### MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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# State Of Maine 121st Legislature

#### First Regular Session

#### Bill Summaries

### Joint Standing Committee on Legal and Veterans' Affairs

July 2003

#### <u>Members:</u>

Sen. Kenneth T. Gagnon, Chair Sen. Kenneth F. Lemont Sen. Arthur F. Mayo III

Staff:
Danielle D. Fox, Legislative Analyst
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Office of Policy and Legal Analysis 13 State House Station Augusta, ME 04333 (207) 287-1670 Rep. Joseph E. Clark, Chair Rep. John L. Patrick Rep. Patricia A. Blanchette Rep. Marilyn E. Canavan Rep. Rodney C. Jennings Rep. Roger A. Landry Rep. Gary W. Moore Rep. Kevin J. Glenn Rep. Richard B. Brown Rep. Randy E. Hotham

#### Maine State Legislature



# Office Of Policy And Legal Analysis Office Of Fiscal And Program Review

## 121st Maine Legislature First Regular Session

#### Summary Of Legislation Before The Joint Standing Committees

Enclosed please find a summary of all bills, resolves, joint study orders, joint resolutions and Constitutional resolutions that were considered by the joint standing and joint select committees of the Maine Legislature this past session. The document is a compilation of bill summaries which describe each bill and relevant amendments, as well as the final action taken. Also included are statistical summaries of bill activity this session for the Legislature and each of its joint standing committees.

The document is organized for convenient reference to information on bills considered by the committees. It is arranged alphabetically by committee name and within committees by bill (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor for each bill and the lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are listed by paper number. Two indices, a subject index and a numerical index by LD number are provided for easy reference to bills. They are located at the back of the document. A separate publication, <u>History and Final Disposition of Legislative Documents</u>, may also be helpful in providing information on the disposition of bills. These bill summaries also are available at the Law and Legislative Reference Library and on the Internet (www.state.me.us/legis/opla).

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CARRIED OVER PURSUANT TO HP 1212	Bills carried over to the 2 <sup>nd</sup> Regular Session
CON RES XXX	Chapter # of Constitutional Resolution passed by both Houses
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE	
DIED BETWEEN BODIES	
DIED IN CONCURRENCEOne bo	dy accepts ONTP report; the other indefinitely postpones the bill
DIED ON ADJOURNMENT	Action incomplete when session ended; bill died
EMERGENCY	Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days
FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Emergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote
FAILED ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Bill failed to get majority vote
FAILED MANDATE ENACTMENT	Bill failed to get majority voteBill imposing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote
NOT PROPERLY BEFORE THE BODY	
INDEF PP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed
ONTP	Ought Not To Pass report accepted
OTP-ND	
P&S XXX	
PASSED	Joint Order passed in both bodies
PUBLIC XXX	
RESOLVE XXX	
UNSIGNED	Bill held by Governor
VETO SUSTAINED	Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto

Please note that the effective date for all non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session (unless otherwise specified in a particular law) is September 13, 2003.

#### Joint Standing Committee on Legal and Veterans' Affairs

LD 1349

**An Act Concerning Recognition of Qualified Political Parties** 

INDEF PP

 Sponsor(s)
 Committee Report
 Amendments Adopted

 EDER
 OTP-AM

LD 1349 proposed to allow a recognized political party to maintain its qualified status by either receiving 5% of the ballots cast for Governor or President in either of the 2 preceding general elections or maintaining an enrollment of members equal to 0.5% of all registered voters in the State.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-379) proposed to replace the bill. The amendment proposed to replace the current system of requirements for gaining and maintaining recognition as a qualified political party with a system based on enrollment of 15,000 voters. The amendment proposed to require a recognized political party to maintain an enrollment of 15,000 voters in order to maintain its qualified status. The amendment proposed to require a political party to enroll 15,000 voters to obtain qualified status. The amendment also proposed to repeal the provisions of law that allow a party to obtain qualified status by organizing around a candidate who received 5% of the vote for Governor or President and to repeal the provisions of law that allow a party to obtain qualified status by filing a petition with the signatures and legal addresses of voters equal in number to at least 5% of the total vote cast in the State for Governor at the last preceding gubernatorial election. The amendment proposed to add a fiscal note to the bill. This amendment was not adopted.

#### LD 1354 An Act To Permit Video Gaming for Money Conducted by Nonprofit Organizations

**CARRIED OVER** 

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
THOMPSON		
GAGNON		

LD 1354, which was carried over to the Second Regular Session, proposes to allow operation of video gaming terminals by nonprofit organizations that are eligible for games of chance licenses and that are exempt from federal tax under Internal Revenue Code, Section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 501(c)(8), 501(c)(10) or 501(c)(19). These sections of the tax code refer to charitable organizations, civic leagues, fraternal benefit societies, domestic fraternal societies and associations and veterans' organizations. Under this bill, organizations that currently have licenses for electronic video machines but do not qualify under one of those code sections would be able to apply for an initial license while they seek the required federal tax status. The organization applying for the license would be required to own or lease the premises on which the terminals would be placed and would be required to use the premises for its charitable or nonprofit purpose.

As proposed by this bill, video gaming terminal manufacturers, wholesalers and operators would be required to be licensed by the Chief of the State Police, following background investigations of the applicants and their major business partners. Local approval would be required for a license to operate video gaming terminals.

As proposed by this bill, the license specifies the number of terminals allowed on the premises, and the maximum number of terminals allowed would be 5 per licensee. Terminals would be required to be licensed by the Chief of the State Police and would be required to be connected to a computer system operated by the Director of the Bureau of Alcoholic Beverages and Lottery Operations within the Department of Administrative and Financial Services.