

MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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**STATE OF MAINE
119TH LEGISLATURE
FIRST REGULAR SESSION**

**Final Report
of the**

**COMMITTEE TO ESTABLISH A MEMORIAL
DEDICATED TO THE
CIVILIAN CONSERVATION CORPS**

January 2000

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Final Report of the Committee to Establish A Memorial Dedicated to the Civilian Conservation Corps

Executive Summary

President Franklin Delano Roosevelt established the Civilian Conservation Corps in March of 1933. The Civilian Conservation Corps (C.C.C.) is widely considered one of the most successful programs of the Depression Era in the United States. It was essentially a peacetime army that worked to conserve the country's natural resources and provide employment for young men during the Great Depression. The C.C.C. carried out many notable projects in Maine. Projects were conducted in state and national parks in Maine and Maine forests. In Maine, many of the roads, parks and other facilities that we all enjoy today were built or improved by the C.C.C. during the 1930s and early 1940s.

The *Committee to Establish A Memorial Dedicated to the Civilian Conservation Corps* was established in the First Regular Session of the 119th Maine Legislature by Resolves 1999, chapter 83. The committee was charged with studying issues regarding the establishment of a suitable memorial dedicated to the Civilian Conservation Corps including:

1. Where a memorial should be located;
2. What should be inscribed on the memorial; and
3. A funding mechanism for building the memorial, including but not limited to, a public and private partnership.

Summary of Recommendations

The committee makes the following recommendations for a memorial dedicated to the Civilian Conservation Corps.

1. **Memorial to be built.** The Capitol Planning Commission should oversee the construction of a memorial dedicated to the Civilian Conservation Corps, in honor of those who served in the Corps and in recognition of their important contributions to the State of Maine. The memorial should be built in a location immediately west of the main entrance to the Maine State Library-Museum-Archives Building in the State House complex, suitably landscaped with natural plantings.
2. **Memorial design to be a bronze statue and natural base.** The memorial should be a bronze statue of a Civilian Conservation Corps worker and be placed on a base constructed in whole or part of stone or other natural materials.

3. **Memorial to have inscribed bronze plaque.** The memorial should have a bronze plaque placed upon it, inscribed with the following language:

“In Honor Of The Young Men Of The Civilian Conservation Corps Who Changed The Face Of Maine From 1933 To 1942 By Building Parks, Roads, Trails, Forests And Citizenship, Leaving A Lasting Legacy To The Conservation Of Natural Resources For Which All Citizens Of Maine Owe A Debt Of Gratitude.”

4. **Funding to be a public-private partnership administered by the Capitol Planning Commission.** Construction of the memorial should be funded through a combination of public and private funding: a \$10,000 appropriation from the State’s General Fund and the remaining funds needed for construction of the memorial from private donations. The total estimated cost is \$22,000. The Capitol Planning Commission should make use of the services of the Maine Conservation Corps in building the memorial. The memorial should be completed no later than October 1, 2000.

5. **State to maintain historical and educational information related to C.C.C. activities in Maine.** The State Archivist should maintain and make available a listing of known C.C.C. workers and projects in Maine. In addition, the Maine State Museum should develop and place an educational plaque or other display regarding memorial and the creation and accomplishments of the Civilian Conservation Corps in the main entrance to the Maine State Library-Museum-Archives Building.

Final Report of the Committee to Establish A Memorial Dedicated to the Civilian Conservation Corps

"It is my belief that what is being accomplished will conserve our natural resources, create future national wealth and prove of moral and spiritual value not only to those of you who are taking part, but to the rest of the country as well."

~ President Franklin Roosevelt, speaking to the Civilian Conservation Corps

Introduction

President Franklin Delano Roosevelt established the Civilian Conservation Corps in March of 1933. The Civilian Conservation Corps (C.C.C.) is widely considered one of the most successful programs of the Depression Era in the United States. The program was created in response to the unprecedented level of unemployment during the Great Depression. By March of 1933, 13,600,000 people were unemployed in the United States. Because of this emergency, President Roosevelt created the C.C.C. only days after his inauguration. The plan was to put 500,000 unemployed youths to work in forests, parks and rangelands. It was essentially a peacetime army that worked to conserve the country's natural resources and provide employment for young men during the Great Depression. Rather than establishing a new bureaucracy, the president established this program within existing governmental departments.

Within the first few months, over 250,000 young men were enrolled. Eventually, the C.C.C. enrolled about 3 million unemployed and unmarried men to work on projects including reforestation, construction of fire-observation towers, laying of telephone lines, and development of state parks. In Maine, over 17,000 young men served in the C.C.C. The persons eligible for employment in the C.C.C. were unemployed, between the ages of 17 and 25 and came from families on relief. Each person was paid \$30 a month, of which \$25 was sent to his family and the remaining \$5 could be used by for personal expenses. The government provided room, board, clothing and tools. The enrollee was expected to work a 40-hour week, was taught a new skill and could also attend classes to better his education. Congress abolished the Civilian Conservation Corps in June 1942.

The C.C.C. was responsible for many conservation projects including the construction of dams, bridges, roads, and buildings; the control of soil erosion; flood assistance after the Flood of 1936; fighting forest fires; reforestation; and the prevention and control of tree diseases. Although C.C.C. projects were carried out in every state, the C.C.C. carried out many notable projects in Maine. Projects were conducted in state and national parks in Maine and Maine forests. In Maine, many of the roads, parks and other facilities that we all enjoy

today were built or improved by the C.C.C. during the 1930s and early 1940s. Some of the larger projects that the C.C.C. conducted were:

- ☉ **Constructing roads and trails in Baxter State Park and Camden State Park**
- ☉ **Constructing roads and bridges in Acadia National Park**
- ☉ **Constructing many segments of the 286 miles of the Appalachian Trail in Maine**
- ☉ **Building the Evans Notch Road from the town of Fryeburg to Gilead in the White Mountains National Forest**
- ☉ **Creating the Camp Education Training Program**
- ☉ **Performing conservation projects in the Moosehorn Wildlife Refuge**
- ☉ **Constructing the lower portion of Capitol Park**
- ☉ **Planting trees in Capitol Park and the Veterans Administration Facility at Togus**

The C.C.C. also carried out many forest-related projects including:

- ☉ **Building fire-observation towers, storehouses and access trails**
- ☉ **Conducting forest insect and disease control projects**
- ☉ **Planting trees to reforest areas of Maine**

The year 2000 marks the 67th anniversary of the Civilian Conservation Corps and nationally, states are erecting memorials in recognition of the important role the C.C.C. played in the revitalization of the nation and the contributions C.C.C. workers made to each state. Already five states have erected a memorial to the C.C.C.

The *Committee to Establish A Memorial Dedicated to the Civilian Conservation Corps* was established in the First Regular Session of the 119th Maine Legislature by Resolves 1999, chapter 83. (See Appendix A for a copy of the Resolve.) The committee was charged with studying issues regarding the establishment of a suitable memorial dedicated to the Civilian Conservation Corps. This report is the findings and recommendations of the committee.

The Committee and its charge

The *Committee To Establish A Memorial Dedicated To The Civilian Conservation Corps*, established by Resolves 1999, chapter 83, created a 5-member committee to study the issues regarding the establishment of a memorial for the Civilian Conservation Corps. The resolve

took effect on September 18, 1999. Committee membership included four former members of the Civilian Conservation Corps, appointed by the Civilian Conservation Corps Alumni of Maine and one member of the Maine House of Representatives, appointed by the Speaker of the House. The President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House appointed Representative Duplessie, the legislative member of the Committee, to serve as chair. Earl Shettleworth, Director of the Maine Historic Preservation Commission, Austin Wilkins, former commissioner of the Maine Forestry Department and Ken Spaulding, Director of the Maine Conservation Corps in the Department of Conservation greatly assisted the committee in its work, for which the committee is extremely grateful. See Appendix B for a list of the committee members.

The committee was convened in September 1999. In addition to a meeting in September, members of the committee consulted with other interested persons and shared information and suggestions by mail and telephone. The committee was charged with studying issues regarding the establishment of a memorial dedicated to the Civilian Conservation Corps including:

1. Where a memorial should be located;
2. What should be inscribed on the memorial; and
3. A funding mechanism for building the memorial, including but not limited to, a public and private partnership.

Resolves 1999, c.83 required the committee to submit its report, together with any necessary implementing legislation, to the Second Regular Session of the 119th Legislature no later than January 14, 2000.

Discussion and Findings

1. **Appropriateness of establishing a C.C.C. memorial in Maine.** The C.C.C. had a significant and lasting impact on the State through its projects and improvement in the lives of those who served in the C.C.C. Many of the natural areas we enjoy today were improved by C.C.C. projects. (See Appendix C for a listing of C.C.C. camps and projects in Maine.) The committee finds that it is fitting that the State erect a memorial to honor the thousands of young men who served in the Civilian Conservation Corps and their lasting contributions to Maine.
2. **Suitable location.** Although many communities in Maine benefited from C.C.C. projects and would be an acceptable host community for a C.C.C. memorial, the state capital is a central and appropriate location for such a memorial. It is a central location for many educational aspects for young people, with its combination of State Government and the educationally-oriented Maine State Library, Maine State Museum and State Archives.

The committee considered two locations in the vicinity of the State House for placement

of a memorial: In Capitol Park and near the entrance to the Maine State Library-Museum-Archives Building. After consultation with members of the State House and Capitol Park Planning Commission, a Capitol Park location was deemed unsuited as the Commission discourages additional memorials or other development in the park, itself a C.C.C. project. The committee concluded that the most appropriate area for placement of a C.C.C. memorial is near the entrance to the Maine State Library-Museum-Archives Building, in a location just to the west of the main entrance. In addition to promoting conservation values, the C.C.C. was an educational program, teaching young men new skills and encouraging them to further their education in order to improve themselves and their nation. Having a memorial at the entrance to the Maine State Library-Museum-Archives Building would be an educational experience, affording thousands of Maine school children, adults and visitors the opportunity to learn of the contributions the C.C.C. made to the State and promoting conservation values to a new generation of Maine people.

The committee finds that the area immediately to the west of the entrance to the Maine State Library-Museum-Archives Building is an appropriate location for placement of a C.C.C. memorial.

3. **Design of the memorial.** As mentioned above, other states have erected memorials honoring C.C.C. workers, the first of which was the State of Michigan. Michigan erected a six-foot high statue of a C.C.C. worker on a stone-walled base. The statue is of a rugged young man, ax in hand, looking to the future with confidence and determination. See Appendix D for a depiction of the memorial. Other states have followed with a statue of the same design, and the committee concluded that using the same design would be consistent with other states and appropriate. The committee finds that the design of the memorial in Michigan honors in appropriate and elegant ways the C.C.C. and is a suitable design for a C.C.C. memorial in Maine.
4. **Inscription on the memorial.** The committee considered various words that might be used to honor the C.C.C. workers and promote the conservation of natural resources. The committee is grateful for the help of Mr. Ken Spaulding, Director of the Maine Conservation Corps, Department of Conservation in crafting words for an inscription on the memorial. The committee finds that the following words, placed on a bronze plaque, would be a suitable inscription:

“In Honor Of The Young Men Of The Civilian Conservation Corps Who Changed The Face Of Maine From 1933 To 1942 By Building Parks, Roads, Trails, Forests And Citizenship, Leaving A Lasting Legacy To The Conservation Of Natural Resources For Which All Citizens Of Maine Owe A Debt Of Gratitude.”

5. **Funding construction of the memorial.** The committee estimates that, based on similar C.C.C. memorials erected in other states, the costs to build a memorial is approximately \$22,000. Of that amount, \$18,000 is for the bronze statue and \$2,300 is for site work and landscaping. The remaining amount is for miscellaneous related costs, including a plaque and educational display or materials, as appropriate, in the Maine

State Library-Museum-Archives Building. The Maine Conservation Corps has pledged to contribute the labor for building the base of the memorial using Maine Conservation Corps youths. The committee concluded that a public-private partnership would be the most appropriate approach to securing the necessary funds for the C.C.C. memorial. The committee finds that the Maine Legislature should appropriate \$10,000 in FY 2001 toward construction of the C.C.C. memorial, with the remaining costs being raised through private donations. The Capitol Planning Commission should be charged with responsibility to administer the funds and oversee the construction of the C.C.C. memorial, which should be completed before the end of 2000.

6. **Historical records and educational materials.** The committee believes that educational materials should be made available to those who visit the memorial, including information about the creation and achievements of the C.C.C., its projects in Maine and those who served in the C.C.C. in Maine. Historical records on those who served in the C.C.C. are incomplete but some do exist that identify many of those who served, their years served and the Maine projects worked on. One source of information is the National Association of Civilian Conservation Corps Alumni. The committee finds that educational materials on the C.C.C. and a listing of those who served, when known, are of important educational and historical value and should be maintained in the vicinity of the memorial for the Civilian Conservation Corps.

Recommendations

After careful consideration of the information made available to the committee, the committee makes the following recommendations for a memorial dedicated to the Civilian Conservation Corps. Proposed implementing legislation is attached as Appendix E.

1. **Memorial to be built.** The Capitol Planning Commission should build or cause to be built a memorial dedicated to the Civilian Conservation Corps, in honor of those who served in the Corps and in recognition of their important contributions to the State of Maine. The memorial should be built in a location immediately west of the main entrance to the Maine State Library-Museum-Archives Building in the State House complex, and be suitably landscaped with natural plantings. Design plans for the memorial should be reviewed and approved by the Capitol Planning Commission before construction.
2. **Memorial design to be a bronze statue and natural base.** The memorial should be of a design and construction that is the same as that erected in the State of Michigan. The statue should be a bronze casting of a C.C.C. worker and be placed on a base constructed in whole or part of stone or other natural materials.
3. **Memorial to have inscribed bronze plaque.** The memorial should have a bronze plaque placed upon it, inscribed with the following language:

"In Honor Of The Young Men Of The Civilian Conservation Corps Who Changed The Face Of Maine From 1933 To 1942 By Building Parks, Roads, Trails, Forests And Citizenship, Leaving A

Lasting Legacy To The Conservation Of Natural Resources For Which All Citizens Of Maine Owe A Debt Of Gratitude.”

4. **Funding to be a public-private partnership administered by the Capitol Planning Commission.** Construction of the memorial, estimated to be \$22,000, should be funded through a combination of public and private funding: a \$10,000 appropriation from the State’s General Fund and the remaining funds needed for construction of the memorial from private donations. The Capitol Planning Commission should make use of the services of the Maine Conservation Corps in building the memorial. The Capitol Planning Commission should be charged with administering the funds and overseeing construction of the memorial. The memorial should be completed no later than October 1, 2000.

5. **State to maintain historical and educational information related to C.C.C. activities in Maine.** The State Archivist should maintain and make available a listing of known C.C.C. workers and projects in Maine. In addition, the Maine State Museum should develop and place an educational plaque or other display regarding memorial and the creation and accomplishments of the Civilian Conservation Corps in the main entrance to the Maine State Library-Museum-Archives Building.

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APPENDIX A

Resolves 1999, Chapter 83

RESOLVES

First Regular Session of the 119th

CHAPTER 83

H.P. 1394 - L.D. 1999

Resolve, to Create a Committee to Establish a Memorial Dedicated to the Civilian Conservation Corps

Sec. 1. Committee established. Resolved: That the Committee to Establish a Memorial Dedicated to the Civilian Conservation Corps, referred to in this resolve as the "committee," is established; and be it further

Sec. 2. Membership. Resolved: That the committee consists of at least 3 but not more than 5 members:

1. Two to 4 former members of the Civilian Conservation Corps appointed by the Civilian Conservation Corps Alumni of Maine; and
2. One member of the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House; and be it further

Sec. 3. Appointments; meetings. Resolved: That all appointments must be made no later than 30 days following the effective date of this resolve. The Executive Director of the Legislative Council must be notified by all appointing authorities once the selections have been made. The President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall jointly appoint the chair of the committee; and be it further

Sec. 4. Duties. Resolved: That the committee shall study issues involved in the establishment of a memorial dedicated to the Civilian Conservation Corps including:

1. Where the memorial should be located;
2. What should be inscribed on the memorial; and
3. A funding mechanism for building the memorial, including, but not limited to, a public and private partnership; and be it further

Sec. 5. Compensation. Resolved: That members of the committee are not entitled to compensation.

Sec. 6. Report. Resolved: That the Committee to Establish a Memorial Dedicated to the Civilian Conservation Corps shall submit its report, together with any necessary implementing legislation, to the Second Regular Session of the 119th Legislature no later than January 14, 2000.

Effective September 18, 1999, unless otherwise indicated.

APPENDIX B

Membership List

**COMMITTEE TO ESTABLISH A MEMORIAL DEDICATED TO THE
CIVILIAN CONSERVATION CORPS**

Chapter 83, Resolves of 1999

Membership 1999

Appointment(s) by the Speaker

Rep. Robert W. Duplessie **Chair**
41 Carol Street
Westbrook, ME 04092
(207)-797-8482

Maine Civilian Conservation Corps

Robert Chenevert
83 Fort Road
South Portland, Maine 04106

Ronald Dougherty
21 Fairlane Drive
Acton, Maine 04001

Philip J. Gouzie
30 Arlington Road
South Portland, Maine 04106

Robert Poisson
14 Mayfield Road
Portland, Maine 04103

APPENDIX C

List Of Civilian C. C. C. And Projects In Maine

CCC CAMPS IN MAINE — 1933 - 1942

LOCATION	NAME	COMPANY	DATE OPENED	DATE CLOSED	SUPERVISORY AGENCY	PRIMARY FUNCTION
Alfred	Alfred	130th P-52	June 1933	Nov. 1941	Maine (O.T.) Forest Service	FOREST PROTECTION Insect & Disease Control
Baxter Park	(Foster Field) Millinocket	130th SP-2 P-52	June 1934	Oct. 1934	National Park Service	Roads and Trails
Lewiston	Lewiston	132nd P-59	June 1933	May 1937	Maine (O.T.) Park Service	FOREST PROTECTION Insect and Disease
Rangeley	Rangeley	144th P-55	June 1933	May 1937	Maine (M.F.D.) Forest Service	FOREST FIRE PROTECTION Roads, Trails & Buildings
Chatham, N.H. Stow, Maine	Cold River	152nd MF-13	May 1933	1936	U.S. Forest Service	Evans Notch Road
Bar Harbor	Eagle Lake	154th NP-1	May 1934	June 1942	National Park Service	FOREST CULTURE Roads, Trails, Recreation
Gilead	Wild River	156th NF-2	May 1933	1937	U.S. Forest Service	Evans Notch Road
Southwest Harbor	Great Pond	158th NP-2	May 1933	Sept. 1941	National Park Service	FOREST CULTURE Roads, Trails, Recreation
Patten	Patten Hay Lake	159th P-60	June 1933 Jan. 1935	Dec. 1935 Sept. 1937	Maine (M.F.D.) Forest Service	FOREST FIRE PROTECTION Roads, Trails, Buildings
Greenville	Moosehead	160th P-57	June 1933	Sept. 1938	Maine (M.F.D.) Forest Service	FOREST FIRE PROTECTION Roads, Trails, Buildings
Stow, Maine	Cold River	160th P-57	Oct. 1938	Oct. 1939	Maine Forest Service White Mt. Nat. Forest	1933 Hurricane Emergency
Wesley	Kerwin Brook	160th P-57	Oct. 1939	June 1942	Maine (M.F.D.) Forest Service	FOREST FIRE PROTECTION Roads, Trails, Buildings
Portland	Ft. Williams	165th	May 1933	June 1942	U.S. Army	Supply
Flagstaff	Flagstaff	178th P-56	June 1933	Sept. 1935	Maine (M.F.D.) Forest Service	FOREST FIRE PROTECTION Forest Service
Princeton	Far East Princeton	192nd S-53	June 1933	June 1941	Maine (M.F.D.) Forest Service	FOREST FIRE PROTECTION Roads, Trails, Buildings
Millinocket	Baxter Park	(2103) 193rd P-61	June 1933	Oct. 1935	National Forest Service	FOREST CULTURE Roads, Trails, Buildings
Ellsworth	Governor Brann	(1104) 193rd NP	June 1933 Oct. 1935	Oct. 1935 June 1936	National Park Service	FOREST CULTURE Roads, Trails, Recreation
Baxter Park	Avalanche Brook Millinocket	1123rd (Sp-4) NP	June 1935	Aug. 1935	National Park Service	Roads, Trails, Recreation

CCC CAMPS IN MAINE — 1933 - 1942

LOCATION	NAME	COMPANY	DATE OPENED	DATE CLOSED	SUPERVISORY AGENCY	PRIMARY FUNCTION
Bridgton	Bridgton	1124th P-66	July 1935	May 1941	Maine (O.T.) Forest Service	FOREST PROTECTION Insect & Disease Control
Beddington	Beddington	Bonus Veterans P-54	July 1933	May 1935	Maine (M.F.D.) Forest Service	FOREST FIRE PROTECTION Roads, Trails, Buildings
Beddington	Deer Lake Beddington	1127th P-64	Aug. 1935	Sept. 1937	Maine (M.F.D.) Forest Service	FOREST FIRE PROTECTION Roads, Trails, Buildings
Ayer Junction	Moosehorn	1129th	July 1939	1941	U.S. Bureau of Biological Survey	Fish & Wildlife Management
Camden	Camden Hills	1130th NP	June 1935	Sept. 1941	National Park Service	Camp Tanglewood Rec. Roads, Trails, Buildings, Rec.
Portland	Ft. Williams	1131st 1 Army	July 1935	1939	U.S. Army	Construction
Jefferson	No. Whitefield Jefferson	389th Bonus Veterans	June 1933	Sept. 1935	Maine (O.T.) Forest Service	FOREST PROTECTION Insect & Disease Control
Jefferson	No. Whitefield Jefferson	1163rd P-51	Sept. 1935	Sept. 1940	Maine (O.T.) Forest Service	FOREST PROTECTION Insect & Disease Control
Seboomook	Seboomook	(Negro) Bonus P-62 Veterans	June 1933	Aug. 1933	Maine (M.F.D.) Forest Service	FOREST FIRE PROTECTION Roads, Trails, Buildings
Kokadjo	Grant Farm	Bonus Veterans Negro	Aug. 1933	Aug. 1933	Maine (M.F.D.) Forest Service	FOREST FIRE PROTECTION Roads, Trails & Buildings

Source: "In the Public Interest"

APPENDIX D

Depiction of Memorial



APPENDIX E

Proposed Legislation

AN ACT TO ESTABLISH A MEMORIAL DEDICATED TO THE CIVILIAN
CONSERVATION CORPS

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 5 MRSA § 308 is enacted to read:

§ 308. Establishment of a memorial to Civilian Conservation Corps

The commission shall construct and maintain a memorial dedicated to the Civilian Conservation Corps, in honor of those who served and in recognition of their contributions to the State of Maine. The memorial must be located and constructed in accordance with a plan approved by the commission and the Legislative Council. Subject to available funding, the memorial must be completed by October 1, 2000. In addition, construction of the memorial must be in accordance with the following provisions.

1. Location. The memorial shall be located immediately west of the main entrance to the Maine State Library-Museum-Archives Building in the State House complex.

2. Memorial design and inscription. The memorial shall be of a design that is the same or similar to the memorial erected by the State of Michigan to honor the Civilian Conservation Corps. At a minimum, it must be a bronze casting, approximately 6 feet in height, of a Civilian Conservation Corps worker, and must be placed on an elevated base constructed in whole or part of stone or other natural materials. The area adjacent to the memorial must be landscaped with natural plantings following completion of the memorial.

The memorial must have a bronze plaque placed upon it, on which is inscribed the following or similar language as determined by the Legislative Council:

"In Honor Of The Young Men Of The Civilian Conservation Corps Who Changed the Face Of Maine From 1933 To 1942 By Building Parks, Roads, Trails, Forests And Citizenship, Leaving A Lasting Legacy To The Conservation Of Natural Resources For Which All Citizens Of Maine Owe A Debt Of Gratitude."

3. Funding. The commission may accept state and local funds, gifts and other contributions to be used solely to carry out the purposes of this section. All contributions or other funds received must be reported in writing to the Legislative Council at least quarterly. The commission shall make use of the services provided by the Maine Conservation Corps, Department of Conservation as feasible and appropriate.

4. Maintenance of historical and educational information. The State Archivist shall maintain and make available to the public a listing of persons who served in the Civilian Conservation Corps in Maine, if known, including the periods of service and projects on which they worked. In addition, the director of the Maine State Museum shall develop and display an

educational plaque regarding the memorial and the Civilian Conservation Corps and its accomplishments in Maine in the main entrance to the Maine State Library-Museum-Archives Building. Funds received by the commission pursuant to subsection 3 of this section may be used to pay the costs of developing the plaque.

Sec. 2. Appropriations. The following funds are appropriated from the General Fund to carry out the purposes of this Act.

	2000-01
Capitol Planning Commission	
All other	\$10,000
Provides funds for the costs of establishing a Civil Conservation Corps Memorial	
Capitol Planning Commission TOTAL	<hr/> \$10,000

SUMMARY

This bill establishes a memorial dedicated to the Civilian Conservation Corps. It places responsibility with the Capitol Planning Commission to establish and maintain the memorial near the entrance to the Maine State Library-Museum-Archives Building. Funding for the memorial is to be from a combination of public and private funds. In addition, educational and historical information regarding the Civilian Conservation Corps in Maine is to be maintained at the Maine State Museum.

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