



OFFICE OF SECURITIES
BUREAU OF INSURANCE
CONSUMER CREDIT PROTECTION
BUREAU OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS
OFFICE OF PROF. AND OCC. REGULATION

Report on 2016 Claims for Treatment of Lyme Disease and Other Tick-Borne Illnesses

PREPARED BY THE MAINE BUREAU OF INSURANCE March 2017

Paul R. LePage Governor Anne L. Head Commissioner

Eric A. Cioppa Superintendent



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> Eric A. Cioppa Superintendent

March 23, 2017

Senator Rodney L. Whittemore, Chair Representative Mark W. Lawrence, Chair Joint Standing Committee on Insurance and Financial Services 100 State House Station Augusta, ME 04333-0100

Dear Senator Whittemore, Representative Lawrence, and Honorable Members of the Joint Standing Committee:

Please accept this *Report on 2016 Claims for Treatment of Lyme Disease and Other Tick-Borne Illnesses,* compiled by the Maine Bureau of Insurance.

This report is being issued pursuant to 24-A M.R.S.A. §4302 (5).

Should you have any questions regarding this report, do not hesitate to contact this office.

Sincerely,

Eric A. Cioppa Superintendent of Insurance

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Background

Pursuant to 24-A M.R.S. §4302(5), the Superintendent of Insurance must report information annually to the Joint Standing Committee on Insurance and Financial Services related to insurance claims made for the diagnosis and treatment of Lyme disease and other tick-borne illnesses for all covered individuals in the State of Maine. This report covers calendar year 2016.

Included within this report is data about the number of claims made for the diagnosis and treatment of Lyme disease and other tick-borne illnesses; the number of claim denials and reasons for those denials; the number and outcome of internal appeals; the total dollar amounts of those claims; and the number of external appeals related to the treatment of Lyme disease and other tick-borne illnesses.

The Maine Center for Disease Control and Prevention identified five kinds of reported tickborne illnesses in Maine: Lyme disease, Babesiosis, Ehrlichiosis (Anaplasmosis), Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever, and Powassan virus. Insurance carriers licensed to write health insurance coverage in Maine are required to report to the Bureau of Insurance claims information for all five tick-borne illnesses.

Data is collected via an online reporting form and includes claims for all insured Maine residents; however, the data does not include MaineCare or Medicare claims. Respondents include active insurers with authority to write health insurance in Maine. There was a 99% percent response rate from insurers.

Tick-Borne Illness Claims by Category

Table 1 shows the number of claims submitted, paid and denied by category of tick-borne illness, as well as the total amount paid for claims. The reported data includes claims made for the diagnosis and treatment of tick-borne illnesses in 2016 for covered individuals in Maine. Five categories of tick-borne illnesses are listed based upon the International Classification of Diseases (ICD-10 codes).

The figures in Table 1 represent the number of claims reported, not the number of enrollees with a tick-borne illness. One enrollee may have several claims within the calendar year relating to a tick-borne illness. The "Percentage of Claims Paid" column is calculated by dividing the number of claims paid for a category (e.g., Lyme) by the number of claims submitted for that category.

Table 1. Tick-Borne Illness Claims by Category, 2016						
Category	Submitted	Paid	Denied	Percentage of Claims Paid	Total Paid	
Babesiosis	647	589	58	91.04%	\$88,208.03	
Ehrlichiosis	230	180	50	78.26%	\$117,052.09	
(Anaplasmosis)						
Lyme disease	13,982	12,995	987	92.94%	\$1,604,775.29	
Powassan virus	1	1	0	100.00%	\$10.00	
Rocky Mountain	102	102	0	100.00%	\$12,687.87	
Spotted Fever						
Total:	14,962	13,867	1,095	92.68%	\$1,822,733.28	

Reasons for Denied Tick-Borne Illness Claims

Table 2 provides the reasons given for denied claims related to any treatment for tick-borne illnesses. A claim may have multiple reasons for denial. The top three reasons for denial were Duplicate Claim, Incorrect Coding and No Pre-Authorization.

Table 2. Reasons for Denied Tick-Borne Illness Claims, 2016			
Reasons for Denial	Number of Denied Claims		
Duplicate Claim	189		
Incorrect Coding	139		
No Pre-Authorization	97		
Coverage Terminated	89		
Not a Covered Benefit	75		
Maximum Benefits Exceeded	36		
Non-Participating Provider	26		
More Information Requested/Not Received	17		
Not Medically Necessary	2		
Considered Experimental/Investigational	1		
Pre-existing conditions Exclusion	0		
Other Reasons for Denial	424		
Total:	1,095		

Appeals/Reconsiderations/External Reviews for All Tick-Borne Illnesses

Table 3 provides the number of appeals and reconsiderations that were conducted by the insurance companies reporting data to the Bureau of Insurance. The Bureau had no requests for an independent external review relating to tick-borne illnesses in 2016.

Table 3. Number of Appeals/Reconsiderations and External Reviews for All Tick-Borne Illnesses, 2016						
	Upheld	Overturned	Other	Total		
Appeals/Reconsideration (Internal)	3	0	0	3		
Independent External Reviews	0	0	0	0		
(Conducted by the Insurer,						
not the Bureau of Insurance)						
Total:	3	0	0	3		

Lyme Disease Claims by Treatment Type

Table 4 shows the number of Lyme disease claims by type of treatment provided for covered individuals. Claims for antibiotic treatment by any means of administration are counted.

The "Percentage of Claims Paid" column is calculated by dividing the number of claims paid for a treatment type by the number of claims submitted for that treatment type. It is possible for information about one enrollee to be entered in more than one category. For example, an enrollee could have paid claims for antibiotics and have paid claims for other types of treatment, such as physical therapy.

Table 4. Lyme Disease Claims by Treatment Type, 2016					
Treatment Type	Submitted	Paid	Percentage of Claims Paid	Denied	Total Paid
Antibiotic Treatment	2,841	2,803	98.66%	35	\$234,080.52
Other Treatment	11,169	10,199	91.32%	970	\$1,372,593.05
Total:	14,010	13,002	92.81%	1,005	\$1,606,673.57