

# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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*State Of Maine  
120th Legislature*

*First Regular Session*

*Bill Summaries*

*Joint Standing Committee  
on  
Criminal Justice*

*August 2001*

**Members:**

*Sen. Michael J. McAlevey, Chair  
Sen. William B. O'Gara  
Sen. Paul T. Davis*

*Rep. Edward J. Povich, Chair  
Rep. Michael W. Quint  
Rep. Charles E. Mitchell  
Rep. Lillian LaFontaine O'Brien  
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Rep. James H. Tobin, Jr.  
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**120th Legislature**  
**First Regular Session**

**Summary Of Legislation Before The Joint Standing Committees**  
**August 2001**

Enclosed please find a summary of all bills, resolves, joint study orders, joint resolutions and Constitutional resolutions that were considered by the joint standing select committees of the Maine Legislature this past session. The document is a compilation of bill summaries which describe each bill and relevant amendments, as well as the final action taken. Also included are statistical summaries of bill activity this session for the Legislature and each of its joint standing committees.

The document is organized for convenient reference to information on bills considered by the committees. It is organized by committees and within committees by bill (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor for each bill and the lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are listed by paper number. Two indices, a subject index and a numerical index by LD number are provided for easy reference to bills. They are located at the back of the document. A separate publication, History and Final Disposition of Legislative Documents, may also be helpful in providing information on the disposition of bills. These bill summaries also are available at the Law and Legislative Reference Library and on the Internet ([www.state.me.us/legis/opla](http://www.state.me.us/legis/opla)).

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

*CARRIED OVER*..... *Bill Carried Over to Second Regular Session*  
*CON RES XXX*..... *Chapter # of Constitutional Resolution passed by both Houses*  
*CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE*..... *Committee of Conference unable to agree; bill died*  
*DIED BETWEEN BODIES*..... *House & Senate disagree; bill died*  
*DIED IN CONCURRENCE*..... *One body accepts ONTP report; the other indefinitely postpones the bill*  
*DIED ON ADJOURNMENT*..... *Action incomplete when session ended; bill died*  
*EMERGENCY*..... *Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days*  
*FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE*..... *Emergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote*  
*FAILED ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE*..... *Bill failed to get majority vote*  
*FAILED MANDATE ENACTMENT*..... *Bill imposing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote*  
*NOT PROPERLY BEFORE THE BODY*..... *Ruled out of order by the presiding officers; bill died*  
*INDEF PP*..... *Bill Indefinitely Postponed*  
*ONTP*..... *Ought Not To Pass report accepted*  
*OTP ND*..... *Committee report Ought To Pass In New Draft*  
*OTP ND/NT*..... *Committee report Ought To Pass In New Draft/New Title*  
*P&S XXX*..... *Chapter # of enacted Private & Special Law*  
*PUBLIC XXX*..... *Chapter # of enacted Public Law*  
*RESOLVE XXX*..... *Chapter # of finally passed Resolve*  
*UNSIGNED*..... *Bill held by Governor*  
*VETO SUSTAINED*..... *Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto*

Please note the effective date for all non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session (unless otherwise specified in a particular law) is **September 21, 2001**.

*David E. Boulter, Director*  
 Offices Located in the State House, Rooms 101/107/135

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consider a number of factors (i.e., offense, victim's wishes, prospects for rehabilitation, age, physical and mental condition) in deviating from imposing a minimum sentence. LD 611 was carried over to the Second Regular Session of the 120<sup>th</sup> Legislature.

**LD 602**                      **An Act to Allow for the Taking of Palm Prints, Footprints and Photographs of a Person Charged with the Commission of a Juvenile Crime**                      **DIED BETWEEN BODIES**

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
MCALEVEY POVICH	OTP      MAJ ONTP    MIN	

LD 602 proposed to allow the taking of palm prints, footprints and photographs whenever a law enforcement agency is exercising its statutory duty to take the fingerprints of a juvenile charged with the commission of a juvenile crime.

**LD 611**                      **An Act to Create a Pilot Project to Fully Implement the Maine Medical Marijuana Act of 1998**                      **CARRIED OVER**

<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	<u>Committee Report</u>	<u>Amendments Adopted</u>
RAND		

LD 611 was a concept draft pursuant to Joint Rule 208.

This bill proposed to create a pilot program allowing one medical marijuana distribution center in the State. The center would be incorporated as a nonprofit entity managed and overseen by a diverse community group. In particular, this bill proposed the following.

1. A single nonprofit center, referred to herein as the "center," would be incorporated for the purpose of cultivating and distributing medical marijuana to individuals qualified under the Maine Medical Marijuana Act of 1998. The center would also be authorized to distribute or lend, or both, cultivation equipment, supplies and seeds to qualified individuals for cultivation for personal use.
2. The center would be overseen and managed by a community board made up of a wide range of individuals drawn from the community area of the center's site. Members of the community board might include members drawn from the following groups: law enforcement, current and former patients, patient advocates, hospice facilities, education professionals, legal community, business, pharmacists, clergy, medicine and other groups involved in the community.
3. The framework for the operation of the community board would be included in the enabling legislation. Among other things, the framework would provide for term length of board members, qualifying members as described above, civil and criminal immunity protection for board members and employees acting within the scope of the

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center's mission and the authorization to use Maine's nonprofit business statute as a basis for organizational structure.

4. The center would be able to charge patients for the product to help cover the cost of the center. The center would also be prohibited from securing medical marijuana from outside the State.
5. A mandatory registry system for patients using the center would be created to ensure that only qualified individuals access the center's services. The system would be maintained by the center with oversight and input from the sheriff of the county within which the center is located. Other law enforcement personnel could confirm the participation of individuals in the center's services, if necessary, through that particular sheriff's office or the center. Among other things, the registry system would consist of a photo identification card, and the center would be authorized by the patient to check with the individual's physician that the individual falls within the provisions of the Maine Medical Marijuana Act of 1998. The center would also check with the appropriate state medical board or with the statewide medical association to determine that the physician is duly licensed to practice in the State.
6. The center would be required to keep records of patients' usage from the center in order to monitor compliance with statutory limits.
7. The center would be required to report to the Legislature within 18 months of commencement of operation concerning the center's operations, an evaluation in meeting patients' needs and the unmet needs of patients. The report may also contain suggestions for additional legislation to meet needs of patients. The Legislature could then take additional action, including the authorization of additional sites with the State.
8. A person qualified under the Maine Medical Marijuana Act of 1998 who possessed appropriate documentation under the current law of that person's qualification at the time of a stop or encounter with law enforcement would not be subject to seizure of a lawful amount of marijuana or the equipment necessary to maintain, grow or consume medical marijuana.

Following the United States Supreme Court decision in United States v. Oakland Cannabis Buyers' Cooperative, in which the court held that there is no defense to federal criminal drug charges based on medical necessity of the recipient and that the federal government can obtain a civil injunction against a coop to prohibit growing and distribution, LD 611 was carried over to the Second Regular Session of the 120<sup>th</sup> Legislature.

LD 626

**An Act to Amend the Laws Governing Sex Offender Registration**

ONTP

Sponsor(s)  
TRAHAN

Committee Report  
ONTP

Amendments Adopted

LD 626 proposed to amend the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act of 1999 to include in the sex offender registry the following information: the sex offender's social security number; the sex and age of the victim; the terms, conditions and duration of any probation or parole in the offense history of the offender; the sex offender's driver's license number; and a description of any motor vehicle owned and operated by the offender, including vehicle identification number and license plate number