

STATE OF MAINE 119TH LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION

BILL SUMMARIES JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

JULY 2000

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ONE HUNDRED NINETEENTH LEGISLATURE SECOND REGULAR SESSION

Summary Of Legislation Before The Joint Standing Committees July 2000

We are pleased to provide this summary of bills that were considered by the Joint Standing and Select Committees of the Maine Legislature this past session. The document is a compilation of bill summaries which describe each bill and relevant amendments, as well as the final action taken. Also included are statistical summaries of bill activity this session for the Legislature and each of its joint standing and select committees.

The document is organized for convenient reference to information on bills considered by the committees. It is organized by committees and within committees by bill (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor for each bill and the lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are listed by paper number. Two indices, a subject index and a numerical index by LD number are provided for easy reference to bills. They are located at the back of the document. A separate publication, <u>History and Final Disposition of Legislative Documents</u>, may also be helpful in providing information on the disposition of bills. These bill summaries also are available at the Law and Legislative Reference Library and on the Internet (www.state.me.us/legis/opla).

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CON RES XXXChapter # of Constitu CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREECommittee DIED BETWEEN BODIES	of Conference unable to agree; bill died
DIED IN CONCURRENCE One body accepts ONTP report	
DIED ON ADJOURNMENTAction i	
EMERGENCYEnac	cted law takes effect sooner than 90 days
FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Emergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote
FAILED ENACTMENT/FINAL PASSAGE	Bill failed to get majority vote
FAILED MANDATE ENACTMENTBill impo	osing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote
NOT PROPERLY BEFORE THE BODY Ruled out of	order by the presiding officers; bill died
INDEF PP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed
ONTP	Ought Not To Pass report accepted
OTP ND Comm	ittee report Ought To Pass In New Draft
OTP ND/NT Committee repor	t Ought To Pass In New Draft/New Title
P&S XXXCha PUBLIC XXX RESOLVE XXX	pter # of enacted Private & Special Law
PUBLIC XXX	Chapter # of enacted Public Law
RESOLVE XXX	Chapter # of finally passed Resolve
UNSIGNED	Bill held by Governor
VETO SUSTAINEDLegisl	lature failed to override Governor's Veto

Please note the effective date for all non-emergency legislation enacted in the Second Regular Session (unless otherwise specified in a particular law) is August 11, 2000.

marking ice fishing shacks, herring measurement, sealing boats, taking Pacific salmon, diver's down flags, noncommercial scallop licenses, lobster shipping containers, shrimp labeling and cultchless American oysters; and

3. For motor vehicle violations, certain violations relating to odometers, dealers' licenses and dealers' plates, vehicle auction licenses and records, the time period for obtaining a driver's license, insurance for dealers and transporters, regrooved tires and railroad grade crossings. This Part also corrects language concerning contesting summonses. It also revises the law governing permitting unlawful use. This amendment makes it a traffic infraction for a vehicle owner to allow another person to use the vehicle when the driver commits a traffic infraction with the vehicle. Current law makes all permitted unlawful use a Class E crime.

Chapter 771 applies to violations committed on or after July 1, 2001.

LD 347 An Act to Amend the Installment Payment Order Capability of the PUBLIC 587 Disclosure Court

Sponsor(s)	Committee Report		Amendments Adopted
GAGNE	OTP-AM	MAJ	H-816
BENNETT	ONTP	MIN	

LD 347 proposed to amend the law that determines the maximum amount that the Disclosure Court can order a judgment debtor to pay to a judgment creditor in installment payments to pay off a debt that the court has already determined to be due to the creditor. Under current law, a judgment debtor receiving money from sources exempt from attachment and execution may not be ordered to pay any of that money to judgment creditors. LD 347 proposed to allow a court to order installment payments where the money received is exempt from attachment and execution and is, either alone or in combination with nonexempt money, sufficient in quantity to allow the court to order an installment payment, under the calculation provided in current law. The bill does not propose to allow a court to order the garnishment, withholding or attachment of any exempt money. The bill also proposed to repeal an unused provision of current law that permits a court in a small claims action to order a judgment debtor to pay up to \$15 per month if the debtor is shown not to be indigent.

Committee Amendment ''A'' (H-816) proposed to replace the bill. It proposed to rewrite the section of law relating to installment payment orders to make it easier to read. It also proposed to make a substantive change in law by allowing the court, in determining a debtor's ability to make installment payments, to consider income that is exempt from attachment and execution, such as veterans' benefits and social security benefits. The exempt income would be used to calculate the maximum installment payment the court could order, but would not be subject to attachment. Only nonexempt income would be subject to the order and to potential attachment.

Enacted law summary

Public Law 1999, chapter 587 allows a court, in determining a debtor's ability to make installment payments to a creditor, to consider income that is exempt from attachment and execution, such as veterans' benefits and social security benefits. The exempt income would be used to calculate the maximum installment payment the court could order, but would not be subject to attachment.