MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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STATE OF MAINE 119TH LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION

BILL SUMMARIES JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON UTILITIES AND ENERGY

JULY 1999

MEMBERS: Sen. Richard J. Carey, Chair Sen. Carol A. Kontos Sen. Betty Lou Mitchell

Rep. Thomas M. Davidson, Chair Rep. Patrick Colwell Rep. Charles C. LaVerdiere Rep. Bruce S. Bryant Rep. Monica McGlocklin Rep. William R. Savage Rep. Donald P. Berry, Sr. Rep. Harry G. True Rep. Richard H. Duncan Rep. Richard W. Rosen

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ONE HUNDRED NINETEENTH LEGISLATURE FIRST REGULAR SESSION

Summary Of Legislation Before The Joint Standing and Select Committees August 1999

We are pleased to provide this summary of all bills that were considered by the Joint Standing and Select Committees of the Maine Legislature this past session. The document is a compilation of bill summaries which describe each bill and relevant amendments, as well as the final action taken. Also included are statistical summaries of bill activity this session for the Legislature and each of its joint standing and select committees.

The document is organized for convenient reference to information on bills considered by the committees. It is organized by committees and within committees by bill (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor for each bill and the lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are listed by paper number. Two indices, a subject index and a numerical index by LD number are provided for easy reference to bills. They are located at the back of the document. A separate publication, <u>History and Final Disposition of Legislative Documents</u>, may also be helpful in providing information on the disposition of bills. These bill summaries also are available at the Law and Legislative Reference Library and on the Internet (www.state.me.us/legis/opla).

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CARRIED OVER	Bill carried over to Second Regular Session
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE	
DIED BETWEEN BODIES	House & Senate disagree; bill died
DIED IN CONCURRENCE	One body accepts ONTP report; the other indefinitely postpones the bill
	Action incomplete when session ended; bill died
EMERGENCY	Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days
	Bill failed to get vote required for enactment or final pasage
NOT PROPERLY BEFORE THE BODY	Ruled out of order by the presiding officers; bill died
INDEF PP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed
ONTP	Bill Indefinitely PostponedOught Not To Pass report accepted
OTP ND	
<i>OTP ND/NT</i>	
P&S XXX	Chapter # of enacted Private & Special Law
PUBLIC XXX	
RESOLVE XXX	
	Bill held by Governor
VETO SUSTAINED	Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto

Please note the effective date for all non-emergency legislation enacted in the First Regular Session (unless otherwise specified in a particular law) is September 18, 1999.

LD 894 proposed to extend the Public Advocate's authority to require and publish rate comparisons for industries experiencing competition for utility service, such as the electricity marketing and natural gas industries, and to require the Public Utilities Commission and the Public Advocate to jointly specify the format for information provided by utilities for this purpose. This bill was submitted on behalf of the Office of the Public Advocate.

LD 907 An Act to Facilitate the Transition to Electric Utility Competition

ONTP

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
CAREY	ONTP	

LD 907 proposed to allow utilities the flexibility to phase in the transition to a competitive generation market during the month of March 2000.

LD 1057 Resolve, Directing the Public Utilities Commission to Investigate Whether Internet Traffic Should Be Classified as Local or Toll

ONTP

 Sponsor(s)
 Committee Report
 Amendments Adopted

 CAREY
 ONTP

LD 1057 proposed to require the Public Utilities Commission to investigate whether internet traffic should be classified as local or toll traffic.

LD 1185 Resolve, to Establish the Energy Policy Commission

INDEF PP

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
O'NEIL	OTP-AM	_

LD 1185 proposed to establish a Renewable Energy Policy Commission to develop a state renewable energy policy that promotes energy self-reliance and emphasizes low-impact electric power generation and distribution.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-254) proposed to replace the resolve and establish an Energy Policy Commission. The purpose of the commission would be to develop a state energy policy in the context of the restructuring of the electric industry. This report was accepted by both bodies although the bill was subsequently indefinitely postponed.

LD 1194 Resolve, Relating to Basic Service Calling Areas

RESOLVE 32

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
LONGLEY	OTP-AM	H-337 DAVIDSON
		S-91

LD 1194 proposed to require the Public Utilities Commission, on petition, to expand a basic service calling area that encompasses only a single exchange.

Committee Amendment "A" (S-91) proposed to replace the bill with a resolve and to change the title. The amendment proposed to direct the Public Utilities Commission to undertake an examination of single-exchange, flat-rate, basic service calling areas and to develop proposals for expanding those areas. The commission would be required to report its findings and proposals to the Joint Standing Committee on Utilities and Energy and the committee would be authorized to report out legislation concerning basic service calling areas to the Second Regular Session of the 119th Legislature.

House Amendment "A" to Committee Amendment "A" (H-337) proposed to change the reporting date in the committee amendment.

Enacted law summary

Resolve 1999, chapter 32 directs the Public Utilities Commission to undertake an examination of single-exchange, flatrate, basic service calling areas and to develop proposals for expanding those areas. The commission must report its findings and proposals to the Joint Standing Committee on Utilities and Energy and the committee is authorized to report out legislation concerning basic service calling areas to the Second Regular Session of the 119th Legislature.

LD 1208

An Act to Amend the Enhanced 9-1-1 Laws

PUBLIC 80 EMERGENCY

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
KONTOS	OTP-AM	S-47
MADORE		

LD 1208 proposed to prohibit persons, after being forbidden to do so, from using a device that dials 9-1-1 and transmits a prerecorded message to a public safety answering point. This bill also proposed to provide for the alphabetical naming of unorganized territories by the county commissioners. This bill was submitted on behalf of the Department of Public Safety.

Committee Amendment "A" (S-47) proposed to replace the bill but to preserve, with changes, the substance of that portion of the bill that creates a new offense under the E-9-1-1 laws. As in the bill, under this amendment a person would be guilty of misuse of the E-9-1-1 system if without reasonable cause the person, after having been forbidden to do so by a public safety answering point manager or administrator or a law enforcement officer, causes telephone calls to be made to a public safety answering point using an alarm or other alerting device that automatically dials 9-1-1 and transmits a prerecorded signal or message. A first offense would be a civil infraction; any subsequent offense a Class E crime.

Enacted law summary

Public Law 1999, chapter 80 provides that a person is guilty of misuse of the E-9-1-1 system if without reasonable cause the person, after having been forbidden to do so by a public safety answering point manager or administrator or a law enforcement officer, causes telephone calls to be made to a public safety answering point using an alarm or other alerting device that automatically dials 9-1-1 and transmits a prerecorded signal or message. A first offense is a civil infraction; any subsequent offense is a Class E crime.

While chapter 80 includes an emergency preamble and emergency clause, no provision of the law takes effect as an emergency. The emergency clause relates to sections of the original bill that were stripped by the committee amendment. Due to a technical error, the emergency clause was not deleted in the finally enacted law. Chapter 80 is not, in fact, an emergency; it takes effect in the same manner as other non-emergency legislation.