MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from electronic originals (may include minor formatting differences from printed original)

STATE OF MAINE 119TH LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION

BILL SUMMARIES JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

JULY 1999

MEMBERS: Sen. Susan W. Longley, Chair Sen. Sharon Anglin Treat Sen. John W. Benoit

Rep. Richard H. Thompson, Chair Rep. Thomas Bull Rep. Charles C. Laverdiere Rep. Patricia T. Jacobs Rep. Charles E. Mitchell Rep. William S. Norbert Rep. Debra D. Plowman Rep. David R. Madore Rep. G. Paul Waterhouse Rep. William J. Schneider Rep. Donna M. Loring

Staff:

Margaret J. Reinsch, Principal Analyst Deborah C. Friedman, Legislative Analyst

Office of Policy and Legal Analysis Room 101/107/135, 13 State House Station Augusta, ME 04333 (207)287-1670



Maine State Legislature OFFICE OF POLICY AND LEGAL ANALYSIS

13 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0013 Telephone: (207) 287-1670 Fax: (207) 287-1275

ONE HUNDRED NINETEENTH LEGISLATURE FIRST REGULAR SESSION

Summary Of Legislation Before The Joint Standing and Select Committees August 1999

We are pleased to provide this summary of all bills that were considered by the Joint Standing and Select Committees of the Maine Legislature this past session. The document is a compilation of bill summaries which describe each bill and relevant amendments, as well as the final action taken. Also included are statistical summaries of bill activity this session for the Legislature and each of its joint standing and select committees.

The document is organized for convenient reference to information on bills considered by the committees. It is organized by committees and within committees by bill (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor for each bill and the lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are listed by paper number. Two indices, a subject index and a numerical index by LD number are provided for easy reference to bills. They are located at the back of the document. A separate publication, <u>History and Final Disposition of Legislative Documents</u>, may also be helpful in providing information on the disposition of bills. These bill summaries also are available at the Law and Legislative Reference Library and on the Internet (www.state.me.us/legis/opla).

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CARRIED OVER	Bill carried over to Second Regular Session
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE	
DIED BETWEEN BODIES	House & Senate disagree; bill died
DIED IN CONCURRENCE	One body accepts ONTP report; the other indefinitely postpones the bill
	Action incomplete when session ended; bill died
EMERGENCY	Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days
	Bill failed to get vote required for enactment or final pasage
NOT PROPERLY BEFORE THE BODY	
INDEF PP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed
ONTP	Bill Indefinitely PostponedOught Not To Pass report accepted
OTP ND	
<i>OTP ND/NT</i>	
P&S XXX	Chapter # of enacted Private & Special Law
PUBLIC XXX	
RESOLVE XXX	
	Bill held by Governor
VETO SUSTAINED	Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto

Please note the effective date for all non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session (unless otherwise specified in a particular law) is September 18, 1999.

Public Law 1999, chapter 429 expands the options for obtaining authorization to conduct an HIV test on a blood or tissue sample when an occupational exposure has occurred in a health care setting and the source person is unavailable or unable to give consent, e.g., when the source person is unconscious. In that situation, the source person's legal guardian, adult relative, person with power of attorney for health care, certain other adults, or a physician familiar with occupational exposure to HIV may authorize the test. If any person on the list refuses to authorize the test, the test may not be performed without judicial consent or the consent of the source person. The law specifies who may receive the test result, and what information may be kept in personal records. The law clarifies that exposures received by members of a rescue team during performance of emergency services are occupational exposures, even if the person is not paid for services.

The law requires the Department of Human Services, Bureau of Health, to study options for expanding the application of the law to other groups of employers and to report back to the Joint Standing Committee on Judiciary by December 31, 1999. The Judiciary Committee is authorized to report out legislation in response to the report.

LD 1792

An Act Relating to the Admissibility of Medical Records and Reports

ONTP

 Sponsor(s)
 Committee Report
 Amendments Adopted

 MILLS
 ONTP

LD 1792 proposed to authorize the admission of medical records into court proceedings without requiring the maker of the record or the record custodian to be called as a witness to authenticate the record.

LD 1795

An Act to Validate Pierringer Releases and Reform Procedures in Multiparty Lawsuits

CARRIED OVER

LD 1795 proposes to restructure the comparative negligence laws and define how they should apply in cases with multiple defendants.

The bill also proposes to restructure the laws dealing with release of joint tortfeasors when settlement is not reached and clarify how the judge applies offsets against subsequent verdicts when there have been prejudgment settlements.

The bill also proposes to authorize the courts to approve Pierringer release procedures in complex litigation. In a Pierringer settlement, the plaintiff gives up that share of recovery that is proportional to the settling defendant's fraction of responsibility. The purpose of a Pierringer release is to permit one defendant to settle with the plaintiff and to withdraw finally from the suit even when there are cross-claims against the defendant.

This bill has been carried over to the Second Regular Session.