### MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from electronic originals (may include minor formatting differences from printed original)

#### State Of Maine 121st Legislature

#### First Regular Session

#### **Bill Summaries**

# Joint Standing Committee on Criminal Justice and Public Safety

July 2003

#### <u>Members:</u>

Sen. Ethan K. Strimling, Chair Sen. Pamela Hatch Sen. David L. Carpenter

Rep. George H. Bunker, Chair Rep. Patricia A. Blanchette Rep. Stanley J. Gerzofsky Rep. Paul J. Lessard Rep. Carol A. Grose Rep. Lois A. Snowe-Mello Rep. Christian D. Greeley Rep. Louie B. Maietta Rep. Richard M. Sykes Rep. John W. Churchill

#### Staff:

Marion Hylan Barr, Legislative Analyst James Adolf, Legislative Analyst

Office of Policy and Legal Analysis 13 State House Station Augusta, ME 04333 (207) 287-1670

#### Maine State Legislature



# Office Of Policy And Legal Analysis Office Of Fiscal And Program Review

## 121st Maine Legislature First Regular Session

#### Summary Of Legislation Before The Joint Standing Committees

Enclosed please find a summary of all bills, resolves, joint study orders, joint resolutions and Constitutional resolutions that were considered by the joint standing and joint select committees of the Maine Legislature this past session. The document is a compilation of bill summaries which describe each bill and relevant amendments, as well as the final action taken. Also included are statistical summaries of bill activity this session for the Legislature and each of its joint standing committees.

The document is organized for convenient reference to information on bills considered by the committees. It is arranged alphabetically by committee name and within committees by bill (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor for each bill and the lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are listed by paper number. Two indices, a subject index and a numerical index by LD number are provided for easy reference to bills. They are located at the back of the document. A separate publication, <u>History and Final Disposition of Legislative Documents</u>, may also be helpful in providing information on the disposition of bills. These bill summaries also are available at the Law and Legislative Reference Library and on the Internet (www.state.me.us/legis/opla).

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CARRIED OVER PURSUANT TO HP 1212	Bills carried over to the 2 <sup>nd</sup> Regular Session
CON RES XXX	Chapter # of Constitutional Resolution passed by both Houses
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE	
DIED BETWEEN BODIES	
DIED IN CONCURRENCEOne bo	dy accepts ONTP report; the other indefinitely postpones the bill
DIED ON ADJOURNMENT	Action incomplete when session ended; bill died
EMERGENCY	Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days
FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Emergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote
FAILED ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Bill failed to get majority vote
FAILED MANDATE ENACTMENT	Bill failed to get majority voteBill imposing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote
NOT PROPERLY BEFORE THE BODY	
INDEF PP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed
ONTP	Ought Not To Pass report accepted
OTP-ND	
P&S XXX	
PASSED	Joint Order passed in both bodies
PUBLIC XXX	
RESOLVE XXX	
UNSIGNED	Bill held by Governor
VETO SUSTAINED	Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto

Please note that the effective date for all non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session (unless otherwise specified in a particular law) is September 13, 2003.

#### Joint Standing Committee on Criminal Justice and Public Safety

LD 956 An Act To Improve the Procedure for Locating Runaway Children

**PUBLIC 443** 

Sponsor(s)	Committee	Report	Amendments Adopted
SMITH N	ONTP	MAJ	H-367
MARTIN	OTP-AM	MIN	

LD 956 proposed that if a juvenile in the custody of the Department of Human Services ran away from an interim care placement that included temporary shelter, the law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction from which the juvenile had run away would be responsible for finding that juvenile. The bill further proposed that, if that law enforcement agency did not locate the juvenile within 48 hours, the responsibility would revert to the law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction of the juvenile's legal residence.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-367) proposed to replace the bill and was the minority report. The amendment proposed to allow a law enforcement agency having original responsibility over a missing child report involving a child who was a runaway from the Department of Human Services interim care that included temporary shelter to transfer responsibility for investigating the case to the law enforcement agency that had jurisdiction over a location in this State that was believed to be the permanent residence of the runaway child. A transfer of responsibility would be made after the child had been a missing child for at least 48 hours, but no more than 60 days, if the chief administrative officer of the law enforcement agency determined that it was in the best interest of finding the child. This amendment also proposed to repeal this new subsection July 1, 2005.

#### **Enacted Law Summary**

Public Law 2003, chapter 443 allows a law enforcement agency having original responsibility over a missing child report involving a child who is a runaway from the Department of Human Services interim care that includes temporary shelter to transfer responsibility for investigating the case to the law enforcement agency having jurisdiction over a location in this State that is believed to be the permanent residence of the runaway child. A transfer of responsibility may be made after the child has been a missing child for at least 48 hours, but no more than 60 days, if the chief administrative officer of the law enforcement agency determines that it is in the best interest of finding the child.

Public Law 2003, chapter 443 is repealed July 1, 2005.

LD 970 An Act To Allow a Judge To Assess a Fee on a Defendant To Reimburse a Municipality for a Drug Test

PUBLIC 182

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
MARTIN	OTP-AM	S-76
BUNKER		

LD 970 proposed to authorize a court to include in a sentence for a crime the costs of drug tests administered by a law enforcement agency to the defendant. The bill proposed that the court would then have to pay over any amounts collected to the municipality, county or law enforcement agency that incurred the costs. This bill would not apply to a test administered under Title 29-A for OUI.