MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from electronic originals (may include minor formatting differences from printed original)

STATE OF MAINE 117TH LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION

BILL SUMMARIES JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON BANKING AND INSURANCE

JUNE 1996

. MEMBERS: Sen. I. Joel Abromson, Chair Sen. Mary E. Small Sen. Dale McCormick

Rep. Marc J. Vigue, Chair Rep. Gail M. Chase Rep. Gordon P. Gates Rep. Michael V. Saxl Rep. Richard H. Thompson Rep. Richard H. Campbell Rep. William G. Guerrette, Jr. Rep. Sumner A. Jones, Jr. Rep. Lisa Lumbra Rep. Arthur F. Mayo III

Staff:

Colleen McCarthy, Legislative Analyst

Office of Policy and Legal Analysis Room 101/107/135, 13 State House Station Augusta, ME 04333 (207)287-1670



Maine State Legislature OFFICE OF POLICY AND LEGAL ANALYSIS

13 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0013 Telephone: (207) 287-1670 Fax: (207) 287-1275

ONE HUNDRED SEVENTEENTH LEGISLATURE SECOND REGULAR SESSION

Summary Of Legislation Before The Joint Standing Committees June 1996

We are pleased to provide this summary of bills that were considered by the 15 Joint Standing Committees of the Maine Legislature staffed by this office. The document is a compilation of bill summaries which describe each bill, committee amendments and other relevant amendments, as well as the final action taken on the bill. Also included are statistical summaries of bill activity this Session for the Legislature and each of its joint standing committees.

The document is organized for convenient reference to information on bills handled by the joint standing committees. It is organized alphabetically by committees and within committees by bill (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor for each bill and the lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are listed by paper number. Two indices, a subject index and a numerical index by LD number are provided for easy reference to bills. They are located at the back of the document. A separate publication, History and Final Disposition of Legislative Documents, may also be helpful in providing information on the disposition of bills.

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CARRIED OVER	Dill
	Bill carried over to Second Session
CON RES XXX Chapter	r # of Constitutional Resolution passed by both Houses
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE	Committee of Conference unable to agree; bill died
DIED BETWEEN BODIES	House & Senate disagree; bill died
DIED ON ADJOURNMENT	Action incomplete when session ended; bill died
EMERGENCY	Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days
FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT	Emergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote
	Bill failed to get majority vote
FAILED MANDATE ENACTMENT	Bill imposing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote
INDEF PP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed
ONTP	Ought Not To Pass report accepted
P&S XXX	Chapter # of enacted Private & Special Law
PUBLIC XXX	Chapter # of enacted Public Law
RESOLVE XXX	Chapter # of finally passed Resolve
UNSIGNED	Not signed by Governor within 10 days
	Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto

Please note the effective date for all non-emergency legislation enacted in the Second Regular Session (unless otherwise specified in a particular law) is July 4, 1996.

- 3. Current law limits a lender's ability to offer closed-end consumer loans for terms exceeding 3 years. All other types of personal credit, especially credit cards, have been deregulated. This bill deregulates closed-end consumer loans.
- 4. It extends to nonbank credit card issuers the same deregulated credit card rates allowed banks and credit unions under Public Law 1995, chapter 137.
- 5. It makes technical corrections by adding a word that was omitted from the existing statute and by correcting a statutory reference.
- 6. It incorporates changes made to the Federal Truth in Lending Act that became effective September 30, 1995. Enacting such changes into state law protects Maine's exemption from federal enforcement. The changes ease the strict tolerances on minor creditor disclosure errors, which have led to expensive class-action lawsuits in other states.

LD 1702

An Act to Require That Diabetes Supplies and Self-management Training be Covered by Health Insurance Policies

PUBLIC 592

Sponsor(s)Committee ReportAmendments AdoptedJONES SOTP-AMMAJH-827ONTPMIN

LD 1702 proposed to require that individual and group health insurers provide coverage for all medically appropriate and necessary equipment, supplies and out-patient self-management training and educational services used to treat diabetes.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-827) replaced the bill and proposed to require that nonprofit hospital and medical service organizations, insurers and health maintenance organizations provide coverage in individual and group contracts for insulin, oral hypoglycemic agents, monitors, test strips, syringes and lancets used to treat diabetes and out-patient self-management training and educational services offered through ambulatory diabetes education facilities authorized by the State's Diabetes Control Project within the Bureau of Health.

The amendment also proposed to add a fiscal note

Enacted law summary

Public Law 1995, chapter 592 requires that nonprofit hospital and medical service organizations, insurers and health maintenance organizations provide coverage in individual and group contracts for insulin, oral hypoglycemic agents, monitors, test strips, syringes and lancets used to treat diabetes and out-patient self-management training and educational services offered through ambulatory diabetes education facilities authorized by the State's Diabetes Control Project within the Bureau of Health.