MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from electronic originals (may include minor formatting differences from printed original)

State Of Maine 120th Legislature

First Regular Session

Bill Summaries

Joint Standing Committee on State and Local Government

August 2001

Members: Sen. Peggy A. Pendleton, Chair Sen. Edward M. Youngblood

Sen. Edward M. Youngblood Sen. Margaret Rotundo

Staff:

Christopher J. Spruce, Legislative Analyst David C. Elliott, Principal Analyst

Office of Policy and Legal Analysis 13 State House Station Augusta, ME 04333 (207) 287-1670 Rep. Martha A. Bagley, Chair Rep. John F. McDonough Rep. Paul R. Hatch Rep. Paul J. Lessard Rep. Janet L. McLaughlin Rep. Susan Kasprzak Rep. Eleanor M. Murphy Rep. Peter D. Chase Rep. Anita P. Haskell Rep. Philip Cressey, Jr.



Maine State Legislature OFFICE OF POLICY AND LEGAL ANALYSIS

13 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0013 Telephone: (207) 287-1670 Fax: (207) 287-1275

120th Legislature First Regular Session

Summary Of Legislation Before The Joint Standing Committees August 2001

Enclosed please find a summary of all bills, resolves, joint study orders, joint resolutions and Constitutional resolutions that were considered by the joint standing select committees of the Maine Legislature this past session. The document is a compilation of bill summaries which describe each bill and relevant amendments, as well as the final action taken. Also included are statistical summaries of bill activity this session for the Legislature and each of its joint standing committees.

The document is organized for convenient reference to information on bills considered by the committees. It is organized by committees and within committees by bill (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor for each bill and the lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are listed by paper number. Two indices, a subject index and a numerical index by LD number are provided for easy reference to bills. They are located at the back of the document. A separate publication, <u>History and Final Disposition of Legislative Documents</u>, may also be helpful in providing information on the disposition of bills. These bill summaries also are available at the Law and Legislative Reference Library and on the Internet (www.state.me.us/legis/opla).

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CARRIED OVER	Bill Carried Over to Second Regular Session
CON RES XXX	Bill Carried Over to Second Regular Session Chapter # of Constitutional Resolution passed by both Houses
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE.	
	accepts ONTP report; the other indefinitely postpones the bill
DIED ON ADJOURNMENT	Action incomplete when session ended; bill died
FMERGENCY	Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days
FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	EEmergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote
FAILED ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Bill failed to get majority vote
FAILED MANDATE ENACTMENT	Bill imposing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote
NOT PROPERLY REFORE THE RODY	Ruled out of order by the presiding officers; bill died
INDEE DD	Rill Indefinitely Postnoved
ONTP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed Ought Not To Pass report accepted
OTP ND	
OTD ND/NT	Committee report Ought To Pass In New Draft/New Title
D L C VVV	
DIDIIC VVV	Chapter # of enacted Frivate & Special Law
DECOLUE VVV	Charten # of English and Books
RESULVE AAA	Chapter # of enacted Public LawChapter # of finally passed ResolveBill held by Governor
VETO CUCTANED	Bill neld by Governor
YEIU SUSIAINED	Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto

Please note the effective date for all non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session (unless otherwise specified in a particular law) is **September 21**, 2001.

Joint Standing Committee on State and Local Government

LD 70 proposed to designate the 2nd Saturday in September of each year as Youth Field Day and to direct the Governor to issue annually a proclamation inviting and urging the youth of this State to observe that day by participating in outdoor activities.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-110) proposed to rename the proposed commemorative day Maine Youth Field and Stream Day and changed the title of the bill to reflect that change. The amendment also proposed to add a fiscal note to the bill.

Enacted law summary

Public Law 2001, chapter 68 designates the 2nd Saturday in September of each year as Maine Youth Field and Stream Day. The Governor is directed to issue annually a proclamation inviting and urging the youth of this State to observe this day by participating in outdoor activities.

LD 92

An Act to Establish the Washington County Emergency Medical Services Authority

P & S 1 EMERGENCY

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
GOODWIN	OTP-AM	H-6
MICHAUD MH		

LD 92 proposed to establish the Washington County Emergency Medical Services Authority, which would facilitate the provision of medical services to citizens in Washington County. It proposed to establish a 17-member board of directors. The bill also proposed that the authority be empowered to employ personnel, enter into contracts, hold public hearings, sue and be sued, accept funds, grants and services from federal, state, county and municipal governments or any agency, as well as provide gifts from entities and foundations, and allocate and spend funds to promote the authority. It also proposed to require the authority to prepare an annual budget, follow uniform standards established in Maine law, and make provisions for emergency medical services in the county on a contract basis where new services are to be provided. The bill also proposed to require the authority to implement a countywide subscription membership program and to set and adjust an approved cost-basis schedule for emergency medical services provided by the authority.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-6) proposed to make the following changes to the bill.

- 1. It clarified the Washington County Emergency Medical Services Authority's power to purchase and lease emergency medical services equipment and vehicles.
- 2. It clarified that the authority is allowed to accept private gifts from individuals.
- 3. It required that the authority be audited annually.
- 4. It clarified that debts incurred by the authority do not create any debt liability on the part of the State.

The amendment also proposed to add a fiscal note to the bill.

Joint Standing Committee on State and Local Government

Enacted law summary

Private and Special Law 2001, chapter 1 establishes the Washington County Emergency Medical Services Authority. The law authorizes the Authority to purchase and lease emergency medical services equipment and vehicles. The law allows the authority to accept private gifts from individuals. P&S 2001, chapter 1 also requires that the authority be audited annually and clarifies that debts incurred by the authority do not create any debt liability on the part of the State.

Private and Special Law 2001, chapter 1 was enacted as an emergency measure effective January 25, 2001.

LD 103 An Act to Amend Eminent Domain Powers

PUBLIC 328

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report		Amendments Adopted
LAVERDIERE	OTP-AM	MAJ	H-528
DOUGLASS	ONTP	MIN	

LD 103 proposed to allow a person whose land was taken by a municipality by eminent domain to reacquire the property at the price the municipality paid to that person for the property if the municipality does not start development of the property for the purpose for which it was taken within 5 years of the time it was taken.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-528), which replaced the bill and applied to all eminent domain proceedings under Maine law, proposed that if land taken under eminent domain is not used for the purpose of the taking within 8 years, the entity that took the property must reaffirm the need to retain the property. Property taken for development purposes is considered to be used for its intended purpose if substantial on-site construction has been commenced. The amendment also recognized that the purpose of a taking may be for conservation purposes to prevent development of a piece of land. Following the initial reaffirmation, additional reaffirmations must take place every 3 years as long as the purpose of the taking remains unaccomplished. If the project for which the taking was accomplished is ever abandoned or if reaffirmation fails to occur, the taking entity must provide a right of first refusal to reacquire the property to the condemnee or condemnee's heir. The reacquisition price is the original condemnation price plus adjustments for improvements to the property and for changes in the Consumer Price Index since the taking. Written notice is required to the condemnee or the condemnee's heirs by certified mail, return receipt requested. If the address of the condemnee or the condemnee's heir cannot be determined after reasonable diligence, notice may be by 2 newspaper publications. The condemnee or the condemnee's heir has 90 days to respond or the taking entity may sell the property for fair market value. The condemnee or the condemnee's heir may relinquish his or her rights at any time and full ownership rights transfer to the taking entity. The amendment also added a fiscal note to the bill.

Enacted law summary

Public Law 2001, chapter 328 applies to all eminent domain proceedings under Maine law. Under chapter 328, if land taken by eminent domain is not used for the purpose for which taken within 8 years, the entity that took the property must reaffirm the need to retain the property. Property taken for development purposes is considered to be used for its intended purpose if substantial on-site construction has been commenced. The amendment also recognizes that the purpose of a taking may be for conservation purposes to prevent development of land. Following the initial reaffirmation of the public need, additional reaffirmations must take place every 3 years as long as the purpose of the taking remains unaccomplished. Subsequently, if the project for which the taking was