MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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State Of Maine 121st Legislature

First Regular Session

Bill Summaries

Joint Standing Committee on Education and Cultural Affairs

July 2003

<u>Members:</u>

Sen. Neria R. Douglass, Chair Sen. Michael F. Brennan Sen. Betty Lou Mitchell

Rep. Glenn Cummings, Chair Rep. Rosita Gagne-Friel Rep. Jacqueline Norton Rep. Jonathan Thomas Rep. Edward D. Finch Rep. Jeremy Fischer Rep. Thomas W. Murphy, Jr. Rep. Mary Black Andrews Rep. Mary Ellen Ledwin Rep. Gerald M. Davis

Staff:

Phillip D. McCarthy, Legislative Analyst Nicole A. Dube, Legislative Analyst

Office of Policy and Legal Analysis 13 State House Station Augusta, ME 04333 (207) 287-1670

Maine State Legislature



Office Of Policy And Legal Analysis Office Of Fiscal And Program Review

121st Maine Legislature First Regular Session

Summary Of Legislation Before The Joint Standing Committees

Enclosed please find a summary of all bills, resolves, joint study orders, joint resolutions and Constitutional resolutions that were considered by the joint standing and joint select committees of the Maine Legislature this past session. The document is a compilation of bill summaries which describe each bill and relevant amendments, as well as the final action taken. Also included are statistical summaries of bill activity this session for the Legislature and each of its joint standing committees.

The document is organized for convenient reference to information on bills considered by the committees. It is arranged alphabetically by committee name and within committees by bill (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor for each bill and the lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are listed by paper number. Two indices, a subject index and a numerical index by LD number are provided for easy reference to bills. They are located at the back of the document. A separate publication, <u>History and Final Disposition of Legislative Documents</u>, may also be helpful in providing information on the disposition of bills. These bill summaries also are available at the Law and Legislative Reference Library and on the Internet (www.state.me.us/legis/opla).

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CARRIED OVER PURSUANT TO HP 1212	Bills carried over to the 2 nd Regular Session
CON RES XXX	Chapter # of Constitutional Resolution passed by both Houses
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE	
DIED BETWEEN BODIES	
DIED IN CONCURRENCEOne bo	dy accepts ONTP report; the other indefinitely postpones the bill
DIED ON ADJOURNMENT	Action incomplete when session ended; bill died
EMERGENCY	Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days
FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Emergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote
FAILED ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Bill failed to get majority vote
FAILED MANDATE ENACTMENT	Bill failed to get majority voteBill imposing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote
NOT PROPERLY BEFORE THE BODY	
INDEF PP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed
ONTP	Ought Not To Pass report accepted
OTP-ND	
P&S XXX	
PASSED	Joint Order passed in both bodies
PUBLIC XXX	
RESOLVE XXX	
UNSIGNED	Bill held by Governor
VETO SUSTAINED	Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto

Please note that the effective date for all non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session (unless otherwise specified in a particular law) is September 13, 2003.

Joint Standing Committee on Education and Cultural Affairs

LD 1374

An Act To Ensure That No Maine Child Is Left behind by Improving the Overall Education of Disadvantaged Children and Complying with New Federal Education Funding Requirements **ONTP**

Sponsor(s) Comm GLYNN C

Committee Report Amendments Adopted
ONTP

LD 1374 proposed several changes in law to improve school choice in order to address the educational needs of a wider range of students. The bill proposed to provide for the establishment of charter schools to serve the unique educational needs of students by act of the Legislature. The bill also proposed to expand the current law governing transfer of students between public schools through the process known as "superintendents' agreement" to include a wider range of public schools and to include transfers between public schools and private schools approved for tuition purposes. Under the proposed bill, such transfers would have been required if the student had failed to meet state academic and student achievement standards and the school from which the student requests to transfer had failed to make adequate yearly progress as defined in the federal No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 and the school to which transfer is sought had met those standards. The bill also proposed to increase the number of private schools eligible for student transfer by removing the requirement that private schools be nonsectarian in order to be eligible for tuition payment. Finally, the bill proposed to establish principles to guide the Department of Education in implementing the law. The proposed bill would not have applied to homeschooling or homeschooled students.

LD 1384 An Act To Provide Student Loan Forgiveness to Maine Employees

ONTP

Sponsor(s)
STRIMLING
CUMMINGS

Committee Report
ONTP

Amendments Adopted

LD 1384 proposed to establish a loan and loan forgiveness program, similar to that established for teachers, to provide school loans and loan forgiveness to students who remain in or return to Maine to work.

LD 1391 An Act To Approve Public Charter Schools in Maine

ONTP

Sponsor(s)Committee ReportWESTONONTPMAJOTP-AMMIN

Amendments Adopted

LD 1391 proposed to allow certain educational bodies to approve the establishment of charter schools, a new type of public school, to be a part of the State's program of public education.

Under the proposed bill, charter schools would be existing public schools or school units, new schools or existing nonprofit, nonsectarian schools that convert to charter status. A chartering authority would be a local school board or nonsectarian, 4-year postsecondary institution. Charter schools would be created to offer students and parents a choice of public schools. Charter schools would be open to all students equally, though they may specialize in serving a particular age group, a specific geographic area or a student population with specific needs. A charter