

STATE OF MAINE

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ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST REGULAR SESSION

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE ON

Public Utilities

BILL SUMMARY



JULY, 1983

Prepared by:

Haven Whiteside, Legislative Assistant Public Utilities Committee

Office of Legislative Assistants State House, Station 13 Augusta, Maine 04333 (207) 289-2486 505AN ACT TO REVISE THE MEXICO WATERPerryDISTRICT CHARTERE. Erwin

ENACT. P&S 32 (OTPA) REFERENDUM

SUMMARY: Revises the charter by extending the territorial limit to the entire town. It also increases trustees compensation from \$200/yr to \$300/yr plus \$15/meeting (up to \$300 more). It adds a post-audit of the accounts and increases allowed payment to the sinking fund from a range of 1/2%-5% to a range of 1%-10%. Finally, it requires the trustees to choose a municipal official to serve as administrator, treasurer and clerk.

Committee Amendment "A" (H-35) modifies the relationship between the town and the district and adds a local referendum.

House Amendment "A" (H-35) technical.

- 529 AN ACT CONCERNING CABLE Dutremble ONTP TELEVISION
- SUMMARY: Would have established a Bureau of Community Antenna Television in the PUC to develop a state cable TV policy, assist municipalities (which would continue to issue franchises), and franchises.

541	AN ACT RELATING TO UTILITY	Michael	LV/WD
	STOCKHOLDERS	Reeves	
		C. Higgins	

SUMMARY: Would have required public utilities to supply PUC annually with a list of stockholders, and PUC to make that list available to the public.

542	AN ACT RELATING TO NEW INSTALLA- TIONS OF PAY TELEPHONES	Michael Reeves	ONTP
		Jacques	
		Nadeau	

- SUMMARY: Would have required all new or replacement pay telephones to allow emergency calls with no coin to "911", or in areas where 911 is not available, to "0".
- 614 AN ACT TO PROHIBIT PUBLIC UTILITIES Carpenter LV/WD FROM INCLUDING UNCOMPLETED CON-STRUCTION WORK COSTS IN THEIR RATES
- SUMMARY: Would have prohibited including the cost of "CWIP" (Construction-Work-in-Progress) in rate base or as an expense in the rates until the plant is actually providing service. Thus, the utility would have to finance the cost of construction by using its retained earnings, or by issuing bonds or stock.