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December 20, 2016

Joint Standing Committee on Education and Cultural Affairs 127th Maine Legislature Cross Office Building 202 Augusta, Maine 04333

Dear Members of the Joint Standing Committee on Education and Cultural Affairs:

The Maine Community College System is providing this letter in accordance with 20-A MRSA §10013. This law requires the Maine Community College System, University of Maine System (UMS), and Maine Maritime Academy (MMA) to provide the following information about first-generation college students by January 15th of each year:

- A. Data regarding enrollment of first-generation college students and educational outcomes, including graduation rates for first-generation college students compared with other college students;
- B. A summary of strategies used and activities undertaken to increase enrollment and graduation rates of first-generation college students and any available data indicating the effect of those strategies and activities; and
- C. Plans for or recommendations regarding new strategies or actions designed to increase enrollment and graduation rates of first-generation college students.

To meet the requirements of the legislation, MCCS worked with the University of Maine System (UMS) and Maine Maritime Academy (MMA) to coordinate data collection and reporting in order to promote a common framework for determining enrollment and educational outcomes of first-generation college students. Additionally, the three institutions agreed that for the purpose of this report, we would define a first-generation student as one with neither parent having completed a college degree. Each institution determined the level of college completion appropriate to its mission. For MCCS, a student is first-generation if neither parent has earned an associate degree. For UMS and MMA, a student is first-generation if neither parent has earned a bachelor's degree. For consistency, we are also providing data on MCCS students with neither parent having earned a bachelor's degree.

The three institutions agreed that questions on applications for admission related to parents' highest level of education should provide students the opportunity to be specific about the degree completed by each parent. Since previously this information had not been consistently requested or collected by MCCS, our colleges revised their applications for new students entering in the fall of 2014.

This year, we are providing statistics for students who entered a Maine community college in fall 2016 (Table 1). We are also including the data we reported to the Committee in 2015 and 2014 (Tables 2 and 3). As the summary below indicates, MCCS has seen a slight decrease in 2016 in the percent of our students who are first generation using either definition.

	Fall 2014	Fall 2015	Fall 2016
Neither parent has an associate degree	49%	51%	47%
Neither parent has a bachelor's degree	67%	68%	66%

Student outcomes, including graduation rates for first-generation college students compared with other college students, will be reported at 150% time to completion (three years), consistent with National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) reporting. Graduation, transfer, and still-enrolled rates for the cohort of students who entered a Maine community college in fall 2014, disaggregated by first-generation status, will be available in 2017.

Community colleges serve more first-generation students than any other sector of U.S. higher education. Although nearly one-third of students entering two- and four-year colleges in the United States each year are first-generation, that figure is doubled at Maine's community colleges where 66% of all entering students are first generation.

First generation students are more likely to be minorities, older, and poorer than their peers, factors that place them at greater risk of not achieving their college goals. As a group, they are far less likely to graduate. In six years, 40 percent of first-generation students will have earned a bachelor's or associate's degree or a certificate, vs. 55 percent of their peers whose parents attended college.

MCCS student success strategies are targeted to first-generation students and others who are at greatest risk of failing to finish their programs of study. They include:

- TRIO Student Support Services Programs at each of our colleges. These programs are designed specifically to serve low-income, first-generation college students and offer comprehensive, individual support through academic planning, tutoring, financial aid assistance, financial literacy, and guidance in course selection and registration.
- On-campus employment opportunities that allow students to build their work schedule around their classes.
- Intensive college readiness experiences offered at no cost in the summer before students enroll in a program of study.
- Mandatory orientation and college-readiness courses.
- Accelerated learning programs that mainstream remedial students using a model of instruction that combines academic support and college-level coursework.

In addition, through gifts and grants to The Foundation for Maine's Community Colleges, MCCS has expanded the number of college navigators at all seven colleges, to help ensure that students—especially those with little experience of college—have the academic and personal supports they need to persist and complete a college degree.

Finally, we remain committed to making sure our colleges are as affordable as possible. Maine's community colleges continue to offer the lowest tuition and fees in New England.

I would be glad to meet with you at any time to address questions or concerns the Committee may have regarding our students who are the first in their family to attend college.

Sincerely yours,

Derek P. Langhauser President

cc: Commissioner of Education

Tables 1, 2, and 3 appear on the following pages.

Maine Community College System

TABLE 1: Fall 2016 Entering Degree-Seeking Students by College and by Number and Percentage of First-Generation Students

		Neither parent has a(n):			
	Entering Students	Associate		Bachelor's	
College	#	#	%	#	%
СМСС	734	365	50%	524	71%
EMCC	701	334	48%	472	67%
КУСС	486	251	52%	360	74%
NMCC	220	107	49%	161	73%
SMCC	1,501	648	43%	852	57%
WCCC	133	63	47%	96	72%
YCCC	386	188	49%	265	69%
MCCS	4,161	1,956	47%	2,730	66%

Fall 2016 total entering students: 4,571

TABLE 2: Fall 2015 Entering Degree-Seeking Students by College and by Number and Percentage of First-Generation Students

		Neither parent has a(n):			
	Entering Students	Associate		Bachelor's	
College	#	#	%	#	%
СМСС	775	428	55%	569	73%
EMCC	596	287	48%	396	66%
KVCC	499	266	53%	371	74%
NMCC	174	87	50%	124	71%
SMCC	1,626	786	48%	1015	62%
WCCC	148	87	59%	112	76%
YCCC	406	201	50%	285	70%
MCCS	4,224	2,142	51%	2,872	68%

Fall 2015 total entering students: 4,350

		Neither parent has a(n):			
	Entering Students	Associate		Bachelor's	
College	#	#	%	#	%
СМСС	629	345	55%	460	73%
EMCC	477	198	42%	312	65%
КУСС	392	185	47%	272	69%
NMCC	190	98	52%	133	70%
SMCC	1,669	831	50%	1,065	64%
WCCC	106	69	65%	87	82%
YCCC	454	210	46%	311	69%
MCCS	3,917	1,936	49%	2,640	67%

TABLE 3: Fall 2014 Entering Degree-Seeking Students by College and by Number and Percentage of First-Generation Students

Fall 2014 total entering students: 4,483

The source for data in the tables is the MCCS Data Mart. Only first-time and transfer students with reported parental education levels are included. Data about parents' levels of education are self-reported by applicants on the application for admission. The analysis presumes that applicants have accurate knowledge of their parents' educational achievements.