

STATE OF MAINE 117TH LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION

BILL SUMMARIES JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

JUNE 1996

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ONE HUNDRED SEVENTEENTH LEGISLATURE SECOND REGULAR SESSION

Summary Of Legislation Before The Joint Standing Committees June 1996

We are pleased to provide this summary of bills that were considered by the 15 Joint Standing Committees of the Maine Legislature staffed by this office. The document is a compilation of bill summaries which describe each bill, committee amendments and other relevant amendments, as well as the final action taken on the bill. Also included are statistical summaries of bill activity this Session for the Legislature and each of its joint standing committees.

The document is organized for convenient reference to information on bills handled by the joint standing committees. It is organized alphabetically by committees and within committees by bill (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor for each bill and the lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are listed by paper number. Two indices, a subject index and a numerical index by LD number are provided for easy reference to bills. They are located at the back of the document. A separate publication, <u>History and Final Disposition of Legislative Documents</u>, may also be helpful in providing information on the disposition of bills.

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CARRIED OVER	Bill carried over to Second Session
CON RES XXX Chapter #	of Constitutional Resolution passed by both Houses
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE	Committee of Conference unable to agree; bill died
DIED BETWEEN BODIES	House & Senate disagree; bill died
DIED ON ADJOURNMENT	Action incomplete when session ended; bill died
EMERGENCY	Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days
FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT	Emergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote
FAILED ENACTMENT	Bill failed to get majority vote
	Bill imposing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote
INDEF PP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed
ONTP	Ought Not To Pass report accepted
	Chapter # of enacted Private & Special Law
PUBLIC XXX	Chapter # of enacted Public Law
RESOLVE XXX	Chapter # of finally passed Resolve
	Not signed by Governor within 10 days
	Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto

Please note the effective date for all non-emergency legislation enacted in the Second Regular Session (unless otherwise specified in a particular law) is July 4, 1996.

LD 742, a bill carried over from the First Regular Session, proposed to amend the law regarding wrongful death actions by removing the existing cap of \$75,000 on the amount of damages that may be awarded to the family of the deceased to compensate for the loss of comfort, society and companionship of the deceased. The bill also proposed to extend the time limit for filing an action from 2 years to 6 years after the decedent's death.

Committee Amendment ''A'' (H-755) proposed to replace the original bill with a cap of \$150,000 on nonpecuniary damages for the family members to compensate for their loss. The amendment would not have changed the 2-year limitation period for filing an action that is in current law.

Enacted law summary

Public Law 1995, chapter 577 amends the law regarding wrongful death actions by increasing the cap to \$150,000 on the nonpecuniary damages that may be awarded to the family to compensate for the loss of comfort, society and companionship of the deceased.

<mark>LD 916</mark>	An Act to Improve the Function of the Maine Health Security Act		PUBLIC 571
	<u>Sponsor(s)</u>	Committee Report	Amendments Adopted
	MILLS	OTP-AM	S-462

LD 916, a bill carried over from the First Regular Session, proposed to change the law governing mandatory prelitigation screening and mediation panels. It would have provided that if a panel motion hearing has not concluded within 9 months of service of the notice of claim, the claimant may bypass panel proceedings and commence a lawsuit. It would have revised the specific findings required to be made by the panel at the conclusion of its deliberations and would have added the requirement that if the panel finds that there was negligence and causation, the panel would also have to decide whether the evidence was clear and convincing. The bill also proposed to amend the conditions under which the findings of the panel would be admissible in subsequent court actions.

Committee Amendment ''A'' (S-462) would have replaced the original bill. Under the current law requiring prelitigation screening and mediation panels for claims of professional negligence, a hearing on such a claim must be held no later than 120 days from the service of the notice of claim. This bill proposed to change the deadline to 6 months from the service of the notice of claim and proposed to clarify that this time period may be extended by the panel chair.

Enacted law summary

Public Law 1995, chapter 571 extends the time period in which a hearing must be held before a prelitigation screening and mediation panel for claims of medical malpractice. The time period is extended from 120 days to 6 months from the service of the notice of claim. This time period may be extended by the panel chair.