

MEMORANDUM

- TO: The Honorable Senator Scott Cowger The Honorable Representative Theodore Koffman Joint Standing Committee on Natural Resources
- FROM: Dawn R. Gallagher, Commissioner, Department of Environmental Protection

DATE: March 29, 2005

SUBJECT: Biennial Shoreland Zoning Report to the Legislature

I am pleased to submit the Department of Environmental Protection's biennial shoreland zoning report to the Legislature as required by section 449 of the Mandatory Shoreland Zoning Act. The report includes a description of assistance and supervision that the Department has provided to municipalities, a summary of shoreland zoning activities conducted by local code enforcement officers, and recommendations from the Department for legislation and program activities relating to shoreland zoning.

The Department would be pleased to discuss the contents of this report with the Committee at its convenience.

BIENNIAL SHORELAND ZONING REPORT

TO THE

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE

Submitted by the:

Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Land and Water Quality Division of Land Resource Regulation Shoreland Zoning Unit

Pursuant to 38 M.R.S.A., Section 449

March 21, 2005

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Mandatory Shoreland Zoning Act, Title 38 MRSA sections 435-449, requires Maine's organized municipalities to enact ordinances regulating land-use activities in shoreland areas. The Department establishes, through its *State of Maine Guidelines for Municipal Shoreland Zoning Ordinances* (Guidelines), minimum standards for the municipally adopted ordinances. It also provides general oversight of municipal administration and enforcement of shoreland zoning ordinances.

The Department's Shoreland Zoning Unit continues to focus its efforts on education and assistance. These efforts are directed at local officials, landowners, and groups such as logging professionals and realtors. The Department, annually, holds formal training sessions throughout the state for code enforcement officers. Other regional workshops are held for planning boards and other interest groups. The Department has added an additional educational pamphlet providing guidance on setback measurements, and has added its *Handbook of Shoreland Owners* to the Department's web page.

Staff spends much time assisting local officials with permitting and enforcement issues. Site visits occur frequently in order to assist local officials. Many requests for assistance are also addressed through written and oral communications.

Department staff reviewed 136 shoreland zoning ordinances and amendments during the last two years. We also reviewed more than 30 comprehensive plans.

The Department has been drafting revisions to its Guidelines and will be presenting them to the Board of Environmental Protection in the spring of 2005 for public hearing. Some of the proposed changes pertain to recreational trails, vegetated buffer standards, setbacks from certain coastal bluffs, and increased setbacks in newly created General Development Districts.

The Department is finalizing an enforcement policy to better guide staff as it deals with municipalities and landowners who do not compy with the shoreland zoning rules. We will be taking stronger actions against individuals who violate buffer and setback requirements and who do not cooperate with local code enforcement officers.

Code enforcement officers are required to submit permit and enforcement data to the Department on a biennial basis. The reporting rate remains quite low although it has been rising. For this past two-year period we had a 60% reporting rate, up from 50% the previous period. The average number of new principal structures per town

increased from 3.8 to 4.6 structures per town. However, the number of expanded structures reported was fewer per town. The number of variances granted in the shoreland zone remains a concern of the Department. In the reporting period nearly 55% of the variance requests were approved.

The 271 code officers reporting confirmed the presence of 566 violations. Only 15 violations proceeded to the court system. Eight-seven were resolved through the consent agreement process and the remaining violations were resolved informally.

The Department is recommending one legislative change to the Mandatory Shoreland Zoning Act. We believe that the definition of "coastal wetland" in the Act, as well as in the Natural Resources Protection Act, should be amended by striking the reference to "debris lines". Debris lines change from tide to tide, and from storm to storm. Debris lines should not be used as a criterion for determining structure setbacks.

SHORELAND ZONING REPORT TO THE 122TH LEGISLATURE

Prepared by the Department of Environmental Protection's Shoreland Zoning Unit

Introduction

This report is submitted to the Maine Legislature pursuant to Title 38 M.R.S.A. section 449. Section 449 requires the Commissioner of Environmental Protection to biennially report on the implementation and impact of local shoreland zoning ordinances. The report must include:

- 1. a description of the assistance and supervision that the commissioner has provided to the municipalities in carrying out their shoreland zoning responsibilities;
- 2. a summary of the shoreland zoning violations investigated by municipal code enforcement officers; and
- 3. any recommendations for legislation relating to shoreland zoning.

Program Description

The Mandatory Shoreland Zoning Act, commonly referred to as the shoreland zoning law, was implemented in the early 1970's. The Act, as amended, requires all organized municipalities to enact ordinances relating to land use activities in the shoreland zone. The shoreland zone consists of land areas within 250 feet, horizontal distance, of the normal high-water line of great ponds, rivers and tidal waters; within 250 feet, horizontal distance, of the upland edge of freshwater and coastal wetlands; and within 75 feet, horizontal distance, of streams.

The Board of Environmental Protection (BEP) establishes minimum standards for the municipally adopted shoreland ordinances. Those minimum standards are contained in the *State of Maine Guidelines for Municipal Shoreland Zoning Ordinances* (Guidelines), Chapter 1000 of the Department's rules. The Act allows a municipality to enact a different set of standards than those of the Guidelines when it documents to the Commissioner that special local conditions warrant other standards.

The Commissioner of Environmental Protection must approve all shoreland ordinances, and amendments thereto, before they become effective. If a

municipality fails to adopt a suitable shoreland zoning ordinance, the Act requires the BEP to adopt an ordinance for the municipality. The BEP-adopted ordinance is referred to as a *State-imposed ordinance*, and must be administered and enforced by the municipality just as if the municipality had adopted it.

The Department's shoreland zoning program is presently administered by three staff members; one in the Augusta office, one in the Portland office, and one in the Bangor office. For six months during the period covered by this report the Bangor position was vacant, but was filled in August of 2003. The Department's shoreland zoning unit is now more accessible to municipal officials and its field activities are now more efficiently accomplished. In 2005, the Department expects to further regionalize shoreland zoning assistance by providing additional assistance with existing staff in its Presque Isle office.

The main effort of the staff of the shoreland zoning unit is that of education and technical assistance. Enforcement may become a greater part of the Department's efforts in the coming years, but assistance and education can not be replaced with an onerous enforcement presence. Municipal boards are made up of volunteers who do not deal with land use issues on a regular basis. We believe the education and assistance efforts of staff will pay greater dividends than a threatening enforcement posture. With that said, we recognize that there are times when enforcement actions will be necessary. Thus, as noted later in this report, the Department has developed an enforcement policy for the shoreland zoning program.

Assistance to Municipalities

Municipal assistance makes up the core of the Department's shoreland zoning efforts and is accomplished in numerous ways. The following are some of the activities that were undertaken during the past two-year period to assist municipalities with their shoreland zoning responsibilities.

1. <u>Training</u>. The Department continues to work cooperatively with the State Planning Office's *Code Enforcement Officer (CEO) Certification and Training Program*. In 2003, the shoreland zoning unit served as faculty at six day-long training sessions for code officers throughout the state. Sessions were held in Bucksport, China, Dover-Forxcroft, Machias, Poland, and Presque Isle. Each class included a lecture session, followed by field activities related to freshwater and coastal wetlands. Classroom discussion focused on land use standards and nonconformance issues. Approximately 200 code enforcement officers attended these sessions.

In 2004, another set of day-long training sessions were held for approximately 175 code officers. This set consisted of classroom and field exercises in the towns of Falmouth, Machias, Orrington, Presque Isle and Skowhegan. Emphasis was placed on erosion control, hazard trees, and limitations on clearing of vegetation adjacent to water bodies and wetlands.

Shoreland zoning staff participated in several other training sessions pertaining to shoreland zoning issues for code enforcement officers, including the State Planning Office's multi-issues workshops in the fall of both years. We also spoke at regional code enforcement officer association meetings in Belfast, Madison, Presque Isle, and Union.

In addition, staff conducts workshops for individual towns or groups of surrounding towns to educate planning boards on shoreland zoning issues. This training may be general in nature or be specific to a particular project or application. Workshops were conducted in the following individual towns: Beals, Cutler, Dexter, Etna, Fryeburg, Glenburn, Hartland, Lebanon, Limerick, Limington, Lincoln, Lubec, Machias, Madawaska, Mariaville, New Portland, Newport, Northport, Orient, South Bristol, Southwest Harbor, Stockton Springs, Swanville, and Weston. Regional workshops were held in the towns of Frenchville and Houlton in Aroostook County.

Workshops and other educational efforts were also provided to various other interest groups, such as the Small Woodland Owners Association, several lake associations, the Congress of Lakes Association, the Androscoggin River Watershed Council, an association of land surveyors, loggers and foresters, and boards of realtors.

2. <u>Educational Materials</u>. The Department drafted a new educational bulletin in October of 2003. The Information Sheet titled *Establishing the Starting Point for Measurement of the Shoreland Zone and Related Setback Determinations* was drafted to assist municipal officials and the public in determining proper setbacks and the depth of the shoreland zone. Determining coastal setbacks, in particular, has been problematic to many. It is not uncommon for code officers and the regulated community to measure setbacks from the mean highwater line, rather than the maximum spring tide level. This new bulletin, along with published tidal levels, should be helpful in getting proper measurements for shoreland proposals.

The Department has also updated three other educational pamphlets relating to shoreland zoning. The Issue Profiles: *The Mandatory Shoreland Zoning Act; Clearing of Vegetation in the Shoreland Zone; and Nonconforming Structures in the Shoreland Zone* are now current.

Another noteworthy action relating to educational materials is the addition of the Department's *Maine Shoreland Zoning – A Handbook for Shoreland Owners* to its *shoreland zoning web page*. This page is found at <u>http://www.maine.gov/dep/blwq/docstand/szpage.htm</u>. The handbook has been very popular and in much demand since it was first published in 1998. However, until 2004 only hard copies were available. The Department produced and distributed nearly 20,000 of these booklets to landowners, realtors, consultants and town officials. Now that is has been placed on the internet, the Department's printing and mailing costs associated with the handbook should be significantly reduced.

Town officials have received five issues of the *Shoreland Zoning Newsletter*. The Newsletter is published approximately three times a year, and serves to update town officials on changes in the program, as well as to serve as a general training tool. A copy of the most recent Newsletter is appended to this report as Appendix A.

3. <u>Municipal Program Evaluations</u>. In 1999 the Department began "auditing" various municipalities' administration and enforcement of their respective ordinances. In 2004, staff conducted reviews of shoreland zoning administration for the town of Cape Elizabeth and the city of Bangor. The reviews consisted of meeting with the chairpersons of the planning board and appeals board, and with the code enforcement officer. Staff found that the two municipalities are doing an adequate job of administering their respective ordinances. In 2005 the Department plans to conduct audits of the Brewer and Freeport programs.

4. Ordinance Reviews. All newly adopted ordinances and amendments to those ordinances must be approved by the Commissioner of DEP before they become effective. During the past two years the Department has reviewed 136 ordinances and amendments. Nineteen amendments to locally adopted ordinances were approved with conditions because the amendments were not fully consistent with the Department's Guidelines. One town, Centerville, voted to deorganize and is now under the jurisdiction of the Land Use Regulation Commission. Centerville was subject to a State-imposed shoreland zoning ordinance, so that ordinance is not longer necessary and has been repealed. One other town with a State-imposed ordinance, Parsonsfield, adopted an ordinance nearly consistent with the Department's Guidelines. Thus, Parsonsfield's State-imposed ordinance was repealed and replaced with a Conditional Order of Approval. There are now only 51 fully state-imposed ordinances and 3 partially state-imposed ordinances in place. The list of municipalities with state-imposed ordinances is found in Appendix B of this report.

Staff finds it noteworthy that several municipalities are adopting contract zoning provisions for areas that fall within the shoreland zone. Although this trend has been cause for some concern by the shoreland zoning staff, we have made it clear that each contract zone that involves land in the shoreland zone will be considered as an amendment to the town's shoreland zoning ordinance. Thus, each contract zone will need the formal approval of the Commissioner of the DEP.

The shoreland zoning unit also reviewed more than thirty comprehensive plans during the past two years. Staff provides comments to the State Planning Office on the respective plans as they relate to shoreland zoning issues.

5. <u>Miscellaneous Technical Assistance</u>. The greatest amount of staff's time is spent responding, either through site visits, written correspondence, or by telephone, to requests and inquiries from town officials and the public. Many site visits were conducted, mostly at

the request of local code enforcement officers. Staff's policy to respond to all site visit requests within 14 days of the request is well-adhered to.

Hundreds of responses to inquiries were written, and phone calls have numbered in the thousands.

Meetings with local planning boards and boards of appeals are common for the shoreland zoning staff. Most of these meetings occur during evening hours when these volunteer boards conduct their business.

Other Initiatives and Activities

The Department has been an active participant in the legislatively required, Department of Conservation led, stakeholders group that is working to create a set of state-wide timber harvesting standards. The Bureau of Forestry has developed proposed standards that will be proceeding through the rulemaking process in the first half of 2005. After those rules are formally adopted, the state-wide timber harvesting standards will be incorporated into the Guidelines.

Another important project is the Department's effort to develop other amendments to the Guidelines document. In addition to addressing minor flaws, the Department is addressing some more significant issues such as: the development of standards for recreational trails; the inclusion of a newly developed point system for determining a well-distributed stand of trees in the buffer area (already incorporated into the Natural Resources Protection Act for areas adjacent to small streams); a modification to the structure setback standard adjacent to unstable coastal bluffs; and a new General Development II District with a 75 foot setback requirement, instead of a setback of 25 feet as permitted in the General Development I District. The Department expects to hold a public hearing on the proposed changes soon after the state-wide timber harvesting standards are finalized and incorporated into the draft Guideline changes.

During the past two-year period, the Department has continued its efforts to reduce the number of municipalities that do not employ state-certified code enforcement officers. Efforts involve letters to, and discussions with, town officials stressing the importance of appointing a certified code enforcement officer. We have been successful at reducing the number from twenty to fifteen. Ten of the fifteen towns without certified code enforcement officers are from Aroostook and Washington counties. The remaining towns are in the general central Maine area. No towns south and west of Pownal and Canton are without certified code enforcement officers.

At the end of 2004 the Department began the task of digitizing the shoreland zoning maps for the towns and cities that have not already done so. We will first begin with those municipalities with State-imposed ordinances, followed by those towns with a locally adopted zoning map produced by the Department. The remaining towns that do not have their respective maps on the GIS system will then be digitized. Municipalities that already have digitized maps will be requested to forward that information to the Department to add to our computerized information. This process will not be completed in a short period but will greatly enhance our ability to provide prompt information to our customers, and will assist our licensing staff with their permitting decisions.

Enforcement and Permit Related Activities

1. <u>Development of Enforcement Policy</u>

Over the past year the Department, working with the Office of the Attorney General, developed a *Shoreland Zoning Noncompliance Response Policy* for dealing with municipalities that fail to adequately administer local shoreland zoning ordinances, and for situations where landowners violate statutory provisions of the Mandatory Shoreland Zoning Act. Statutory limitations include: structure setback requirements; clearing of vegetation for development standards; timber harvesting standards; and a 30% expansion limitation for nonconforming structures.

The enforcement policy establishes a procedure for addressing municipal noncompliance with its shoreland zoning responsibilities. Initial Department action will include an investigation of significant allegations of municipal deficiency. When it is determined that a problem exists, Department staff will work with the municipality in an attempt to rectify the problem. Actions may range from a phone call or a meeting with the local officials, to a formal training session for the appropriate officials. If enforcement of ordinance provisions is an issue, Department staff shall offer to assist the municipality with the enforcement process. Assistance shall be in the form of a mentoring capacity, as it is the municipality's responsibility to directly enforce its ordinance.

If the Department's efforts to assist the municipality with any documented instance of its failure to administer or enforce its shoreland zoning ordinance are not successful, the municipality will be noticed in writing, and a log of such notifications shall be kept in the municipality's shoreland zoning file. If the municipality fails to respond, or the response is not timely or adequate, that failure will become part of the record in the municipality's file, and enforcement against the municipality will be considered, consistent with factors established in the enforcement policy.

The Department has also established a procedure for addressing violations of the above noted statutory limitations in the Mandatory Shoreland Zoning Act. When the Department documents significant violations caused or contributed to by landowners or their contractors, the Department shall notify the municipality in writing of the violation, and request a written response from the municipality to the landowner detailing how it expects the situation to be addressed. The Department's correspondence must detail the minimum steps necessary for corrective action and offer guidance to the municipality as it pursues an enforcement action. The municipality shall be given a time-frame in which a response to the Department's notice is expected.

At this stage, the Department expects to be working cooperatively with municipal officers to encourage enforcement at the municipal level. Department staff may assist through actions such as meeting on-site with the violator and code enforcement officer, providing written opinions and draft Consent Agreements, and assisting with other formal enforcement documents. The Department's first priority shall be that of a mentor to municipal officials. However, the Department shall make it clear that it is authorized to proceed with formal enforcement action against the violator, should the municipality fail to resolve the violation.

If the municipality fails to take appropriate action, the Department may seek enforcement action against the violator. Possible actions include a letter of warning, a notice of violation, an administrative consent agreement, Rule 80K proceedings, or a referral to the Office of the Attorney General. The Department shall also document the failure of the municipality to enforce its ordinance, and take any appropriate actions pursuant to its policy pertaining to municipal noncompliance.

Examples currently under consideration for enforcement action against landowners for statutory violations of the Act include the creation of a cleared opening to a great pond in northern Maine, and a 100-foot wide cleared opening to the water in a coastal town. The Department is currently monitoring the municipal actions in these matters. If the violations cannot be resolved in a reasonable time frame the Department will initiate enforcement action against the land owners, seeking a monetary penalty as well as adequate replanting of native tree species.

The new enforcement policy provides clearer direction to staff as they seek compliance from landowners and municipalities in their respective legal obligations.

 <u>Reports from Municipal Code Enforcement Officers Relating to</u> <u>Permits</u>. Municipal code enforcement officers are required, on a biennial basis, to report to the Commissioner on their permitting and enforcement activities in the shoreland zone. The Department provides a standard form to the code officers for their reporting.

The percentage of town code officers who submitted the reports increased from 45% in 1998 to 57% in 2000, then decreased to 53% in 2002. In 2004, sixty (60) percent of the code officers submitted the report. While, overall, returns are increasing, a 60% return of the reporting forms is a rather poor response to a statutory requirement. The shoreland zoning staff is not confident in the reliability of some of the reports. Nearly fifty of the 271 reports submitted indicated that there were no permitting issues in the shoreland zone over the period of 2002 thru 2003. Thus, approximately 18% of the responding towns claimed to have had no permitted activities. This is two percent less than the 20% "no activities" reporting for 2000 and 2001. It seems unlikely that nearly 20% of the municipalities did not have shoreland zoning activities over a two-year period that required local permitting. Also noteworthy is that three code enforcement officers failed to recollect sending in an initial report and, consequently, submitted a second report. In all three cases the second report was different than the earlier submitted report for the same period. Appendix C lists the municipalities that filed reports and includes a significant portion of the reported permit and enforcement information.

The 271 reporting municipalities indicated that 1255 new principal structures were built in the shoreland zone. This averages out to 4.6 structures per municipality, as compared to 3.8 new structures per municipality during the previous biennium, and 3.6 per municipality the prior two year period. The noted increase in the number of newly permitted structures may signal a growing need for oversight in shoreland areas.

For every five new structures permitted, one replacement structure also received a permit. This finding is consistent with past reporting data.

There were 1488 expanded structures in the shoreland zone, as compared to the 1255 new principal structures constructed. In the prior two reporting periods, the number of expansions reported was nearly double that of new principal structures. Perhaps the lifetime, 30% expansion limitation for nonconforming structures is now having an effect on the numbers of structures that are being expanded. As more structures are expanded by 30% the number remaining that can be expanded is decreasing.

The 271 towns reporting also permitted 1285 accessory structures, nearly the same as the number of principal structures permitted.

3. <u>Reports from Code Enforcement Officers Relating to Variances</u>. Information relating to variances is also required from the code enforcement officer, although the board of appeals is responsible for the granting of variances and administrative appeals. In 2002 and 2003 nearly 55% of the variance applications were granted. This high percentage of variances granted is reason for concern. The "undue hardship" criteria necessary for obtaining a variance is difficult to meet. Yet more than half of the variance applications were granted in the last two years. In past years the percentage of variance applications granted ranged from 38 to 48%. Even those figures are greater than should be allowed under the current variance criteria. The Department is disappointed by what may be a trend toward the further weakening, by boards of appeals, of the requirements for obtaining a variance. We believe that the increased percentage of variance applications being approved justifies the re-adoption of the requirement that municipalities submit variance applications to the Department at least 14 days before acting on them. This request was not approved by the 120th legislature in 2001.

4. <u>Reports from Code Enforcement Officers Relating to Enforcement</u>. The 271 reporting code enforcement officers investigated 1126 complaints. Of those complaints, 566 involved activities that were confirmed to be violations of the local shoreland zoning ordinance.

The vast majority of the confirmed violations were settled through informal enforcement action. Eighty-seven of the violations were resolved through more formal administrative consent agreements, while direct court actions were limited to only fifteen instances. It is clear that informal enforcement action is the preferred choice of the municipalities.

As in past years, the most common types of violations relate to excessive clearing of vegetation, expansions of nonconforming structures beyond the 30% expansion limitation, and new construction within the required setback area. Excessive cutting of vegetation appears to be the violation that occurs most frequently.

Few violations pertain to the creation of new clear-cut swaths to the water. Most shorefront property owners know that they can not create cleared openings in the buffer/setback area. However, there remains a tendency for owners to reduce the width of the buffer, and cut more trees than permitted within that remaining buffer. The Department is stressing to code enforcement officers, the need for landowners to maintain the correct buffer width and amount of remaining vegetation. We are also stressing the need for proper erosion control. We have noticed an improvement in the use of erosion control measures in the shoreland zone.

5. <u>Enforcement Action Initiated by the Department of Environmental</u> <u>Protection</u>. The Department has not initiated any formal enforcement actions in the past two years. Consistent with our enforcement policy, however, we expect that during 2005 some enforcement actions will be taken against individuals for violations of the clearing limitations in the shoreland zone. For example, when an individual violates the clearing standards and the municipality does not adequately address the situation, the Department may initiate its own enforcement action against the individual. If there is a pattern of neglect on the part of the municipality the Department may seek a remedy against the town through a consent agreement or court action.

Recommendations and Related Issues

1. State-wide Timber Harvesting Standards.

The Department of Conservation is currently enacting uniform standards for timber harvesting activities in shoreland areas, including adjacent to small streams that are regulated pursuant to the Natural Resources Protection Act. When the standards are formally adopted by the Department of Conservation the shoreland zoning unit will amend its Guidelines to include the new standards. We will then conduct workshops and other informational events to inform the municipalities of the new rules and the various options the municipalities will have in addressing the new standards. (Legislative action not necessary)

2. Definition of Coastal Wetlands.

Both the Mandatory Shoreland Zoning Act (Title 38 MRSA section 436-A(1)) and the Natural Resources Protection Act (Title 38 MRSA section 480-B(2)) define a "coastal wetland". The term is defined as "all tidal and subtidal lands; all lands below an identifiable debris line left by tidal action; all lands with vegetation present that is tolerant of salt water and occurs primarily in a salt water or estuarine habitat; and any swamp, marsh, bog, beach, flat or other contiguous low land which is subject to tidal action during the maximum spring tide level as identified in tide tables published by the National Ocean Service. Coastal wetland may include portions of coastal sand dunes". The use of "debris lines" to determine the upland edge of a coastal wetland is not a precise method of determining setback requirements. The Department recommends the Legislature remove the debris line standard from the coastal wetland definition, leaving the salt tolerant vegetation and the maximum spring tide criteria. Many times, the changing debris lines do not result in the accurate placement of the

upland edge of the coastal wetland for setback measurement purposes. Using a debris line that changes from storm to storm does not provide a landowner with surety that his structure will be found conforming by the town officials.

A similar problem is found in the Natural Resource Protection Act which is also setback based. (Legislation necessary)





SHORELAND ZONING NEWS

Volume 17, Issue III

Inside this issue:

Guidelines to be Amended

New NRPA Point System; NWHL Confusion Cleared Up

Replacement of a Nonconforming Structure: Part II;

Reminder and Q & A

Please Share

For over 15 years, the Shoreland Zoning News has been helping town officials better understand the common issues surrounding shoreland zoning administration and enforcement. At least that is the feedback we've been getting. Unfortunately, we also hear that the News is not getting to everyone who would like to see it.

We keep our costs and mailing list manageable by sending four copies to one locally designated contact person to distribute to the selectmen, planning board, appeals board and code officer. If you are the contact person, please make sure the newsletters reach the other town officials.



Guidelines to be Amended

epartment staff is readying draft amendments to the State of Maine Guidelines for Municipal Shoreland Zoning Ordinances, last amended in 2000. The draft is not yet ready for public distribution, but the shoreland zoning staff expects to complete it by February of 2005. After the draft is completed we will send copies to each of the municipalities and anticipate holding public informational meetings on the proposed amendments. Afterward, the Department will ask the Board of Environmental Protection to authorize a public hearing or comment period before asking the Board to approve the changes.

You may be asking yourselves why the Department is proposing changes to the Guidelines at this time. First, the Legislature has amended the clearing/buffer standards pursuant to the Natural Resources Protection Act for water bodies that are not shoreland zoned. Those amended clearing standards have already been adopted by the Land Use Regulation Commission for its unorganized territories. The Department now plans to amend its clearing standards for shoreland areas in organized municipalities so that they are consistent throughout the State. The changes, if adopted by the Board, will result in a modified "point system", will limit footpaths to six feet in width even on coastal properties, and will require vegetation less than three feet in height to be maintained in the setback/ buffer area in all shoreland areas.

The Department of Environmental Protection is not planning to amend the timber harvesting standards at this time. The Department of Conservation (DOC) is currently drafting state-wide timber harvesting standards, but they have not yet been enacted. When the state-wide timber harvesting standards are adopted by the DOC the shoreland zoning unit will include those amendments in our Guidelines.

Another reason the Department is recommending changes to the shoreland zoning Guidelines document is that many people remain confused over coastal setback issues. Individuals, and some towns, still consider coastal setbacks as measured from mean high water, rather than the maximum spring tide level (i.e.: upland edge of the coastal wetland).

Finally, the Department recognizes that there are other areas of the Guidelines that are not clear, or are deficient. When the draft is completed we will explain proposed changes at regional meetings.



Fall 2004

New NRPA Point System

his past Legislative session yielded a fairly significant change to the Natural Resources Protection Act (NRPA) exemption pertaining to cutting or clearing of vegetation adjacent to protected natural resources that are not subject to shoreland zoning laws (38 M.R.S.A. §480-Q.23). This change does not affect your local shoreland zoning authority, rather it applies only to those areas around protected resources that do not fall under shoreland zoning regulations. The NRPA is a distinctly separate set of regulations than shoreland zoning, but it will eventually become important for you to understand the content of the change.

The NRPA amendment utilizes a plot size double that of the shoreland zoning point system, a 25 foot by 50 foot plot instead of a 25 foot square area. Tree diameter point assignment differs as well. Trees from 2 to 4 inches in diameter are still worth one point, while those 4 to 8 inches are worth 2 points. Trees 8 to 12 inches are worth 4 points, and those 12 or more inches are now worth 8 points. Note that there are four tree size classes in which to achieve points. The number of required points in any plot is expectedly different in that it requires that one maintains a minimum of 16 points in all areas.

Another deviation from the Guidelines includes a provision that allows no more than 50% of the points on any plot to be from trees greater than 12 inches in diameter, where conditions permit. In addition, vegetation under 3 feet in height must be retained in *all* areas, not only around great ponds. Furthermore, at least 5 saplings less than 2 inches in diameter must be retained in all plots.

Why are we telling you, primarily an audience made up of municipal officials, about these changes to a law administered exclusively by the DEP? It is important to know that these same changes will be incorporated into the State of Maine Guidelines for Municipal Shoreland Zoning Ordinances (Guidelines) in the very near future. As you read in our feature article, we are in the process of finalizing draft changes to the Guidelines. Municipalities will eventually be required to adopt amendments to local ordinances that incorporate these changes.



Normal High-Water Line **Confusion Cleared Up**

I ith frequency, the Department's Field Services & Enforcement staffers make site visits with Code Enforcement Officers, property owners, contractors, surveyors, and others to determine the extent of the Department's regulatory authority under various laws administered by the Department.

Quite often the issues at a site are natural resource based and staff is asked to determine the upland edge of a wetland or the normal high-water line (NHWL) of a waterbody. Generally, our field services and licensing staff are making a determination of NHWL as it applies to the Natural Resources Protection Act (NRPA) only. Municipal officials and others can become entranced with the Department's NHWL determination techniques and lose focus of a very important issue, that the NHWL determination is not necessarily the same as it may be under the town's shoreland zoning ordinance.

Most town ordinances define the normal high-water line as State shoreland zoning guidelines suggest. This definition is identical to the NRPA definition of NHWL, except that the shoreland zoning definition adds the following language: "[i]n the case of wetlands adjacent to rivers and great ponds, the normal high-water line is the upland edge of the wetland, and not the edge of the open water." In most cases the NHWL determination is consistent with the NRPA determination. However, in those cases where there is wetland adjacent to a great pond or river that occurs at or below the higher water level of the year, those wetlands are technically considered to be part of the river (Continued on page 3)

Contract Zoning Reminder

or those municipalizoning within shoreland zoned areas, please note that the Department must review each contract that the municipality approves within shoreland areas, just as we review all other ordinance amendments.

ties that implement contract

(*Continued from page 2*) or great pond. Structure setbacks would begin at that point.

We have seen instances where the NRPA and shoreland zoning NHWL determinations differ by as much as 60 feet. In one particular case the CEO based his local shoreland zoning setbacks on the NRPA NHWL determination. Significant wetlands were present, which resulted in a new structure located not only immediately adjacent to, but even over the lake. Fortunately the structure was a wooden walkway (approximately 100' long) and it was easily (relatively speaking, of course) moved back from the lake during the resolution of other violations on the site.

Department staff dealing with NRPA issues will continue to make a strong effort to inform the interested parties that their normal high-water line determination is based solely on the NRPA definition, and not the shoreland zoning definition. Meanwhile, people (municipal officials especially) should be very aware of this potential discrepancy and appropriately apply their local ordinance. If a municipal official desires assistance in determining where the normal high-water line is based on their ordinance language, some of the Department's field services staff are qualified to assist in this matter, or you may contact the Department Shoreland Zoning Unit staff person in your region. (Our contact information is located on the last page of this newsletter)



We're Looking for Some Good Stories and Questions!!!

Have any good tales from the field? Nightmares from the courtroom? Questions that frequently arise? Feel free to contact us with these quips and we will consider sharing the stories in this newsletter in an effort to help others. The Shoreland Zoning News is intended to provide you with information to help you do your job!

Replacement of a Structure: Part II

A fter our last edition of the Shoreland Zoning News we were contacted by a CEO from a town that adopted and administers the alternative to the 30% expansion rule. He requested that we clarify the nonconforming structure replacement standards under this alternate provision, much like we did in our last edition for those towns with the standard 30% expansion rule.

As you may be aware, the alternative to the 30% expansion rule is an optional method of limiting expansions of non-conforming structures based on certain criteria. Here are the highlights:

- No portion of a structure located within 25 feet of the shoreline may be expanded;
- For structures located less than 75 feet from the shoreline, the maximum combined floor area for all structures is 1000 square feet, and the maximum building height is 20 feet or the height of the existing structure, whichever is greater;
- For structures located less than 100 feet from the shoreline of a great pond or river flowing to a great pond, the combined maximum floor area for all structures is 1500 square feet and the maximum building height is 25 feet. However, no more than 1000 square feet may be within 75 feet of the waterbody.

This alternative language replaces only the *30% expansion* section of most ordinances (Section 12-C(1) of the Guidelines), and therefore the relocation, reconstruction or replacement, and change of use provisions still apply as usual. The replacement of 50% or more of the market value of a structure would then require the replacement structure to meet the shoreline setback to the greatest practical extent. That said, if one has a 1600 square foot structure located 7 feet from a great pond and the "greatest practical extent" is determined to be 60 feet from the water, the structure must be moved to 60 feet from the water even though the size doesn't conform to the maximum allowable floor area. Obviously an expansion within 100 feet of the pond would not be allowed, since the structure is already greater than 1,500 square feet in total floor area.



Reminder:

Quite frequently we receive calls with questions pertaining to proposed variances that are to be reviewed by a municipal board of appeals. In some cases we receive written notification from towns of an upcoming hearing about a variance application. However, we often do not receive notification of the town's decision in such a matter. Municipalities are required to submit a copy of all variance decisions (affecting shoreland zoning standards) to the Department within 14 days of a decision. Please remember to forward these decisions to the Department. For those that consistently remember, keep up the good work!

Contact Us:

Rich Baker, Coordinator, Augusta:	287-7730
Tracey Thibault, Bangor:	941-4116
Mike Morse, Portland	822-6328

<u> Ducstions & Answers:</u>

- Q. Does a river have to flow directly into a great pond in order to require a 100' minimum setback instead of 75'?
- A. No. If a river eventually flows into a GPA great pond either directly or indirectly through another waterbody then the minimum setback on the river must be 100 feet. One such case is the Crooked River in Casco. The Crooked River is a river by definition and indirectly flows into Sebago Lake. Before entering Sebago Lake it flows into the Songo River, which directly flows into Sebago Lake. As such, the Crooked River must have a minimum buffer area of 100 feet up to the upstream limit where it first becomes a river

(Albany Brook).



DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF LAND AND WATER QUALITY, 17 STATE HOUSE STATION AUGUSTA, ME 04333

Μ		endix B alities with	
State Imposed Sho	reland	Zoning Ordinances 03/17/05	
TOWN	Chapter	Town	Chapte
ACTON (deleted) 6/13/97		LIMINGTON (deleted) 3/9/99	
ΑΜΙΤΥ	1267	LOVELL (deleted) 4/9/99	
ATHENS	1245	LUBEC*	1339
AURORA	1288	LUDLOW	1277
BANCROFT	1268	MECHANIC FALLS (deleted) 12/21/98	
BOWDOINHAM (deleted) 10/7/98		MEDFORD	1279
BOWERBANK	1289	MERRILL	1281
BRADFORD	1247	MILO	1301
BRIDGTON (deleted) 6/26/97		MOOSE RIVER	1257
BROWNVILLE (deleted) 7/2/97		NEWCASTLE (deleted) 10/24/97	
CARTHAGE	1292	NORTH HAVEN	1304
CENTERVILLE (deleted/deorg. (7/01/04)		ORIENT	1282
CHARLOTTE	1249	PARIS	1260
CHESTER		PARSONSFIELD (deleted) 8/27/04	1200
CHESTERVILLE (deleted) 4/8/98	1230	PASSADUMKEAG	1264
COLUMBIA	1251	PENOBSCOT	1307
		PLYMOUTH	1307
COOPER			1300
CORINTH		POLAND (deleted) 6/9/97 ROCKLAND (deleted) 4/2/01	
CRYSTAL		SHIRLEY (deleted) 12/7/95	4000
DANFORTH*		SO.THOMASTON	1338
		SPRINGFIELD	1261
EDINBURG		STACYVILLE	1283
ETNA		STEUBEN	1262
		STOCKTON SPRINGS (deleted) 11/9/97	
FARMINGDALE		STONINGTON (deleted) 3/19/98	
FRANKFORT		STOW	1326
FREEDOM		SWANVILLE (deleted) 7/10/02	
GREENE (deleted) 5/7/01	1237	TALMADGE	1263
GUILFORD	1296	TROY	1243
HANOVER (deleted) 7/19/01	1254	VANCEBORO	1285
HARRINGTON (deleted) 5/8/2000		WADE	1286
HERSEY	1272	WAITE	1265
HIRAM (deleted) 6/29/2001	1273	WALDO	1312
ISLE AU HAUT	1323	WELLINGTON	1337
KNOX	1255	WHITEFIELD	1244
LAGRANGE	1275	WOODVILLE	1266
LIMERICK	1256		
TOTAL:54 (51 full ordinances /3 supplement	tal*)		
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TOWN	PRINC. STRUCT.	REPLACE MENTS	RELOCA TIONS	EXPANSI ONS	ACC. STRUCT.	TIMBER HARV.	PIERS AND DOCKS	GRAVEL MINING	PERMITS REVOKED	# OF VAR. APPLIC.	VARIANCES GRANTED	CONSENT AGREEMENTS	COURT ACTIONS TAKEN	COMPLAINT INVEST.	CONFIRMED VIOLATIONS	FEES COLLECTED
ADDISON	38	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\$1,405.00
ALBION		0	0	-	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	\$140.00
ALEXANDER	4	0	÷		5	0	0	0	•	1	0	-	-		1	
ALFRED		0	0		0	0	3	0	0	2	1	0			2	
ALTON	0	0		-	0	0	0	0	÷	0	0	-			0	
AMITY	0	0		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	
ANDOVER	1	0	0	-	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	\$54.00
ARROWSIC	2	0	, v	°	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	-	0	-	3	
ARUNDEL	13			-	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	
ASHLAND	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	-	-	0	
ATKINSON	4	0	0	4	2	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	
BALDWIN	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	\$225.00
BANCROFT	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\$0.00
BANGOR	0	0	0	-	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	2	\$300.00
BAR HARBOR	5	2	2	4	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	2	\$644.00
BATH	3	0	0	8	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	
BEALS	14	1	0	6	3	0	13	0	0	1	0	0	0			
BELFAST	3	3	1	7	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	ő	1	\$680.00
BELGRADE	7	10			11	0	0	0		3	1	0	-			\$0.00
BERWICK	3	1	0		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	1
BETHEL BLAINE	4	0	0	-	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	ů	2	\$200.00 \$25.00
BLAINE BLUE HILL	11		0		3	1	7	0	0	0	0	0	0		8	
BOOTHBAY HBR	0	4	0		-	0	14	0	0	2	0	0	0	-	1	
BOWDOIN	0	0	0		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	\$50.00
BOWDOINHAM	1	0	0	0	2	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	
BRADFORD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	
BRADLEY	1	5	1	6	12	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	\$725.00
BREMEN	2	0	0	7	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	6	7	\$0.00
BRIDGEWATER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
BRIDGTON	6	1	0	2	1	0	6	0	0	0	0	1	0	15	4	
BRIGHTON PLANTAT	0	0	0	° °	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	\$0.00
BROOKLIN	5	1				0	7	0		0	0	•			3	
BROOKSVILLE	9	0	0	1	3	0	4	0	0	1	1	0	-	-	-	1.7 2 2.2
BROWNFIELD	1	0	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-		0	1
BROWNVILLE BRUNSWICK	1	0	-	-	_	0	0	0		0	0	Ŷ	-		0	1
BUCKFIELD	4	0	0		8	0	0	0	0	0	0	•	-			4 /
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BURLINGTON	6	0	0		9	0	4	0	0		0	0	0		0	\$425.00
BURNHAM	0	0	, v	, v	4	0	0	0	0	0	Ů	-	-		-	
BYRON	4	0			2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		1	\$0.00
CALAIS	4			-	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-		2	
CAMDEN	12						1	0							0	
CANAAN	2	2		7	2	4	2	0	0	0	0	1	0		8	
CAPE ELIZABETH	3	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	\$16,555.00
CARATUNK	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
CARTHAGE	6	-	-		0		0	0	0	0	-	-			0	
CASCO	4	4					0	0		3	2	-			-	
CASTINE	8	0	-	-			5	0	0	0	0	-			1	1 1 1 1 1 1
CASTLE HILL	0	0	_		-		0	0	0	0	0	ů			0	
CASWELL	0	0			-		0	0		0	ů	-				
CHAPMAN	0	ů	-	-	-		0	0	-	0	•	-				
CHARLOTTE	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	\$0.00

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TOWN STR CHELSEA CHESTER CHESTERVILLE CORINNA CORINTH CRANBERRY ISLES CRAWFORD CRYSTAL CUSHING DAMARISCOTTA DAMARISCOTTA DANFORTH DANFORTH DAYTON DEDHAM	RUCT. 0 0 0 0 5 6 0 0 7 6 18 0 8 37 12	MENTS 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	TIONS 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 2 0 0 0 0	ONS 2 0 0 3 0 0 0 4 0 3 4 0 4 0 3 4 0 0 3 0 0 0 0	STRUCT. 0 0 1 0 0 6 6 4 4 2 0 0	HARV.	DOCKS 1 0 0 0 0 0 3	MINING 0 0 0 0 0	REVOKED 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	APPLIC. 0 0 2		AGREEMENTS 0 0 0	ACTIONS TAKEN 0 0	INVEST. 0 0 3	VIOLATIONS 0 1	COLLECTED \$0.00 \$0.00 \$650.00
CHESTER CHESTERVILLE CORINNA CORINTH CRANBERRY ISLES CRAWFORD CRYSTAL CUSHING DAMARISCOTTA DANFORTH DANFORTH DAYTON DEDHAM	2 0 0 5 6 0 7 6 18 0 8 8 37 12	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 2	3 0 0 5 4 0 3 3	0 6 4 2 0	-	0 0 3	0	0 0 0	2	0	0	0	3	0	\$0.00 \$650.00
CHESTERVILLE CORINNA CORINTH CRANBERRY ISLES CRAWFORD CRYSTAL CUSHING DAMARISCOTTA DANFORTH DANFORTH DAYTON DEDHAM	2 0 0 5 6 0 7 6 18 0 8 8 37 12	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 2	3 0 0 5 4 0 3 3	0 6 4 2 0	-	0 0 3	0	0 0 0	2	0	0	0	3	1	\$650.00
CORINNA CORINTH CRANBERRY ISLES CRAWFORD CRYSTAL CUSHING DAMARISCOTTA DANFORTH DANFORTH DAYTON DEDHAM	2 0 0 5 6 0 7 6 18 0 8 8 37 12	0 0 0 0 3 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2	0 5 4 0 3 4	0 6 4 2 0	-	0 0 3	0	0		2		-		1	
CORINTH CRANBERRY ISLES CRAWFORD CRYSTAL CUSHING DAMARISCOTTA DAMARISCOTTA DANFORTH DAYTON DEDHAM	5 6 0 7 6 18 0 8 37 37 12	0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2	0 5 4 0 3 4	0 6 4 2 0	-	0 0 3 0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
CRANBERRY ISLES CRAWFORD CRYSTAL CUSHING DAMARISCOTTA DANFORTH DAYTON DEDHAM	5 6 0 7 6 18 0 8 37 37 12	0 0 3 0 0 0 0 2	0 0 0 0 0 1 2	5 4 0 3 4	6 4 2 0	-	0 3 0	v	•		0	÷			-	\$0.00
CRAWFORD CRYSTAL CUSHING DAMARISCOTTA DANFORTH DAYTON DEDHAM	6 0 7 6 18 0 8 37 12	0 0 3 0 0 0 0 2	0 0 0 1 2	4 0 3 4	4 2 0	-	3	0		ů	0	0	0	•	0	\$0.00
CRYSTAL CUSHING DAMARISCOTTA DANFORTH DAYTON DEDHAM	0 7 6 18 0 8 37 12	0 3 0 0 0 0 2	0 0 1 2	0 3 4	0	0 2 0	0		0	-	0	0	0		0	\$0.00
CUSHING DAMARISCOTTA DANFORTH DAYTON DEDHAM	18 0 8 37 12	3 0 0 0 2	0 1 2	3	0	2		0			0	0	-	3	0	\$0.00
DAMARISCOTTA DANFORTH DAYTON DEDHAM	18 0 8 37 12	0 0 2	1	4	0		0	0	0	-	0	0	0		0	\$0.00
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DEDHAM	8 37 12	2	0	0				0	0	-	0	0	0	-	0	\$0.00
	12	-	2	6	-	0	1	0	0	-	0	0	0	9	0	\$0.00
	12	1	1	23	-		7	0	0	-	6	1	1		1	\$10,566.00
DENMARK	0	3	1	11			0	0	0	4	3	0	0		5	\$6,830.00
DETROIT		0	0	0			0	0	0		0	0	0		0	\$0.00
DIXFIELD	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	11	9	\$30.00
DOVER FOXCROFT	5	1	1	4	13	0	5	0	0	1	1	0	0	21	3	\$0.00
DRESDEN	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	4	0	\$600.00
DYER BROOK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\$0.00
EAGLE LAKE	10	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\$300.00
EAST MACHIAS	7	0	0	5	6	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\$420.00
E. MILLINOCKET	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	•	0	\$0.00
EASTON	0	0	0		0	2	0	0	0	-	0	0	0		1	\$0.00
EASTPORT	12	0	0	4	6	0	1	0	0		0	0	1	2	1	\$1,300.00
EDDINGTON	2	0	1	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	\$25.00
EDGECOMB	0	0	0	2	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	\$485.00
EDINBURG ELIOT	3	0	0	7		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0		0	\$75.00 \$7,113.00
ELLSWORTH	9 42	0	5	22		2	20	0	1	3	3	0	0	· · ·	5	\$7,113.00
EMBDEN	42	12	3	40			20	0	0		2	0	1		14	\$2,675.00
EUSTIS	4	0	0				0	0	-		0	0	1		1	\$0.00
EXETER	0	0	0	0	-		0	0	0		0	0	0	=	0	\$0.00
FALMOUTH	0	1	0	1	4	0	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	-	1	\$1,525.00
FARMINGDALE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	\$0.00
FARMINGTON	3	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0		0	\$0.00
FAYETTE	13	0	0	7	9	1	2	1	0	3	2	10	0	16	14	\$5,687.00
FORT FAIRFIELD	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	\$0.00
FRANKLIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\$0.00
FREEDOM	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\$0.00
FREEPORT	3	4	1	6	5	0	1	0	0	.2	6	0	0	•	0	\$3,879.00
FRENCHVILLE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	9	0	\$0.00
FRIENDSHIP	9	0	0		7	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0		-	\$700.00
FRYEBURG	3	1	2		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-		\$1,182.00
FRYE ISLAND	5	0	0	0	, v	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	-		\$14,410.00
	4	1	0			÷	÷	Ţ			0	÷		-	3	\$3,032.00
GARLAND GILEAD	0	0	0	-			0	0	0	-	0	0			0	\$0.00
GILEAD GLENBURN	0	0	0	-			0	0	0	-	0	2	-	9	-	\$0.00 \$390.00
GORHAM	5	2	3	-		0	•	0	0		0	2	-			\$390.00 \$4,285.00
GORHAM	20	0	1	24		•	0	0			1	0	0	9	0	\$4,285.00
GRAND ISLE	20	0	۱ ۵	24		0	0	0	0		0	0	0	-	0	\$0.00
GREAT POND	0	0	0		-	, v	0	0	0	-	0	0	-	-	0	\$0.00
GREENBUSH	1	0	0	0		-	•	0			0	0			-	\$40.00
GREENE	9	1	1	8		0		0	-		1	0			0	\$4,665.00

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Image: series Image: s							2002	2/2003 C	ode En	forceme	nt Office	r Biennial	Reports Su	mmary			
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Date Point Display	TOWN										-			ACTIONS			FEES COLLECTED
NALOPELA I I I I<		22		, v		24		•		-		0	-	-		1	\$5,643.00
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RUMFORD 2 0 1 4 0 </td <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>v</td> <td>, v</td> <td>2</td> <td>2</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>Ū</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>\$63.00</td>		1	v	, v	2	2	0	0		-	Ū	•				0	\$63.00
SABATTUS 0 0 1 3 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 5 0 \$250.0 SACO 2 3 0 9 1 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 7 1 \$0.0 SAINT AGATHA 4 0 1 7 4 1 0		2		, v	-	4	0	0	-	ő	0	0	-	, in the second se		ő	\$140.00
SACO 2 3 0 9 1 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 7 1 \$0.0 SAINT AGATHA 4 0 1 7 4 1 0 0 0 0 3 0 4 4 \$820.0 SAINT ALBANS 17 0 0 2 0 0 1 1 2 2 \$80.0 SAINT GEORGE 23 2 1 9 41 1 16 0 0 0 0 1 1 2 2 \$80.0 SANFORD 10 0 5 16 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 16 \$11.073.0 SANGERVILLE 6 0 0 1 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 16 \$11.073.0 SEAGO 1 4 0 11 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 16 \$1.073.0	SABATTUS	0				3	0	1			1	1					
SAINT ALBANS 17 0 0 21 13 1 17 0 0 0 1 1 2 2 \$0.0 SAINT GEORGE 23 2 1 9 41 1 16 0 0 3 0 0 2 16 16 \$12,17.0 SANFORD 10 0 0 5 16 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 16 \$12,17.0 SANFORD 10 0 0 5 16 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 16 \$12,17.0 SANFORD 6 0 0 1 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 16 \$17.0 SANFORD 1 4 0 11 2 0 0 0 2 1 0 0 16 \$1,690.0 SEARSMONT <		2	3	0	9	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	() 7	1	\$0.00
SAINT GEORGE 23 2 1 9 41 1 16 0 3 0 0 2 16 16 \$12,17.0 SANFORD 10 0 0 5 16 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 16 \$1,073.0 SANERVILLE 6 0 0 1 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 16 \$1,073.0 SANGERVILLE 6 0 0 1 3 0 0 0 3 1 0 0 0 220.0 SEASAGO 1 4 0 11 2 0 9 0 0 2 1 0 0 16 \$160.0 SEASMONT 8 3 1 6 3 0 5 0 2 0 0 0 0 3 3 \$160.0	SAINT AGATHA	4	0	1	7	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	(4	4	\$820.00
SANFORD 10 0 5 16 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 16 \$10,73.0 SANGERVILLE 6 0 0 1 3 0 0 0 3 1 0 0 3 16 \$10,73.0 SEARGO 1 4 0 11 3 0 0 0 3 1 0 0 0 \$20.0 SEARGO 1 4 0 11 2 0 9 0 0 2 1 0 0 12 4 \$21.60.0 SEARSMONT 8 3 1 6 3 0 5 0 2 0 0 0 0 3 3 \$465.0 SEDGWICK 12 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \$550.0 \$550.0 \$50.0	SAINT ALBANS							17	0	0	0	0			-	2	
SANGERVILLE 6 0 1 3 0 0 0 3 1 0 0 0 \$22.0 SEBAGO 1 4 0 11 2 0 9 0 0 2 1 0 0 12 4 \$1,60.0 SEARSMONT 8 3 1 6 3 0 5 0 2 0 0 0 12 4 \$1,60.0 SEARSMONT 8 3 1 6 3 0 5 0 2 0 0 0 3 3 \$650.0 SEDGWICK 12 0 0 7 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 5 2 \$550.0 SHERMAN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \$50.0					-			16		-	3	0		-			
SEBAGO 1 4 0 11 2 0 9 0 0 2 1 0 0 12 4 \$1,60.0 SEARSMONT 8 3 1 6 3 0 5 0 2 0 0 0 3 3 \$\$605.0 SEAGWICK 12 0 0 7 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 3 3 \$\$605.0 SEDGWICK 12 0 0 7 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 3 3 \$\$605.0 SHERMAN 0 <td>SANFORD</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	SANFORD				-			0				-					
SEARSMONT 8 3 1 6 3 0 5 0 2 0 0 0 3 3 \$605.0 SEDGWICK 12 0 0 7 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 3 3 \$605.0 SEDGWICK 12 0 0 7 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 5 2 \$\$55.0 SHERMAN 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \$\$ 2 \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ 2 \$\$<				÷			0	0		-	-				-		+
SEGWICK 12 0 7 0 2 0 0 0 0 5 2 \$550.00 SHERMAN 0								9								4	\$1,690.00
SHERMAN 0 </td <td></td> <td>Ű</td> <td>Ů</td> <td></td> <td>Ũ</td> <td>\$</td> <td>· ·</td> <td>5</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td>°</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>3</td> <td>3</td> <td>\$605.00</td>		Ű	Ů		Ũ	\$	· ·	5	-		•	°	-		3	3	\$605.00
								2			-	-			-		\$550.00
SHIRLEY 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	SHERMAN SHIRLEY	0						0		-	÷	÷			-		

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TOWN	PRINC. STRUCT.	REPLACE MENTS	RELOCA TIONS	EXPANSI ONS	ACC. STRUCT.	TIMBER HARV.	PIERS AND DOCKS	GRAVEL MINING	PERMITS REVOKED	# OF VAR. APPLIC.	VARIANCES GRANTED	CONSENT AGREEMENTS	COURT ACTIONS TAKEN	COMPLAINT INVEST.	CONFIRMED VIOLATIONS	FEES COLLECTED
SIDNEY	6	2	0	16		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	5	\$0.00
SKOWHEGAN	3	2	1	13		11	3	0	0	1	0	4	9	21	10	1.1.1.1
SMYRNA	0	°	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	\$0.00
SORRENTO	5	0	0		2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-		2	\$2,360.00
SOUTHPORT	2	0	0	•	4	0	4	0	0	3	3	0	-		1	\$1,897.00
SOUTH BERWICK	4	3		v	1	0	0	0		0	0	0		-	0	\$6,460.00
SOUTH PORTLAND S. THOMASTON	5	0	0	-	6	0	2		0	6	5	1	-		1	\$96,815.00 \$609.00
S. THOMASTON SPRINGFIELD	1	0	0		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	÷		0	\$609.00
STACYVILLE	0	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	•	0	0	0	÷		0	\$0.00
STANDISH	13		3			-	4	0	0	0 я	5	0			0 A	\$20,902.00
STOCKTON SPRGS.	16		2		6		3	0	0	0	0	0	-		3	\$4,029.00
STONEHAM	2		1	16	÷	0	8	0	0	1	1	0	-	-	1	\$1,260.00
STONINGTON	11	1	1		8	3	7	0	0	3	1	0	-		15	
SULLIVAN	7	0	14		8	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	\$1,127.00
SWANS ISLAND	9	0	0	10	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	\$4,026.00
SWANVILLE	4	4	0	5	7	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	\$1,248.00
SWEDEN	2	1	0	4	2	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	2	1	\$898.00
THOMASTON	2	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	\$2,170.00
THORNDIKE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-		0	\$0.00
TOPSHAM	2		0		2	0	1	0		0	0	0			2	\$550.00
TREMONT	5		0	17		0	9	0	0	0	0	0			0	\$4,217.00
TRENTON	2	0	1	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	0	\$0.00
TROY	0	°			0		0	0		0	0	0	-		2	\$0.00
TURNER UNITY	5	9	1	8	6	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	0	\$2,753.00 \$270.00
VAN BUREN	2	0	4	2	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	-		8	\$270.00
VASSALBORO	6	0	1	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	÷	•	24	\$700.00
VEAZIE	5	-	0	J	16	-	0	0	0	0	0	0				\$0.00
VIENNA	1	0	0	ç	2		1	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	0	\$391.00
VINALHAVEN	7	2	0	13	15	1	9	0	0	1	0	2	-	9	6	\$2,280.00
WALDOBORO	24	0	0		21		7	0	0	7	6	0	0	4	3	\$870.00
WALLAGRASS	3	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	\$120.00
WALES	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	\$513.00
WALTHAM	6	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\$175.00
WARREN	7	0	0		6		0	0	0	1	0	1	-	-	1	\$1,798.00
WASHINGTON	9	1	0	0	6	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	-		0	\$400.00
WATERBORO	1	1	0			10	3	0	0	5	1	3		-	0	\$800.00
WATERFORD	5		0		0	v	0	0	0	1	0	3	-		3	\$548.00
WAYNE	8		0	6	6	0	2	0		0	0				4	\$2,010.00
WELD	0	0	2	4	2	6	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	9	3	\$580.00
WELLS	5	10		21	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	0	\$10,969.00
WESLEY						0	0	0	0	0	0				0	\$12.00
WESTFIELD WESTON	0		0		4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-		0	\$0.00 \$495.00
WESTPORT ISLAND	15		-	-	4	0	11	0	-	2	0	-	-	-	•	
WEST GARDINER	10						0	0		0	-				15	\$1,965.00
WHITNEYVILLE	0					-	0	0		0	0					
WILLIMANTIC	3						0	0		0	, v				3	\$315.00
WILTON	0	-					3	0		0	0				3	\$180.00
WINDHAM	11	10					0	0		4	4	0				
WINDSOR	1	0	0		0		1	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	\$50.00
WINSLOW	4	1	0	5	7	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	3	\$1,500.00
WINTER PORT	0				-	0	0	0			•	-	-		-	\$0.00
WINTER HARBOR	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\$489.00

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TOWN	PRINC. STRUCT.	REPLACE MENTS	RELOCA TIONS	EXPANSI ONS	ACC. STRUCT.	TIMBER HARV.	PIERS AND DOCKS	GRAVEL MINING	PERMITS REVOKED	# OF VAR. APPLIC.	VARIANCES GRANTED	CONSENT AGREEMENTS	COURT ACTIONS TAKEN	COMPLAINT INVEST.	CONFIRMED VIOLATIONS	FEES COLLECTED
WOODLAND	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	\$0.00
TOTALS	1255	254	125	1488	1285	140	422	5	13	232	127	87	15	1126	566	\$2,956,035.00
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TOWN	PRINC. STRUCT.	REPLACE MENTS	RELOCA TIONS	EXPANSI ONS	ACC. STRUCT.	TIMBER HARV.	PIERS AND DOCKS		PERMITS REVOKED	# OF VAR. APPLIC.	VARIANCES GRANTED	CONSENT AGREEMENTS	COURT ACTIONS TAKEN	COMPLAINT INVEST.	CONFIRMED VIOLATIONS	FEES COLLECTED
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