

State Of Maine 120th Legislature

First Regular Session

Bill Summaries

Joint Standing Committee on Utilities and Energy

August 2001

<u>Members:</u> Sen. Norman K. Ferguson, Chair Sen. Sharon Anglin Treat Sen. David L. Carpenter

Rep. William R. Savage, Chair Rep. Monica McGlocklin Rep. Albion D. Goodwin Rep. Lawrence Bliss Rep. Christopher G. L. Hall Rep. Peter L. Rines Rep. Donald P. Berry, Sr. Rep. Richard H. Duncan Rep. Royce W. Perkins Rep. Richard A. Crabtree

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120th Legislature First Regular Session

Summary Of Legislation Before The Joint Standing Committees August 2001

Enclosed please find a summary of all bills, resolves, joint study orders, joint resolutions and Constitutional resolutions that were considered by the joint standing select committees of the Maine Legislature this past session. The document is a compilation of bill summaries which describe each bill and relevant amendments, as well as the final action taken. Also included are statistical summaries of bill activity this session for the Legislature and each of its joint standing committees.

The document is organized for convenient reference to information on bills considered by the committees. It is organized by committees and within committees by bill (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor for each bill and the lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are listed by paper number. Two indices, a subject index and a numerical index by LD number are provided for easy reference to bills. They are located at the back of the document. A separate publication, <u>History and Final Disposition of Legislative Documents</u>, may also be helpful in providing information on the disposition of bills. These bill summaries also are available at the Law and Legislative Reference Library and on the Internet (www.state.me.us/legis/opla).

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CARRIED OVER	Bill Carried Over to Second Regular Session
CON RES XXX Ch	Bill Carried Over to Second Regular Session hapter # of Constitutional Resolution passed by both Houses
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE	Committee of Conference unable to agree; bill died
DIED BETWEEN BODIES	
	ccepts ONTP report; the other indefinitely postpones the bill
	Action incomplete when session ended; bill died
EMERGENCY	Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days
FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Emergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote
FAILED ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Bill failed to get majority vote
FAILED MANDATE ENACTMENT	Bill imposing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote
NOT PROPERLY REFORE THE BODY	Ruled out of order by the presiding officers: hill died
INDEF PP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed
ONTP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed Ought Not To Pass report accepted
<i>OTP ND</i>	Committee report Ought To Pass In New Draft
<i>OTP ND/NT</i>	Committee report Ought To Pass In New Draft/New Title
P&S XXX	Chapter # of enacted Private & Special Law
PUBLIC XXX	Chapter # of enacted Public Law
RESOLVE XXX	Chapter # of finally passed Resolve
UNSIGNED	Bill held by Governor
VETO SUSTAINED	Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto

Please note the effective date for all non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session (unless otherwise specified in a particular law) is *September 21, 2001*.

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- 2. It refines the bonding requirement for persons building private lines in a public way.
- 3. It makes the requirement that the Public Utilities Commission issue a finding that a private line is not a duplication of existing facilities and does not interfere with the adequate and safe delivery of electricity to others contingent upon a transmission and distribution utility's raising these issues as an objection to the construction of a private line.
- 4. It establishes that a transmission and distribution utility may not refuse to energize a line if the line meets the utility's standards, provided the standards are the same as the standards the utility applies to its own lines, and the person owning the line reimburses the utility for connecting the line to the utility's system.

This law was enacted as an emergency measure effective on May 9, 2001.

LD 304 An Act Regarding the Franchises of Transmission and Distribution ONTP Electric Companies

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
FERGUSON	ONTP	
SHERMAN		

LD 304 proposed to provide that if a transmission and distribution utility furnishes service to another transmission and distribution utility and if it is not subject to regulatory limits on its rate of return, it would not require approval from the Public Utilities Commission to furnish service.

LD 314An Act to Require Notice to Telephone Customers in Maine PriorPUBLIC 29to Price Increases

Sponsor(s)Committee ReportAmendments AdoptedCARPENTEROTP-AMS-7

Currently, there are no provisions in Maine law requiring a telephone utility offering intrastate toll services to provide notice of an increase or decrease in price. LD 314 proposed to establish such a requirement and direct the Public Utilities Commission to adopt rules for its implementation.

Committee Amendment ''A'' (S-7) proposed to replace the bill. This amendment proposed to require a telephone utility offering intrastate toll service to provide prior written notice of any increase in the price for such service or change in terms or conditions for such service that would result in an increase in costs for any customer. The amendment also proposed to require the utility to file a tariff revision with the Public Utility Commission identifying the new price or the change in the terms or conditions of service. The amendment proposed to specify that failure to provide such notice would result in the increase in price or change in terms or conditions becoming invalid. Customers who are not provided the notice would be able to withhold payment for the increased prices, and a telephone utility that fails to provide the required notice must refund the excess payments. The amendment also proposed to require telephone utilities to provide notice to customers of the

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requirements of the law and of customer rights under it. The Public Utilities Commission would be directed to adopt implementing rules. This amendment also proposed to add a fiscal note to the bill.

Enacted law summary

Public Law 2001, chapter 29 requires a telephone utility offering intrastate toll service to provide prior written notice of any increase in the price for such service or change in terms or conditions for such service that would result in an increase in costs for any customer. The law also requires the utility to file a tariff revision with the Public Utility Commission identifying the new price or the change in the terms or conditions of service. The law specifies that failure to provide such notice results in the increase in price or change in terms or conditions being invalid. Customers who are not provided the notice may withhold payment for the increased prices, and a telephone utility that fails to provide the required notice must refund the excess payments. The law also requires telephone utilities to provide notice to customers of the requirements of the law and of customer rights under it. The Public Utilities Commission is directed to adopt implementing rules.

LD 316An Act to Authorize Representation by the Public Advocate of
Consumer Interests on Regional Decision-making BodiesPUBLIC 27
EMERGENCY

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
CARPENTER	OTP-AM	S-8

LD 316 proposed to allow the Public Advocate, when necessary, to serve as a voting member of a regional body that is directly concerned with matters affecting the price and quality of retail utility service in Maine, such as the New England Power Pool.

Committee Amendment ''A'' (S-8) proposed to clarify that if the Public Advocate serves as a voting member of a regional body such as the New England Power Pool, this does not create or constitute a conflict of interest. The amendment also proposed to add a fiscal note and an emergency to the bill.

Enacted law summary

Public Law 2001, chapter 27 allows the Public Advocate, when necessary, to serve as a voting member of a regional body that is directly concerned with matters affecting the price and quality of retail utility service in Maine, such as the New England Power Pool. The law provides that if the Public Advocate serves as a voting member of a regional body such as the New England Power Pool, this does not create or constitute a conflict of interest.

This law was enacted as an emergency measure effective on April 6, 2001.