

# State Of Maine 120th Legislature

## First Regular Session

## **Bill Summaries**

# Joint Standing Committee on Criminal Justice

### August 2001

<u>Members:</u> Sen. Michael J. McAlevey, Chair Sen. William B. O'Gara Sen. Paul T. Davis

Rep. Edward J. Povich, Chair Rep. Michael W. Quint Rep. Charles E. Mitchell Rep. Lillian LaFontaine O'Brien Rep. Patricia A. Blanchette Rep. Stanley J. Gerzofsky Rep. Judith B. Peavey Rep. Edgar Wheeler Rep. James H. Tobin, Jr. Rep. Lois A. Snowe-Mello

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### 120th Legislature First Regular Session

#### Summary Of Legislation Before The Joint Standing Committees August 2001

Enclosed please find a summary of all bills, resolves, joint study orders, joint resolutions and Constitutional resolutions that were considered by the joint standing select committees of the Maine Legislature this past session. The document is a compilation of bill summaries which describe each bill and relevant amendments, as well as the final action taken. Also included are statistical summaries of bill activity this session for the Legislature and each of its joint standing committees.

The document is organized for convenient reference to information on bills considered by the committees. It is organized by committees and within committees by bill (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor for each bill and the lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are listed by paper number. Two indices, a subject index and a numerical index by LD number are provided for easy reference to bills. They are located at the back of the document. A separate publication, <u>History and Final Disposition of Legislative Documents</u>, may also be helpful in providing information on the disposition of bills. These bill summaries also are available at the Law and Legislative Reference Library and on the Internet (www.state.me.us/legis/opla).

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CARRIED OVER	Bill Carried Over to Second Regular Session
CON RES XXX Ch	Bill Carried Over to Second Regular Session hapter # of Constitutional Resolution passed by both Houses
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE	Committee of Conference unable to agree; bill died
DIED BETWEEN BODIES	
	ccepts ONTP report; the other indefinitely postpones the bill
	Action incomplete when session ended; bill died
EMERGENCY	Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days
FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Emergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote
FAILED ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Bill failed to get majority vote
FAILED MANDATE ENACTMENT	Bill imposing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote
NOT PROPERLY REFORE THE BODY	Ruled out of order by the presiding officers: hill died
INDEF PP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed
ONTP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed Ought Not To Pass report accepted
<i>OTP ND</i>	Committee report Ought To Pass In New Draft
<i>OTP ND/NT</i>	Committee report Ought To Pass In New Draft/New Title
P&S XXX	Chapter # of enacted Private & Special Law
PUBLIC XXX	Chapter # of enacted Public Law
RESOLVE XXX	Chapter # of finally passed Resolve
UNSIGNED	Bill held by Governor
VETO SUSTAINED	Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto

Please note the effective date for all non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session (unless otherwise specified in a particular law) is *September 21, 2001*.

### Joint Standing Committee on Criminal Justice

3. It clarifies that persons committed to the custody of the Department of Corrections have a right to adequate mental health treatment.

Public Law 2001, chapter 458 was enacted as an emergency measure effective June 28, 2001. (See HP 1383, a Joint Study Order that incorporated Part B of Committee Amendment "A" to LD 1099 and established the Committee to Study the Needs of Persons with Mental Illness Who Are Incarcerated.)

#### LD 1119 An Act to Limit Access to Firearms by Those Subject to Protection DIED ON from Abuse Orders CONCURRENCE

Sponsor(s)	<b>Committee</b>	Report	
MITCHELL C	OTP-AM	MAJ	
EDMONDS	ONTP	MIN	

Amendments Adopted

LD 1119 proposed to give judges discretion to remove firearms from a person's possession when the person was the subject of a temporary protection from abuse order. The bill also would have prohibited the issuance of a concealed firearms permit to a person who was the subject of a protective order and specified that the person could not apply to receive a concealed firearms permit until at least 2 years after the person was no longer the subject of the protective order. If a concealed firearms permit holder became the subject of a protective order, that person's permit would be revoked. That person could not reapply for a permit for at least 2 years after the person was no longer the subject of the protective order.

**Committee Amendment "A" (H-469)** replaced the bill and was the majority report of the Joint Standing Committee on Criminal Justice. The amendment proposed to give the court authority to prohibit a person who was the subject of a temporary protection from abuse order from possessing a firearm or other dangerous weapon for the duration of the order, if the court determined that the defendant had a history of violence. The amendment also proposed to add a fiscal note. This amendment was not adopted.

Senate Amendment "A" to Committee Amendment "A" (S-243) proposed to give the court authority to prohibit a person who was the subject of a temporary protection from abuse order from possessing a firearm or other dangerous weapon for the duration of the order if the defendant had a record of violent behavior or had threatened to use a dangerous weapon against the plaintiff or a member of the plaintiff's household. This amendment was not adopted.

LD 1123

An Act Concerning Runaways

ONTP

Sponsor(s)Committee ReportDUPREYONTPMAJYOUNGBLOODOTP-AMMIN

Amendments Adopted

### Joint Standing Committee on Criminal Justice

LD 1123 proposed to change the time that a juvenile may be taken into interim care by a law enforcement officer to 18 hours. The bill was intended to more reasonably facilitate identification of the juvenile and reunification of the juvenile with the juvenile's family.

**Committee Amendment ''A'' (H-271)** proposed to change the time that a juvenile may be taken into interim care to 12 hours. This amendment was not adopted.

LD 1128 Resolve, Directing the Department of Corrections to Include in its RESOLVE 62 Plan for a Long-term Care or Hospice Facility Administered by the Department of Corrections Resources and Costs Necessary to Provide Long-term or Hospice Care to County Jail Inmates and Presentence Detainees

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
DUDLEY	OTP	
MCALEVEY		

LD 1128 proposed to require that when the Department of Corrections develops its plan for building and administering a long-term care or hospice facility for the treatment of prisoners, the department also shall include a break out in that plan of the resources and costs of providing long-term and hospice care to county jail inmates and presentence detainees held in county jails.

#### Enacted law summary

Resolve 2001, chapter 62 requires that when the Department of Corrections develops its plan for building and administering a long-term care or hospice facility for the treatment of prisoners, the department also shall include a break out in that plan of the resources and costs of providing long-term and hospice care to county jail inmates and presentence detainees held in county jails.

LD 1130 An Act to Provide for a Minimum Sentence and Limit the Use of ONTP Plea Bargaining in the Death of a Child 6 Years of Age or Younger

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
NASS	ONTP	

LD 1130 proposed to specify that for the crime of manslaughter, if the victim of the crime was a child who had not in fact attained 6 years of age at the time the crime was committed, the court would have had to impose a sentencing alternative involving a term of imprisonment of at least 25 years, none of which could have been suspended. Current law provides a minimum term of imprisonment of 25 years for a person convicted of murder. This bill proposed that a person convicted of manslaughter of a victim less than 6 years of age would have also received a term of imprisonment of at least 25 years.