

# STATE OF MAINE 119TH LEGISLATURE

#### SECOND REGULAR SESSION

# BILL SUMMARIES JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL JUSTICE

## **JULY 2000**

MEMBERS: Sen. Robert E. Murray, Jr., Chair Sen. William B. O'Gara Sen. Paul T. Davis

> Rep. Edward J. Povich, Chair Rep. Roger D. Frechette Rep. Christopher T. Muse Rep. Nancy L. Chizmar Rep. Michael W. Quint Rep. Michael J. McAlevey Rep. Judith B. Peavey Rep. Julie Ann O'Brien Rep. James H. Tobin, Jr. Rep. Roger L. Sherman

Staff: Marion Hylan Barr, Legislative Analyst

Office of Policy and Legal Analysis 13 State House Station Augusta, ME 04333 (207)287-1670



# Maine State Legislature OFFICE OF POLICY AND LEGAL ANALYSIS

13 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0013 Telephone: (207) 287-1670 Fax: (207) 287-1275

### ONE HUNDRED NINETEENTH LEGISLATURE SECOND REGULAR SESSION

### Summary Of Legislation Before The Joint Standing Committees July 2000

We are pleased to provide this summary of bills that were considered by the Joint Standing and Select Committees of the Maine Legislature this past session. The document is a compilation of bill summaries which describe each bill and relevant amendments, as well as the final action taken. Also included are statistical summaries of bill activity this session for the Legislature and each of its joint standing and select committees.

The document is organized for convenient reference to information on bills considered by the committees. It is organized by committees and within committees by bill (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor for each bill and the lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are listed by paper number. Two indices, a subject index and a numerical index by LD number are provided for easy reference to bills. They are located at the back of the document. A separate publication, <u>History and Final Disposition of Legislative Documents</u>, may also be helpful in providing information on the disposition of bills. These bill summaries also are available at the Law and Legislative Reference Library and on the Internet (www.state.me.us/legis/opla).

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CON RES XXXChapter # of Constitu CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREECommittee DIED BETWEEN BODIES	of Conference unable to agree; bill died
DIED IN CONCURRENCE One body accepts ONTP report	
DIED ON ADJOURNMENTAction i	
EMERGENCYEnac	cted law takes effect sooner than 90 days
FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Emergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote
FAILED ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Bill failed to get majority vote
FAILED MANDATE ENACTMENTBill impo	osing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote
NOT PROPERLY BEFORE THE BODY Ruled out of	order by the presiding officers; bill died
INDEF PP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed
ONTP	Ought Not To Pass report accepted
OTP ND Comm	ittee report Ought To Pass In New Draft
OTP ND/NT Committee repor	t Ought To Pass In New Draft/New Title
P&S XXXCha PUBLIC XXX RESOLVE XXX	pter # of enacted Private & Special Law
PUBLIC XXX	Chapter # of enacted Public Law
RESOLVE XXX	Chapter # of finally passed Resolve
UNSIGNED	Bill held by Governor
VETO SUSTAINEDLegisl	lature failed to override Governor's Veto

Please note the effective date for all non-emergency legislation enacted in the Second Regular Session (unless otherwise specified in a particular law) is August 11, 2000.

hospitals and health care practitioners and law enforcement agencies in regards to forensic examinations of alleged victims of gross sexual assault.

Public Law 1999, chapter 719 requires the Victims' Compensation Board to pay for all forensic examinations conducted on or after November 1, 2000 from the Victims' Compensation Fund and to track expenditures for forensic examinations separately. The board shall determine by rule what a forensic examination may include for purposes of payment. An examination must include at least all services directly related to the gathering of forensic evidence and related testing and treatment for pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases. Forensic examination payments are not subject to any other provision of the victims' compensation program and are not considered payments to victims for purposes of the cap.

Public Law 1999, chapter 719 directs the Department of Public Safety to determine by rule what a standardized forensic examination kit includes and to furnish the kits to hospitals and health care practitioners who perform forensic examinations of alleged victims of gross sexual assault.

A hospital or health care practitioner that completes a forensic examination shall bill the Victims' Compensation Board directly for payment. The board shall pay the hospital or health care practitioner the actual costs of the examination up to a maximum of \$500. Hospitals and health care practitioners performing forensic examinations shall use uniform kits developed and furnished by the Department of Public Safety. A victim is not required to report the alleged offense to law enforcement in order for the board to pay for the examination. If an alleged victim of gross sexual assault has a forensic examination but has not reported the alleged offense to a law enforcement agency when the examination is complete, the hospital or health care practitioner that completed the forensic examination shall notify the nearest law enforcement agency. That law enforcement agency shall transport the completed kit, identified only by a tracking number assigned by the hospital or health care practitioner, to its evidence storage facility and shall store the kit for at least 90 days from the time of receipt. If the victim reports the offense during the 90 days, the victim may contact the hospital or health care practitioner to determine the tracking number and which law enforcement agency is storing the kit. The law enforcement agency then shall transport the kit to the Maine State Police Crime Laboratory. If the victim reports the alleged offense to a law enforcement agency by the time the examination is complete, the investigating law enforcement agency shall transport the kit directly to the Maine State Police Crime Laboratory.

Public Law 1999, chapter 719 also requires district attorneys to pay the expense of the analysis of a drug or alcohol test performed as part of the forensic examination to obtain evidence for the prosecution.

Public Law 1999, chapter 719 was enacted as an emergency measure effective April 14, 2000, in order to give the Victims' Compensation Board and the Department of Public Safety time to adopt the rules required under this Act and so that payment for all forensic examinations for alleged victims of gross sexual assault conducted on or after November 1, 2000 will be made by the Victims' Compensation Board.

LD 2685	An Act to Implement the Recommendations of the Commission to	<b>INDEF PP</b>
	Consider the Enhancement of Fire Protection Services Throughout	
	the State	

Sponsor(s)

Committee Report

Amendments Adopted

Pursuant to Resolve 1999, chapter 65, the Criminal Justice Committee submitted LD 2685 to implement the recommendations of the Commission to Study the Enhancement of Fire Protection Services Throughout the State. This bill proposed to do the following:

- 1. Establish the Maine Fire Protection Services Commission, whose duties include assessing the fire protection service system and firefighter training needs in the State and reporting and recommending potential changes to the Legislature and the executive;
- 2. Appropriate one-time funds to the Maine Fire Protection Services Commission to allow for the investigation of options to provide a health insurance bridge for retired career firefighters and a length-of-service incentive program for volunteer firefighters;
- 3. Establish the Maine Firefighters Training Fund, which annually would provide \$100 per qualified firefighter for training. The Maine Firefighters Training Fund would be administered by the Maine Fire Training and Education Program under rules adopted by the Maine Fire Protection Services Commission;
- 4. Establish a \$50,000 death benefit administered by the State Fire Marshal for firefighters and emergency medical services persons who die in the line of duty;
- 5. Appropriate funds to implement the firefighter training component of the strategic plan of the Maine Fire Training and Education Program; and
- 6. Appropriate funds to create 3.5 new positions in the Office of the State Fire Marshal for the purpose of completing inspections.

Although this bill was indefinitely postponed, the Maine Fire Protection Services Commission and the firefighter training component of the strategic plan of the Maine Fire Training and Education Program were enacted in Public Law 1999, chapter 731, Part AAAA, An Act to Make Supplemental Appropriations and Allocations For the Expenditures of State Government and to Change Certain Provisions of the Law Necessary to the Proper Operations of State Government for the Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2000 and June 30, 2001.