### MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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## State Of Maine 120th Legislature

### First Regular Session

### **Bill Summaries**

# Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary

August 2001

### Members:

Sen. Anne M. Rand, Chair Sen. Michael J. McAlevey Sen. Norman K. Ferguson, Jr.

Rep. Charles C. LaVerdiere, Chair Rep. Thomas D. Bull Rep. Patricia T. Jacobs Rep. Charles E. Mitchell Rep. Christopher T. Muse Rep. Deborah L. Simpson Rep. David R. Madore Rep. G. Paul Waterhouse Rep. Stavros J. Mendros Rep. Roger L. Sherman

Rep. Donna M. Loring

### Staff:

Margaret J. Reinsch, Principal Analyst Deborah C. Friedman, Senior Analyst

Office of Policy and Legal Analysis 13 State House Station Augusta, ME 04333 (207) 287-1670



### Maine State Legislature OFFICE OF POLICY AND LEGAL ANALYSIS

13 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0013 Telephone: (207) 287-1670 Fax: (207) 287-1275

### 120th Legislature First Regular Session

#### Summary Of Legislation Before The Joint Standing Committees August 2001

Enclosed please find a summary of all bills, resolves, joint study orders, joint resolutions and Constitutional resolutions that were considered by the joint standing select committees of the Maine Legislature this past session. The document is a compilation of bill summaries which describe each bill and relevant amendments, as well as the final action taken. Also included are statistical summaries of bill activity this session for the Legislature and each of its joint standing committees.

The document is organized for convenient reference to information on bills considered by the committees. It is organized by committees and within committees by bill (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor for each bill and the lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are listed by paper number. Two indices, a subject index and a numerical index by LD number are provided for easy reference to bills. They are located at the back of the document. A separate publication, <u>History and Final Disposition of Legislative Documents</u>, may also be helpful in providing information on the disposition of bills. These bill summaries also are available at the Law and Legislative Reference Library and on the Internet (www.state.me.us/legis/opla).

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CARRIED OVER	Bill Carried Over to Second Regular Session
CON RES XXX	Bill Carried Over to Second Regular Session Chapter # of Constitutional Resolution passed by both Houses
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE.	
	accepts ONTP report; the other indefinitely postpones the bill
DIED ON ADJOURNMENT	Action incomplete when session ended; bill died
FMERGENCY	Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days
FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	EEmergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote
FAILED ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Bill failed to get majority vote
FAILED MANDATE ENACTMENT	Bill imposing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote
NOT PROPERLY REFORE THE RODY	Ruled out of order by the presiding officers; bill died
INDEE DD	Rill Indefinitely Postnoved
ONTP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed Ought Not To Pass report accepted
OTP ND	
OTD ND/NT	Committee report Ought To Pass In New Draft/New Title
D L C VVV	
DIDIIC VVV	Chapter # of enacted Frivate & Special Law
DECOLUE VVV	Charten # of English and Books
RESULVE AAA	Chapter # of enacted Public LawChapter # of finally passed ResolveBill held by Governor
VETO CUCTANED	Bill neld by Governor
YEIU SUSIAINED	Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto

Please note the effective date for all non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session (unless otherwise specified in a particular law) is **September 21**, 2001.

#### Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary

LD 1494

#### An Act to Require Parental Notification of Abortion

ONTP

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report		Amendments Adopted
MACDOUGALL	ONTP	MAJ	
DAVIS P	OTP-AM	MIN	

LD 1494 proposed to require parental notification before an abortion is performed or induced on a pregnant minor.

The bill proposed to require that notification be provided to one parent or, when the minor is in fear of physical, sexual or emotional abuse from a parent, to a specified relative, who may be a grandparent, a stepparent or a sister or brother who is 21 years of age or older.

The bill also proposed to allow for alternative procedures whereby the minor may seek court approval for the proposed abortion and proposed to establish the procedures for judicial review and appeals.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-234) was the minority report of the Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary. The amendment proposed to add a fiscal note to the bill. (Not adopted)

**House Amendment "A" to Committee Amendment "A" (H-264)** proposed to provide a 3rd option besides parental notification or judicial review. Under this amendment, if the pregnant minor alleged abuse or neglect such that notifying the minor's parent was not in the minor's best interest, an abortion could be performed if the minor were accompanied by an adult counselor to the physician's office. The amendment proposed to provide a definition of "counselor" that ensures that the counselor may have no affiliation with an organization that makes abortion referrals or provides abortion services. This amendment proposed to correct a reference in the bill. (Not adopted)

### LD 1522 An Act to Clarify the Status of Support Obligations if an Obligor Begins to Receive Public Assistance

**PUBLIC 255** 

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report		Amendments Adopted
_	OTP-AM	MAJ	H-332
	ONTP	MIN	

LD 1522 was a recommendation of the Family Law Advisory Commission.

Current law provides that a parent obligated under a court or administrative order to pay child support is not required to pay the support while receiving public assistance. This bill proposed to retain that effect by explicitly establishing a rebuttable presumption that an obligor receiving certain public assistance has no capacity to pay child support. The bill also proposed to provide, however, the opportunity for the person who is to receive the support under the order, the obligee, to have the court or hearing officer review whether the obligor actually has no capacity to pay child support. This bill proposed to use the existing definition of "public assistance," except that it does not apply if the public assistance provided is medical care only.

The Department of Human Services would be required to provide notices to the obligee and the obligor about the obligor's status, the presumption of no capacity to pay child support, the child support obligation resulting from the