanctions available for violations of parental rights and responsibilities orders, particularly concerning contact between the child and the parent who does not provide the primary residence of the child. It also proposed to direct the Governor to designate an appropriate state agency to develop a parenting time enforcement program.

This bill was carried over by H.P. 1203 to any special or regular session of the 122<sup>nd</sup> Legislature.

#### LD 1232

## An Act To Protect Children from Individuals Who Have Engaged in Sexual Abuse of Children in the Past

**PUBLIC 366** 

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
FAIRCLOTH	OTP-AM	H-655

LD 1232 proposed to provide that when a court finds that a person has been convicted of certain sexual offenses in which the victim was under 14 years of age, there is a rebuttable presumption that that person would create a situation of jeopardy for the child if any contact were to be permitted and that any contact is not in the best interest of the child.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-655) proposed to replace the bill. It proposed to revise the presumption of jeopardy to apply when the person seeking adoption, contact, primary residence, custody or visitation has any of a number of specific convictions for sexual abuse of a minor. The amendment proposed to limit the convictions to crimes committed when the person was at least five years older than the victim at the time of the abuse, except that a conviction for gross sexual assault of a child under 14 years of age or under 12 years of age results in the presumption if the child submitted because of compulsion, regardless of the age difference.

This amendment also proposed to add a parallel provision in the child protection laws relating to the hearing and disposition of jeopardy petitions.

### Enacted law summary