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STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY 36 HOSPITAL STREET AUGUSTA. MAINE 04330

May 1, 1976

The Honorable James B. Longley Governor, State of Maine Augusta, Maine 04330

Dear Governor Longley:

In conformance with State Law, it is my duty and pleasure to present to you this first annual report on "Crime in Maine."

The primary goal of all state, county and local law enforcement agencies is the protection of life and property. In order to achieve that goal, the problems of crime must be identified as the first step in this process.

The Uniform Crime Reporting Division of the Maine State Police, in a statewide cooperative effort, has developed the system of reporting, trained hundreds of contributors, and supervised the collection and processing of UCR reports.

Generous assistance to this program was provided by the Maine Criminal Justice Planning and Assistance Agency, and the related Data Analysis Center.

This first annual publication presents statistics for the full calendar year of 1975 from every organized law enforcement agency in the State, and provides the base for continued evaluation of crime volume and trends.

"Crime in Maine" represents an unparalleled joint effort of all the Maine law enforcement agencies, and reflects the dedication and unselfishness of Maine public officials and law enforcement agencies in serving the best interests of the people of Maine. Their diligence and interest has made this report possible.

Sincerely,

OLONEL DONALD E

Commissioner

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## CRIME IN MAINE - HIGHLIGHTS

During the year 1975, the Crime Clock Average in Maine showed the following:

- \* One murder every 11 days.
- \* One rape every 3 1/4 days.
- \* One robbery every day.
- \* One assault (including simple) every 2 hours. One aggravated assault every 5 hours.
- \* One burglary every 36 minutes.
- \* One larceny every 23 minutes. One larceny (\$200 value or more) every 2 hours 24 minutes.
- \* One motor vehicle theft every 4 hours.
- \* There were 41,896 index offenses during the year, or, 40.01 offenses per 1,000 persons.
- \* Violent crime accounted for 5.3% of all index crimes; property crimes 94.7%.
- \* Thirty-two murders occurred during the year. Twenty persons were the victims of firearms.
- \* There were 1690 aggravated assaults and 2714 simple assaults.
- \* Assaults on law enforcement officers totaled 461.
- \* There were 14,443 burglaries during 1975. Property losses through burglary total a value in excess of \$3.8 million.
- \* Property loss resulting from larceny-theft accounted for an additional \$3.1 million with approximately 23,000 offenses reported during the period.
- \* A total of 2,235 motor vehicles were stolen accounting for a loss in excess of \$3.5 million.

### INTRODUCTION

The Maine Uniform Crime Reporting Program is the initial step in the establishment of an efficient State-wide Criminal Justice Information System. This phase of the CJIS deals primarily with a state-wide uniform method of collecting crime statistics and producing a consolidated annual report of crime in Maine.

Maine statistics are forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for inclusion in the National Crime Report.

## NATIONAL UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING SYSTEM

Uniform Crime Reports were first collected in 1930 after being developed by a Committee of the International Association of Chiefs of Police. The Federal Bureau of Investigation was authorized by the Congress to act as a clearinghouse for the collection of crime statistics.

Today the IACP continues to serve in an advisory capacity to the FBI in the operation of the program.

Crime statistics, voluntarily submitted by individual law enforcement agencies from all fifty states, are presented annually in the FBI's Uniform Crime Reports Publication entitled "Crime in the United States".

As a result of several national studies and recommendations and a determined need, the FBI has been actively assisting individual states in the development of state-wide programs of law enforcement statistics compatible with the National Uniform Crime Reporting Program. With excellent cooperation and assistance from the FBI, Maine has developed its own state-wide program for collection of law enforcement statistics. The Maine UCR Program started July 15, 1973 as a module of the Comprehensive Data System Program. It was funded by LEAA Discretionary Grant No. 74-DF-01-0001 to the Maine Criminal Justice Planning and Assistance Agency with the State Bureau of Identification, Bureau of State Police, as the implementing subgrantee.

One year was spent researching and developing the reporting system. The staff was selected; the project researched; a manual was designed and printed; with FBI assistance 250 people were trained in regional seminars from Kittery to Presque Isle; standard arrest sheets and complaint sheets were designed with the assistance of the Maine Chiefs of Police UCR Committee; all reporting forms were designed, given FBI approval as per grant guidelines and printed; staff visits to all operational departments were made; close cooperation with the MCJPAA was maintained and all objectives of the original grant were nearing completion.

On July 1, 1974, the Maine UCR system was certified as operational by Director Clarence Kelly of the FBI and Maine became the 22nd state to have an operational Uniform Crime Reporting system. As of the end of 1975, 32 states were operational and several more in the planning stages.

The success of this program is directly related to the intense interest and cooperation of the Maine contributors. Indicative of the cooperation, is a 100 percent reporting record for all communities over 2500 population, and the organized departments under 2500 filing through the county sheriff's, who are reporting 100 percent and the State Police by county areas. The result is a complete state-wide coverage of crime statistics under supervised rules and controls to insure the integrity of the program.

"Crime in Maine" July-December, 1974 was our first publication and January-June, 1975 was our second six month report. Both publications were very well received and the potential of UCR is now being recognized.

In July of 1975 the Uniform Crime Reporting Division of the Maine State Police was refunded for a two year period. It was felt that the strong recommendation by the FBI's Chief of Uniform Crime Reporting, Robert Conger was helpful. He stated, "The Maine UCR Program has been extremely successful in its endeavor, and we believe it is one of the finest state UCR Programs in existance."

This publication is the first full calendar year of crime statistics and contains extensive information on the crime picture in Maine.

The staff of UCR, teaming up with the Criminal Justice Data Analysis Center, hopes to be a valuable tool in identifying and combating crime in Maine.

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Indications are that the full potential of this program will not be reached for several years. Better reporting, better automation, a deeper storage of base data and faster feedback to contributors etc., will provide the type of information needed in Maine. The data will have endless uses in planning, administration, research, problem identification and solving, and special studies. CREDITS

The preparation and publication of this Annual Report was made possible by the Discretionary Grant Award number 75-DF-01-0019, July 1, 1975 - June 30, 1977, from the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration.

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The Maine Uniform Crime Reporting Division, Department of Public Safety, wishes to acknowledge and express their appreciation for the generous and cooperative assistance of the Maine Criminal Justice Data Center throughout the year and in the preparation of this Annual Report. Graphics in this publication were provided by the Data Center: Director Gary Sawyer, and associates, Richard Gribbin and Marilynn Giddings.

The Maine Criminal Justice Planning and Assistance Agency also provided generous assistance under the Director John Leet, and Deputy Director Ted Trott. Special thanks to the Criminal Data Supervisor of MCJPAA, Barbara Hagen and Programmer Robert Partridge.

#### MESSAGE FROM THE STAFF

The Maine UCR Division staff is firmly convinced that all the statistics gathered in the world would be meaningless unless they are used. Therefore, we are further convinced that gathering of meaningless statistical information is a waste of our time and the time of the contributing agencies.

It is with this attitude that we go about our work of developing information that is important, timely and relative to the existing crime situation in Maine.

We encourage constructive criticism, suggestions, inquiry, and the continued assistance of our contributors and related criminal justice agencies.

The staff members at the present time are as follows:

Robert E. Wagner, Jr., Supervisor Richard C. Rideout, Field Representative Betty McMillan, Clerk/verifier Betty Hamilton, Keypunch Operator

Any information or assistance needed may be obtained by calling Augusta, 289-2025.

## UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING ADVISORY COMMITTEE

The Maine Chiefs of Police Association and Maine Sheriffs Association have furnished excellent support and cooperation in the development of the Maine UCR Program.

A committee made up of members from these associations was instrumental in the development and use of uniform arrest sheets and complaint sheets now in use in many Maine departments.

Listed below are the present members of the UCR Committee as appointed by President Clinton R. Hayward, Jr. of the Maine Chiefs of Police Association.

Chief Albert M. Smith, Chairman	Camden				
Chief Richard F. Mayer	Brunswick				
Chief Everett F. LaPorte	Skowhegan				
Sheriff William C. Carter	Lincoln County				
Chief (Ret.) Richard C. Rideout	UCR Staff				

## OBJECTIVES OF UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING

The fundamental objective of the Uniform Crime Reporting Program is to produce a reliable set of criminal statistics on a State and National basis for use in law enforcement administration, operation and management. This compiled data is also intended for the use of other professionals and scholars who have an interest in the crime problem. At the same time, this information is important as a reference source for the general public as an indicator of the crime factor in our society.

The objectives of the Maine Uniform Crime Reporting program are:

- Inform the governor, legislature, other governmental officials, and the public as to the nature of the crime problem in Maine - its magnitude and its trends.
- 2. Provide law enforcement administrators with criminal statistics for administrative and operational use.
- 3. Determine who commits crimes by age, sex and race and other attributes in order to find the proper focus for crime prevention and enforcement.
- 4. Provide proper base data and statistics to measure the workload and effectiveness of Maine's Criminal Justice System.
- 5. Provide base data and statistics for research to improve the efficiency, effectiveness and performance of criminal justice agencies.
- 6. Provide base data and statistics to measure the effects of prevention and deterrence programs.
- 7. Provide base data to assist in the assessment of social and other causes of crime for the development of theories of criminal behavior.

The means utilized to obtain these objectives are:

- 1. To measure the extent, fluctuation, distribution, and nature of serious crime in the State of Maine through presentation of data on the seven Crime Index offenses.
- 2. To measure the total volume of serious crime known to the police.
- 3. To show the activity and coverage of law enforcement agencies through arrest counts, disposition of persons charged and police employee strength data.

## CRIME INDEX

The offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft are used to establish an Index in the Uniform Crime Reporting Program. They measure the trend and distribution of crime in the United States and, more significantly, within the geographic regions of contributing States such as Maine. These crimes are counted by law enforcement agencies as they become known and are reported on a monthly basis. The crime index offenses were selected as a measuring device because, as a group, they represent the most common local crime problems. They are all serious crimes, either by their very nature or due to the volume and frequency in which they occur.

The offenses of murder, forcible rape, aggravated assault and robbery make up the violent crime category. The offenses of burglary, larceny-theft and motor vehicle theft make up the property crime category.

Although "offense known" statistics are gathered in the classifications of manslaughter by negligence (lb) and simple assault (4e), they are not computed into the crime index for purposes of establishing crime trends.

Classification in all Part I offenses is based solely on police investigation as opposed to the determination of a court, medical examiner, coroner, jury or other judicial body.

The total number of criminal acts that occur is unknown, but those that are reported to the police provide the first means of a count. Not all crimes come readily to the attention of the police; not all crimes are of sufficient importance to be significant in an index; and not all important crimes occur with enough regularity to be meaningful in an index. With these considerations in mind, and with all state and national reporting jurisdictions using uniform reporting procedures, the above crimes were selected as a group to furnish an abbreviated and convenient measure of the crime problem.

The crime counts used in the Crime Index and set forth in this publication are based on actual offenses established and determined by police investigation. When a law enforcement agency receives a complaint of a criminal matter and the follow-up investigation discloses no crime occurred it is "unfounded". These "unfounded" complaints are eliminated from the actual crime counts.

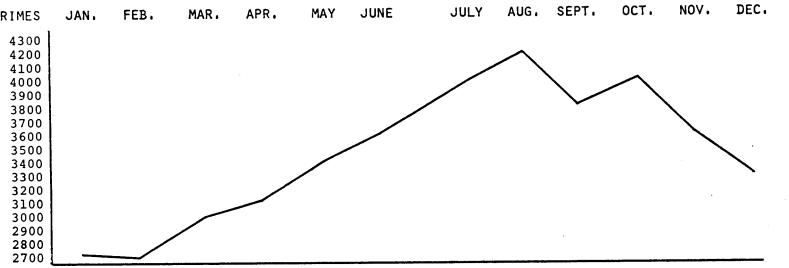
On a state-wide average, police investigations unfound 10.21 percent of the complaints concerning Crime Index Offenses ranging from 2.97 percent in the Larceny classification to 42.24 percent in the Robbery classification.

### TOTAL INDEX CRIMES BY COUNTY

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

TOTAL

COUNTY	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	ост.	NOV.	DEC.	INDEX CRIMES
Androscoggin	301	228	278	276	332	316	322	402	351	339	313	268	3,726
22	122	173	139	165	160	181	204	188	204	157	221	207	2,121
Aroostook	_			974	1,022	1,084	1,150	1,396	1,255	1,324	1,195	1,002	13,077
Cumberland	828	847	1,000	49	46	38	51	59	63	63	72	47	602
Franklin	33	33	48					155	126	110	79	99	1,270
Hancock	95	80	81	77	102	127	139		329	340	301	353	3,842
Kenneb <b>ec</b>	256	237	273	322	357	341	370	363			123	78	1,216
Knox	86	81	96	88	96	126	119	85	112	126			807
Lincoln	64	52	38	69	71	50	88	76	51	72	79	97	
Oxford	53	<b>6</b> 8	71	69	69	91	110	76	98	110	85	72	972
Penobscot	289	260	347	396	376	386	419	458	422	510	466	405	4,734
	13	18	27	26	<b>2</b> 8	38	44	33	26	30	34	31	348
Piscataquis	85	92	100	95	127	121	134	123	101	114	101	88	1,281
Sagadahoc		101	100	109	142	167	163	144	146	172	140	149	1,669
Somerset	131			65	74	63	62	61	73	71	41	64	750
Waldo	68	63	45				108	103	97	65	83	64	940
Washington	75	58	65	70	90	62				449	311	278	4,541
York	300	324	319	342	385	420	546	490	377	449			
Totals	2,799	2,715	3,032	3,192	3,477	3,611	4,029	4,212	3,831	4,052	3,644	3,302	41,896



## CRIME INDEX DATA BY COUNTY JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

COUNTY	ANNUAL CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION	TOTAL INDEX CRIMES	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	PERCENT, TOTAL CLEARED BY ARREST	PERCENT OF CLEARANCES INVOLVING ONLY JUVENILES
Andro- scoggin	39.21	3,726	2	6	34	265	1,040	2,189	190	30.41	42.10
Aroos- took	21.97	2,121	4	4	3	92	565	1,308	145	33.71	25.73
Cumber- land	65.11	13,077	6	35	170	498	4,623	6,960	785	17.94	
Franklin	25.05	602			3	15	291				32.61
Hancock	33.70	1,270	1	5	5			258	35	18.60	15.18
Kennebec	38.38	3,842				36	578	600	45	13.55	30.23
Knox			l	12	34	176	1,154	2,283	182	21.16	19.31
	38.39	1,216	4	4	8	41	411	685	63	19.33	44.68
Lincoln	36.69	807	1	l	3	31	436	321	14	16.36	26.52
Oxford	22.09	972	1	3	5	40	317	54 <b>9</b>	57	32.82	
Penob- scot	35.86	4,734	8	11	40	79	1,316	2,966	314	27.53	39.81
Piscat- aguis	19.30	348	1			21	128	175	23	27.53	21.95
Sagada-	_							1/5	25	29.00	16.50
hoc	50.52	1,281		2	8	24	432	778	37	21.70	38.49
Somerset	39.49	1,669		4	13	70	793	711	78	16.66	28.42
Waldo	28.88	750	1		7	37	400	289	16		
Washing-							400	205	TP	11.87	30.34
ton	29.58	940		4	6	93	384	399	54	30.64	21.53
York	37.91	4,541	2	22	48	172	1,575	2,525	197		•
TOTAL.	40.01	41,896	32	113	387	1,690	14,443	22,996	2,235	21.45 22.18	27.52 29.76

### CRIME RATES

The computation of crime rates as they appear in this report by county and state are based on 1975 population estimates provided by the Federal Bureau of Investigation through the cooperation and assistance of the United States Bureau of Census. Monthly and annual Uniform Crime Reports currently received from 150 municipal, county and state law enforcement agencies in Maine represent 100 percent of the estimated Maine population.

The crime rate involves the number of Index Crimes per unit of population, usually per 100,000 persons. Because Maine has such a low population total, a rate per 1,000 persons has been used to reflect a more realistic volume. No attempt has been made to incorporate either transient population or other factors which contribute to the volume and type of crime in a given area. Any effort to make comparisons of crime rates between one area and another should recognize these population changes and varying environmental factors.

The Crime Index rate for Maine for the year 1975 was 40.01 offenses per 1,000 persons. Violent crimes occurred at a rate of 2.12 offenses per 1,000 persons, while the rate for property crimes was 37.89 offenses per 1,000 persons.

#### VIOLENT CRIMES

Crimes of violence involve the element of personal confrontation between the perpetrator and victim and entail the use or threat of violence. By their very nature, violent crimes are considered more serious than property crimes. A total of 2,222 violent crimes occurred during 1975. This number represents 5.3 percent of all Crime Index Offenses for the year. The total number indicates only the number of incidents reported to police and does not reflect the number of criminals who committed them or the number of inflicted.

#### PROPERTY CRIMES

Property crimes involve no use or threat of violence; but, obviously entail property of one taken by another. These crimes totaling 39,674 for the year 1975, accounted for 94.7 percent of all Crime Index Offenses for that time period in Maine.

# CRIME RATES FOR INDEX OFFENSES JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

OFFENSE	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT OF TOTAL	RATE PER 1000 POPULATION
Murder	32	.1	.03
Rape	113	.3	.11
Robbery	387	• 9	.37
Aggravated Assault	1,690	4.0	1.61
Burglary	14,443	34.5	13.79
Larceny	22,996	54.9	21.96
Motor Vehicle Theft	2,235	5.3	2.14
TOTAL	41,896	100.0	40.01
TOTAL Violent Crimes	2,222	5.3	2.12
TOTAL Property Crimes	39,674	94.7	37.89

# CRIME RATE BY CLASSIFICATION BY COUNTY

		CRIPE	E RAIE BY	CLASSIFI	CALLON DI	COUNTI	MOTOR VEHICLE	
	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	THEFT	TOTAL
Androscoggin	.02	.06	.36	2.79	10.94	23.04	2.00	39.21
Aroostook	.04	.04	.03	.95	5.86	13.55	1.50	21.97
Cumberland	.03	.17	.85	2.48	23.02	34.65	3.91	65.11
Franklin			.12	.62	12.11	10.74	1.46	25.05
Hancock	.03	.13	.13	.96	15.34	15.92	1.19	33.70
Kennebec	.01	.12	.34	1.76	11.53	22.80	1.82	38.38
Knox	.13	.13	.25	1.29	12.98	21.62	1.99	38.39
Lincoln	.05	.05	.14	1.41	19.81	14.59	.64	36.69
Oxford	.02	.07	.11	.91	7.20	12.48	1.30	22.09
Penobscot	.06	.08	.30	.60	9.97	22.47	2.38	35.86
Piscataquis	.05	·		1.16	7.10	9.71	1.28	19.30
Sagadahoc		.08	.32	.95	17.04	30.67	1.46	50.52
Somerset		.09	.31	1.66	18.76	16.82	1.85	<b>39.4</b> 9
Waldo	.04		.27	1.42	15.40	11.13	.62	<b>28.8</b> 8
Washington		.12	.19	2.92	12.09	12.56	1.70	<b>29.5</b> 8
York	.02	.18	.40	1.44	13.15	21.08	1.64	37.91
TOTAL	.03	.11	.37	1.61	13.79	21.97	2.13	40.01

#### UCR COMPARATIVE DATA - STATE AND NATIONAL

			M	AINE			U.S. 1975 OVER 1974	NORTHEAST U.S. 1975 OVER 1974
OFFENSE	1974	CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION	1975	CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION	NUMERICAL CHANGE	PERCENT CHANGE	PERCENT CHANGE U.S. TOTAL	PERCENT CHANGE Northeast U.S.
Murder	30	.03	32	.03	+2	+6.66	-1	+2
Rape	91	.09	113	.11	+22	+24.17	+1	-1
Robbery	292	.28	387	.37	+95	+32.53	+5	+7
Aggravated Assault	1,027	.98	1,690	1.61	+663	+64.55	+5	+7
Burglary	13,809	13.19	14,443	13.79	+634	+4.59	+7	+8
Larceny	20,375	19.46	22,996	21.96	+2,621	+12.86	+12	+13
Motor Vehicle Theft	2,070	1.97	2,235	2.14	+165	+7.92	+2	+7
TOTALS	37,694	36.002	41,896	40.01	+4,202	+11.14	+9	+10

NOTE: Crime rate per 1,000 population for 1974 was as follows: Total U.S., 48.21 - Northeast U.S., 43.77 (1975 figures unavailable at date of printing.)

#### CLEARANCE DATA - 1975

		MAINE		19	74		
OFFENSE	NUMBER OFFENSES	NUMBER CLEARED	PERCENT CLEARED	TOTAL U.S. €	NEW ENGLAND STATES %		
Murder	32	40	125.0*	80	74.8		
Rape	113	65	57.5	51	57.5		
Robbery	387	163	42.1	27	22.2		
Aggravated Assault	1,690	1,288	76.2	63	65.6		
Burglary	14,443	2,876	19.9	18	15.2		
Larceny	22,996	4,120	17.9	20	16.9		
Motor Vehicle Theft	2,235	738	33.0	15	6.9		
TOTALS	41,896	9,290	22.2	<b>21.</b> 3	16.1		

\* Represents offenses cleared from prior years.

NOTE: Clearance data for 1975 Total U.S. and New England States unavailable at date of printing.

# PROFILE OF THE STATE OF MAINE

This profile is presented to provide some general knowledge and facts about the State of Maine. It is hoped that this information might assist in understanding the environment in which the crime and arrest data later detailed in this report occurred.

Maine, the northeast corner of New England and of the nation, is bounded by New Hampshire, Quebec, the Maritime Provinces of Canada, and the Atlantic Ocean. The 3,500 miles of coastline and several navigable rivers provided natural settlement areas for early colonists.

Slightly over a million people now live on nine percent of Maine's land which parallels the coast eastward towards Penobscot Bay then swerves to the northeast. Southwestern Maine is the most densely populated. Cumberland County has 219 persons per square mile, and York County - 111 persons, in contrast to Piscataquis County in north central Maine with only 4.2 persons per square mile. Eighty-four percent of Maine's 33,000 square miles is timberland and seven percent is inland water.

Half of the population lives in towns of less than 2,500 inhabitants. The only metropolitan areas are Greater Portland, Lewiston-Auburn, and Bangor-Brewer.

Maine has a high proportion of elderly people; 11.9 percent of the population being 65 years and older compared to a national average of 9.8 percent. Many of these people are retirees who have migrated to the coastal towns. For several decades, Maine experienced an out-migration of young people who completed their education and were eager to find careers with higher pay than those offered in Maine. However, in the last few years, with an increased environmental awareness and an appreciation of the natural resources of Maine, this exodus has been somewhat offset by the arrival of a number of young people abandoning the professions in the eastern megalopolis. Vocational institutions have been created to train Maine's own youth for more promising and rewarding employment.

Although fishing, farming, and forestry are historically the large industries, recreation has become a major economic benefit. Maine's population increases to over 1,500,000 during the summer. The variable but comfortable climate lures an estimated 7,000,000 out-of-state visitors each year. In the State Uniform Crime Reporting Program, contributing law enforcement agencies are wholly responsible for compiling their own crime reports and submitting them to the Uniform Crime Reporting Division in Augusta, Maine.

The Uniform Crime Reporting Division, in an effort to maintain quality and uniformity in the data received, furnishes to the contributing agencies, continuous training and instruction in Uniform Crime Reporting procedures. All contributors, also, are furnished with a State of Maine Uniform Crime Reporting Guide Manual which outlines in detail, procedures for scoring and classifying offenses. The Guide Manual illustrates and discusses the monthly and annual reporting forms as well as providing a question and answer training syllabus in the Crime Index categories.

A centralized record system is necessary to the sound operation of any law enforcement agency. The record system is an essential basis for crime reporting by the agency. Trained Uniform Crime Reporting field advisors are utilized to assist contributors in the established reporting procedures of Uniform Crime Reporting.

On a monthly basis, law enforcement agencies (state, county and local) report the number of offenses that become known to them during the month in the following crime categories:

- (1) Criminal Homicide
  - a. Murder and Nonnegligent Manslaughter
  - b. Manslaughter by Negligence
- (2) Forcible Rape
  - a. Rape by Force
  - b. Attempts to Commit Forcible Rape
- (3) Robbery
  - a. Firearm
  - b. Knife or Cutting Instrument
  - c. Other Dangerous Weapon
  - d. Strong-Arm (Hands, Fists, Feet etc.)
- (4) Assault
  - a. Firearm
  - b. Knife or Cutting Instrument
  - c. Other Dangerous Weapon
  - d. Hands, Fists, Feet, etc.-Aggravated Injury
  - e. Other Assaults-Simple, Not Aggravated
- (5) Burglary
  - a. Forcible Entry
  - b. Unlawful Entry No Force
  - c. Attempted Forcible Entry
- (6) Larceny-Theft (Except Motor Vehicle Theft)

- (7) Motor Vehicle Theft
  - a. Autos
  - b. Trucks and Buses
  - c. Other Vehicles

This count is taken from a record of all complaints of crime received by the law enforcement agency from victims, other sources, and/or discovered by officers.

Whenever complaints of crime are determined through investigation to be unfounded or false, they are eliminated from the actual count. The number of "actual offenses known" in these crime categories is reported to the Uniform Crime Reporting Division whether or not anyone is arrested for the crime; the stolen property is recovered; prosecution is undertaken; or any other restrictive consideration is in effect. Law enforcement agencies, on a monthly basis, report the total number of these reported crimes which they clear either by arrest or exceptional means. A separate count of crimes cleared which involve only persons under the age of 18 is shown. The number of law enforcement officers killed and assaulted and the value and type of property stolen and recovered during the month are also reported.

Arrests are reported monthly for all criminal acts, except traffic violations, by crime category and include the age, sex and race of each person arrested. A report is also submitted on an annual basis concerning the number of persons formally charged by crime classification and the disposition of such charges.

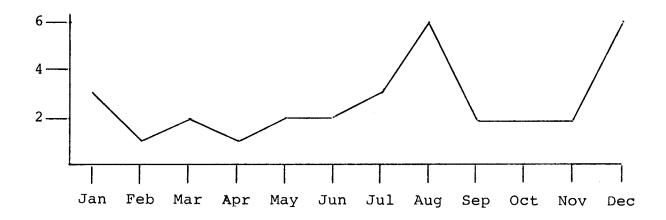
### MURDER AND NONNEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER

The definition of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter is "the unlawful killing of a human being with malice aforethought". This offense is recorded by a police agency on the basis of investigation alone, without regard to the findings of a court or the decision of a prosecutor. Although, manslaughter by negligence is recorded on the "Offenses Known to Police" form along with murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, it is not considered an Index Crime and is not discussed in this report.

During the year 1975 there were 37 murders reported to police. Upon investigation 5 were nullified and classified as "unfounded". Of the 32 murders, 20 involved the use of a firearm, representing 62.5% of the total. The motive for 22 of the murders was either family argument or other argument.

A month by month analysis reveals that 6 murders occurred during the month of August and 6 in the month of December. Murder accounted for .01% of all violent crimes.

CRIME CLOCK AVERAGE: 1 murder every 11 days.



# MURDERS BY WEAPON AND MOTIVE JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

TYPE OF WEAPON	 NUMBER	% OF TOTAL
Firearms	20	62.5
Cutting Instrument	4	12.5
Blunt Instrument	l	3.1
Strangulation or suffocation	3	9.4
Unknown	1	3.1
All Other	3	9.4
MOTIVE		
Family Arguments	10	31.3
Other Arguments	12	37.5
Robbery	1	3.1
Unknown	6	18.8
All Other	3	9.3

19

# MURDER VICTIMS BY AGE AND SEX

# JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

AGE						NUMBER OF VICTIMS	MALE	FEMALE
1	•	•	•	•	•	1	1	
3	•	•	•	•	•	1	1	
19	•	•	•	•	•	2	2	
20	•	•	•	•	•	2		2
22	•	•	•	•	•	2	1	1
24	•	•	•	•	•	1	1	
25	•	•	•	•	•	5	3	2
30	•	•	•	•	•	1	1	
31	•	•	•	•	•	3	3	
35	•	•	•	•	•	2	2	
36	•	•	•	•	•	1	1	
38	•	•	•	•	•	1		1
40	•	•	•	•	•	1	1	
43	•	•	•	•	•	1	1	
46	•	•	•	•	•	1	1	
52	•	•	•	•	•	2	1	l
56	•	•	•	•	•	1		l
57	•	•	•	•	•	1	1	
61	•	•	•	•	•	1	1	
66	•	•	•	•	•	1	1	
67	•	•	•	•	•	1		1
						32	23	9

.

## FORCIBLE RAPE

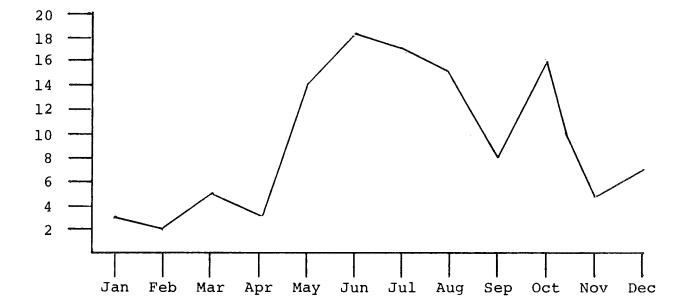
Forcible rape is "the carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will". For purpose of the Uniform Crime Report this offense is divided into two categories: Rape by force; and attempted forcible rape. Carnal abuse without force (statutory rape) and other sex offenses are not included.

Forcible rape differs from other violent crimes in that the victim, in many cases, is reluctant to report the offense to police. The investigation by police, medical examination, court procedure, embarrassment and fear of any accompanying stigma have a deterent effect on the victim's willingness to make the offense known to police. The presence of any prior relationship between victim and perpetrator makes the determination of the act of force difficult to establish; and the usually clandestine nature of the offense presents a problem in verification.

In 1975, there were 136 rapes reported to police authorities in the state, but 23 were unfounded upon police investigation. Of the 113 actual offenses, 86 were classified as "Rape by Force" while the remaining 27 were classified "Assault with Intent".

Sixty-five rapes were "cleared by arrest or exceptional means" during the year; of the clearances 10 involved only juveniles.

CRIME CLOCK: One rape every 3 1/4 days.



RAPE BY MONTH

### ROBBERY

Robbery is "the felonious and forcible taking of the property of another against his will, by violence or by putting him in fear". All attempts to rob are included in the Uniform Crime Report. Robberies and attempts are reported in four categories: (1) gun (any firearm); (2) knife or cutting instrument; (3) other dangerous weapons; and (4) strong arm (hands, fists, feet, etc.).

During 1975, there were a total of 387 robberies. Forty-six percent of the robberies occurred on the highway (streets, alleys, etc.). During this period there were 5 bank robberies accounting for 49.4% of the total valuation of the properties involved in the classification of robbery.

Robberies by strong arm accounted for 51.9% of the total while firearms were involved in 25.6% of the total.

CRIME CLOCK AVERAGE: One robbery every day.

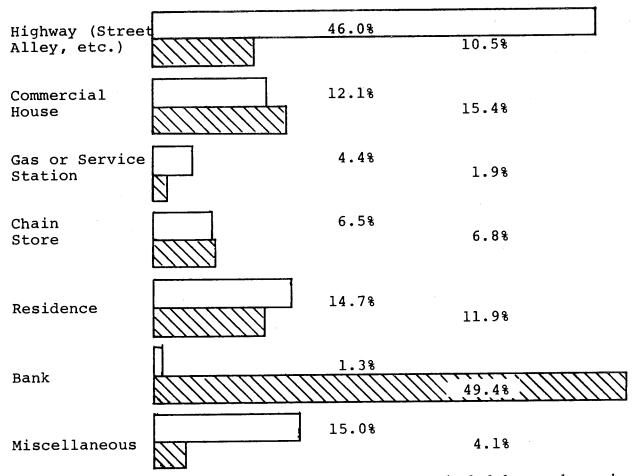
#### ROBBERY BY CLASSIFICATION AND VALUE

CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	TOTAL VALUE	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
Highway (Streets, Alleys, etc.)	178	46.0 \$	25,368	10.5
Commercial House	47	12.1	37,237	15.4
Gas or Service Station	17	4.4	4,696	1.9
Chain Store	25	6.5	16,456	6.8
Residence	57	14.7	28,950	11.9
Bank	5	1.3	119,840	49.4
Miscellaneous	58	15.0	10,006	4.1
TOTAL	387	100.0 \$	242,553	100.0

## ROBBERY

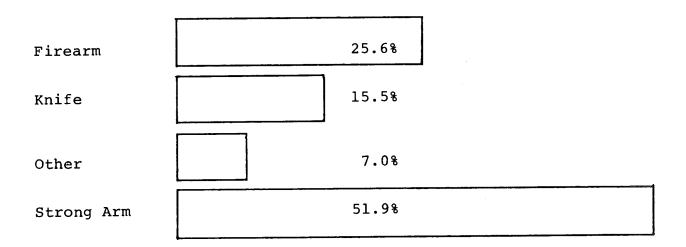
## JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

#### PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY CLASSIFICATION



NOTE: White bars above indicate offenses - shaded bars above indicate percent of value stolen.

### PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE OF WEAPON



#### ASSAULT

An assault is "an attempt or offer, with unlawful force or violence, to do physical injury to another". Assaults with the intent to rob or rape are not included here. For Uniform Crime Reporting, this offense is divided into four categories: (1) gun (any firearm); (2) knife or cutting instrument; (3) other dangerous weapons; and (4) hands, fists, feet, etc. (causing aggravated injury). Also recorded, but not considered an Index Crime is the category "other assaults simple", which is non-aggravated.

During the year 1975, there were a total of 1,690 aggravated assaults. Of this total, 57% involved the use of hands, fists or feet, while firearms were used in 15.6% of the assaults. There were 2,714 simple assaults during this period.

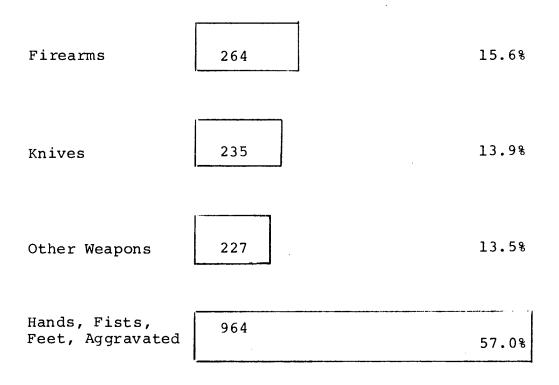
Aggravated assault represents 76.1% of all violent crimes.

CRIME CLOCK AVERAGE: One assault (including simple) every 2 hours. One aggravated assault every 5 hours.

#### NUMBER OF AGGRAVATED ASSAULTS AND PERCENT

#### BY CLASSIFICATION

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975



### BURGLARY

Burglary, also known as Breaking and Entering, is "the unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of any structure to commit a felony or larceny". Data collection for this offense in Uniform Crime Reporting is recorded in three categories: (1) forcible entries; (2) unlawful entry - no force; and (3) attempted forcible entry.

Seventy-seven percent of all burglaries which occurred during 1975 were classified as Forcible Entry. Of the total 14,443 burglaries, 13.5% were classified Unlawful Entry - No Force, and 8.8% were classified Attempted Forcible Entry.

The value of property stolen in the classification of burglary was \$3,815,084, of which two thirds was from residences.

CRIME CLOCK AVERAGE: One burglary every 36 minutes.

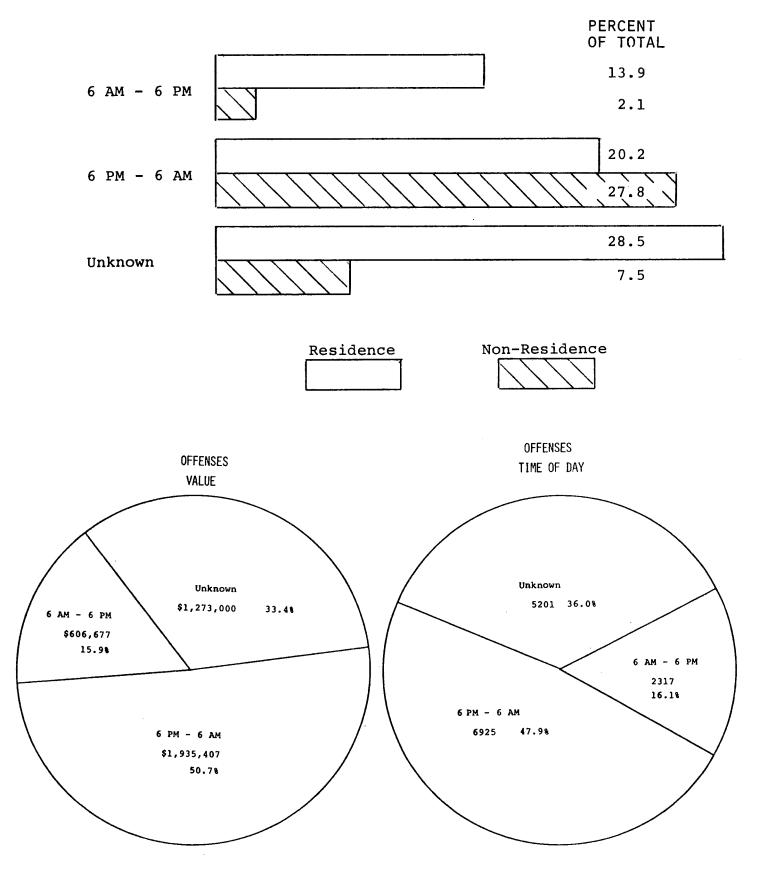
#### JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

TYPE OF BURGLARY

NUMBER OF OFFENSES

Forcible Entry Unlawful Entry – Attempted Forcik		11,221 1,951 <u>1,271</u>			
	TOTAL			14,44	3
CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTIO	N	TOTAL VALUES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
RESIDENCE					
6 AM - 6 PM 6 PM - 6 AM Unknown	2,011 2,922 4,112	13.9 20.2 28.5	\$	544,876 949,796 1,024,936	14.3 24.9 26.9
SUB TOTAL	9,045	62.6	\$	2,519,608	66.1
NON-RESIDENCE					
6 AM - 6 PM 6 PM - 6 AM Unknown	306 4,003 1,089	2.1 27.7 7.6	\$	61,801 985,611 248,064	1.6 25.8 6.5
SUB TOTAL	5,398	37.4	\$	1,295,476	33.9
GRAND TOTAL	14,443	100.0	\$	3,815,084	100.0

BURGLARY JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975



## LARCENY - THEFT

Larceny-theft is "the unlawful taking of the property of another with the intent to deprive him of ownership". Motor vehicle thefts are excluded from this offense classification. A supplementary report form breaks out several categories; (1) pocket-picking; (2) purse-snatching; (3) shoplifting; (4) from motor vehicles; (5) motor vehicle parts and accessories; (6) bicycles; (7) from buildings; (8) from coin operated machines; and (9) all other. Larcenies are also categorized by dollar-value: (1) under \$50; (2) \$50 to \$200; and (3) \$200 and over.

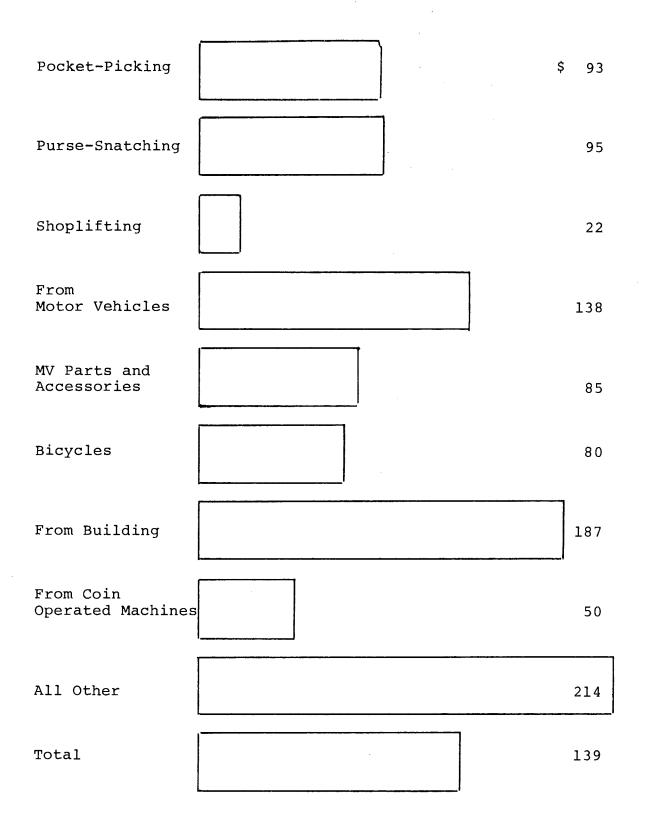
Larcenies of property in excess of \$200 in value accounted for only 16% of total larceny offenses, but accounted for approximately 67% of the value of property stolen. Larcenies of \$50 or less accounted for 47% of the total larceny offenses, but accounted for only 6% of property stolen.

CRIME CLOCK AVERAGES: (a) One larceny every 23 minutes. (b) One larceny \$200 or more in value every 2 hours 24 minutes.

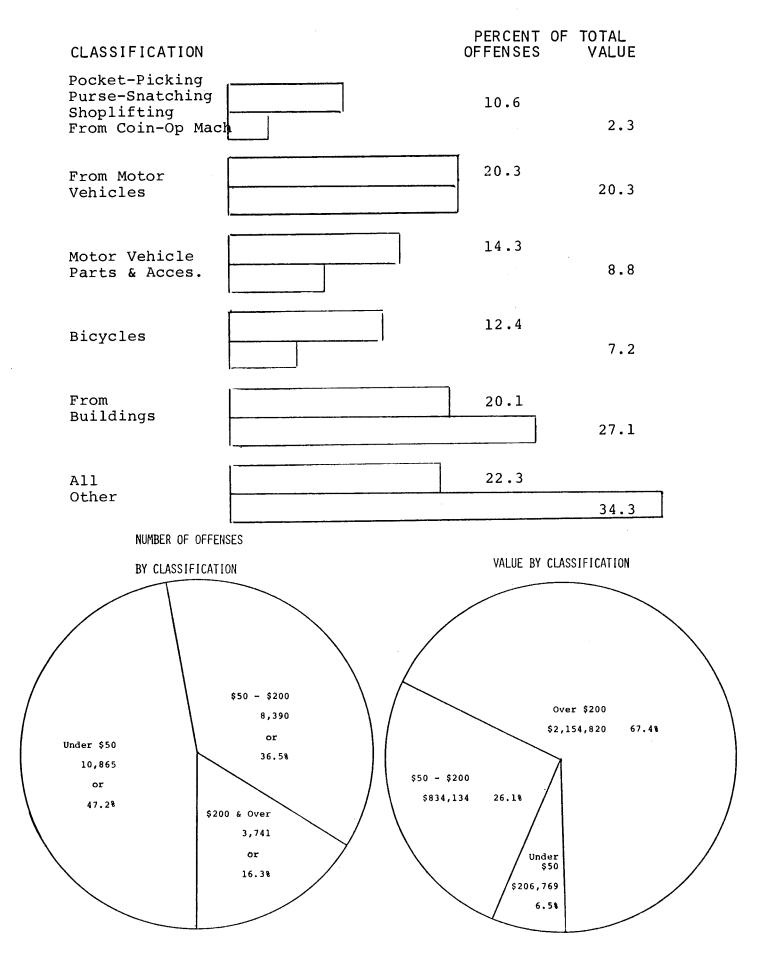
CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	VALUES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
Pocket-Picking Purse-Snatching Shoplifting From Motor Vehicles MV Parts & Accessories Bicycles From Building From Coin Op. Machines All Other	98 172 1,980 4,675 3,292 2,860 4,616 207 5,096	.4 .7 8.6 20.3 14.3 12.4 20.1 .9 22.3	9,152 16,383 42,970 647,367 280,758 230,800 865,446 10,488	20.3 8.8 7.2
TOTAL	22,996	100.0 \$3	,195,723	100.0

## LARCENY

## AVERAGE LOSS PER OFFENSE



### LARCENY ANALYSIS BY TYPE OF OFFENSES VS. VALUE



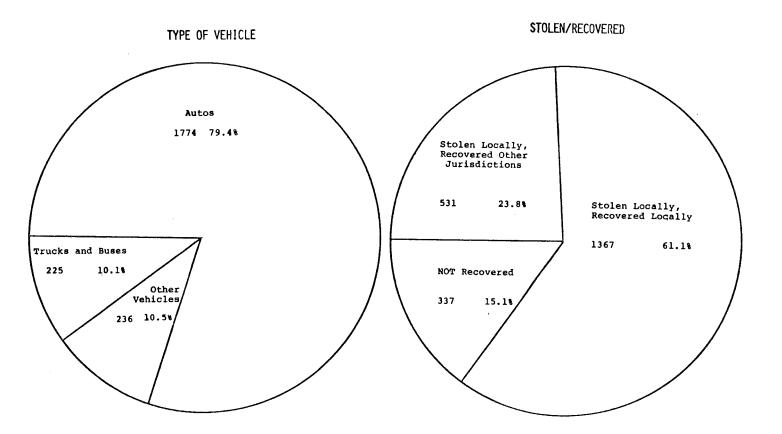
## MOTOR VEHICLE THEFTS

Motor vehicle theft is simply "the larceny or attempted larceny of a motor vehicle"; included here is "joy riding". Excluded from this offense for Uniform Crime Reporting is a reported offense where there is lawful access to the vehicle, such as a family situation, or unauthorized use by others with lawful access, such as with employees. The type of vehicle is classified as: (1) automobile; (2) trucks and buses; and (3) other vehicles.

During 1975 there were a total of 2,235 motor vehicle thefts in Maine. Automobiles accounted for 79.4% of motor vehicle thefts.

The total value of motor vehicles stolen was \$3,675,332 while the recovered value was \$3,037,402.

CRIME CLOCK AVERAGE: One Motor Vehicle Theft every 4 hours.



## STOLEN AND RECOVERED PROPERTY VALUES

Supplementary reports relating to properties stolen and recovered provide information on the estimated value of such properties. The investigating officer has the obligation to assess the value of property stolen and recovered in each crime index offense. The officer is guided by the following instructions:

- (1) Use fair market value for items subject to depreciation.
- (2) Use wholesale cost of goods stolen from retail establishments.
- (3) Use victim's evaluation of nondepreciable items.
- (4) Use cost of replacement to victims for new or almost new itmes.

During the year 1975, property valued in excess of \$10 million was stolen. During this same period, law enforcement officers recovered nearly \$4.5 million for a recovery rate of 40.8%.

A breakdown by type of property follows:

TYPE OF PROPERTY	STOLEN	RECOVERED	PERCENT
Currency, Notes, Etc. Jewelry and Precious Metals Clothing and Furs Locally Stolen Motor Vehicles Office Equipment Televisions, Radios, Cameras, Etc. Firearms Household Goods Consumable Goods Livestock Miscellaneous	<pre>\$ 1,141,527 477,113 224,298 3,675,332 99,030 1,161,056 217,286 737,033 295,571 37,589 2,740,688</pre>	<pre>\$ 182,473 60,984 41,910 3,037,402 20,480 175,551 33,935 77,435 40,080 7,329 733,344</pre>	16.0 12.8 18.7 82.6 20.7 15.1 15.6 10.5 13.6 19.5 26.8
TOTAL	\$10,806,523	\$ 4,410,923	40.8

DEDOENT

## PROPERTY STOLEN/RECOVERED BY COUNTY

		ANDROSCOGGIN	AROOSTOOK	CUMBERLAND	FRANKLIN	HANCOCK	KENNEBEC	к к мох	LINCOLN
Currency:	Stolen Recovered % Recovered	\$ 87,721 21,520 24.53	\$ 60,584 6,803 11.23	\$ 262,051 30,081 11.48	\$ 99,203 338 0.34	\$ 48,272 7,758 16.07	\$ 86,096 11,721 13.61	\$23,302 706 3.03	\$ 10,098 1,100 10.89
Jewelry:	Stolen Recovered % Recovered	45,276 1,001 2.21	15,055 9,449 62.76	211,342 25,192 11.91	4,945	6,750 475 7.04	26,961 3,844 14.26	27,708 7,392 26.68	23,528 1,965 8.35
Clothing,	Furs: Stolen Recovered % Recovered	14,013 2,937 20.96	3,208 824 25.69	110,046 7,502 6.82	613 79 12.89	3,419 528 15.44	9,988 2,630 26.33	12,360 10,501 84.96	2,148 173 8.05
Locally St	colen Automobil Stolen Recovered % Recovered	es: 312,563 272,383 87.14	248,330 215,378 86.73	1,203,829 926,024 76.92	54,310 46,560 85.73	65,980 5 <b>9</b> ,230 89.77	299,450 229,685 76.70	77,100 71,150 92.28	13,680 10,500 76.75
Office Equ	ipment: Stolen Recovered % Recovered	6,937 676 9.74	4,981 1,313 26.36	49,062 6,907 14.08	394	435	13,482 7,320 54.29	2,085 1,860 89.21	746
Television	ns, Cameras, et Stolen Recovered % Recovered	66,559 12,685 19.06	39,816 7,841 19.69	483,167 66,421 13.75	11,764 3,053 25.95	16,130 3,574 22.16	101,774 25,378 24.94	48,283 3,358 6.95	20,412 2,890 14.16
Firearms:	Stolen Recovered % Recovered	15,000 4,098 27.32	12,740 2,478 19.45	61,768 8,880 14.38	9,656 290 3.00	4,819 1,846 38.31	18,255 2,047 11.21	7,699 3,795 49.29	8,256 471 5.70
Household	Goods: Stolen Recovered % Recovered	20,208 1,002 4.96	12,837 754 5.87	179,718 41,177 22.91	21,309 1,725 8.10	67,819 3,148 4.64	47,931 2,720 5.67	51,847 4,711 9.09	44,386 1,376 3.10
Consumable	e Goods: Stolen Recovered % Recovered	23,961 3,647 15.22	20,515 2,542 12.39	62,097 13,219 21.29	2,573 308 11.97	18,427 3,511 19.05	15,487 1,060 6.84	21,050 3,628 17.24	3,646 353 9.68
Livestock:	Stolen Recovered % Recovered	3,138 1,255 39.99	1,400 375 26.79	17,616 2,073 11.77	150 100 66.67		1,525 300 19.67		268 105 39.18
Miscellane	eous: Stolen Recovered % Recovered	151,913 27,280 17.96	114,547 21,119 18.44	796,812 211,511 26.54	75,464 6,759 8.96	249,883 162,637 65.09	217,437 24,190 11.13	67,354 11,595 17.22	81,103 20,497 25.27
TOTAL:	Stolen Recovered % Recovered	747,289 348,484 46.63	534,013 268,876 50.35	3,437,508 1,338,987 38.95	280,381 59,212 21.12	481,934 242,707 50.36	838,386 310,895 37.08	338,788 118,696 35.04	208,271 39,430 18.93

## PROPERTY STOLEN/RECOVERED BY COUNTY

		OXFORD	PENOBSCOT	PISCATAQUIS	SAGADAHOC	SOMERSET	WALDO	WASHINGTON YO	RK
Currency:	Stolen Recovered % Recovered	\$ 14,294 4,425 30.96	\$160,253 14,432 9.01	\$ 3,850 611 15.87	\$ 35,479 964 2.72	\$ 25,988 12,890 49.60	\$ 9,354 253 2.70	\$ 96,302 \$ 118,6 51,927 16,9 53.92 14.	44
Jewelry:	Stolen Recovered % Recovered	1,585 520 32.81	25,330 5,246 20.71	1,300 800 61.54	2,524 60 2.38	3,673 180 4.90	935 500 53.48	4,536 75,6 703 3,6 15.50 4.	57
Clothing,	Furs:								
	Stolen Recovered % Recovered	2,076 135 6.50	17,263 3,475 20.13	214 9 4.21	2,327 205 8.81	4,858 948 19.51	230	10,494 31,0 6,321 5,6 60.23 18.	43
Locally St	olen Automobi								
	Stolen Recovered % Recovered	114,200 103,450 90.59	485,031 410,496 84.63	53,000 50,450 95.19	47,265 34,045 72.03	276,546 246,851 89.26	27,550 20,950 76.04	97,460 299,0 85,525 254,7 87.75 85.	25
Office Equ									
	Stolen Recovered % Recovered	2,725 130 4.77	7,664 720 9.39	1,282	232	1,416 650 45.90	105	340 7,1 9 12.	04
Televisior	as, Cameras, e								
	Stolen Recovered % Recovered	10,984 1,279 11.64	120,560 19,907 16.51	6,582 548 8.33	34,961 6,347 18.15	30,812 1,192 3.87	21,005 2,641 12.57	8,806 139,4 2,898 15,5 32.91 11.	39
Firearms:	Stolen Recovered % Recovered	2,150 1,380 64.19	23,364 2,758 11.80	3,548 535 15.08	4,986 625 12.54	20,020 1,418 7.08	4,017	7,335 13,6 1,440 1,8 19.63 13.	74
Household	Goods:								
	Stolen Recovered % Recovered	22,848 1,518 6.64	55,407 7,408 13.37	3,861 370 9.58	78,690 2,109 2.68	22,844 2,929 12.82	35,512 275 0.77	20,936 50,8 913 5,3 4.36 10.	00
Consumable	Goods:								
	Stolen Recovered % Recovered	19,453 801 4.12	30,421 4,518 14.85	919 3 0.33	8,860 701 7.91	10,376 173 1.67	14,050 70 0.50	5,603 38,1 1,177 4,3 21.01 11.	869
Livestock	Stolen Recovered % Recovered		1,941 2,170 111.80	1,600	475	1,278 10 0.78	600		)08 L43 .12
Miscellane	eous:								
	Stolen Recovered % Recovered	72,943 14,832 20.33	264,011 112,951 42.78	28,705 10,904 37.99	64,392 20,776 32.26	129,474 14,146 10.93	49,034 1,358 2.77	59,041 318,5 7,230 65,5 12.25 20.	559
TOTAL:	Stolen Recovered % Recovered	263,258 128,470 48.81	1,191,245 584,081 49.03	104,861 64,230 61.25	280,191 65,832 23.50	527,285 281,387 53.37	162,392 26,047 16.04	316,443 1,094,2 158,932 374,6 50.22 34.	557

## CLEARANCE RATES

For Uniform Crime Reporting purposes, a Crime Index Offense is cleared when a law enforcement agency has identified the offender, there is enough evidence to charge him and he is actually taken into custody. The arrest of one person can clear several crimes, or several persons may be arrested in the process of clearing one crime.

Crime solutions are also recorded in exceptional circumstances when some element beyond law enforcement control precludes formal charges against the offender. An offense may be exceptionally cleared when it falls into one of the following categories:

- 1. The offender commits suicide.
- 2. A double murder occurs (two persons kill each other).
- 3. The offender dies after making a confession (dying declaration).
- 4. The offender is killed by law enforcement officers.
- 5. The offender confesses to committing the crime while already in custody for another crime or serving a sentence.
- 6. The offender is prosecuted in another city for a different crime by federal, state or local authorities, or for the same offense, and the other jurisdiction refuses to release the offender.
- 7. Another jurisdiction refuses to extradite the offender.
- 8. The victim of a crime refuses to cooperate in the prosecution.
- 9. The offender is prosecuted for a less serious charge than the one for which he was arrested.
- 10. The offender is a juvenile who is handled by a verbal or written notice to the parents in instances involving minor offenses such as petit larceny.

For the year 1975, 22.2 percent of all Index Crimes were cleared either by arrest or exceptional means. The percentage of violent crimes cleared was 70.0 percent while the clearance rate for property crimes was 19.5 percent.

## CLEARANCE RATES OF INDEX OFFENSES

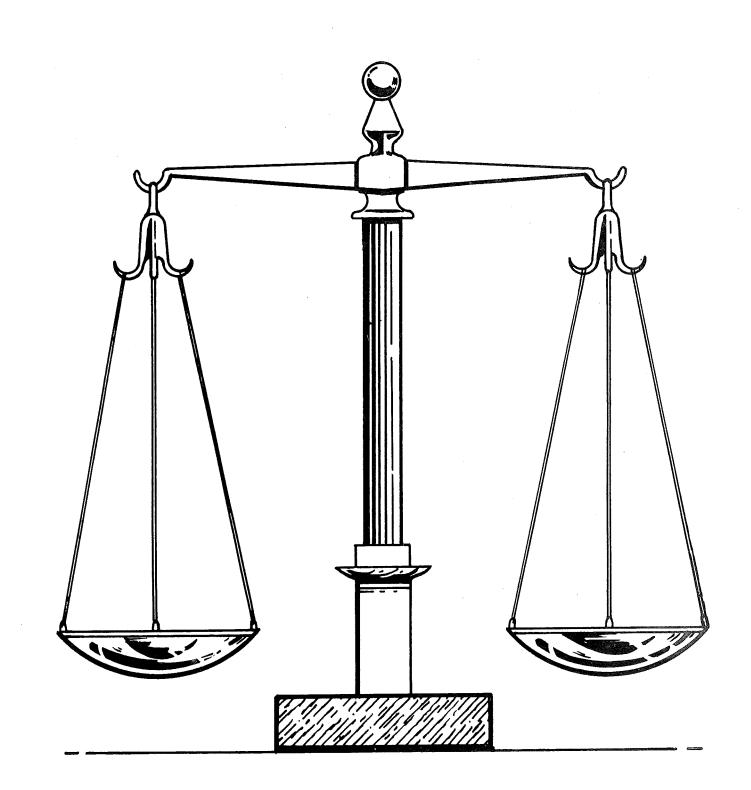
JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

OFFENSES	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	NUMBER OF OFFENSES CLEARED	PERCENT CLEARED
MURDER	32	40	125.0%
RAPE	113	65	57.5
ROBBERY	387	163	42.1
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	1,690	1,288	76.2
BURGLARY	14,443	2,876	19.9
LARCENY	22,996	4,120	17.9
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2,235	738	33.0
TOTAL	41,896	9,290	22.2

NOTE: Offenses cleared do not necessarily relate to the actual offenses during the January - December period.

#### Analysis of Offenses Cleared

		Persons 18 and Over	Persons Under 18	
Murder	95.0%			5.0%
Rape	84.6%			15.4%
Robbery	76.7%			23.3%
Aggravated Assault	87.98			12.1%
Burglary	63.5%			36.5%
Larceny	68.3%			31.7%
Motor Vehicle Theft	72.28			27.8%
Total	70.2%			29.8%



# **ARREST DATA**

## ARREST DATA

In addition to the monthly reports on the number of Index Crimes reported, law enforcement agencies also submit monthly forms detailing the number of persons arrested. These forms categorize the arrests by offense classification (both Part I and Part II crimes), and by age, race and sex. No traffic offenses, except driving under the influence, are included. The same individual may be arrested several times over a period of time; each separate arrest is counted. A person may be arrested on several charges at one time; only one arrest is counted and is listed under the most serious charge. For Uniform Crime Reporting, a juvenile is counted as "arrested" when the circumstances are such that if he or she were an adult, an arrest would result; in fact, there may not have been a formal charge.

Nearly one third (32.7%) of all arrests during 1975 were juveniles. Of the 11,027 juveniles arrested, 36.7% were for index crimes.

The report form on juvenile arrests used by the police agency, includes a section on the disposition of each person. These categories are: (1) handled within the department and released; (2) referred to juvenile court or a probation and parole office; (3) referred to a welfare agency; (4) referred to other police agency; and (5) referred to the criminal or adult court. During the year 1975, police handled 60.7% of all juveniles within their department; 33.0% were referred to the juvenile court; and a total of 6.3% were referred to a welfare agency, another police agency or criminal court.

A review of adults arrested (18 years of age and over) reveals that 18.7% were for index crimes. Over one half (51.8%) of adults arrested were under 25 years of age; and 25.0% were between 25 and 34 inclusive.

Considering both juveniles and adults, 75.5% of the 33,696 persons arrested were under 35 years of age. Twenty-four percent of all arrests were for index crimes. There were 7.9 index crime arrests for every thousand people in Maine; Part II arrests numbered 24.3 per 1,000 people.

## ARREST DATA NUMBER OF PERSONS ARRESTED BY AGE CATEGORY JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

### JUVENILES

AGE CATEGORY	NUMBER OF PERSONS ARRESTED	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
10 + Under	410 681 2,523 2,185 2,609 2,619	3.7 6.2 22.9 19.8 23.7 23.7
TOTAL	11,027	100.0

#### ADULTS

AGE CATEGORY	NUMBER OF PERSONS ARRESTED	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
18	2,465	10.9
19	2,255	9.9
20	1,895	8.4
21	1,584	7.0
22	1,338	5.9
23	1,124	4.9
24	1,086	4.8
25 - 29	3,511	15.5
30 - 34	2,145	9.5
35 - 39	1,521	6.7
40 - 44	1,153	5.1
45 - 49	1,022	4.5
50 - 54	708	3.1
55 - 59	382	1.7
60 - 64	274	1.2
65 + Over	206	0.9
	-	_

#### TOTAL

#### 22,669

#### 100.0

#### TOTAL ARRESTS FOR PART I AND PART II OFFENSES

ll,027 Juvenile Arrests	21.4% 2,355 Female	78.6% 8,672 Male		
	8.9%	91.1%		
22,669 Adult Arrests	2,015 Female	20,654 Male		

## RATES OF ARRESTS PER 1,000 POPULATION BY COUNTY FOR PART I AND PART II CRIMES JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

COUNTY	ACTUAL NUMBER OF PART I ARRESTS	RATE PER 1000 POP	ACTUAL NUMBER OF PART II ARRESTS	RATE PER 1000 POP	TOTAL ACTUAL NO, PARTS I AND II ARRESTS	RATE PEF 1000 POF
Androscoggin	1,009	10.6	3,106	32.7	4,115	43.3
Aroostook	-705	7.3	2,223	23.0	2,928	30.3
Cumberland	2,061	10.3	6,038	30.1	8,099	40.4
Franklin	97	4.0	418	17.4	515	21.4
Hancock	189	5.0	925	24.5	1,114	29.5
Kennebec	770	7.7	2,055	20.5	2,825	28.2
Knox	184	5.8	461	14.6	645	20.4
Lincoln	129	5.9	365	16.6	494	22.5
Oxford	290	6.6	809	18.4	1,099	25.0
Penobscot	1,045	7.9	2,819	21.4	3,864	29.3
Piscataquis	108	6.0	516	28.6	624	34.6
Sagadahoc	169	6.6	601	23.3	770	29.9
Somerset	260	6.2	1,006	23.8	1,266	30.0
Waldo	73	2.8	339	13.1	412	15.9
Washington	258	. 8.1	877	27.6	1,135	35.7
York	936	7.8	2,855	23.8	3,791	31.6
FOTAL	8,283	7.9	25,413	24.3	33,696	32.2

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## ARRESTS - DRUG AND LIQUOR VIOLATIONS

Due to the nature of the violations and a high interest and concern by public officials and the citizens of Maine generally, a special review is provided of drug and alcohol related arrests. The charts displayed reveal the number and age of people arrested between January and December, 1975.

The information provided here should be of interest to social agencies involved in the study of drugs and alcohol problems in Maine. The information pinpoints the predominant drug and liquor arrests in Maine by age and identified possible problem areas.

Facts revealed by the chart on drug violations:

\* 89.1% of all juvenile drug arrests involved marijuana.

\* 86.1% of all adult drug arrests involved marijuana.

Facts revealed by the chart on liquor violations:

- \* 83.6% of all arrests involving juveniles were for violation of liquor laws, while 16.4% were for driving under the influence.
- \* 90.2% of all arrests involving adults were for driving under the influence.

## NARCOTIC LAW "ARRESTS" - 1975

AGE	OPIUM - COCAINE	MARIJUANA	SYNTHETIC NARCOTICS	NON N AR DRUG S	TOTAL
10 and Under		1			1
11 - 12		3			3
13 - 14		90	1	10	101
15 - 16	1	250	11	21	283
17	_	196	<u>10</u>	12	218
Subtotal	1	540	22	43	606
18	2	218	7	4	231
19	6	180	14	10	210
20	7	147	10	13	177
21 - 29	22	516	38	35	611
30 - 39	2	39	1	4	46
40 - 49		8		3	11
50 - 59		2		1	3
60 and Over					
Subtotal	39	1,110	70	70	1,289
TOTAL	40	1,650	92	113	1,895

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## LIQUOR LAWS "ARRESTS" - 1975 \*

	DRIVING UNDER THE	L I QUOR LAWS	
AGE	INFLUENCE	VIOLATION	TOTAL
10 and Under		2	2
11 - 12		4	4
13 - 14	3	83	86
15 - 16	39	371	410
17	114	<u>337</u>	451
Subtotal	156	797	953
18	333	136	469
19	414	106	520
20	425	76	501
21 - 29	2,550	244	2,794
30 - 39	1,545	80	1,625
40 - 49	1,063	66	1,129
50 - 59	577	42	619
60 and Over	220	_21	241
Subtotal	7,127	771	7,898
TOTAL	7,283	1,568	8,851

NOTE: \*LIQUOR LAW VIOLATIONS exclude drunkeness charges as they are not "ARREST" VIOLATIONS.

## ANNUAL REFURN OF PERSONS CHARGED

The Uniform Crime Reporting System includes an annual form from all reporting agencies titled "Annual Return of Persons Charged". The purpose of this form is to show the total number of persons who are charged by the police and their dispositions. Counted on this report are all persons charged for committing Part I and Part II offenses who are turned over to the court for prosecution. Persons charged and released at any prosecutive level are included. The dispositional data is broken down into several categories: (1) adults guilty - (a) of the offense charged or (b) of a lesser offense; (2) acquitted or otherwise dismissed; (3) referred to juvenile court jurisdiction; or (4) other (pending).

- \* 24.9% of all persons formally charged were charged for Part I offenses.
- \* 47.6% of all persons charged for Part I and Part II were adults found guilty of the offense charged;
  3.1% were adults found guilty of a lesser offense.
- \* 15.6% of all 30,512 persons charged had their cases acquitted or otherwise dismissed.
- \* 13.0% were referred to Juvenile Court jurisdiction.
- \* 20.7% of the cases were still pending at the end of the year.

## ANNUAL RETURN OF PERSONS CHARGED JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

Adults Guilty of	In	NUMBER OF ARRESTS	% OF TOTAL
Offense Charged		14,510	47.6
Adults Guilty of Lesser Charge		946	3.1
Aquitted or Dismissed		4,762	15.6
To Juvenile Court		3,980	13.0
Other (Pending etc.)		6,314	20.7

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# POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA

## POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA

The Uniform Crime Reporting System in Maine incorporates a collection of important data relating to police within the state. Information such as ratio of police to population, assaults on officers, and related analyses are covered in this section.

On October 31 there were 1,977 full time law enforcement officers and civilian employees in communities with organized police departments. Full time sworn officers number 1,773 which represents 1.70 officers per 1,000 population.

In Maine's 16 Sheriff's Departments, 257 of the 285 employees are full time sworn officers. The number of full time officers per 1,000 population ratio for rural areas, those areas not covered by full time municipal police, is .73.

The Maine State Police with state-wide jurisdiction and providing all phases of law enforcement services employs 399 people. Of these, 317 are sworn personnel.

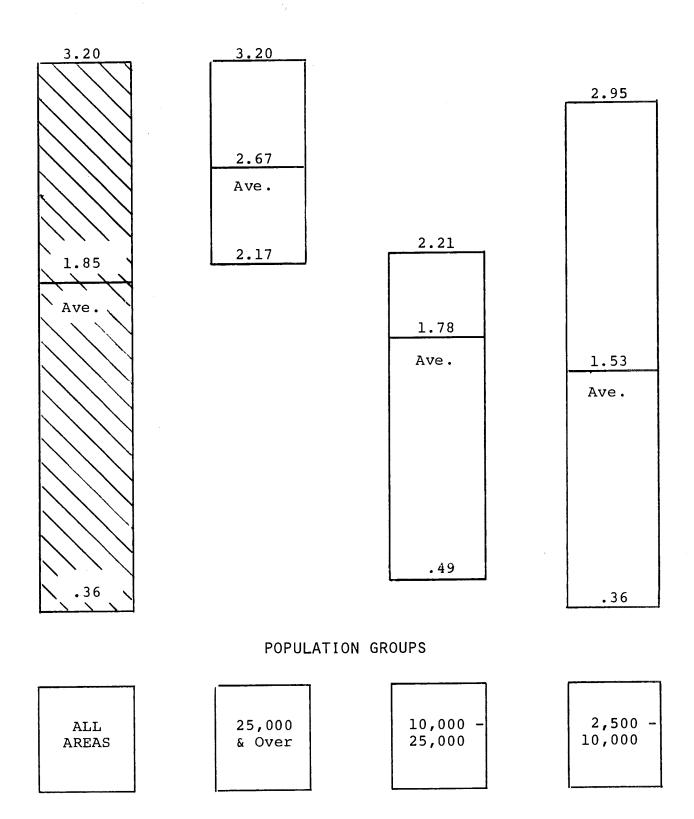
In this publication is a chart showing the average number of police department employees by population groups for communities over 2,500 population.

Caution should be exercised in using rates for comparative purposes since a wide variety of factors dictate the number of employees necessary to various law enforcement agencies. The same conditions and factors that affect the amount and type of crime in a given community also must be considered in the employment of personnel. Employee numbers are best determined by citizens and public officials of a community based upon the level of service they need and are willing to pay for.

## POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA

AVERAGE NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, AND RANGE IN NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES, PER 1,000 INHABITANTS

BY POPULATION GROUPS, OCTOBER 31, 1975



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## FULL TIME LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS AS OF OCTOBER 31, 1975 BY COUNTY

COUNTY	MUNICIPAL	COUNTY	TOTAL	OFFICERS PER 1,000 POPULATION
Androscoggin	134	24	158	1.66
Aroostook	79	23	102	1.06
Cumberland	341	51	392	1.95
Franklin	18	16	34	1.41
Hancock	35	5	40	1.06
Kennebec	103	13	116	1.16
Knox	31	15	46	1.45
Lincoln	18	11	29	1.32
Oxford	29	14	43	.97
Penobscot	140	19	159	1.20
Piscataquis	10	7	17	.94
Sagadahoc	31	13	44	1.74
Somerset	32	11	43	1.02
Waldo	11	7	18	.69
Washington	28	9	37	1.16
York	159	19	178	1.49
Total	1,199	257	1,456	1.39
Total State Police			317	
Total Law Enforcement	Officers (Maine)	)	1,773	1.70

## ASSAULTS ON LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS

The following information is based on a detailed monthly collection of data in the Uniform Crime Reporting System regarding the problem of assaults on local, county, and state law enforcement officers in this Nation. The large number of reported assaults on sworn officers is part due to a prevalent attitude of disrespect for law enforcement in certain elements of our society.

There were 461 assaults on law enforcement officers during the year 1975. This represents an assault ratio of 26 assaults per 100 full time law enforcement officers.

The greatest number of assaults, 35.8% occurred while officers were responding to disturbance calls (family quarrels, man with gun, etc.). Personal weapons (hands, fists, feet, etc.) were used in 85.4% of all assaults on law enforcement officers.

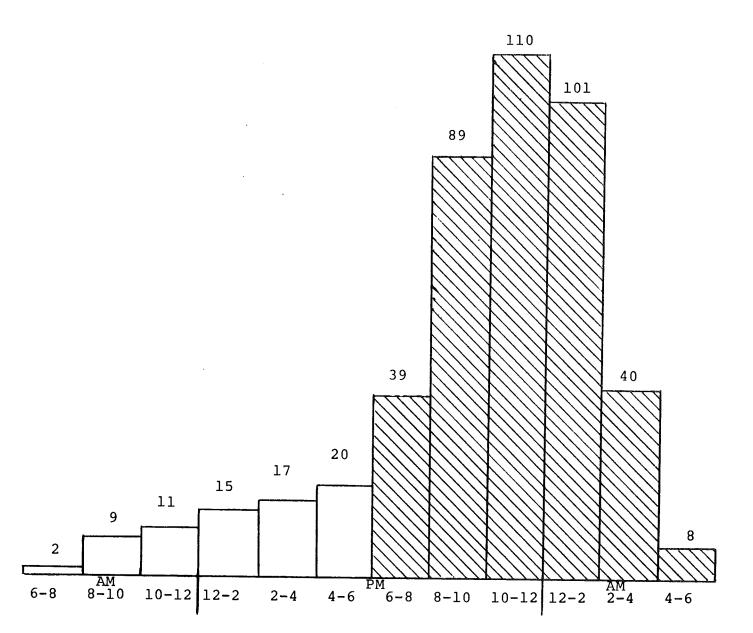
COUNTY	NUMBER OF ASSAULTS	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	ASSAULT RATE PER 100 OFFICERS
Androscoggin Aroostook Cumberland Franklin Hancock Kennebec Knox Lincoln Oxford Penobscot Piscataquis Sagadahoc Somerset Waldo Washington York	23 33 159 5 11 26 10 11 10 55 1 4 13 2 14 57	5.0 $7.2$ $34.4$ $1.1$ $2.4$ $5.6$ $2.2$ $2.4$ $2.2$ $11.9$ $.2$ $.9$ $2.8$ $.4$ $3.0$ $12.4$	$     \begin{array}{r}       14.6\\       32.4\\       40.6\\       14.7\\       27.5\\       22.4\\       21.7\\       37.9\\       23.3\\       34.6\\       5.9\\       9.1\\       30.2\\       11.1\\       37.8\\       32.0\\     \end{array} $
Total	434	94.1	29.8
State Police	27	5.9	8.5
TOTAL Law Enforcement Officers Assaulte	d 461	100.0	26.0

## ASSAULTS ON LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS

#### TYPE OF WEAPON

HANDS, FISTS, FEET	394	85.4%
OTHER WEAPON	37	8.0%
CUTTING INSTRUMENT	9	2.0%
FIREARM	21	4.6%

TIME OF DAY



## CRIME FACTORS

Statistics gathered under the Uniform Crime Reporting Program are submitted by the law enforcement agencies of Maine and represent a spectrum of Maine crime on state-wide, region, and county levels. Awareness of the presence of certain crime factors, which may influence the resulting volume and type of statistics presented, is necessary if fair and equitable conclusions are to be drawn. These crime influencing factors are present, to some degree, in every community and their presence affects, in varying degrees the crime developments of that community. Comparison of crime figures between communities should not be made without first considering the individual factors present in each community.

Crime, as an outgrowth of society, remains a social problem of grave concern and the police are limited in their role to it's suppression and detection. As stated by the President's Commission on Law Enforcement and Administration of Criminal Justice in their report "The Challenge of Crime in a Free Society" (1967 - pg. 92).

"But the fact that the police deal daily with crime does not mean that they have unlimited power to prevent it, or reduce it, or deter it. The police did not create and cannot resolve the social conditions that stimulate crime. They did not start and cannot stop the convulsive social changes that are taking place in America. They do not enact the laws that they are required to enforce, nor do they dispose of the criminals they arrest. The police are only one part of the criminal justice system; the criminal justice system is only one part of the government; and the government is only one part of society. Insofar as crime is a social phenomenon, crime prevention is the responsibility of every part of society. The criminal process is limited to case by case operations, one criminal or one crime at a time."

Set forth below are some of the conditions which will, by type and volume, affect the crime that occurs from place to place:

Density and size of the community population and the metropolitan area of which it is a part.

Composition of the population with reference particularly to age, sex and race.

Economic status of the population.

Relative stability of population, including commuters, seasonal, and other transient types.

Climate, including seasonal weather conditions.

Educational, recreational, and religious characteristics.

Standards governing appointments to the police force.

Policies of the prosecuting officials and the courts.

Attitude of the public toward law enforcement problems.

The administrative and investigative efficiency of the local law enforcement agency, including the degree of adherence to crime reporting standards.

The main goal of this program is to identify crime and related problems. The statistics in this publication should not be used to measure or evaluate the workloads and results of the individual contributing departments. While most police agencies are collectively thought of as crime fighting units, considerable independent research shows only a small portion of the workload of many departments is spent fighting crime. Because of other assigned duties, the peculiar cycle of crime and clearances, and the different community factors that normally affect crime statistics, no conclusions on individual departments should be reached without consulting their in-house duties and records.

ANDRUS COGGI DEPARTMENT	OFFENSES	S KNOWN T	O POLICE	JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975							
MURDER NUMBER % OFFENSES CLEARED CLEARED O	R A P E NUMBER FFENSES CLEARED	% CLEARED	R C NUM OFFENSES	) B B E R 1BER CLEARED	۲ ۲ گ CLEARED	AGGRA NU OFFENSES	VATED ASS MBER CLEARED	AULT % CLEARED	NU	/IOLENT MBER CLEARED	26
Androscoggin Sheriffs Office 1 1 100.0	0 0	.0	2	0	.0	17	17	100.0	20	18	90.0
Auburn Police Department 1 1 100.0	0 0	.0	8	3	37.5	25	20	80.0	34	24	70.6
Lewiston Police Department 0 0 .0	4 2	50.0	22	6	27.3	205	151	73.4	231	159	68.8
Livermore Falls Police Depar 0 0 .0	tment 0 0	.0	0	0	.0	0	Э	.0	0	0	.0
Lisbon Police Department 0 0 .0	1 1	100.0	2	1	50.0	11	6	54.6	14	8	57.1
Androscoggin State Police 0 1 100.0	1 0	.0	0	0	.0	7	7	100.0	8	8	100.0
TOTAL ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY 2 3 150 9	6 3	50.0	34	10	29.4	265	201	75.9	307	217	70.7
			*******	********	****						
BURGLARY NUMBER % OFFENSES CLEARED CLEARED C	L A R C E : NUMBER OFFENSES CLEARED	N Y % CLEARED	NU	VEHICLE MBER CLEARED	/0	NL	PROPERTY MBER CLEARED	73	טא	INDEX C MBER CLEARED	6
Androscoggin Sheriffs Office 93 27 29.0	105 37	35.2	7	3	42.9	205	67	32.7	225	85	37.8
Auburn Police Department 318 58 18.2	722 208	28.8	58	11	19.0	1098	277	25.2	1132	301	26.6
Lewiston Police Department 518 211 40.7	1245 298	23.9	108	44	40.7	1871	553	29.6	2102	712	33.9
Livermore Falls Police Depar 40 3 7.5	tment 26 0	.0	5	2	40.0	71	5	7.0	71	5	7.0
Lisbon Police Department 53 7 13.2	85 2	2.4	5	0	.0	143	9	6.3	157	17	10.8
Androscoggin State Police 18 3 16.7	6 0	.0	7	2	28.6	31	5	16.1	39	. 13	33.3
TOTAL ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY 1040 309 29.7	2189 545	24.9	190	62	32.6	3419	916	26.8	3726	1133	30.4

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#### AROOSTOOK COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

#### OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

N	MURDE IUMBER SCLEARED	2	NU	R A P E MBER CLEARED	ر CLEARED	R O Nume Offenses (	BER .	R Y X CLEARED	AGGRAV NUM OFFENSES	ATED AS: BER CLEARED	76		/IOLENT 1BER CLEARED	2
Aroostoo 0	k Sheriffs 0	Office .0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	16	8	50.0	16	8	50.0
Caribou l	Police Dep l	artment 100.0	1	0	.0	1	0	.0	8	6	75.0	11	7	63.6
Fort Fai	rfield Pol	ice Depar	tment										-	
0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	5	5	100.0	5	5	100.0
Fort Ken	t Police D	epartment												
0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0
Houlton	Police Dep	artment												
0	0	.0	1	0	.0	0	0	.0	7	7	100.0	8	7	87.5
Madawask 0	a Police D 0	epartment .0	- 0	0	.0	0	0	.0	4	3	75.0	4	3	75.0
	Isle Polic		ent											
0	0	.0	0	0	.0	1	1	100.0	12	9	75.0	13	10	76.9
	n.Police D		:											
0	0	.0	1	1	100.0	1	0	.0	19	18	94.7	21	19	90.5
	e Police De		•											
0	0	.0	1	1	100.0	0	0	.0	3	3	100.0	4	4	100.0
	k State Po													
3	3	100.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	18	10	55.6	21	13	61.9
TOTAL AR 4	OOSTOOK COI 4	UNTY 100.0	4	2	50.0	3	1	33.3	92	69	75.0	103	76	73.8

AROOSTOOK COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

#### OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

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BU NUM	RGLA BER	rү Х		ARCEN MBER	ιΥ %		VEHICLE	тнерт		PROPERTY	CRIMES		INDEX C	RIMES
OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED
Aroostook 107	Sheriffs 9	Office 8.4	158	14	8.9	13	9	69.2	278	32	11.5	294	40	13.6
Caribou Po 80	lice Dep 13	artment 16.3	190	64	33.7	15	6	40.0	285	83	29.1	296	90	30.4
Fort Fairf	ield Pol	ice Depa	rtment											
28	8	28.6	95	28	29.5	15	9	60.0	138	45	32.6	143	50	35.0
Fort Kent	Police D	epartmen	t											
6	1	16.7	58	11	19.0	2	1	50.0	66	13	19.7	66	13	19.7
Houlton Po	lice Dep	artment												
68	9	13.2	166	18	10.8	31	13	41.9	265	40	15.1	273	47	17.2
Madawaska	Police D	epartmen	t											
6	1	16.7	157	135	86.0	1	0	.0	164	136	82.9	168	139	. 82.7
Presque Is	le Polic	e Depart	ment											
125	33	26.4	344	132	38.4	35	10	28.6	504	175	34.7	517	185	35.8
Van Buren	Police D	epartmen	t											
28	17	60.7	46	27	58.7	6	4	66.7	80	48	60.0	101	67	66.3
Limestone	Police D	epartmen	t											
32	5	15.6	29	7	24.1	7	6	85.7	68	18	26.5	72	22	30.6
Aroostook	State Po	lice												
85	17	20.0	65	18	27.7	20	14	70.0	170	49	28.8	191	62	32.5
TOTAL AROO 565	STOOK CO 113	UNTY 20.0	1308	454	34.7	145	72	49.7	2018	639	31.7	2121	715	33.7
202	**3	20.0	1202		5447	142	12	42.1	2010	039	JI. /	2161	113	

#### CUMBERLAND COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

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#### OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

MURDER NUMBER % OFFENSES CLEARED CLEARED		RAPE IMBER CLEARED	% CLEARED	R ( Num Offenses	) B B E F 18ER CLEARED	RY % CLEARED	AGGRA' NUI OFFENSES	VATED ASS MBER CLEARED	CLEARED	NU	/IOLENT ( MBER CLEARED	2
Cumberland Sheriffs Office 0 0 .0	4	2	50.0	2	1	50.0	21	17	81.0	27	20	74.1
Brunswick Police Departmen 0 0 .0	t 2	0	.0	3	1	33.3	13	4	30.8	18	5	27.8
Cape Elizabeth Police Depa 0 0 .0	rtment 0	0	.0	2	0	.0	16	10	62.5	18	10	55.6
Falmouth Police Department 0 0 .0	0	0	.0	2	1	50.0	5	4	80.0	7	5	71.4
Gorham Police Department 0 0 .0	0	0	.0	1	1	100.0	20	4	20.0	21	5	23.8
Portland Police Department 3 4 133.3	18	9	50.0	137	64	46.7	261	175	67.1	419	252	60.1
South Portland Police Depa 1 1 100.0	rtment 4	2	50.0	11	7	63.6	62	45	72.6	78	55	70.5
Scarborough Police Departm 0 0 .0	ent 4	0	.0	3	.2	66.7	13	12	92.3	20	14	70.0
Westbrook Police Departmen 0 0 .0	t 1	0	.0	4	0	.0	43	29	67.4	48	29	60.4
Bridgton Police Department 0 0 .0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	18	14	77.8	18	14	77.8
Cumberland Police Departme 0 0 .0	nt 0	0	.0	0	0	.0	4	4	100.0	4	4	100.0
Freeport Police Department 0 0 .0	. 0	0	.0	1	1	100.0	4	3	75.0	5	4	80.0
New Gloucester Police Depa 0 0 .0	rtment 0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0
Yarmouth Police Department 0 0 .0	1	0	••0	0	0	.0	6	4	66.7	7	4	57.1
University of Maine, Portl 0 0 .0	and/Gorha	im Departi 0	ment	1	0	.0	3	1	33.3	4	1	25.0
Cumberland State Police 2 7 350.0	1	1	100.0	3	1	33.3	9	、 6	66.7	15	` 15	100.0
TOTAL CUMBERLAND COUNTY			_									
6 12 200.0	35	14	40.0	170	79	46.5	498	332	66.7	709	437	61.6

CUMBERLAND COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

#### OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

	GLARY R % EARED CLEARE	L N O OFFENSE	. A R C E IUMBER IS CLEARED	N Y % CLEARED	MOTOR NU OFFENSES	VEHICLE MBER CLEARED	76	N	PROPERTY UMBER S CLEARED	26	NU	INDEX C IMBER CLEARED	RIMES % CLEARED
	heriffs Officients of the second seco		42	10.1	29	8	27.6	1149	153	13.3	1176	173	14.7
Brunswick Po 264	lice Departme 20 7.		27	6.6	35	9	25.7	708	56	7.9	726	61	8.4
Cape Elizabe 72	th Police Dep 9 12.		21	13.5	7	2	28.6	235	32	13.6	253	42	16.6
Falmouth Pol 67	ice Departmen 9 13.4		34	23.0	6	1	16.7	221	44	19.9	228	49	21.5
Gorham Polic 99	e Department 3 3.	0 171	4	2.3	24	5	20.8	294	12	4.1	315	17	5.4
	ice Departme 432 19.		379	11.4	482	47	9.8	6226	908	14.6	6645	1160	17.5
South Portla 273	and Police Dep 89 32.		230	22.0	81	15	18.5	1402	334	23.8	1480	389	26.3
Scarborough 176	Police Depar 16 9.		24	9.3	13	2	15.4	447	42	9.4	467	56	12.0
Westbrock Po 162	lice Departme 8 5.		44	10.4	45	10	22.2	632	62	9.8	680	91	13.4
Bridgton Pol 137	ice Departmen 66 48.		75	42.1	18	16	88.9	333	157	47.1	351	171	48.7
Cumberland P 15	olice Depart 4 26.		12	16.7	6	0	.0	93	16	17.2	97	20	20.6
Freeport Pol 96	ice Department 5 5.		1	.8	7	1	14.3	215	7	3 <b>.3</b>	220	11	5.0
New Gloucest 0	er Police De		0	.0	2	2	100.0	. 5	2	40.0	5	2	40.0
Yarmouth Pol 34	ice Departme 11 32.		21	19.8	7	5	71.4	147	37	25.2	154	41	26.6
University o 15	of Maine, Por 1 6.		am Depart 10	ment 10.6	2	0	.0	111	11	10.0	115	12	10.4
Cumberland S 86	tate Police 16 18.	5 43	9	20.9	21	11	52.4	150	36	24.0	165	51	30 <b>.9</b>
TOTAL CUMBER 4623	LAND COUNTY 842 18.		933	13.4	785	134	17.1	12368	1909	15.4	13077	2346	17.9

#### DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY

#### BUREAU OF STATE POLICE

#### UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION

#### OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

#### FRANKLIN COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

M NUM OFFENSES		z	NUM	RAPE 18ER Cleared	الم CLEARED		) B B E F 1BER CLEARED	z	NUM	ATED ASS BER CLEARED	2	NU	VIOLENT MBER CLEARED	2
Franklin S O	heriffs 0	Office .0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	1	1	100.0	1	1	100.0
Farmington 0	Police 0	Departmer .0	nt O	0	.0	0	0	.0	7	6	85.7	7	6	85.7
Jay Police 0	Departm 0	ent .0	0	0	.0	2	0	.0	1	1	100.0	3	1	33.3
Wilton Pol O	ice Depa 0	rtment .0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	4	4	100.0	4	4	100.0
Franklin S O	tate Pol l	ice 100.0	0	0	.0	1	0	.0	2	2	100.0	3	3	100.0
TOTAL FRAN 0	KLIN COU	NTY 100.0	0	0	.0	3	0	.0	15	14	93.3	18	15	83.3
						*******	*******							
B U Num	IRGLA BBER	RY Z	NU	ARCEN 18ER	z	MOTOR	VEHICLE	тнеет	TOTAL F	ROPERTY	CRIMES	TOTAL NU	INDEX C	RIMES
OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED
Franklin S 159	heriffs 15	Office 9.4	89	12	13.5	5	1	20.0	253	28	11.1	254	29	11.4
Farmington 61	Police 8	Departmen 13.1	nt 82	26	31.7	18	7	38.9	161	41	25.5	168	47	26.0
	-				5117	10	•	50.5	101	41	23.3	100		20.0
Jay Police 33	2 Departm 3	9.1	57	5	8.8	6	2	33.3	96	10	10.4	99	11	11.1
Wilton Pol 23	ice Depa 2	rtment 8.7	13	3	23.1	3	1	33.3	39	6	15.4	43	10	23.3
Franklin S 15	tate Pol 4	ice 26.7	17	5	29.4	3	3	100.0	35	12	34.3	38	15	39.5
TOTAL FRAN 291	KLIN COU 32	NTY 11.0	258	51	19.8	35	14	40.0	584	97	16.6	602	112	18.6

#### HANCOCK COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

#### OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

MURDER NUMBER % OFFENSES CLEARED CLEARED	R A P E NUMBER OFFENSES CLEARED	% CLEARED	R O NUME OFFENSES (	BBEF BER CLEARED	₹ Y % CLEARED		ATED ASS BER CLEARED		NU	VIOLENT MBER CLEARED	2
Hancock Sheriffs Office 0 0 .0	2 2	100.0	0	0	.0	20	16	80.0	22	1.8	81.8
Bar Harbor Police Departme 1 1 100.0	nt 1 0	. 0	2	1	50.0	3	3	100.0	7	5	71.4
Ellsworth Police Departmen 0 0 .0	t 0 0	- 0	0	0	.0	7	6	85.7	7	6	85.7
Bucksport Police Departmen 0 0 .0	t 0 0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	. 0
Hancock State Police 0 0 .0	2 1	50.0	3	2	66.7	6	4	66.7	11	7	63.6
TOTAL HANCOCK COUNTY 1 1 100.0	5 3	60.0	5	3	60.0	· 36	29	80.6	47	36	76.6
			*******	******	****						
	LARCE NUMBER	%	NUME		26	NUM	ROPERTY	2	NU	INDEX C	%
OFFENSES CLEARED CLEARED	OFFENSES CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES (	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED
Hancock Sheriffs Office 316 13 4.1	172 7	4.1	14	5	35.7	502	25	5.0	524	43	8.2
Bar Harbor Police Departme 107 21 19.6	nt 225 26	11.6	5	2	40.0	337	49	14.5	344	54	15.7
Ellsworth Police Departmen 79 7 8.9	t 110 32	29.1	16	10	62.5	205	49	23.9	212	55	25.9
Bucksport Police Departmen 67 0 .0	t 83 1	1.2	7	2	28.6	157	3	1.9	157	3	1.9
Hancock State Police 9 5 55.6	10 3	30.0	3	2	66.7	· 22	10	45.5	33	17	51.5
TOTAL HANCOCK COUNTY 578 46 8.0	500 <u>6</u> 9	11.5	45	21	26.7	1223	136	11.1	1270	172	13.5

### KENNEBEC COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

### OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

### JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

.

M L NUMB OFFENSES C		7		≀APE 18ER CLEARED	% CLEARED	R O NUM OFFENSES	BER	R Y Z CLEARED	AGGRAN NUI OFFENSES	VATED AS: MBER CLEARED	26		/IOLENT 1BER CLEARED	2
Kennebec Sh 0	eriffs 0	Office .0	0	0	.0	2	2	100.0	5	5	100.0	7	7	100.0
Augusta Pol 0	ice Dep 0	artment .0	5	5	100.0	11	3	27.3	84	69	82.1	100	77	77.0
Gardiner Po 0	olice De O	partment .0	1	1	100.0	0	0	.0	21	14	66.7	22	15	68.2
Hallowell P O	olice D 0	epartment .0	- 0	0	.0	2	2	100.0	4	3	75.0	6	5	83.3
Waterville 0	Police 0	Departmer .0	nt 1	1	100.0	10	6	60.0	22	18	81.8	33	25	75.8
Oakland Pol 0	0	.0	1	0	.0	0	0	.0	6	6	100.0	7	6	85.7
Winslow Pol 0	0	• • •	1	0	.0	1	1	100.0	1	1	100.0	3	2	66.7
Winthrop Po 0	lice De 0	partment .0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	10	8	80.0	10	8	80.0
Kennebec St 1	ate Pol 2	ice 200.0	3	3	100.0	8	3	37.5	23	24	104.4	35	32	91.4
TOTAL KENNE 1	BEC COU	NTY 200.0	12	10	83.3	34	17	50.0	176	148	84.1	223	177	79.4

### DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY BUREAU OF STATE POLICE

#### BUILERS OF STATE FOLIOE

### UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION

### OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

KENNEBEC COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

BU NUM OFFENSES		%	NU	ARCEN MBER CLEARED	2	MOTOR NUM OFFENSES	VEHICLE 1BER	Å		PROPERTY MBER	2	NU	INDEX C	2
0	022/0022	GEERAED	U. I. ENOLU	CLEARED	GEEARED	OFFERGES	CLEARLD	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED
Kennebec S	heriffs	Office												
114	2	1.8	94	3	3.2	0	0	.0	208	5	2.4	215	12	5.6
Augusta Po	lice De	partment												
345	59	17.1	958	103	10.8	69	10	14.5	1372	172	12.5	1472	249	16.9
Gardiner P	olice D	enartment												
109	47	43.1	216	68	31.5	17	12	70.6	342	127	37.1	364	142	39.0
Hallowell 3	Police	Departmen	+											
31	3	9.7	43	2	4.7	2	1	50.0	76	6	7.9	82	11	13.4
Waterville	Police	Departmen	nt											
228	56	24.6	616	120	19.5	57	18	31.6	901	194	21.5	934	219	23.5
Oakland Po	lice De	partment												
80	37	46.3	63	8	12.7	5	3	60.0	148	48	32.4	155	54	34.8
Winslow Po	lice De	partment												
48	11	22.9	99	2	2.0	9	3	33.3	156	16	10.3	159	18	11.3
Winthrop P	olice D	onartment												
61	12	19.7	126	8	6.4	2	1	50.0	189	21	11.1	199	29	14.6
Kennebec S	tato Po	lice												
138	23	16.7	68	16	23.5	21	8	38.1	227	47	20.7	262	79	30.2
TOTAL KENN			2202											
1154	250	17.8	2283	330	14.5	182	5 <b>6</b>	30.8	3619	636	17.6	3842	813	21.2

#### KNOX COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

### OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

	URDE 13BER CLEARED	2	NU	R A P E MBER CLEARED	% CLEARED	R O NUM OFFENSES	BBE BER CLEARED	2	AGGRAN NUM OFFENSES	ATED ASS BER CLEARED		NU	VIOLENT MBER CLEARED	2
Knox Sheri 0	ffs Offi 0	.ce .0	1	0	.0	0	Ó	.0	0	0	.0	1	0	.0
Camden Pol 0	lice Depa 0	rtment	0	0	.0	1	1	100.0	0	0	.0	1	1	100.0
Rockland P 0	Police De O	partment .0	2	2	100.0	7	0	.0	13	8	61.5	22	10	45.5
Thomaston 0	Police D 0	epartment .0	- 1	0	.0	0	0	.0	24	23	95.8	25	23	92.0
Knox State 4	Police 3	75.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	4	2	50.0	8	5	62.5
TOTAL KNOX 4	COUNTY 3	75.0	4	2	50.0	8	1	12.5	41	33	80.5	57	39	68.4
						*******	*******	*****						
B U NUM OFFENSES	R G L A 18ER CIFARED	<i>/</i> o	NU	A R C E N MBER CLEARED	%	MOTOR NUM OFFENSES	VEHICLE BER	2	NUM	ROPERTY	2	NU	INDEX C	76
			UTTERSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED
Knóx Sheri 126	iffs Offi 13	ce 10.3	89	4	4.5	4	1	25.0	219	18	8.2	220	18	8.2
Camden Pol 27	lice Depa 11	rtment 40.7	79	17	21.5	4	1	25.0	110	29	26.4	111	30	27.0
Rockland P 198	olice De 26	partment 13.1	452	84	18.6	42	8	19.1	692	118	17.1	714	128	17.9
Thomaston 36	Police D 10	epartment 27.8	50	10	20.0	9	6	66.7	95	26	27.4	120	49	40.8
Knox State 24	e Police 1	4.2	15	2	13.3	4	2	50.0	. 43	5	11.6	51	10	19.6
TOTAL KNOX 411	COUNTY 61	14.8	685	117	17.1	63	18	28.6	1159	196	16.9	1216	235	19.3

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

#### LINCOLN COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

### JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

M U R NUMBER OFFENSES CLE		Z EARED	R NUM OFFENSES		% CLEARED	NUMB		%	NUM		%		/IOLENT ( 1BER CLEARED	2
Lincoln Sheri 0	ffs Offi 0	ice .0	1	1	100.0	1	0	.0	12	12	100.0	14	13	92.9
Boothbay Harb 0	or Polic 0	ce Depa	rtment 0	0	.0	1	1	100.0	6	6	100.0	7	7	100.0
Waldoboro Pol 0	ice Depa 0	artment .0	0	0	.0	1	0	.0	7	5	71.4	8	5	62.5
Wiscasset Pol 0	ice Depa 0	artment .0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	1	1	100.0	1	1	100.0
Lincoln State l		100.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	5	3	60.0	6	4	66.7
TOTAL LINCOLN 1		100.0	1	1	100.0	3	1	33.3	31	27	87.1	36	30	83.3
						*******	******	****						
BURG Number Offenses Cle	LAR R FARED CLI		L A NUM OFFENSES	NRCEN 13BER CLEARED	2	NUME		2	NUM	ROPERTY BER	%	TOTAL NUI OFFENSES	INDEX C	76
				GEERNED	GECANED	OTTERSES V		CLEARED	OTTENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OF FERSES	CLEARED	CLEARED
Lincoln Sheri 265	dffs Off 33	ice 12.5	164	21	12.8	3	1	33.3	432	55	12.7	446	68	15.3
Boothbay Harb 82	or Poli 6	ce Depa 7.3	rtment 65	8	12.3	3	0	.0	150	14	9.3	157	21	13.4
Waldoboro Pol 45	lice Dep 10	artment 22.2	39	11	28.2	3	2	66.7	87	23	26.4	95	28	29.5
Wiscasset Pol 21	lice Dep 1	artment 4.8	45	4	8.9	1	1	100.0	67	6	9.0	68	7	10.3
Lincoln State 23	e Police 1	4.4	8	3	37.5	4	0	.0	35	4	11.4	41	8	19.5
TOTAL LINCOLN 436	N COUNTY 51	11.7	321	47	14.6	14	4	28.6	771	102	13.2	807	132	16.4

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# OXFORD COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

### OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

### JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

NUM OFFENSES		2 CLEARED		RAPE UBER CLEARED	Z CLEARED	NUA	0 B B E 1 13BER CLEARED	7	AGGRA Nu Offenses	VATED AS MBER CLEARED	SAULT & CLEARED		VIOLENT MBER CLEARED	- X
Oxford She 0	riffs Of 0	fice .0	1	1	100.0	0	0	.0	14	14	100.0	15	15	100.0
Rumford Po 1	lice Dep l	artment 100.0	0	0	.0	4	0	.0	6	5	83.3	11	6	54.5
Mexico Pol O	ice Depa 0	rtment .0	0	0	.0	1	1	100.0	2	2	100.0	3	3	100.0
Norway Pol 0	ice Depa 0	rtment	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	9	9	100.0	9	9	100.0
Paris Poli 0	ce Depar 0	tment .0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	2	2	100.0	2	2	100.0
Oxford Sta 0	te Polic 0	.0	2	0	.0	0	0	.0	7	6	85.7	9	6	66.7
TOTAL OXFO	RD COUNT 1	Y 100.0	3	1	33.3	5	· 1	20.0	40	38	95.0	49	41	83.7
						*******	******	****						
BU NUM	R G L A BER	RY Z	NUM	BER	7	NUM	VEHICLE	76	TOTAL F	ROPERTY	CRIMES		INDEX C	RIMES
OFFENSES			OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES		CLEARED
Oxford She: 138	97	70.3	86	22	25.6	6	5	83.3	230	124	53.9	245	139	56.7
Rumford Po 52	lice Dep 22	artment 42.3	245	41	16.7	22	16	72.7	319	79	24.8	330	85	25.8
Mexico Pol: 63	ice Depa 14	rtment 22.2	108	9	8.3	13	6	46.2	184	29	15.8	187	32	17.1
Norway Pol: 32	ice Depa 7	rtment 21.9	59	10	17.0	4	3	75.0	95	20	21.1	104	29	27.9
Paris Polic 20	ce Depar 4	tment 20.0	43	12	27.9	5	2	40.0	68	18	26.5	70	20	28.6
Oxford Stat 12	te Police 3	e 25.0	8	2	25.0	7	3	42.9	27	8	29.6	36	14	38.9
TOTAL OXFOR 317	RD COUNT: 147	¥ 46.4	549	96	17.5	57	35	61.4	923	278	30.1	972	319	32.8

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#### OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

### SAGADAHOC COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

MURDER NUMBER % OFFENSES CLEARED CLEARED	R A P E NUMBER Offenses cleared	ر CLEARED	R O NUMB OFFENSES C		2	AGGRAN NUM OFFENSES	ATED ASS BER CLEARED	<i>k</i> o		VIOLENT ( MBER CLEARED	2
Sagadahoc Sheriffs Office 0 0 .0	0 0	.0	1	0	.0	9	6	66.7	10	6	60.0
Bath Police Department 0 0 .0	2 1	50.0	6	1	16.7	4	2	50.0	12	4	33.3
Topsham Police Department 0 0 .0	0 0	.0	0	0	.0	8	5	62.5	8	5	62.5
Richmond Police Department 0 0 .0	0 0	.0	1	1	100.0	3	3	100.0	4	4	100.0
Sagadahoc State Police 0 0 .0	0 0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0
TOTAL SAGADAHOC COUNTY 0 0 .0	2 1	50.0	8	2	25.0	24	16	66.7	34	19	55.9
			*******	******	****						
BURGLARY NUMBER % OFFENSES CLEARED CLEARED	L A R C E NUMBER OFFENSES CLEARED	z	MOTOR NUME	BER	%		ROPERTY BER	%	TOTAL NUI OFFENSES	INDEX CA	76
		022/11/22	0		occ/acco		OLCANCD	CLEANED		CLEARED	CLEARED
Sagadahoc Sheriffs Office 245 37 15.1	177 6	3.4	3	0	.0	425	43	10.1	435	49	11.3
Bath Police Department											
117 50 42.7	441 120	27.2	21	16	76.2	579	186	32.1	591	190	32.2
	441 120 107 3	27.2	21 4	16 0	76.2	579 150	186 5	32.1 3.3	591 158	190 10	32.2 6.3
117 50 42.7 Topsham Police Department	107 3										
1175042.7Topsham Police Department3923925.1Richmond Police Department	107 3	2.8	4	0	.0	150	5	3.3	158	10	6.3

### PENOBSCOT COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

### OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

NUMB	RDER ER % LEARED CLEARED	R Num Offenses	A P E BER CLEARED	% CLEARED	R O NUM OFFENSES		2	กบก	ATED AS: BER CLEARED	/0	TOTAL N NUM OFFENSES	BER	
Penobscot S 2	heriffs Office 2 100.0	3	3	100.0	1	1	100.0	7	8	114.3	13	14	107.7
Bangor Polic 0	ce Department 0 .0	5	5	100.0	26	10	38.5	14	10	71.4	45	25	55.6
Brewer Polic l	ce Department 1 100.0	0	0	.0	1	0	.0	4	1	25.0	6	2	33.3
Dexter Polic 0	ce Department 0 .0	2	1	50.0	1	1	100.0	2	3	150.0	5	5	100.0
Lincoln Pol: 0	ice Department 0 .0	1	1	100.0	2	1	50 <b>.0</b>	4	4	100.0	7	6	85.7
Old Town Po: 0	lice Department 0 .0	0	0	.0	1	0	.0	5	5	100.0	6	5	83.3
Orono Police 0	Department 0 .0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	6	4	66.7	6	4	66.7
Hampden Poli 0	ice Department 0 .0	0	0	.0	3	1	33.3	2	2	100.0	5	3	
Millinocket 0	Police Departmo	ent 0	0	.0	1	0	.0	-					60.0
East Millind	ocket Police Dep 0 .0		0						3	100.0	4	3	75.0
Newport Poli	ce Department		-	.0	0	0	.0	. 1	1	100.0	1	1	100.0
l University o	0 .0 of Maine, Orono			.0	1	0	.0	15	11	73.3	17	11	64.7
0 Penobscot St	0 .0 ate Police	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	4	7	175.0	4	7	175.0
4	2 50.0	0	0	.0	3	3	100.0	. 12	11	91.7	19	16	84.2
TOTAL PENOBS 8	COT COUNTY 5 62.5	11	10	90.9	40	17	42.5	79	70	88.6	138	102	73 <b>.9</b>

PENOBSCOT COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

BURGLA NUMBER OFFENSES CLEAREI		L A Num Offenses	ARCEN 18ER CLEARED			VEHICLE MBER CLEARED	%	NU	PROPERTY MBÉR CLEARED	2		INDEX CI MBER CLEARED	59 70
Penobscot Sheriff 294 234	s Office 79.6	194	145	74.7	18	8	44.4	506	387	76.5	519	401	77.3
Bangor Police Dep 467 94	artment 20.1	1329	233	17.5	173	37	21.4	1969	364	18.5	2014	389	19.3
Brewer Police Deg 100 10	artment 10.0	275	37	13.5	32	3	9.4	407	50	12.3	413	52	12.6
Dexter Police Der 42 15	artment 35.7	85	32	37.7	7	2	28.6	134	49	36.6	139	54	38.9
Lincoln Police De 49 14	epartment 28.6	81	8	9.9	7	4	57.1	137	26	19.0	144	32	22.2
Old Town Police I 28 10	epartment 35.7	± 73	15	20.6	9	5	55.6	110	30	27.3	116	35	30.2
Orono Police Depa 37 2	artment 5.4	120	2	1.7	10	2	20.0	167	6	3.6	173	10	5.8
Hampden Police De 42 16	epartment 38.1	62	12	19.4	7	3	42.9	111	31	27.9	116	34	29.3
Millinocket Polic 19 10	ce Departi 52.6	ment 47	12	25.5	16	10	62.5	82	32	39.0	86	35	40.7
East Millinocket 15 0	Police Do .0		2	20.0	2	2	100.0	27	4	14.8	28	5	17.9
Newport Police Do 37 11	epartment 29.7	59	6	10.2	4	0	.0	100	17	17.0	117	28	23.9
University of Ma 27 4	ine, Oron 14.8		nt 87	16.1	12	11	91.7	579	102	17.6	583	109	18.7
Penobscot State 1 159 55	Police 34.6	91	36	39.6	17	12	70.6	267	103	38.6	286	119	41.6
TOTAL PENOBSCOT ( 1316 475	COUNTY 36.1	2966	627	21.1	314	99	31.5	4596	1201	26.1	4734	1303	27.5

### OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

### PISCATAQUIS COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

MURDER NUMBER % OFFENSES CLEARED CLEARED	R A P E NUMBER OFFENSES CLEARED CL	% EARED	R O B NUMBER OFFENSES CLE	ર	z	AGGRAV NUM OFFENSES		26		VIOLENT ( MBER CLEARED	2
Piscataquis Sheriffs Office 1 1 100.0	≥ 0 0	.0	0	0	.0	9	8	88.9	10	9	90.0
Dover-Foxcroft Police Depar 0 0 .0	rtment 0 0	.0	0	0	.0	2	2	100. <b>0</b>	2	2	100.0
Milo Police Department 0 0 .0	0 0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0
Piscataquis State Police 0 0 .0	0 0	.0	0	0	.0	10	9	90.0	10	9	90.0
TOTAL PISCATAQUIS COUNTY 1 1 100.0	0 0	.0	0	0	.0	21	19	90.5	22	20	90.9
			********	*****	****						
BURGLARY NUMBER X	LARCENY NUMBER	72	MOTOR VEH NUMBER	2	%	TOTAL NUM	PROPERTY BER	CRIMES		INDEX CI MBER	RIMES
OFFENSES CLEARED CLEARED	OFFENSES CLEARED CL	EARED	OFFENSES CLE	EARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED
Piscataquis Sheriffs Office 87 17 19.5	e 89 14	15.7	12	10	83.3	188	41	21.8	198	50	25.3
Dover-Foxcroft Police Depay 16 1 6.3	rtment 40 10	25.0	6	6	100.0	62	17	27.4	64	19	29.7
Milo Police Department 13 2 15.4	36 16	44.4	2	2	100.0	51	20	39.2	51	20	39.2
Piscataquis State Police 12 2 16.7	10 2	20.0	3	1	33.3	25	5	20.0	35	14	40.0
TOTAL PISCATAQUIS COUNTY 128 22 12.2	175 42	24.0	23	19	82.6	326	83	25.5	348	103	29.6

### OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

### SOMERSET COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

MURDER NUMBER % OFFENSES CLEARED CLEARED	NL	R A P E IMBER CLEARED	% CLEARED		D B B E F 18ER CLEARED	2	NU	VATED ASS MBER CLEARED	76	NU	VIOLENT ( MBER CLEARED	%
Somerset Sheriffs Office 0 0 .0	2	2	100.0	0	0	.0	13	10	76.9	15	12	80.0
Fairfield Police Departmen 0 0 .0	t 0	0	.0	1	0	.0	<b>2</b> 5	<b>2</b> 5	100.0	26	25	96.2
Skowhegan Police Departmen 0 0 .0	t 1	1	100.0	l	0	.0	10	9	90.0	12	10	83.3
Madison Police Department 0 0 .0	0	0	.0	5	1	20.0	5	5	100.0	10	6	60.0
Pittsfield Police Departme 0 0 .0	nt 0	0	.0	2	0	.0	7	6	85.7	9	6	66.7
Somerset State Police 0 0 .0	1	1	100.0	4	2	50.0	10	10	100.0	15	13	86.7
TOTAL SOMERSET COUNTY 0 0 .0	4	4	100.0	13	-3	23.1	70	65	92.9	87	72	82.8
				*******	*******	****						
BURGLARY NUMBER %	NU	ARCEN IMBER	%	NUM	VEHICLE 1BER	THEFT	NU	PROPERTY MBER	CRIMES	TOTAL	INDEX CI	
OFFENSES CLEARED CLEARED	OFFENSES						AFFENARA		AL CARER			6
		CLEARED	CLEARED	OFFENSES		CLEARED	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED		CLEARED	
Somerset Sheriffs Office 422 26 6.2	214	7	CLEARED	OFFENSES 19			OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED			
					CLEARED	CLEARED				OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED
422 26 6.2 Fairfield Police Departmen	t 134	7	3.3	19	CLEARED	CLEARED	655	35	5.3	OFFENSES	CLEARED	CLEARED
422 26 6.2 Fairfield Police Departmen 45 7 15.6 Skowhegan Police Departmen	t . 134 t	7 19	3.3 14.2	19 13	CLEARED 2 3	CLEARED 10.5 23.1	655 192	35 29	5.3 15.1	OFFENSES 670 218	CLEARED 47 54	CLEARED 7.0 24.8
422 26 6.2 Fairfield Police Departmen 45 7 15.6 Skowhegan Police Departmen 152 24 15.8 Madison Police Department	t 134 t 223 8	7 19 46	3.3 14.2 20.6	19 13 23	CLEARED 2 3 8	CLEARED 10.5 23.1 34.8	655 192 398	35 29 78	5.3 15.1 19.6	OFFENSES 670 218 410	CLEARED 47 54 88	CLEARED 7.0 24.8 21.5
422 26 6.2 Fairfield Police Departmen 45 7 15.6 Skowhegan Police Departmen 152 24 15.8 Madison Police Department 33 6 18.2 Pittsfield Police Departme	t 134 t 223 8 nt	7 19 46 0	3.3 14.2 20.6 .0	19 13 23 4	CLEARED 2 3 8 3	CLEARED 10.5 23.1 34.8 75.0	655 192 398 45	35 29 78 9	5.3 15.1 19.6 20.0	OFFENSES 670 218 410 55	CLEARED 47 54 88 15	CLEARED 7.0 24.8 21.5 27.3

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### OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

WALDO COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

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MURDER NUMBER % OFFENSES CLEARED CLEARE	R A P E NUMBER D OFFENSES CLEAREI	ر D CLEARED	ROD NUMB OFFENSES C		%	AGGRAV NUM OFFENSES		26	TOTAL V NUM OFFENSES	BER	2
Waldo Sheriffs Office 1 1 100.	0 0 0	.0	4	3	75.0	18	12	66.7	23	16	69.6
Belfast Police Departmer 0 0 .	t 0 0 0	.0	3	1	33.3	17	5	29.4	20	6	30.0
Waldo State Police 0 2 200.	0 0 0	.0	0	0	.0	2	2	100.0	2	4	200.0
TOTAL WALDO COUNTY 1 3 300.	0 0 0	.0	7	4	57.1	37	19	51.4	45	26	57.8
			*******	******	****						
BURGLARY		NY	MOTOR V	EHICLE	THEET	TOTAL P	ROPERTY	CRIMES	TOTAL	INDEX C	RIMES

B U R NUMBE OFFENSES CI		2		ARCEN MBER	z	MOTOR NUM OFFENSES		%		ROPERTY BER	%		INDEX C MBER CLEARED	z
			UFFENSES	CLEAKED	CLEARED	OFFENSES				CLEARED	CELANED		ULLINED	02225
Waldo Sheri				•	<i>с</i> 2	<i>c</i>		cc 7	446	30	6.7	469	46	9.8
296	17	5.7	144	9	6.3	6	4	66.7	440	20	0.7	405	40	9.0
Belfast Pol:	ice Dep	partment												
85	17	20.0	133	8	6.0	7	2	28.6	225	27	12.0	245	33	13.5
Waldo State	Police	2												
19	3	15.8	12	1	8.3	3	2	66.7	34	6	17.6	36	10	27.8
TOTAL WALDO	COUNTY	,												
400	37	9.3	289	18	6.2	16	8	50.0	705	63	8.9	750	89	11.9

#### OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

#### WASHINGTON COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

145

8

399

Calais Police Department 35 21 60.0

Washington State Police 25 15 60.0

TOTAL WASHINGTON COUNTY 384 63 16.4 66

5

106

45.5

62.5

26.6

15

2

54

#### JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

51.3

65.7

25.6

239

48

940

138

31

288

57.7

64.6

30.6

MURDER NUMBER % OFFENSES CLEARED CLEAR	R A P E NUMBER ED OFFENSES CLEAREI	ر CLEARED	R O B B NUMBER OFFENSES CLEAN	2		/ATED ASS MBER CLEARED	%		/IOLENT ( MBER CLEARED	%
Washington Sheriffs Off 0 0	ice .0 2 2	100.0	4	.0	40	26	65.0	46	28	60.9
Calais Police Departmen 0 0	t. .0 1 1	100.0	0	.0	43	37	86.1	44	38	86.4
Washington State Police 0 0	.0 1 0	.0	2	.0	10	8	80.0	13	8	61.5
TOTAL WASHINGTON COUNTY 0 0	.0 4 3	75.0	6	.0	93	71	76.3	103	74	71.8
			**********	******				8.		
BURGLARY NUMBER % OFFENSES CLEARED CLEAR	LARCE NUMBER ED OFFENSES CLEAREI	z	MOTOR VEHIO NUMBER OFFENSES CLEAN	73		PROPERTY 1BER CLEARED	%		INDEX CF 1BER CLEARED	2
Washington Sheriffs Off 324 27 8	ice .3 246 35	14.2	37 2	78.4	607	91	15.0	653	119	18.2

13

з.

45

86.7

150.0

83.3

195

35

837

100

23

214

### YORK COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

### OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

MURDER NUMBER % OFFENSES CLEARED CLEAR	RED OFFEN	R A P E NUMBER SES CLEARED	% CLEARED	R O Num Offenses	B B E BER CLEARED	R Y Z CLEARED	AGGRA NU OFFENSES	VATED AS MBER CLEARED		TOTAL NUI OFFENSES	VIOLENT MBER CLEARED	7.
York Sheriffs Office l l 100	0.0	1 1	100.0	2	0	.0	9	8	88.9	13	10	76.9
Biddeford Police Depart 0 0		4 3	75.0	13	6	46.2	48	37	77.1	65	46	70.8
Kittery Police Departme 0 0		1 1	100.0	5	2	40.0	6	5	83.3	12	8	66.7
Old Orchard Beach Polic 0 0		ent 6 4	66.7	5	5	100.0	19	16	84.2	30	25	83.3
Saco Police Department 0 0	.0	0 0	.0	5	3	60.0	9	4	44.4	14	7	50 <b>.0</b>
Sanford Police Departme 0 0		0 0	.0	4	1	25.0	6	5	83.3	10	6	60.0
Berwick Police Departme 0 0		0 0	.0	0	0	.0	24	24	100.0	24	24	100.0
Eliot Police Department 1 1 100.		31	33.3	1	0	.0	3	3	100.0	8	5	62.5
Kennebunk Police Depart 0 0		0 0	.0	0	0	.0	6	4	66.7	6	4	66.7
Kennebunkport Police De 0 0 .		0 0	.0	0	0	.0	. 8	8	100.0	8	8	100.0
Ogunquit Police Departm 0 0 .		2 0	.0	4	0	.0	4	2	50.0	10	2	20.0
South Berwick Police De 0 0 .		0	.0	2	2	100.0	11	7	63.6	13	9	69.2
Wells Police Department 0 0 .		0 0	.0	2	1	50.0	0	0	.0	2	1	50.0
York Police Department	0 0	0 0	.0	2	1	50.0	7	6	85.7	9	7	77.8
York State Police 0 1 100.0	) 5	5 1	20.0	3	3	100.0	12	8	66.7	20	13	65.0
TOTAL YORK COUNTY 2 3 150.0	22	2 11	50.0	48	24	50 <b>.0</b>	172	137	79.7	244	175	71.7

# DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY BUREAU OF STATE POLICE

### UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

YORK COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

B U R G NUMBER OFFENSES CLEA	L A R Y % RED CLEARED	L NU OFFENSES	A R C E N IMBER G CLEARED	IY % CLEARED	NUI	VEHICLE MBER CLEARED	72	NU	PROPERTY MBER CLEARED	CRIMES % CLEARED	NU	INDEX C MBER CLEARED	<i>h</i>
York Sheriffs 241 l	Office 6 6.6	115	12	10.4	4	2	50.0	360	30	8.3	373	40	10.7
Biddeford Poli 242 4	ce Departme 0 16.5		74	21.4	31	17	54.8	619	131	21.2	684	177	25.9
Kittery Police 109 1	Department .8 16.5		33	15.4	25	5	20.0	349	56	16.0	361	64	17.7
Old Orchard Be 178 3	ach Police 7 20.8		52	14.5	33	36	109.1	570	125	21.9	600	150	25.0
Saco Police De 132 2	epartment 28 21.2	381	59	15.5	17	3	17.7	530	90	17.0	544	97	17.8
Sanford Police 195 4	Department 5 23.1		124	28.2	23	4	17.4	658	173	26.3	668	179	26.8
Berwick Police 51 1	Department		26	34.2	2	2	100.0	129	42	32.6	153	66	43.1
Eliot Police E 26	epartment 2 7.7	36	1	2.8	9	5	55.6	71	8	11.3	79	13	16.5
Kennebunk Poli 88	ice Departme 9 10.2		11	11.8	5	2	40.0	186	22	11.8	192	26	13.5
Kennebunkport 37	Police Depa 2 5.4		8	13.3	3	1	33.3	100	11	11.0	108	19	17.6
Ogunquit Polic 35	ce Departmer 6 17.1		5	4.8	6	3	50.0	146	14	9.6	156	16	10.3
South Berwick 16	Police Depa 2 12.5		10	22.2	4	0	.0	65	12	18.5	78	21	26.9
Wells Police I 66	Department 5 7.6	5 69	7	10.1	3	2	66.7	138	14	10.2	140	15	10.7
York Police De 65	epartment 2 3.1	L 127	7	5.5	7	3	42.9	199	12	6.0	208	19	9.1
York State Po 94	lice 24 25.5	5 58	17	29.3	25	18	72.0	177	59	33.3	197	72	36.6
TOTAL YORK COU 1575 2	אדע 50 15.9	2525	446	17.6	197	103	52.2	4297	799	18.6	4541	974	21.4

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In July of 1974 Maine became the 22nd state to collect Uniform Crime Reports as a part of the national system.

Building slowly by necessity of the time needed to gather meaningful statistics, the UCR program is only now beginning to bear fruit. Many individuals, initially skeptical of UCR in Maine, have reversed their positions and are now staunch supporters.

This brings us to the question - what good are Uniform Crime Reports and how may they be used? The initial thought response is limited but as the information unfolds many varied uses are revealed. Foremost is keeping the public informed as to the volume and nature of crime so they may judge and act accordingly.

Actually, UCR is a many faceted vehicle with many varied uses -Here are a few but by no means all of the possible uses as they relate to various groups and agencies.

#### I. CONTRIBUTORS -

Administrative information relating to:

- 1. Budget need and justification.
- 2. Manpower number needed as to state average employees vs population and crime rate.
- 3. Department makeup Laboratory, Detective Division, Juvenile Officers, as related to particular crime problems in the community.
- 4. Problem crimes identified.
- 5. Disbursement of personnel and shifts according to the crime picture of the individual communities. In case of State Police and Sheriffs with concurrent jurisdiction, placement according to need and avoiding of duplication of services.
- 6. Training needs training according to crime problems in the areas by priority.
- 7. Equipment purchase according to justified need.
- 8. Selective enforcement by crime volume as identified by particular times and seasons through UCR information.
- 9. Community crime profiles identifying particular problems.
- 10. Long-range planning as anticipated by crime trends.

#### II. GOVERNOR AND LEGISLATURE -

- Broad true picture of crime in Maine by location, volume, type and crime rate as derived from records of all enforcement agencies.
- 2. Guide to valid funding needs of special interest groups and their requests for same.

- 3. Need for additional or less specialized type programs.
- 4. Identification of crime trends and their relation to training, courts, corrections and other criminal justice agencies.
- 5. Identification of various social problems relating to drugs, alcohol, juveniles and rehabilitation.
- 6. Effectiveness of various social programs relating to above.

### III. MAINE CRIMINAL JUSTICE PLANNING AND ASSISTANCE AGENCY -

- 1. Base to evaluate needs for assistance and grant requests.
- 2. Source data for long-range planning.
- 3. A measure of effectiveness of grant programs in given communities and areas.
- 4. Identification of crime problems peculiar to Maine for inclusion in the Maine plan to the Federal Law Enforcement Assistant Administration.
- 5. Justification of a continued need for crime planning in Maine.

### IV. COURTS - PROSECUTION -

- 1. Nature and types of crime generally and by District.
- General disposition of persons charged in all communities and areas with crime by classification. (Guilty, guilty of lesser offenses, acquitted, referred to juvenile court, pending).
- \*NOTE: Any great variation in disposition of particular crimes could indicate problems. These could be poor prosecution, inadequate police training, court problems, or just plain overloading of cases that fall victim to plea bargaining or are pending.
  - V. PRESS -

A factual source for use in reporting crime problems and socially related problems.

- VI. SOCIAL AGENCIES -
  - 1. Identifies problem areas to concentrate on.
  - 2. Some basis for general evaluating of the effectiveness of their programs.
- VII. EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS (for various studies) -

These are but a few possible uses and many more exist. The broader the base data accumulated, the clearer the value of UCR will become. If effective problem solving begins with the identification of the problem, than UCR will continue to be meaningful for a long time.

### COMMUNITY CRIME PROFILES

A continuing policy of the UCR Division is to make sure that the data gathered is meaningful beyond the routine uses of data.

Several months ago the UCR staff developed a department profile based upon data contributed by single departments over a period of six months or more. In effect it was a crime picture of the community during this period and a chance to identify continuing problems, the volume of crime, and the results of the department's effort.

Because of the many causes of crime it is not a judgment on the contributing department, but an aid to identify needs of the community in the crime area.

The demand for crime profiles exceeded our ability as a staff to provide them and we called upon the Maine Criminal Justice Data Analysis Section of the MCJPAA to help us in this area. With their help, we are computer programming our data to provide crime profiles on a current basis. With this aid, profiles should be available on request in June or July of this year.

The response from chiefs who have made use of these profiles is excellent. Many have identified their problems to the administrative and elected officials of their community and added equipment, personnel, or programs where needed. This allows adoption of aids or selected enforcement peculiar to the individual community.

Chief Lucien Longtin of Lewiston Police Department has given us permission to include a two year profile of his Department in our annual publication. We selected this Department because they contributed the extra six months period of data needed to complete a two year period and because of their quick administrative response to the UCR program and their utilization of the data.

On the following pages is the breakdown of the Lewiston Police Department Index Crime activity that permits them to watch the crime pulse of their community.

## LEWISTON POLICE DEPARTMENT

PROPERTY				VALUE		
CRIMES	YEAR	NUMBER	CHANGE	STOLEN	CHANGE	
ROBBERY	1974 1975	4 2 2 2	-20 (47.62%)	17,388 5,660	-11,728	(-67.49%)
BURGLARY	1975	534 518	-16 (2.99%)	112,449 71,828	-40,621	(-36.12%)
LARCENY	1974 1975	1203 1245	+42 (3.49%)	95,574 104,655	+ 9,081	(+ 9.50%)
M/V THEFT	1974 1975	94 108	+14 (14.89%)	111,280 150,744	+39,464	(+ 0.35%)
TOTALS	1974 1975	1873 1893	+20 ( 1.06%)	336,69 <u>1</u> 332,887	- 3,804	(- 1.13%)

	S MINIEGIO O	F PART I OFF	ENSES				
19	74-1975 	. 2	. 3			6	
	ļ	н 	4 4 99		•	PERCENT	• •
OFFENSE	2' 	OFFENSES	1. 4.	PERCENT	ACTUAL	OF TOTAL	_ NUMERICA.
CLASSIFICATION	19 	REPORTED	UNFOUNDE	D UNFOUNDED	OFFENSES	CRIMES	CHANGE
M	1974				1		
Murder and Nonnegligent	•				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Manslaughter	1975	<b>-</b>	1. • · · · · · · ·				
		h	4				· • • • • • • • • • • •
Manslaughter by		0	1 µ		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Negligence	. 1975	0					
•		E Hannahara		·			
Forcible Rape	1974	7	· · · · · · · · · · ·	5 71 . 438.			
	1975	5		1 20.008	4		+
						· · · · · [	
Debberry	2074			20 32 258	42	1.99%	
Robbery	- H _ L L L			20 32.25			
				9		0,99%	<b>کر</b> "د و اور در محمد ا
			- # +-+ -+				┈┯╍╼╸┢╌╂╍╺┱╶╽╴
Assault (Includes Simple		250		16		11.09%	
Assault)	1975	345		257.248		14.438	+8
!					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Burglary (Breaking and	1974	883	3	49	534	25.308	
Entering)	1975	1214		96	518	23.36%	-1
	+ <i>***</i>		+ · · · · · · · ·			23.300	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			• # • • • • • • • • • • •		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		╶╼╾╸╸╡┼╼╺┿┥
Larceny-Theft		1344	÷	41 10.498		57.018	· •- +++-++
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1975	1375	<b>. 1</b>	3.0	1245	56.15%	+4
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		+++-
Motor Vehicle Theft	1974	195		41 . 30.37			
	1975	152		44	108 .	4,878	
		8		i i i i	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
PART I CRIMES TOTALS	1974	2682	.5	72. 21.33	2110	100.00%	
	1975	3122		28.98		100.00%	+10
			а				
				- + + + + + +		• • • • • • • •	- 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4	· • • • • • • • • •		+ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
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		4			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
NOTE: "Index" Offenses	differ from	"Part. I". of	fenses				
in that 4e., Simp	le Assaults,	.and 1b, Mar	nslaughter	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
are not computed							· • · • • • • • •
			- 6 i	1 ii			
		1	1			· · · ·	1
				•••••••••••			<b></b>
					1979 -	1	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Clearance rate for index	offenses fo	r the year o	of				• • • • • • • •
1974 = 21% Nationally -		1	· •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Source: "Crime in United			1				
22.2% State of Maine - 1			1				
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			Гори	lation = 42.300 - Recip	procal - Rate per 1,000	.024
				(supplied by FB)	[ latest statistics]	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
. 8	9	- 10	Н	12 . 13	14 15 0 D T HUL D 4 07 D	16 17
. Percent	OFFENSES	PERCENT	. OFFENSES .CLEARED BY	PERCENT OF TOTAL CLEARED		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
CHANGE	TOTAL	CLEARED	UNDER 18	BY UNDER 18	POPULATION	
	1	1008			. 0.024	
-1001						
1000						
	1	50.008			0.048	
+100%		.50.00%			D. 096	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
		26.198	1	9.098	1.008	
-47.62		27.278	1	16.668	0.528	
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+.36.75			42	16.86%		┈┯╌╾╅╂╼╾┥┨┟╌┥╎┟╼┼╽╂╼╴
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	145					
-2.999	211	40.73				
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		24.198	126	43.308	28.872	
+20.698				46.988	29.880	
						── <del>────┤┥╼┼╡┨╶┥</del> ┈ <del>┥╎┧╶┥┥</del>
		34.048	- <b>1</b> 0 -		2.256	╌┾╴╸┼╸╾┽┥╂╌┟╾┿┞┿╍┝╪╂╌╴
+14.891				65.918	2.592	
•	╾┿╾┿┧┶┯┱┥╉╾╇	<u> </u>	-#			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		.31.288.	201		50.640	
+5.07%						
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			1974					1975		NUMBER (N. )	
ANALYSIS OF BURGLARY_	NUME	ABORNED PERCENT	OF OF OF	DIEN PERCENT	NUM	BER ORTED	NT OF OTAL VALUEP	OPERIUS STOLEN PERG	OTAL CHAN	AGE IN NUMER IN AGE	£
Residence											
Night	74	13.86%	10,121	9.00%	69	13.32%	8,064	11.22%	- 5	- 6.75%	
Day	82	15.35%		11.88%	64	12.35%	12,189	16.97%	-18	- 21.95%	
Unknown	104	19.47%	•	36.90%	69	13.32%	11,856	16.50%	-35	- 33.65%	
Residence Total	260	48.69%	64 <b>,</b> 984	57.79%	202	38.99%	32,109	44.70%	-58	- 22.30%	
Non-Residence											
Night	141	26.40%	30,218	26.87%	201	38.80%	23,799	33.13%	+60	+ 42.55%	
Day	26	4.87%	3,224	2.86%	18	3.47%	764	1.06%	- 8	- 30.77%	
Unknown	107	20.03%	14,023	12.47%	97	18.72%	15,156	21.10%	-10	- 9.34%	
Non-Residence Total	274	51.31%	47,465	42.21%	316	61.00%	39,719	55.29%	+42	+ 15.33%	
BURGLARY TOTALS	534		112 <b>,</b> 449		518		71,828		-16	- 2.99%	

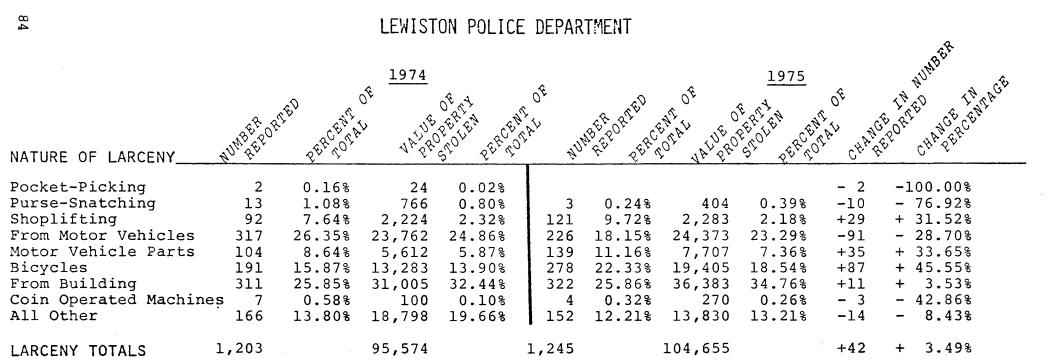
1974-1975 Change in Property Stolen = \$40,621 - 36.12%

HIGHLIGHTS: Although Burglary decreased in total by 2.99%, the incidence of non-residence Burglary committed during the night - increased sharply by 42.55%. Of the total number of Burglaries committed, (513) 350, or 67.56%, were committed by forcible entry. 47.42% of these forcible entry burglaries were cleared by arrest. A sharp drop in the value of property stolen was noted between 1974 and 1975 - (\$40,621 or 36.12%).

82

			LEWIST	ON POLICE	DEPAR	TMENT				£	
		19	74				<u>19</u>	75	6415	4.282. Q	
	4	12 OF	A DE	L 02	<i>.</i>	KTED ENT OF	A DE	ENT OF	L'W	EN PAGE	
ANALYSIS OF ROBBERY	NUMB, REPO	ERCEN.	VALU PACE STOL	PERCENT POTAL	REPORT	PERCE TOTA	VALUE PROPS	PERCE TOTA	CLANCE REPO.	CHANC	
Highway Commercial House Gas or Service Station	24 5	57.14% 11.90%	886 1,020	5.09% 5.86%	10 3	45.45% 13.63%	346 5,180	6.11% 91.52%	-14 - 2	- 58.33% - 40.00%	
Chain Store Residence Bank	2 10	4.76% 23.81% 2.38%	120 9,527	0.69% 54.79%	1 . 4	4.54% 18.18%	5	0.08%	- 1 - 6	- 50.00% - 60.00%	
Miscellaneous	T	2.303	5,835	33.55%	4	18.18%	129	2.28%	- 1 + 4	-100.00% +400.00%	
ROBBERY TOTALS	42		17,388		22		5,660		-20	- 47.62%	

1974-1975 Change in Property Stolen = \$11,728 -67.45%



1974-1975 Change in Valuè = \$9,081 -9.50%

Larceny, with an increase of +42 total offenses (3.49%), does not appear significant in and of itself. However, the sharp increases in theft of M/V parts, bicycles, and shoplifting should alert the administration to possible trend patterns and indicate corrective measures.

STOLEN/RECOVERED PROPERTY

	YEAR <b>1974</b>	<i>VALUE</i> 336,691	CHANGE	
Stolen	1975	332,887	- 3,804	- 1.13%
	1974	144,163		
Recovered	1975	169,508	+25,345	+17.58%
	1974	42.81%		
Percent Recovered	1975	50.92%		+ 8.11%

NOTE: National percentage of Property Recovered for 1974 FBI statistics was 31% - 1975 State recovery rate was 40.8%.

### ANALYSIS OF MOTOR VEHICLE THEFTS

		STOLEN	RECOVERED	PERCENT OF RECOVERY
	1974	94	82	87.23%
Number	1975	108	100	92.59%
	1974	111,280	92 <b>,</b> 795	83.38%
Value	1975	150,744	135,814	90.09%

# VERIFICATION PROCEDURES

Uniformity and accuracy of crime data collected under this program is of primary concern. With the receipt of reports covering approximately 150 reporting jurisdictions within the State of Maine, the problems of attaining uniformity are readily apparent. Issuance of instructions and the training of personnel within contributing agencies does not complete the role of the Uniform Crime Reporting It is standard operating procedure to examine each in-Division. coming report for mathematical accuracy and completeness, and perhaps of even greater importance, for reasonableness as a possible indication of error. Clearance factors, recovery rates and other possible benefits are scrutinized and changes are suggested to the contributors where noted. In the instance of minor mathematical corrections, the contributing agencies are either contacted by phone or in-person visitations by qualified Uniform Crime Reporting field advisors.

The possibility of duplication in crime reporting is given constant attention when reports are received and verified by internal consistancy checks. If duplication is suspected, the contributing agencies are immediately contacted and the matter is resolved in accordance with existing guidelines. A continual analysis of reports is maintained to assist contributors when needed and to maintain the quality necessary for a factual and successful program. Personal visitations are made to contributors to cooperatively assist in needed revisions of records and reporting methods.

Regardless of the extent of the statistical verification processes used by the Uniform Crime Reporting Division, the accuracy of the data assembled under this program depends on the sincere effort exerted by each contributor to meet the necessary standards of reporting.

# CALCULATION OF RATES, PERCENTAGES AND TRENDS

The Uniform Crime Reporting program provides data for police executives to measure local problems. To facilitate this function, the local data must be converted into terms of rates and percentages. Simple formulas are presented which may assist in these computations.

### CRIME RATES

One of the most meaningful crime statistics is the crime rate. This rate is the number of Part I offenses per 100,000 inhabitants. This rate can be calculated regardless of the number of inhabitants in any city, town or county.

To compute rates, divide your communities population by 100,000 and divide the number of offenses in each class by that answer. The answer is the number of offenses in that class per 100,000 population and is your crime rate for that particular offense.

#### EXAMPLE:

a. Population for your jurisdiction, 75,000 b. Number of burglaries for your jurisdiction for a year, 215 Divide: 75,000 by 100,000 = 0.75 Divide: 215 by 0.75 = 286.7

Your burglary rate is 286.7 per 100,000 inhabitants. The number 0.75 can now be divided into your totals in any offense class to produce a crime rate for that offense. This same computation can be completed to give you arrest rates per 100,000 inhabitants.

#### CLEARANCE RATES

The percentage of crimes cleared by arrest is obtained by dividing the number of offenses cleared by the number of offenses known. This answer is then multiplied by 100. An *EXAMPLE* of this calculation is:

a. Number of clearances in robbery, 38 b. Number of total robberies, 72 Divide: 38 by 72 = 0.528 Multiply: 0.528 x 100 = 52.8

Your percentage of clearance in robbery is 52.8%.

#### CRIME TREND DATA

Local agencies can compute crime trends for a given offense for their agency for a particular period of time. For *EXAMPLE*:

a. Auto thefts in your jurisdiction for July through December last year were 21.
b. Auto thefts in your jurisdiction for July through December this year were 29.

Notice that 8 is an increase over the past year.

Divide: 8 by 21 = 0.38

Always divide the difference by the total in the earlier time period. Multiply:  $0.38 \times 100 = 38$ 

Your trend in auto theft is an increase of 38% for the first six months of this year as compared to the first six months of last year.

POLICE EMPLOYEE RATE

Police employee rates are expressed as a number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants of your city or town. To compute this rate, divide your population by 1,000 and divide the number of employees in your department by this number.

a. Your jurisdiction's population 75,000 b. Your agency's number of employees 102 Divide: 75,000 by 1,000 = 75 Divide: 102 by 75 = 1.36

Your employee rate is 1.36 employees per 1,000 inhabitants.

#### CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES

Uniformity in reporting under the Maine Uniform Crime Reporting System is based on the proper classification of offenses reported to or known by the police.

The adoption of the National System of Uniform Crime Reporting included the utilization of the offense classifications of that system. Law enforcement in this State has made accurate application of those classifications in the reports submitted to the Maine Uniform Crime Reporting System.

In view of the need for compatibility with the National System "offenses" under the program are not distinguished by designation of "misdemeanors", "felonies" or violation of municipal ordinances.

The explanations of offense classifications may vary slightly with language used by those familiar with Maine State Law. However, the major categories of offense classification remain the same between the national and state levels.

#### PART I OFFENSES

Offense data consists of information that has been extracted from reports of Part I orimes that have come to the attention of Maine Law Enforcement Agencies. In general, Part I crimes are those crimes that, because of their very nature, are usually reported to law enforcement agencies. Part I crimes are comprised of the following offenses.

#### OFFENSE CLASSIFICATIONS

#### 1 HOMICIDE

- la. Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter -The unlawful killing of a human being with malice aforethought.
- 1b. Manslaughter by negligence The unlawful killing of a human being, by another, without malice aforethought.

General Rule - The killing may result from the commission of an unlawful act or from a lawful act performed with gross negligence. Traffic deaths, when due to the gross negligence of someone other than the victim, are classified in this category.

#### 2 FORCIBLE RAPE

2a. Rape by force - The carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will.

General Rule - FORCIBLE rape of a female excluding carnal abuse (statutory rape) or other sex offenses.

- Attempted forcible rape All assaults and attempts to rape.
- **3** ROBBERY

The felonious and forcible taking of the property of another, against his will, by violence or by putting him in fear. Includes all attempts.

- 3a. Gun All robberies and attempted robberies involving the use of any type firearm (revolvers, automatic pistols, shotguns, zip guns, rifles, pellet guns, etc.).
- 3b. Knife or Cutting Instrument All robberies and attempted robberies involving the use of cutting or stabbing objects (knife, razor, hatchet, axe, cleaver, scissors, glass, broken bottle, dagger, ice pick, etc.).

- 3c. Other Dangerous Weapons All robberies or attempted robberies when any other object or thing is used as a weapon. (This includes clubs, bricks, jack handles, bottles, explosives, acid, etc.).
- 3d. Strong Arm—Hands, Fists, Feet, Etc. All robberies which include muggings and similar offenses where no weapon is used, but strong arm tactics are employed to deprive the victim of his property. This is limited to hands, arms, fists, feet, etc. As in armed robbery, include all attempts.

4 Assaults

An assault is an attempt or offer, with unlawful force or violence, to do physical injury to another.

General Rule - All assaults will be classified in the following categories, excluding assaults with intent to rob or rape.

- 4a. Gun All assaults and attempted assaults involving the use of any type of firearms (revolvers, automatic pistols, shotguns, zip guns, rellet guns, etc.).
- 4b. Knife or Cutting Instrument All assaults and attempted assaults, involving the use of cutting or stabbing objects (knife, razor, hatchet, axe, cleaver, scissors, glass, broken bottle, dagger, ice pick, etc.).
- 4c. Other Dangerous Weapon All assaults or attempted assaults when any other object or thing is used as a weapon (clubs, bricks, pick handles, bottles, acid, explosives, lye, poison, scalding water and cases of attempted drowning, burning, etc.).
- 4d. Hands, Fists, Feet, Etc.-Aggravated assaults which are of an aggravated nature when hands, fists, feet, etc., are used. To be classified as aggravated assault, the attack must result in serious personal injury
- 4e. Other Assaults-Not Aggravated All offenses of simple assault and battery.
- 5 BURGLARY

Breaking and Entering - Unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of any structure to commit a felony or larceny.

General Rule - Any unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of any dwelling house, attached structure, public building, shop, office, factory, storehouse, apartment, house trailer (considered to be permanent structures), warehouse, mill, barn, camp, other building, ship or railroad car.

NOTE: For Uniform Crime Reporting purposes, the terms Burglary and Breaking and Entering are considered synonymous. All such offenses and attempts are scored as Burglary. Do not score the larceny. Breaking and Entering of a motor vehicle is classified as a larceny for Uniform Crime Reporting purposes.

- 5a. Forcible Entry All offenses where force of any kind is used to enter unlawfully a locked structure, with intent to steal or commit a felony. This includes entry by use of a master key, celluloid, or other device that leaves no outward mark but is used to open a lock. Concealment inside a building, followed by the breaking out of the structure, is also included.
- 5b. Unlawful Entry-No Force Any unlawful entry without any evidence of forcible entry.

- 5c. Attempted Forcible Entry When determined that forcible entry has been attempted.
- 6 LARCENY-THEFT (EXCEPT AUTO THEFT)

The unlawful taking of the property of another with intent to deprive him of ownership.

General Rule - All larcenics and thefts resulting from pocket-picking, purse smatching, shoplifting, larceny from auto, larcenies of auto parts and accessories, theft of bicycles, larcenies from buildings, and from coin operated machines. Any theft that is not a robbery or the result of breaking and entering is included. Embezzlement, larceny by bailec, fraud or bad check cases are excluded.

7 MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

The larceny or attempted larceny of a motor vehicle.

General Rule - This classification includes the thefts or attempted theft of a motor vehicle which, for Uniform Crime Reporting designation, is described as a self-propelled vehicle that runs on the surface and not on rails. Excludes reported offenses where there is a lawful access to the vehicle, such as a family situation or unauthorized use by others with lawful access to the vehicle (chauffeur, employees, etc.). Includes "Joy riding". Excluded from this category are airplanes, boats, farm equipment and heavy construction vehicles, which are scored in the larceny category.

#### PART II OFFENSES

The Maine Uniform Crime Reporting System requires information on persons arrested and charged by municipal, county and state agencies on a monthly basis.

In compiling data for the Monthly Returns, the violations of municipal ordinances as well as state laws are to be included.

#### OFFENSE CLASSIFICATIONS

8 OTHER ASSAULTS

This class is comprised of all assaults and attempted assaults which are simple or minor in nature. These "Other Assaults" are also scored on ME. UCR-1 under item 4e as an offense known to Police. However, for the purpose of this return arrests for this offense are scored in this class.

9 Arson

Include all arrests for violations of state laws and municipal ordinances relating to arson and attempted arson.

Include: Any willful or malicious burning to defraud, a dwelling house, church, college, jail, meeting house, public building or any building, ship or other vessel, motor vehicle or aircraft; contents of buildings, personal property of another, goods or chattels, crops, trees, fences, gates, grain, vegetable products, lumber, woods, cranberry bogs, marshes, meadows etc.

In the event of a death from arson, the offense would be classified as murder and if personal injury results, the offense would be classified as assault, (4c).

#### 10 FORGERY AND COUNTERFEITING

In this class place all offenses dealing with the making, altering, uttering or possessing, with intent to defraud, anything false in the semblance of that which is true.

Include: Altering or forging public or other records. Making, altering, forging, or counterfeiting bills, notes, drafts, tickets, checks, credit cards etc.

Counterfeiting coins, plates, bank notes, checks, etc.

Possessing or uttering forged or counterfeiting instruments.

Signing the name of another cr fictitious person with intent to defraud.

All attempts to commit any of the above.

11 FRAUD

Fraudulent conversion and obtaining money or property by false pretense. Includes bad checks, confidence games etc., except forgeries and counterfeiting.

#### 12 EMBEZZLEMENT

Misappropriation or misapplication of money or property entrusted to one's care, custody or control.

13 STOLEN PROPERTY; BUYING, RECEIVING, POSSESSING

Include in this class all offenses of buying, receiving, and possession of stolen property, as well as all attempts to commit any of these offenses.

#### 14 VANDALISM

Include in this class all willful or malicious destruction, injury, disfigurement or defacement of any public or private property, real or personal, without consent of the owner or person having custody or control, by cutting, tearing, breaking, marking, painting drawing, covering with filth, or any other such means as may be specified by law or ordinance. This offense covers a wide range of malicious behavior directed at property.

15 WEAPONS; CARRYING, POSSESSING ETC.

This class deals with violations of weapons laws such as:

Manufacture, sale or possession of deadly weapons.

Carrying deadly weapons.

Furnishing deadly weapons to minors.

Aliens possessing deadly weapons.

All attempts to commit the above.

16 PROSTITUTION AND COMMERCIALIZED VICE

Include in this class the sex offenses of a commercialized nature, such as:

Prostitution

Keeping bawdyhouse, disorderly house, or house of ill repute.

Pandering, procuring, transporting or detaining women for immoral purposes etc.

All attempts to commit any of the above.

17 SEX OFFENSES

Except forcible rape, prostitution and commercialized vice. Include offenses against chastity, common decency, morals, and the like.

Adultery and fornication

Buggery

Incest

Indecent exposure

Sodomy

Statutory Rape-(No Force)

All attempts to commit any of the above.

18 NARCOTIC DRUG LAWS

Narcotic drug law arrests are requested on the basis of the narcotics used. Include all arrests for violations of state and local ordinances, specifically those relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing and making of narcotic drugs. Make the following subdivisions of narcotic drug law arrests.

Opium or cocaine and their derivatives morphine, heroin, codeine.

Marijuana.

Synthetic narcotics, manufactured narcotics which can cause true drug addiction. Demerol, methadones.

Dangerous non-narcotic drugs Barbituarates, benzedrine.

19 GAMBLING

All charges which relate to promoting, permitting or engaging in gambling. To provide a more refined collection of gambling arrests, the following breakdown should be furnished:

Bookmaking (Horse and sport books)

Numbers and lottery.

All other.

20 OFFENSES AGAINST THE FAMILY AND CHILDREN

Include here all charges of nonsupport and neglect or abuse of family and children.

Desertion, abandonment, or nonsupport.

Neglect or abuse of children.

Nonpayment of alimony.

21 DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE

This class is limited to the driving or operating of any vehicle while drunk or under the influence of liquor or narcotic drugs.

22 LIQUOR LAWS

With the exception of "Drunkenness" (Class 23) and "Driving Under the Influence" (Class 21), liquor law violations, state or local, are placed in this class. Do not include federal violations. Include: manufacturing, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing etc.

Maintaining unlawful drinking places.

Bootlegging.

Operating still.

Furnishing liquor to a miner.

Using vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor.

**23** DRUNKENNESS

Include in this class, all offenses of drunkenness or intoxicatic, with the exception of "Driving Under the Influence" (Class 21)

Drunk and disorderly.

Public intoxication.

NOTE: Although "Drunkenness" and/or "Intoxication" offenses hawa been removed from a criminal offense catagory by the Maine Legislature, the catagory remains In the Uniform Crime Reporting Part II offenses and is to be used administratively. Persons taken into custody and/or referred to alcohol rehabilitation cr "De-Tox" centers should be scored in this category by age, sex and race.

24 DISORDERLY CONDUCT

In this class, count all disorderly persons arrested except those counted in classes 1 through 23 and class 25.

25 VAGRANCY

Place in this class arrests for disorderly persons when the person is arrested for failure to give a good account of himself.

26 ALL OTHER OFFENSES

Include in this class, every other state or local offense not included in classes 1 through 25.

Abduction and compelling tc marry.

Abortion (Death resulting from abortion is homicide).

Bastardy and concealing death of a bastard.

Bigamy and polygamy.

Blackmail and extortion.

Bribery.

Contempt of Court.

Discrimination, unfair competition.

Kidnapping.

Offenses contributing to juvenile delinquency except as provided for in classes 1 through 29, such as employment of children in immoral vocations or practices, adritting minors to improper places, etc.

Perjury and subornation of perjury.

Possession, repair, manufacture, etc., of burglar's tools.

Possession or sale of obscene literature.

Unlawful use, possession, etc., of explosives, etc.

#### 27 SUSPICION (NOT REPORTED IN MAINE)

28 CURFEW AND LOITERING LAWS (JUVENILES)

Count all arrests made for violations of local curfew or loitering ordinances.

#### 29 RUNAWAY (JUVENILES)

Count arrests made by other jurisdictions of runaways from your jurisdiction. Do not include protective custody actions with respect to runaways you take for other jurisdictions. Count only your own local cases.

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

AGENCY	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT	OCT.	NOV	DEC.
*Allagash PD												
Androscoggin SO	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Androscoggin MSP	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x
Aroostook SO	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	х
Aroostook MSP	х	x	x	x	·x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Ashland PD	х	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Auburn PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Augusta PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Baileyville PD	х	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	
Bangor PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Bar Harbor PD	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Bath PD	х	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	х
Belfast PÐ	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Belgrade PD			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Berwick PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Bethel PD	х	x	x		x				x	x	x	х
Biddeford PD	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Bingham PD	х	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Boothbay Harbor PD	x	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x
Brewer PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Bridgton PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Brownville PD	X										х	x
Brunswick PD	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Bucksport PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Calais PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Camden PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Cape Elizabeth PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Caribou PD	х	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Cherryfield PD											x	
Cumberland PD	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Cumberland SO	х	x	х	х	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x
Cumberland MSP	х	х	х	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Damariscotta PD	х	х	х	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x
Dexter PD	x	х	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Dixfield PD	x	x	x	x	x					x		

x Denotes participation for the month. \* Small Agency - Reporting through Sheriff's Department.

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HISTORY OF CONTRIBUTOR PARTICIPATION

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

AGENCY	JAN.	FEB,	MAR	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV	DEC
Dover-Foxcroft PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
East Millinocket PD	х	х	x	х	х	x	x	x	х	х	x	x
*Eastport PD	x	x							х	х	x	x
Eliot PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Ellsworth PD	x	x	x	x	X	x	x	x	х	x	x	x
Fairfield PD	x	x	x	x	. X	x	x	x	х	x	x	x
Falmouth PD	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Farmington PD	х	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Fort Fairfield PD	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Fort Kent PD	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Franklin SO	x	x	x	х	х	x	х	x	x	x	х	x
Franklin MSP	x	x	x	х	х	x	x	х	x	x	x	x
Freeport PD	x	x	x	х	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Fryeburg PD	x	x			х	х	x	x		x	x	x
Gardiner PD	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	х	x
Gorham PD	x	x	x	х	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Greenville PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Hallowell PD	x	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	X	x
Hampden PD	x	х	x	x	х	x	x	х	x	x	x	x
*Hancock PD 1												x
Hancock SO	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	х	x
Hancock MSP	x	х	x	x	х	x	х	х	x	x	x	x
Houlton PD	x	x	x	х	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Howland PD	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x				
*Indian Island PD 1												x
Jay PD	x	x	x	х	x	х	х	х	x	x	х	x
*Jonesport PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Kennebec SO	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Kennebec MSP	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Kennebunk PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Kennebunkport PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Kittery PD	x	x	x	x	x	X ·	x	x	x	x	x	x
Knox SO	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Knox MSP	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Lamoine PD 1							**				x	x
*Lebanon PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		x		x
Lewiston PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

x Denotes participation for the month. \* Small Agency - Reporting through Sheriff's Department.

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### JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

AGENCY	JAN.	FEB.	MAR	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG,	SEPT.	ОСТ.	NOV	DEC
Limestone PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Lincoln PD	x	x	x	x	х	x	х	x	х	x	x	х
Lincoln SO	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	х
Lincoln MSP	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	х
Lisbon PD	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	х
Livermore Falls PD	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	х
*Lubec PD		-	x	x								х
*Machias PD			x	x								
Madawaska PD	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	х
Madison PD	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Mattawamkeag PD	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Mechanic Falls PD	х	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Medway PD		x						x			x	
Mexico PD	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Millinocket PD	х	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Milo PD	х	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Mount Desert PD	х	x	x	x	х	x	х	X	х	x	x	х
New Glouster PD	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Newport PD	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Norridgewock PD					х	x	x	x	x	x	x	X
*North Berwick PD	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		x		
Norway PD	х	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	х
Oakland PD	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Ogunquit PD	х	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	х
Old Orchard PD	х	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	х
Old Town PD	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	х
Orono PD	х	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	х
Oxford SO	х	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	х
Oxford MSP	х	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	х
Paris PD	х	x	x	х	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	х
*Pembroke PD												
Penobscot SO	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	х
Penobscot MSP	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	х
*Phillips PD	x	х	х	х					x	X	х	
Piscataquis SO	x	х	х	х	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x
Piscataquis MSP	x	х	х	х	x	х	х	х	x	х	х	x
Pittsfield PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

x Denotes participation for the month. \* Small Agency - Reporting through Sheriff's Department.

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1975

AGENCY	JAN.	FEB.	MAR,	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	ОСТ,	NOV	DEC
		ועםי			LIN I	UUNE	JULI	AUG	JELLI			DEC
Portland PD	х	х	x	x	х	x	x	х	x	x	x	x
Presque Isle PD	х	x	x	x	х	x	x	X	x	x	x	x
*Rangeley PD	х	. <b>X</b>	x	x								
Richmond PD	х	x	x	x	x	<b>X</b> <sup>1</sup>	x	x	x	x	x	x
Rockland PD	х	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Rockport PD	x	x	x	х		x	x		x	x	x	х
Rumford PD	x	x	x	х	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Sabattus PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Saco PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Sagadahoc SO	х	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Sagadahoc MSP	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Sanford PD	х	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Scarborough PD	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Searsport PD	x	х				x		x	x		x	x
Skowhegan PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Somerset SO	x	x	x	x	x	X	x	x	x	x	x	x
Somerset MSP	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
South Berwick PD	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
South Portland PD	x	x	x	x	x	×	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Southwest Harbor PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Stonington PD	x		x	x		×		x	x	x	x	x
Thomaston PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Topsham PD	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Union PD	x	х							x	x	x	x
*UM, Farmington		x	x	х						x	x	x
UM, Orono	x	х	x	X	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
UM, Portland/Gorham	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Van Buren PD	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Veazie PD	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Vinalhaven PD											x	x
Waldo SO	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Waldo MSP	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	X
Waldoboro PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
*Washburn PD		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	л	x	
Washington SO	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	X,
Washington MSP	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				X
Waterville PD	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x x	X	X	X
	Δ		~	А	A	л	л	л	X	x	х	x

x Denotes participation for the month. \* Small Agency - Reporting through Sheriff's Department.

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JANUARY - DEC	EMBER, 1975	
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AGENCY	JAN.	FEB.	MAR	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	0CT.	NOV	DEC
Wells PD	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Westbrook PD	х	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	х
Wilton PD	х	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Winslow PD	х	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	х
Winthrop PD	х	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	х
Wiscasset PD	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	х
Yarmouth PD	х	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	х
*York Beach PD	x	x	x	x				x		x		x
York PD	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
York SO	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
York MSP	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	x

# UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING

### STATEMENT OF POLICY

### FOR THE RELEASE OF UCR STATISTICAL INFORMATION

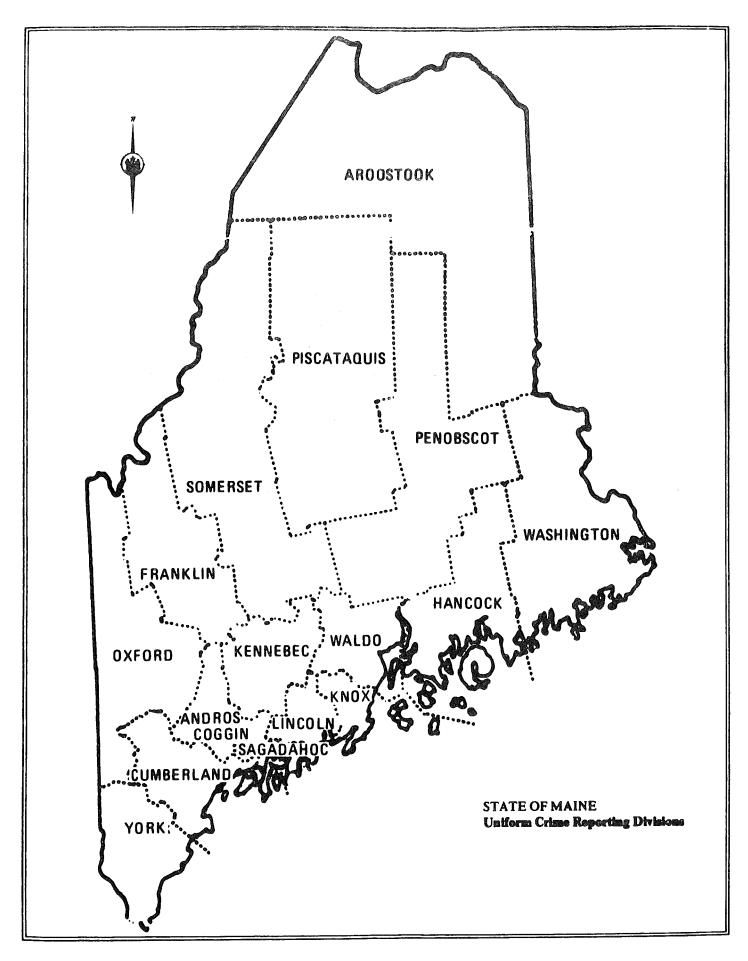
The following regulations will be observed by this agency concerning the release of Uniform Crime Reporting statistical information. Employees of this agency will observe these procedures and will not deviate from this policy without the express consent of the Supervisor, Uniform Crime Reporting Division. All information to be released will originate from, and will be approved prior to being released by the Uniform Crime Reporting Division.

#### REGULATIONS

- 1. This agency will publish an annual report reflecting crime in Maine. This report will be distributed to the Governor, to members of the Legislature, to the Attorney General, to the Maine Criminal Justice Planning and Assistance Agency, to enforcement agencies or to any agency or committee dedicated to law enforcement or criminal justice work.
- 2. Published reports will be released to the above named agencies prior to their being released to individuals or agencies extraneous to the criminal justice community.
- 3. UCR information requests

No person or agency will be furnished statistical information which has not previously been published, concerning any individual agency's reports without the written consent of the Chief Administrator of that Agency. The Uniform Crime Reporting Division will maintain for one year a copy of the information released along with the request and the authority for release.

- A. Information contained in the published annual report may be released via phone, letter, etc., to any interested party.
- B. All requests for unpublished information from agencies or individuals should be directed by letter to the Supervisor, Uniform Crime Reporting Division. These special requests will be honored only with the written consent of the agency whose statistics are requested.
- C. Law enforcement agencies may receive interim, unpublished, specialized reports identifying their agency only providing the request is not unreasonable. Law enforcement agencies may also receive their respective county totals along with state or district totals. All requests should be directed to the Supervisor, Uniform Crime Reporting Division.



# AUTHORITY

The Maine Uniform Crime Reporting System Act was passed by the Special Session of the 106th Legislature and was signed into law by the Honorable GOVERNOR KENNETH M. CURTIS on February 28, 1974.

AN ACT RELATING TO THE INSTALLATION OF A UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING SYSTEM:

Revised Statutes., Title 25, Section 1543, amended. Section 1543 of Title 25 is amended by adding the new paragraph at the end to read as follows:

"It shall be the duty of all state, county and municipal law enforcement agencies, including those employees of the University of Maine appointed to act as policemen, to submit to the State Bureau of Identification uniform crime reports, to include such information as is necessary to establish a Criminal Justice Information System and to enable the supervisor to comply with section 1544. It shall be the duty of the Bureau to prescribe the form, general content, time and manner of submission of such uniform crime reports. The Bureau shall correlate the reports submitted to it and shall compile and submit to the Governor and Legislature annual reports based on such reports. A copy of such annual reports shall be furnished to all law enforcement agencies."

> 1284-8- SB 5-35