### MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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### State Of Maine 120th Legislature

First Regular Session

**Bill Summaries** 

Joint Standing Committee on Criminal Justice

August 2001

Members:

Sen. Michael J. McAlevey, Chair Sen. William B. O'Gara Sen. Paul T. Davis

Staff:

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Office of Policy and Legal Analysis 13 State House Station Augusta, ME 04333 (207) 287-1670 Rep. Edward J. Povich, Chair Rep. Michael W. Quint Rep. Charles E. Mitchell Rep. Lillian LaFontaine O'Brien Rep. Patricia A. Blanchette Rep. Stanley J. Gerzofsky Rep. Judith B. Peavey Rep. Edgar Wheeler Rep. James H. Tobin, Jr. Rep. Lois A. Snowe-Mello



# Maine State Legislature OFFICE OF POLICY AND LEGAL ANALYSIS

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### 120th Legislature First Regular Session

## Summary Of Legislation Before The Joint Standing Committees August 2001

Enclosed please find a summary of all bills, resolves, joint study orders, joint resolutions and Constitutional resolutions that were considered by the joint standing select committees of the Maine Legislature this past session. The document is a compilation of bill summaries which describe each bill and relevant amendments, as well as the final action taken. Also included are statistical summaries of bill activity this session for the Legislature and each of its joint standing committees.

The document is organized for convenient reference to information on bills considered by the committees. It is organized by committees and within committees by bill (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor for each bill and the lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are listed by paper number. Two indices, a subject index and a numerical index by LD number are provided for easy reference to bills. They are located at the back of the document. A separate publication, <u>History and Final Disposition of Legislative Documents</u>, may also be helpful in providing information on the disposition of bills. These bill summaries also are available at the Law and Legislative Reference Library and on the Internet (www.state.me.us/legis/opla).

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CARRIED OVER	Bill Carried Over to Second Regular Session
CON RES XXX	Bill Carried Over to Second Regular Session Chapter # of Constitutional Resolution passed by both Houses
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE	
DIED BETWEEN BODIES	House & Senate disagree; bill died
	accepts ONTP report; the other indefinitely postpones the bill
DIED ON ADJOURNMENT	Action incomplete when session ended; bill died
FMFRGFNCY	Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days
FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAG	E Emergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote
FAILED ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	
FAILED MANDATE FNACTMENT	Bill imposing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote
NOT PROPERLY REFORE THE RODY	Ruled out of order by the presiding officers; bill died
INDEE DE	Rill Indefinitely Postnored
ONTP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed Ought Not To Pass report accepted
OTP ND	
OTD ND/NT	Committee report Ought To Pass In New Draft/New Title
DLC VVV	
DIDIIC VVV	Chapter # of enacted Public I au
DECOIVE VVV	Chapter # of finally passed Deschie
INGICNED	Chapter # of enacted Public LawChapter # of finally passed ResolveBill held by Governor
VETO CICTAINED	But neta by GovernorLegislature failed to override Governor's Veto
VEIU SUSIAINED	Legisiaiure jailea to overriae Governor's veto

Please note the effective date for all non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session (unless otherwise specified in a particular law) is **September 21**, 2001.

#### **Joint Standing Committee on Criminal Justice**

### LD 681 An Act to Amend the Law Concerning Possession of Firearms by CARRIED OVER Persons Convicted in Other States

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
CARR		
KILKELLY		

LD 681 proposed to specify that the prohibition against carrying a firearm applies to a person convicted of a crime in another state that is punishable in this State as murder or a Class A, B, or C crime.

Current law prohibits persons convicted of a crime punishable by a term of imprisonment for one year or more from carrying a firearm (consistent with prior history provisions used for private investigators' and occupational licenses). Under federal law, a crime punishable by more than a year in prison is considered a felony. In this State, crimes are not classified as a felony or misdemeanor; instead, crimes are classified by the severity of the punishment that may be imposed. For example, conviction of a Class D or Class E crime is punishable by a definite term of imprisonment less than one year. In some other states, however, a crime is considered a misdemeanor but carries a possible punishment of more than a year in prison. Under the current law, a person convicted of a crime in another state that is punishable by a year or more is prohibited from carrying a firearm in this State, even if the same crime in this State is a Class D or E crime.

LD 681 was carried over to the Second Regular Session of the 120<sup>th</sup> Legislature.

#### LD 700 An Act to Amend the Physical Force Justification Laws

**ONTP** 

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report		Amendments Adopted
LEMOINE	ONTP	MAJ	_
DAGGETT	OTP	MIN	

LD 700 proposed to specifically exclude the use of a stick, a belt or any other hard or solid object from the permissible and justifiable use of reasonable degree of force by a parent or other responsible person when disciplining a dependent person if the use of the stick, belt or other hard or solid object causes a bruise on the dependent person.

#### LD 749 An Act to Prohibit Cyberstalking

**PUBLIC 411** 

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
LEMOINE	OTP-AM	H-160
MCALEVEY		

LD 749 proposed to amend the crime of stalking by specifying that, for purposes of stalking, "course of conduct" means, with intent to harass, annoy or alarm another, communicating or causing a communication to be initiated by

#### **Joint Standing Committee on Criminal Justice**

mechanical or electronic means or otherwise with that person, anonymously or otherwise, by telephone, telegraph, mail or any other form of written communication.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-160) replaced the bill and proposed to clarify that for purposes of stalking "conveying oral or written threats" includes communicating or causing a communication to be initiated by mail or mechanical or electronic means. Mechanical or electronic means include telephones, cellular telephones, telegraphs, computers, video recorders, fax machines, pagers or similar devices. The amendment also proposed to add a fiscal note.

#### Enacted law summary

Public Law 2001, chapter 411 clarifies that for purposes of stalking "conveying oral or written threats" includes communicating or causing a communication to be initiated by mail or mechanical or electronic means. Mechanical or electronic means include telephones, cellular telephones, telegraphs, computers, video recorders, fax machines, pagers or similar devices.

## LD 752 An Act to Amend the Standards for Release for Crime Bailable as of Right Preconviction

**ONTP** 

Sponsor(s) Committee Report Amendments Adopted
SMITH ONTP

LD 752 proposed to amend the standards for release for a crime bailable as of right preconviction by indicating that a random search condition may not be imposed except by the court upon the State's proof by a preponderance of the evidence that the condition is necessary to ensure the presence of the defendant in court.

# LD 768 An Act to Require a Life Sentence for Murder Unless There Are Mitigating Circumstances DIED BETWEEN BODIES

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report		Amendments Adopted
MCALEVEY	ONTP	MAJ	
WATERHOUSE	OTP-AM	MIN	

LD 768 proposed to specify that a person sentenced for the crime of murder must be sentenced to imprisonment for life. Only if mitigating circumstances exist could the court adjust the sentence downward, and if mitigating circumstances exist, the court would have had to specify those circumstances. If a sentence for murder were adjusted downward, it could not be adjusted below 25 years, which is the current minimum term of imprisonment for murder.