MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from electronic originals (may include minor formatting differences from printed original)

STATE OF MAINE 117TH LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION

BILL SUMMARIES JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON UTILITIES AND ENERGY

JUNE 1996

MEMBERS:

Sen. David L. Carpenter, Chair Sen. Philip E. Harriman Sen. John J. Cleveland

Rep. Carol A. Kontos, Chair Rep. Herbert Adams Rep. M. Ida Luther Rep. Conrad Heeschen Rep. Gary L. O'Neal Rep. Joseph B. Taylor Rep. F. Thomas Gieringer, Jr. Rep. Richard I. Stone Rep. Robert A. Cameron Rep. John P. Marshall

Staff:

Amy B. Holland, Legislative Analyst

Office of Policy and Legal Analysis Room 101/107/135, 13 State House Station Augusta, ME 04333 (207)287-1670



Maine State Legislature OFFICE OF POLICY AND LEGAL ANALYSIS

13 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0013 Telephone: (207) 287-1670 Fax: (207) 287-1275

ONE HUNDRED SEVENTEENTH LEGISLATURE SECOND REGULAR SESSION

Summary Of Legislation Before The Joint Standing Committees June 1996

We are pleased to provide this summary of bills that were considered by the 15 Joint Standing Committees of the Maine Legislature staffed by this office. The document is a compilation of bill summaries which describe each bill, committee amendments and other relevant amendments, as well as the final action taken on the bill. Also included are statistical summaries of bill activity this Session for the Legislature and each of its joint standing committees.

The document is organized for convenient reference to information on bills handled by the joint standing committees. It is organized alphabetically by committees and within committees by bill (LD) number. The committee report(s), prime sponsor for each bill and the lead co-sponsor(s), if designated, are listed below each bill title. All adopted amendments are listed by paper number. Two indices, a subject index and a numerical index by LD number are provided for easy reference to bills. They are located at the back of the document. A separate publication, History and Final Disposition of Legislative Documents, may also be helpful in providing information on the disposition of bills.

Final action on each bill is noted to the right of the bill title. The abbreviations used for various categories of final action are as follows:

CARRIED OVER	Dill
	Bill carried over to Second Session
CON RES XXX Chapter	r # of Constitutional Resolution passed by both Houses
CONF CMTE UNABLE TO AGREE	Committee of Conference unable to agree; bill died
DIED BETWEEN BODIES	House & Senate disagree; bill died
DIED ON ADJOURNMENT	Action incomplete when session ended; bill died
EMERGENCY	Enacted law takes effect sooner than 90 days
FAILED EMERGENCY ENACTMENT	Emergency bill failed to get 2/3 vote
	Bill failed to get majority vote
FAILED MANDATE ENACTMENT	Bill imposing local mandate failed to get 2/3 vote
INDEF PP	Bill Indefinitely Postponed
ONTP	Ought Not To Pass report accepted
P&S XXX	Chapter # of enacted Private & Special Law
PUBLIC XXX	Chapter # of enacted Public Law
RESOLVE XXX	Chapter # of finally passed Resolve
UNSIGNED	Not signed by Governor within 10 days
	Legislature failed to override Governor's Veto

Please note the effective date for all non-emergency legislation enacted in the Second Regular Session (unless otherwise specified in a particular law) is July 4, 1996.

schools for the establishment and use of a program providing access to information networks.

- 2. It may require a telecommunications carrier offering intrastate telecommunications services to provide funds for qualified libraries and schools to obtain telecommunications services, including instruction and equipment related to such services, from other vendors.
- 3. It may establish a telecommunications access fund to which all telecommunications carriers offering telecommunications services in the State are required to contribute.

The law imposes limitations on the authority granted to the Public Utilities Commission by the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 35-A, section 7104-A, subsection 1. The Public Utilities Commission shall limit the annual cost to each telecommunications carrier of all programs to not more than 1.5% of its intrastate revenues; the Public Utilities Commission shall ensure that funds are collected in a competitively neutral manner; the Public Utilities Commission shall attribute any amount collected from a telecommunications carrier as an offset to any required intrastate support mechanism to preserve and advance universal service; and the Public Utilities Commission may not exercise its authority with respect to any telecommunications carrier other than a local exchange carrier serving more than 100,000 lines until September 30, 1997, except to the extent required by federal law.

The law defines "qualified library," "qualified school," "telecommunications carrier" and "telecommunications service." It also requires the Public Utilities Commission to report annually to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over utilities matters on the progress made in meeting the goal of information access established in Title 35-A, section 7101, subsection 4 and factors promoting or impeding the achievement of that goal.

The law provides for the repeal of the provision granting the Public Utilities Commission additional authority and the provision imposing limitations on that authority on February 1, 2001. It clarifies that the Public Utilities Commission's approval of NYNEX's plan to provide access to information networks and services to public schools and public libraries is authorized by the Act. Finally, the law is retroactive to May 1, 1995.

LD 871 An Act Concerning the Calculation of Private Fire Protection Charges

ONTP

<u>Sponsor(s)</u> <u>Committee Report</u> <u>Amendments Adopted</u> ONTP

LD 871, which was carried over from the 1st Regular Session, proposed to allow water utilities to establish rates for private fire protection that include recovery for a portion of the costs of the utilities' backup facilities, including mains, storage facilities and pumps.