MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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State Of Maine 121st Legislature

First Regular Session

Bill Summaries

Joint Standing Committee on Natural Resources

July 2003

<u>Members:</u>

Sen. John L. Martin, Chair Sen. Betheda G. Edmonds Sen. W. Tom Sawyer, Jr.

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Maine State Legislature



Office Of Policy And Legal Analysis Office Of Fiscal And Program Review

121st Maine Legislature First Regular Session

Summary Of Legislation Before The Joint Standing Committees

Enclosed please find a summary of all bills, resolves, joint study orders, joint resolutions and Constitutional resolutions that were considered by the joint standing and joint select committees of the Maine Legislature this past session. The document is a compilation of bill summaries which describe each bill and relevant amendments, as well as the final action taken. Also included are statistical summaries of bill activity this session for the Legislature and each of its joint standing committees.

The document is organized for convenient reference to information on bills considered by the committees. It is arranged alphabetically by committee name and within committees by bill (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor for each bill and the lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are listed by paper number. Two indices, a subject index and a numerical index by LD number are provided for easy reference to bills. They are located at the back of the document. A separate publication, <u>History and Final Disposition of Legislative Documents</u>, may also be helpful in providing information on the disposition of bills. These bill summaries also are available at the Law and Legislative Reference Library and on the Internet (www.state.me.us/legis/opla).

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CARRIED OVER PURSUANT TO HP 1212	Bills carried over to the 2 nd Regular Session
CON RES XXX	Chapter # of Constitutional Resolution passed by both Houses
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE	
DIED BETWEEN BODIES	
DIED IN CONCURRENCEOne bo	dy accepts ONTP report; the other indefinitely postpones the bill
DIED ON ADJOURNMENT	Action incomplete when session ended; bill died
EMERGENCY	Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days
FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Emergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote
FAILED ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Bill failed to get majority vote
FAILED MANDATE ENACTMENT	Bill failed to get majority voteBill imposing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote
NOT PROPERLY BEFORE THE BODY	
INDEF PP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed
ONTP	Ought Not To Pass report accepted
OTP-ND	
P&S XXX	
PASSED	Joint Order passed in both bodies
PUBLIC XXX	
RESOLVE XXX	
UNSIGNED	Bill held by Governor
VETO SUSTAINED	Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto

Please note that the effective date for all non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session (unless otherwise specified in a particular law) is September 13, 2003.

Joint Standing Committee on Natural Resources

LD 1137 An Act Regarding Riverine Impoundments

PUBLIC 257

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
PINEAU	OTP-AM	H-350
WOODCOCK		

LD 1137 proposed to create a new classification for riverine impoundments that thermally stratify during some portion of the year. The proposed bill would not apply to impoundments classified as GPA.

The bill also proposed to establish a de minimis level for total phosphorus discharges. The de minimis level would have been based on the minimum detectable total phosphorus concentration using low detection limit analyses and clean sampling techniques.

The bill also proposed to repeal and replace the existing definition of "indigenous" by specifying that introduced species are not indigenous to waters of the State. A new definition of thermal stratification was also proposed.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-350) proposed to replace the bill. It proposed to establish requirements related to measurement of dissolved oxygen within riverine impoundments. The amendment proposed that compliance with dissolved oxygen criteria in riverine impoundments may not be measured within .5 meters of the bottom of the riverine impoundment. Where mixing is inhibited due to thermal stratification, compliance with numeric dissolved oxygen criteria may not be measured below the higher of the point of thermal stratification or the point proposed by the Department of Environmental Protection as an alternative depth based on all factors that would be included in a use attainability analysis and for which a use attainability analysis is conducted if required by the United States Environmental Protection Agency. Where mixing is inhibited due to natural topographical features in a riverine impoundment, compliance with numeric dissolved oxygen criteria may not be measured within the portion that is isolated.

Enacted Law Summary

Public Law 2003, chapter 257 establishes requirements related to measurement of dissolved oxygen within riverine impoundments. It provides that compliance with dissolved oxygen criteria in riverine impoundments may not be measured within .5 meters of the bottom of the riverine impoundment. Where mixing is inhibited due to thermal stratification, compliance with numeric dissolved oxygen criteria may not be measured below the higher of the point of thermal stratification or the point proposed by the Department of Environmental Protection as an alternative depth based on all factors that would be included in a use attainability analysis and for which a use attainability analysis is conducted if required by the United States Environmental Protection Agency. Where mixing is inhibited due to natural topographical features in a riverine impoundment, compliance with numeric dissolved oxygen criteria may not be measured within the portion that is isolated.