MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from electronic originals (may include minor formatting differences from printed original)

STATE OF MAINE 117TH LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION

BILL SUMMARIES JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, CONSERVATION AND FORESTRY

JUNE 1996

MEMBERS: Sen. Vinton E. Cassidy, Chair Sen. Willis A. Lord Sen. Judy A. Paradis

Rep. Robert W. Spear, Chair Rep. Marge L. Kilkelly Rep. Douglas J. Ahearne Rep. Clyde A. Hichborn Rep. Thomas M. Tyler Rep. Donald A. Strout Rep. Ruel P. Cross Rep. Richard Kneeland Rep. Edward L. Dexter Rep. Robert E. Pendleton, Jr.

Staff:
John G. Kelley, Legislative Analyst

Office of Policy and Legal Analysis Room 101/107/135, 13 State House Station Augusta, ME 04333 (207)287-1670



Maine State Legislature OFFICE OF POLICY AND LEGAL ANALYSIS

13 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0013 Telephone: (207) 287-1670 Fax: (207) 287-1275

ONE HUNDRED SEVENTEENTH LEGISLATURE SECOND REGULAR SESSION

Summary Of Legislation Before The Joint Standing Committees June 1996

We are pleased to provide this summary of bills that were considered by the 15 Joint Standing Committees of the Maine Legislature staffed by this office. The document is a compilation of bill summaries which describe each bill, committee amendments and other relevant amendments, as well as the final action taken on the bill. Also included are statistical summaries of bill activity this Session for the Legislature and each of its joint standing committees.

The document is organized for convenient reference to information on bills handled by the joint standing committees. It is organized alphabetically by committees and within committees by bill (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor for each bill and the lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are listed by paper number. Two indices, a subject index and a numerical index by LD number are provided for easy reference to bills. They are located at the back of the document. A separate publication, History and Final Disposition of Legislative Documents, may also be helpful in providing information on the disposition of bills.

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CARRIED OVER	Dill
	Bill carried over to Second Session
CON RES XXX Chapter	r # of Constitutional Resolution passed by both Houses
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE	Committee of Conference unable to agree; bill died
DIED BETWEEN BODIES	House & Senate disagree; bill died
DIED ON ADJOURNMENT	Action incomplete when session ended; bill died
EMERGENCY	Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days
FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT	Emergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote
	Bill failed to get majority vote
FAILED MANDATE ENACTMENT	Bill imposing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote
INDEF PP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed
ONTP	Ought Not To Pass report accepted
P&S XXX	Chapter # of enacted Private & Special Law
PUBLIC XXX	Chapter # of enacted Public Law
RESOLVE XXX	Chapter # of finally passed Resolve
UNSIGNED	Not signed by Governor within 10 days
	Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto

Please note the effective date for all non-emergency legislation enacted in the Second Regular Session (unless otherwise specified in a particular law) is July 4, 1996.

Enacted law summary

Public Law 1995, chapter 602 repeals existing law relating to the drugging of animals entered in pulling events and enacts new law to include prohibitions related to the drugging of animals entered into livestock exhibitions as well as prohibitions related to the drugging of animals entered into pulling contests. The bill defines "prohibited substance" and provides the Commissioner of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources the authority to add to that definition any substance the commissioner determines could affect the conduct, actions, endurance, strength, speed, performance, appearance or disposition of an animal. In addition, the law makes the owner or trainer of an animal entered into an event responsible for the condition of an animal, including the presence of an prohibited substance. The law also establishes procedures related to violations and the administration of therapeutic drugs.

LD 1819 An Act to Promote Forest Rehabilitation and Eliminate Clearcutting

ONTP

<u>Sponsor(s)</u> <u>Committee Report</u> <u>Amendments Adopted</u>

INITIATED BILL ONTP

LD 1819, a voter initiated bill, proposed to set standards for timber harvesting activities within the jurisdiction of the Maine Land Use Regulation Commission. These standards would have included the elimination of clearcutting, limits on the amount of timber that may be harvested in a specified period of time, and minimum tree stand volume following harvesting operations.

LD 1843 An Act to Encourage Enterprises Engaged in Agriculture and Aquaculture in Maine and to Amend the Maine Seed Capital EMERGENCY Tax Credit Program

Sponsor(s) Committee Report Amendments Adopted

CASSIDY OTP-AM S-542

LD 1843 proposed to create the Agricultural Marketing Loan Fund, which would be administered by the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources. The fund would be used to provide loans for enterprises engaged in agriculture and aquaculture. All loans under the program would be made in conjunction with private lenders or other sources of capital.

Committee Amendment "A" (S-542) proposed to establish the Agricultural Marketing Loan Fund within the Finance Authority of Maine, but place the administration of the fund under the jurisdiction of the Commissioner of Agriculture, Food and Rural Resources.

The amendment also proposed to amend the Maine Seed Capital Tax Credit Program to allow a principal owner's parents, brothers, sisters or children to receive tax credits for investments in the principal owner's business and for investments in a venture capital fund that invests in the principal owner's business. The amendment also proposed that no tax credit certificate may be issued to a parent, brother, sister or child of a principal owner if the parent, brother, sister or child has any existing ownership interest in the business.