

State Of Maine 120th Legislature

First Regular Session

Bill Summaries

Joint Standing Committee on Criminal Justice

August 2001

<u>Members:</u> Sen. Michael J. McAlevey, Chair Sen. William B. O'Gara Sen. Paul T. Davis

Rep. Edward J. Povich, Chair Rep. Michael W. Quint Rep. Charles E. Mitchell Rep. Lillian LaFontaine O'Brien Rep. Patricia A. Blanchette Rep. Stanley J. Gerzofsky Rep. Judith B. Peavey Rep. Edgar Wheeler Rep. James H. Tobin, Jr. Rep. Lois A. Snowe-Mello

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120th Legislature First Regular Session

Summary Of Legislation Before The Joint Standing Committees August 2001

Enclosed please find a summary of all bills, resolves, joint study orders, joint resolutions and Constitutional resolutions that were considered by the joint standing select committees of the Maine Legislature this past session. The document is a compilation of bill summaries which describe each bill and relevant amendments, as well as the final action taken. Also included are statistical summaries of bill activity this session for the Legislature and each of its joint standing committees.

The document is organized for convenient reference to information on bills considered by the committees. It is organized by committees and within committees by bill (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor for each bill and the lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are listed by paper number. Two indices, a subject index and a numerical index by LD number are provided for easy reference to bills. They are located at the back of the document. A separate publication, <u>History and Final Disposition of Legislative Documents</u>, may also be helpful in providing information on the disposition of bills. These bill summaries also are available at the Law and Legislative Reference Library and on the Internet (www.state.me.us/legis/opla).

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CARRIED OVER	Bill Carried Over to Second Regular Session
CON RES XXX Ch	Bill Carried Over to Second Regular Session hapter # of Constitutional Resolution passed by both Houses
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE	Committee of Conference unable to agree; bill died
DIED BETWEEN BODIES	
	ccepts ONTP report; the other indefinitely postpones the bill
	Action incomplete when session ended; bill died
EMERGENCY	Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days
FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Emergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote
FAILED ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Bill failed to get majority vote
FAILED MANDATE ENACTMENT	Bill imposing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote
NOT PROPERLY REFORE THE BODY	Ruled out of order by the presiding officers: hill died
INDEF PP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed
ONTP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed Ought Not To Pass report accepted
<i>OTP ND</i>	Committee report Ought To Pass In New Draft
<i>OTP ND/NT</i>	Committee report Ought To Pass In New Draft/New Title
P&S XXX	Chapter # of enacted Private & Special Law
PUBLIC XXX	Chapter # of enacted Public Law
RESOLVE XXX	Chapter # of finally passed Resolve
UNSIGNED	Bill held by Governor
VETO SUSTAINED	Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto

Please note the effective date for all non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session (unless otherwise specified in a particular law) is *September 21, 2001*.

Joint Standing Committee on Criminal Justice

House Amendment "C" (H-424) proposed to require that the damage to property or business practices as a result of the protest must create a threat to public health or safety in order to be considered environmental terrorizing. This amendment was not adopted.

Senate Amendment "A" (S-293) proposed to provide that the provisions of the bill do not apply to a person who was protesting the practices of a business during a labor dispute, strike or lockout at that business. This amendment proposed to require that the damage to property or business practices as a result of a crime that was destructive to property or business practices must create a threat to public health or safety in order to be considered ecoterrorism. This amendment also would have included knowingly exposing an animal to a contagious or infectious disease as a crime of ecoterrorism. This amendment was not adopted.

LD 827

An Act Requiring a Mandatory Jail Sentence for a Person Convicted Twice of Sexual Abuse or Unlawful Sexual Contact ONTP

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
MCNEIL	ONTP	
MCALEVEY		

LD 827 proposed to require a court to impose a mandatory jail sentence and order counseling for a person convicted of sexual abuse of a minor if that person has one or more prior convictions for sexual abuse of a minor. The bill also would have required a court to impose a mandatory jail sentence and order counseling for a person convicted of unlawful sexual contact with a person who suffers from a mental disability if the person convicted has one or more prior convictions of that crime. The bill also would have raised the sentencing class by one class if the State plead and proved that the person has been convicted twice or more for the same crime.

LD 833An Act to Amend the Sex Offender Registration and NotificationDIED ONAct of 1999 and Sentencing Provisions for Sex OffendersADJOURNMENT

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
CANAVAN	OTP-AM	H-531

LD 833 proposed to revise the most recent sex offender registration and notification laws to apply to all sex offenders and sexually violent predators who were sentenced on or after June 30, 1992. It proposed to repeal the two earlier laws covering sex offender registration and notification that applied before 1999. LD 833 contained a nonseverability clause that would have provided that this whole Act has no force and effect if a court rules that the amendment to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 34-A, section 11202 is unconstitutional. This would be necessary to ensure that current law requiring registration and notification is retained for sex offenders convicted and sentenced before September 18, 1999, if a court rules that the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act of 1999 cannot be modified to apply retroactively to earlier convictions.