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Department of Lynn Wachtel Commissioner

Leonard Dow Director of Community Development

ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT OFFICE OF COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

March 25, 1991

Governor John R. McKernan, Jr. Members of the 115th Legislature

Dear Governor McKernan, Members of the 115th Legislature:

The following report," by Sundown", is the result of the Maine Interagency Task Force on Homelessness and Housing Opportunities effort to define and find solutions to the problems facing people who are homeless or at risk of becoming homeless. It includes the identification of existing services, and the recognition of gaps that exist in those services.

This report is the initial step in finding solutions that will move us toward ending the tragedy of homelessness. Because the problems leading to homelessness and the complex needs of people who are homeless cut across so many agencies in the public and private sector, the Interagency Task Force believes that ideally it should transition into a board or similar body having staff support and a small grants program. However, it recognizes that in light of current economic conditions and budget constraints, this may not be possible at this time. With the understanding that the Task Force will have limited time and resources available, it feels that it can continue to address some gaps in services through better coordination. In Addition, it believes it can continue to disseminate information relative to programs under the federal Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Programs. The Task Force chairperson can continue to act as the point person in facilitating technical assistance inquiries with appropriate Task Force members.

John R. McKernan, Jr. Governor The Interagency Task Force has asked me to extend their appreciation to you, Governor McKernan and the members of the Legislature, for recognizing this problem and for your commitment to finding solutions toward ending homelessness in Maine.

The Task Force was moved by what it learned in talking to people that are homeless as well as those trying to help our less fortunate citizens. They, and so many others gave willingly of their time and interest to assist this initiative. This report would not have been possible without the cooperation and assistance the Task Force received from numerous sources. To all those who contributed, the Task Force is most appreciative.

Lastly, the members of the Task Force, working together, contributed an exceptional amount of time and effort to this initiative. Each participant should be commended for their continuing dedication and commitment.

Sincerely,

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Margaret R. Marshall Chairperson Interagency Task Force on Homelessness and Housing Opportunities

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INTERAGENCY TASK FORCE ON HOMELESSNESS & HOUSING OPPORTUNITIES

REPORT

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HOMELESS

Tommy

Tommy is a 17-year-old with behavioral problems due to a stroke at age 15.

Tommy's behavior did not improve after two years of counseling. Although Tommy had not finished high school, he no longer attended. There was no transportation and a full day was too much for him. Tommy's family could no longer cope with his behavior as he became more difficult and started to abuse substances.

The family asked to have him psychologically evaluated and he was deemed not at risk of suicide or becoming violent; therefore, able to continue to live at home.

At that point Tommy's father gave the family a choice, either he leave or Tommy leave. The family took Tommy to an emergency shelter and signed him in. Stays at the shelter are limited to three weeks.

Tommy was abandoned by his family. The caseworker began contacting different agencies to obtain services: housing, food, funding, rehabilitation, etc.

After finding most facilities filled, he pieced together a plan. Because the caseworker was under time constraints and had a heavy case load, he was unable to investigate all the programs and services that might be available.

Tommy is 17, therefore, he does not qualify for most programs which are designed for adults. Social Security is available, but it can take up to eight weeks before a check arrives. Food stamps are not available without an address. Tommy does not qualify for protective services for children because he has not been abused; just abandoned.

<u>Ken</u>

Ken is a 22-year-old male diagnosed by the State Mental Health Institute as brain-damaged from chronic substance abuse and by the Community Mental Health Center as paranoid schizophrenic. He has been convicted of unlawful sexual contact with a minor and has been placed on probation. He receives a monthly Social Security check because of his disability. He is homeless. The Tri-County Intensive Case Management Program has been working with Ken Trying to find him a place to stay, keep him on medication, and in treatment. He has been treated at Jackson Brook Institute and at the Augusta Mental Health Institute. He's gone to jail because he did not comply with the conditions of his probation: engaging in treatment. The Court has worked with the Mental Health Case Manager and his Probation Officer to mandate the treatment he needs; both mental health and substance abuse.

When he's not been in residential treatment or jail, the intensive case manager, probation officer, and an Area V Mental Health Program worker have tried to find housing for him. Ken has repeated the cycle of getting into some type of housing arrangement; with his parents, his sister, in his own apartment, at the YMCA. He does well for a few days, gets into drinking or drugs, spends all of his money, gets violent, and is moved to an inpatient unit or jail. He usually stays there for a short time, a few days to a week, and is discharged. When discharged, he has no money for food, housing, or clothing, and even if he did, no one wants him around because of his violent behavior. The cycles are beginning to change in that his inpatient stays are getting longer as his condition continues to deteriorate.

Joe and Sally

Joe and Sally are new to the problem of being homeless. They are self-conscious and keep apologizing for their problem. Joe and Sally owned their own construction company and were on top of the world one year ago. Now they have gone through bankruptcy and are homeless.

They lived in a van with their four children and then with Joe's brother and his family in one 9'x 10' room. Then they moved into a partially completed shell of a house; all that was left after the bankruptcy.

The weather turned cold and Joe and Sally realized that they could not stay in the shell any longer. They had tried everything they could to survive on their own. They were scared, tired, and didn't know where to turn. Luckily someone brought them to Rural Community Action Ministry (RCAM) in Leeds and again luckily, a family had just moved out of one of their two family shelters. Joe and Sally, with the four children moved into the trailer and now have a warm place, at least for awhile. They transported the children to the site of the house under construction so their education would not be interrupted while the house was being built. Jane and her three children were living in an old shack which she inherited from her mother. The temperature outside was ten degrees; the temperature inside only thirty degrees. The children, two boys, ages 9 and 3 are both blind, and an 8 year old daughter, were inside, cold and tired.

Jane has some wood, but it was green and not burning well. There was no running water in the shack. The odor from the overused chemical toilet was very strong. A representative from Rural Community Action Ministries had been there before. RCAM had helped keep the shack standing for the past ten years, but this situation was the worst it had ever been. Although Jane did not want to leave her home, she agreed to move into RCAM's family shelter for the winter months. Since the shelter was located in her hometown, the children's education continued without interruption.

Jane is typical of the struggling single parent family in Maine. She spends her meager funds wisely and survives with as little as possible; she cannot afford more. RCAM, in cooperation with Community Concept's Community Action Agency, and Maine State Housing, will help get a trailer and a new well. But she is still in constant debt with medical bills for her children. In addition, transportation costs are very difficult for her but necessary, as the children must go into the city for treatment. Jane has no car and there is no regular transportation from her rural area. She is constantly in debt and in need of help.

FINDINGS

These cases were presented to the Task Force when, as part of a pilot project, members met with service providers and interested persons in Leeds and Lewiston. The Task Force wanted to learn about the extent of homelessness, the services available, problems encountered, and possible solutions. Members of the Task Force represent seven state agencies as well as several non-state agencies. Together, they had a wealth of information they could share with people struggling with finding the right service, at the right place, at the right time for clients on their caseloads threatened with homelessness.

It was gratifying to the Task Force members to provide information to case managers or service providers that would help them get services for a client or potential funding for a service. It was equally gratifying to hear from these same people how they managed to coordinate a group of services for an individual or family with their problems of homelessness.

The Task Force learned about a number of shelter facilities in urban areas. In Lewiston, there is a shelter for homeless men, another for alcoholic men, and one for adolescents. There is also a shelter for battered women, with or without children. A respite care unit is available on a limited basis for mentally ill adults suffering relapses. In Leeds the Rural Community Action Ministries, which serves 12 rural towns, has two trailers which can house families for up to three months.

Vacant apartments abound in substandard buildings in Lewiston. Costs for housing that meets even minimal standards is often beyond the financial means of those existing on SSI or AFDC or even those working for minimum wage. Adequate, vacant housing stock in the rural areas is almost non-existent. Trailers or mobile homes have been patched and "winterized" to provide basic, although unsafe, housing for some. Hand-built homes created over several generations often provide the only "affordable" housing.

Homelessness is easily seen in the shelters and on the streets of Lewiston as in other urban areas across the state and across the nation, but homelessness can not be seen in Leeds. People in rural areas move in with friends, neighbors, or relatives, and stay as long as they can; they move on to other homes unless they are fortunate enough to find a shack they can "fix up a little."

Lewiston and Leeds represent only two areas of the state; one urban and one rural. Each has its own character, population mix, and economic conditions. But the Task Force believed that the problems of people without homes in other urban areas are similar to those who live in Lewiston, and that those in rural areas would experience many problems similar to those

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without homes in Leeds.

For those who are homeless, the need for financial assistance is paramount and immediate. Sources of help are limited. Often, specific criteria must be met before help is available. Many applications take weeks to process.

General assistance is administered by local municipalities using local funds and state tax dollars. This program has the most flexibility to help people who are threatened with losing their homes or those who have already lost them. Eligibility is based on need, people do not have to prove they fit into a certain category before applying for assistance. Youth under 18, although eligible for services on their own, often must prove they are emancipated or indicate that they are abused in some way by their parents before receiving assistance.

The general assistance program provides security deposits, help with rent or food, emergency shelter, and utility payments. But, especially for small towns, there is little information about existing services and rarely enough personnel to do more than provide funds to meet the applicant's request. There's never enough money to meet all the applicants' needs.

AFDC or Aid to Families with Dependent Children is limited to the provision of funds equal to 50% of the nation's poverty level, and is available only to families headed by single parents. The program contains a component that provides additional funds to meet emergencies, such as broken heating or plumbing systems, evictions, disconnection of utilities, or any crisis or disaster that may threaten families' basic needs. The program is limited to one payment of no more than \$500 per year per family. Supplemental Security Income provides a monthly payment to persons with disabilities and limited or no other income. The application process is lengthy and requires extensive documentation of income and disability.

Food Stamps help families and individuals who have a mailing address; people living on the streets, in cars, or in shelters may have no address. The federally-funded Women, Infant, and Children's (WIC) program provides vouchers for nutrition supplements, such as milk and fruit juice to women with small children. Specific eligibility criteria limits this service to a relatively small group of people.

Community Action Programs (CAP'S) administer several programs funded by the state and federal governments including the Home Energy Assistance Program (HEAP), that provides a benefit to assist in paying winter heating bills. Benefits range from about \$250 to \$400 for the heating season depending on the area of the State and other factors. Because funding is limited and the cost of fuel is high, the HEAP benefit often pays only a small portion of a household's total energy costs. Currently, while every eligible person who applies for a benefit receives one, there are many eligible people who do not apply.

CAP's also provide help with energy emergencies, weatherization activities, and furnace repair. CAPs administer the Temporary Emergency Food Assistance Program (TEFAP) and help with local food banks. Food banks, soup kitchens, and shelters also can apply to receive food commodities directly from the State.

Cap agencies and three other non-profit agencies operate Headstart programs. Children of families without homes receive high priority. However, even with increasing funds the program can serve only about 30% of the eligible children.

Local civic and religious organizations may help families facing the prospect of homelessness with food, clothing, shelter, and other needs; but few have sufficient resources to meet all the basic needs.

Job training employment can play an important role in breaking the cycle of homelessness. Unfortunately, many agency representatives and others who spoke at the Task Force meetings in Lewiston and Leeds reported that there are long waiting lists for most job training programs. The ASPIRE program, which provides the greatest hope for individuals receiving welfare benefits may have waiting periods of over two years in some areas. This program combines education, job training and supportive services to assist individuals, including those without homes to achieve self-sufficiency.

Current Job Training Partnership Act and Stewart B. McKinney regulations state that a person who is homeless is automatically assumed to be eligible for services. However, people without homes may find it difficult to make necessary appointments or wait for training programs to start.

One Department of Labor funded employment and training project in Portland is working because is works with people in shelters and on the streets and provides a range of supportive services as well as employment and training assistance.

Employment and job training programs lack the full range of services, which may be required to assist persons without homes. When families are faced with the problems of providing shelter and food, health care takes a back seat. However, it is just these factors that place people at great risk of serious illnesses, especially communicable diseases such as tuberculosis, hepatitis, bacterial and viral infections, as well as anemia, or chronic respiratory conditions. People living in shelters rarely have access to regular health care services. Emergency rooms are frequently the only source of care. General assistance pays for emergency care at Medicaid rates. Although most who lose their homes may be eligible for Medicaid and/or SSI benefits, many do not apply. In some cases, there are outpatient clinic services, well-child clinics, or community health centers available to people without homes. Children in shelters often have not received recommended immunizations and, therefore, are at high risk for vaccine preventable diseases. Additional risks for these children include exposure to tuberculosis and HIV infection.

Good health depends on the ability to pay for health care with insurance or other funds. Without good health people can not work and provide food and shelter for themselves and their families. Those most at risk of homelessness, because of lack of adequate health care include teens, especially pregnant or parenting teens; families whose employers provide no insurance benefits or who rely on unemployment benefits; families who have high medical costs due to chronic illnesses or children with developmental abnormalities.

People will not use the system unless they are treated as individuals, without discrimination. In addition, completing applications and complying with all requirements present obstacles unless there is someone available to help.

Individuals with mental illness may access a variety or services including emergency/crisis services, case management, inpatient and outpatient, treatment, residential, supportive housing and vocational services. However, availability of these services throughout the state is uneven and not always accessible to people who are homeless and mentally ill. The Department of Mental Health and Mental Retardation is committed to the development of a comprehensive mental health system which makes sure that each person's needs are met within an individual's community, to the maximum extent possible.

The need for appropriate services to people who are mentally ill has caused considerable concern during the course of the Task Force's deliberations. This concern has heightened with the recent AMHI Consent Decree, which directs the development of the aforementioned comprehensive mental health system. It also requires that quality care be provided at AMHI and that there be fewer residents at AMHI as services are developed. Concern has been expressed about patients being returned to the community who are not able to live independently and whether community resources will, in fact, be available to meet their needs. Homeless shelters have reported serving people who have more serious mental illness. A wide range of services are available for children including primary prevention, child development, family support, health services, foster care, out-of-home placements, treatment and child protection. However, access to these services is limited and many programs are only able to address part of the child's needs. Rarely is the entire fabric of a child's life taken into consideration with enough care to ensure supportive services are available at any given time and throughout the various transitions of a child's life.

Support services for those in need are limited in urban areas and rarely available in rural Maine, even when affordable housing is located. Transportation is a major problem. Without it, health care, day care, and working becomes difficult or impossible. Transportation is an important factor; with no job or a low paying job, the purchase and maintenance of reliable transportation becomes a drain on already limited resources. Some Transportation services are available statewide, but those services are usually limited to either specific client groups or for special purposes.

The Task Force found that in some cases the loss of housing is attributable to specific illnesses or problems. Large proportions of people in shelters were substance abusers, mentally ill, or both. In other cases, especially for women and children, they simply did not have the means, or the skills to support a household. Underemployment and the lack of well-paying jobs or job training drastically limits what people can pay for housing in rural areas. And, in all cases, the loss of a place to call home is connected with a loss of identity, a factor to a sense of hopelessness.

In other cases, the problem is simply a lack of affordable housing. The Task Force found that even though urban areas often had high housing vacancy rates, residential units were not affordable, because of the requirement of first and last month rent deposits. At times the cost of rental units may exceed a family's total income. Two adults working, part-time, at minimum wage, can not afford to pay average rent cost, a security deposit, as well as pay for utilities, fuel, food, clothing, and medical insurance.

There are more than 2100 Section 8 tenant-based Certificates and Vouchers available through Maine State Housing Authority and substantially more which are available through local public housing authorities. However, Maine State Housing Authority reports three thousand households currently on a waiting list for section 8 housing, with some of these households on the waiting list for a period of two years.

Another problem is landlords often are reluctant to renting to people discharged from mental health institutes, women who are battered, single parents, and teenagers. They are fearful that those in these groups might cause damage to units, harm other tenants, or that partners of battered women will return. Finally, they all fear non-payment or late rental payments.

In rural areas, rental and permanent housing simply does not exist. Use of pre-1976 trailers, which are low cost, are often available, but are unsafe and a danger to the family. The purchase cost of a home in Maine has usually been beyond reach or a remote possibility for families on a fixed income. While the Task Force feels much has been accomplished in addressing the need for affordable housing, continued development of creative housing programs must remain a high priority.

The Task Force found teenagers, including teen parents, who lack safe, secure housing because they either do not qualify for assistance or processing applications for assistance takes too much time. Often they end up on the streets, using or selling drugs; prostitution may become a way of life for many of these teens. Survival on a day-to-day basis for teen parents allows little time for bonding and developing parenting skills, continuing education, or job training. Such deficits can lead child abuse, substance abuse, and neglect or abandonment of the children.

The Task Force compiled a listing of specific groups of people needing special or additional assistance when faced with the reality of homelessness:

- Adolescents
- Adults who abuse substances
- Adults with mental illness
- Single women
- Women with children
- Adolescents with children
- Families with underemployed wage-earners
- Women who are abused
- People with AIDS/HIV infection
- Migrant Workers
- Elderly Persons

Although each of these groups required specific clusters of services and a particular approach, the Task Force learned that people did not easily fit into these neat, distinct categories.

In fact, individuals frequently fit into several categories. Getting the services to people facing homelessness often required overcoming a series of obstacles.

The Task Force found time and time again that in order to qualify for particular services people needed to fit into narrowly defined program guidelines, both in emergencies or when trying to become self-sufficient. Frequently people in need find they are the wrong age, the wrong sex, have the wrong illness, or the wrong problem to qualify for available assistance.

The Task Force realized that to address homelessness, the needs of the individuals must be looked at and programs developed to fit their needs, not fit individuals in the present "boxes" to get them basic needed services. A system is needed that is client-centered rather than problem or service oriented.

The Task Force found a lack of knowledge about many services that are available through state and federal agencies and more importantly within their own communities. Communities were often unfamiliar with the services or specific requirements for accessing them Funding sources often were not applied for, again, because the community, the agency, or the individual was unaware of the availability, or lack the resources (time, money, expertise) to pursue them.

The Task Force became aware that local groups had been formed to assess the extent of the homeless problem and develop strategies to deal with it. Yet, the Task Force was unaware of the extent of these efforts as were some of the service and shelter providers in the areas bring assessed.

Communication or the lack or it, in both rural and urban areas is a serious obstacle to solving the problem of homelessness. Housing development groups, liaisons from mental health institutions, and service providers need to talk with each other about how they can help each other. Landlords might accept more "risky" tenants if they understood the needs of women, teens, and people discharged from mental health facilities. Landlords should feel that help will be provided, if they respond to the housing needs of these populations.

Creative financing for construction of affordable housing by both profit and non-profit developers needs to be encouraged, especially in rural areas. The identification of a lead resource in each community needs to be established. Unsafe trailers have to be replaced with sound, safe housing.

Just as the Task Force found a lack of services and shelter for the teenagers who are neglected, there was a strong indication that the same holds true for single women. Women who become homeless do not fit in the correct "boxes". Little is out there to help them. While there seems to be sufficient shelter beds throughout the state; few are available to women. The same holds true for women with children. Very little emergency and long-term shelter is provided for this group. The present service system cannot cope effectively with people who present multiple problems. People are in unsafe, inadequate shelter, or have no shelter, while state and federal statutes, policies, regulations standards, and resource limitations result in providing services by categories, such as mental illness, alcohol or drug abuse.

Perhaps more than anything else, the Task Force learned that providing houses for people without homes did not necessarily solve the problem of homelessness. As there are many reasons for losing a home or for being without a home - unemployment, poor health, substance abuse, mental illness - there are as many service needs to address the problems. The loss of a home is always accompanied by the need for associated services: food, clothing, health care, transportation, child care, continued education for the children, and employment. Provision of services to address these identified problems can not simply be imposed on an individual or family without coordination by the providers.

The Task Force found many more issues and concerns expressed during our visits, such as the AMHI consent decree and what this means communities, federal and state regulations that require changes to respond to homelessness, lack of day care, affordable health care, and many more. The case histories at the beginning of this report illustrate a number of issues and problems facing people without homes or those fearing loss of their homes. They also identify problems with the system that need to be overcome before the problem of homelessness can be solved.

Tommy's caseworker didn't know all the services that might help Tommy or how to access some other services. The present service system does not recognize adolescents' needs for safe and decent housing when abandoned by their parents.

Ken's dual diagnoses of mental illness and substance abuse presents a particularly troublesome problem. Historically the treatment methods have been based on different philosophies; in fact, diametrically opposing philosophies, which do not allow for the two conditions to be diagnosed in one person. To say that the Task Force found lack of coordination of services in this case is an understatement. There was every effort to coordinate, but there was no basis on which the services could be coordinated.

The homeless condition of Ken was not caused by a lack of housing or even by lack of funds to provide housing. It was the combined problems of violence and unacceptable behavior brought on by abusing substances and not taking his medication for his mental illness. Joe and Sally are typical example of a new group of people faced with homelessness. Because they have gone through bankruptcy, they have no credit, no jobs, and no shelter. The local community group, Rural Community Action Ministries' Director, who serves on the Interagency Task Force, is very aware of programs and services to help Joe and Sally. RCAM took advantage of a grant program through MSHA and loaned the family enough money to finish their home. Because the family was able to provide transportation, the children were able to continue school uninterrupted. Joe and Sally found good jobs, and the whole family is well on their way to putting their lives back together.

Jane has safe temporary housing and with coordination by RCAM, MSHA, and the community action agency, Jane will get a trailer and new well in the spring. Since the shelter is located in the same town, the children's education continues uninterrupted. However, many more services need to be coordinated before Jane can meet the basic needs of her family, and stave off the threat of homelessness.

RECOMMENDATIONS

COLLABORATION

Members of the Task Force in its struggle to develop means for dealing with the multiple and overlapping problems associated with homelessness agreed that they needed to identify the values that would underlie their recommendations.

> "Every person in Maine has a right to decent and safe housing by sundown".

That value was adopted by the Task Force after completing the pilot project in Lewiston and Leeds. It's the bottom-line. Much needs to be done to develop affordable housing, to coordinate services to people threatened by homelessness, and to help people move into permanent housing arrangements. In light of the downturn of the economy and the dim prospects for immediate improvement, the very least that needs to be done is to assure that every person in Maine has or is offered shelter by sundown - every night.

The Task Force also recognizes that as the public budgets shrink in response to the general economic downturn, the number of people, adults and children, requesting shelter during 1991 will increase dramatically.

"If you don't get any help, call me back."

The Task Force heard repeatedly that people facing homelessness, or those trying to help, often did not know where to go. Anyone looking for assistance should be able to get some help from the first agency contacted. Often times,, even though that agency can not directly help, staff know of people or agencies that might be able to help. Giving that information could solve the problem. The Task Force would like to see all agencies that provide services to people currently without homes, or in imminent danger of losing their homes, accept responsibility for assisting and advocating on their behalf, until help or shelter is obtained.

In other words, the agency, even if it only has information, can ask a caller to "call me back" if they don't get the help they need; the implied promise is to stay with them, advocate, or get more information until help is found.

> "People's needs should drive the services; not the funding sources."

People facing homelessness don't fit into the neat, categorical funding streams developed by state and federal legislatures and bureaucracies. Some suffer from mental illness; some have substance abuse problems; some have both. There are families with children and children without family. Women leave abusive homes with no place to go. Young women who are pregnant can not remain with their families. Many have no job skills or worse no high school education. Health care my be needed, but access requires insurance or money.

Each situation requires a different set of services to meet a different set of needs. There needs to be a way that a package of services can be developed to meet the immediate needs of people facing homelessness without finding the proper "box" of an eligibility category.

RECOMMENDATION:

1. <u>The people of the State of Maine should accept these</u> value statements as set out by the Task Force.

The issue of homelessness cannot be addressed by any one agency at any one level of government. Public officials at the local level see people in their offices facing the reality or prospect of losing their homes, but have few resources to provide living arrangements or access other services needed to obtain or maintain a home. They have limited knowledge of various potential resources available or how to access them. On the other hand, agencies at the state level may have selected services for a targeted group of people, but little to assist them in keeping their homes.

The number and types of services needed vary widely. Specialized treatment philosophies control the delivery of many services. With all of these variables it is imperative that services to people facing homelessness need to be developed and delivered within a collaborative environment. To establish such an environment, the Task Force recommends that:

RECOMMENDATION:

2. The Interagency Task Force on Homelessness and Housing Opportunities should be transition into a Board or similar body, the major function of which should be to support the development and maintenance of community groups organized to help people without homes or in danger of losing them. Members of the Board should represent state agencies and the private sector, similar to the representation of the existing task force. Sufficient staff support will be needed to carry out the functions of the Board.

Local community groups should include community members interested or involved in the problem of homelessness. Members could include persons at the local level responsible for administering General Assistance Funds and representatives of social service agencies, financial institutions, civic, religious organizations. The Board would be responsible for the provision of technical assistance to these local community groups. The technical assistance would concentrate on accessing funds and packaging multiple funding sources and services to develop programs to meet local needs. It would provide the opportunity for various members of local groups and state groups to network with each other, to share ideas and information, to develop projects and programs, and to coordinate resources.

Technical assistance could be provided through the Board's staff in conjunction with a program of small grants (\$1-2,000) to stimulate the development of planning groups, obtain professional assistance to write grants to meet local needs, provide for needed legal fees, or any other item to help local communities grapple with the problems of homelessness.

Local community groups would work closely with the Board and the Executive Director in all phases of improving communications, advocacy, coordination, collaboration, and capacity building.

The Board should also disseminate information about programs, services and funding sources that will enable groups to use existing services more effectively and to capitalize on the use of existing services, programs, and funds. Members of the State Board would not only share information amongst themselves regarding the development of new programs, changing rules and regulations, they could also share that information with the local community groups through the staff.

Another major function of the Board should be the review (not as part of the approval process) of funding applications related to services for people affected by homelessness, program policies for their efforts on this population, and coordination of services and programs developed to serve people without homes. As a first step the Board should review all applications for Stewart B. McKinney funds, emanating from the State of Maine.

Because of its role as reviewer, the Board would gather a great deal of information about local and state programs, therefore, it should also act as a clearinghouse, providing information to individuals and agencies interested in applying for McKinney or other funds related to the issues of homelessness and affordable housing. The Board should advocate within existing systems for needs of people who are homeless. It could, through review of all plans and reports produced by its agency members, assure these reports address specific needs of persons who are homeless regardless of the population that are otherwise addressed in the reports.

Finally, in carrying out the responsibilities of this Board the staff might intervene with state agencies or local programs on behalf of persons facing homelessness, who have been unsuccessful in obtaining critical services. The staff would act as a contact or lifeline to persons and providers in need of assistance. Information obtained through these interventions would be provided to the Board for development of a more appropriate system response.

ACCESS TO ARRAY OF SERVICES

The first step in responding to the issue of homelessness must assure that existing emergency shelters remain in place. These shelters most often run on a shoestring budget and rely heavily on the voluntary efforts of local religious and civic organizations and interested citizens. The hard work, donated food and furniture has saved lives on cold winter nights. The piece of legislation providing assistance to the shelters also appropriated another \$250,000 to assist people with the payment of security deposits. The second step is responding to homelessness is moving people from shelters to rents, which usually requires the payment of a security deposit. Therefore, the Task Force recommends that:

RECOMMENDATION:

3. The Legislature should continue to fund the emergency shelters at the same levels, \$500,000 per annum and the security deposit fund at least at the current level of \$250,000 per annum.

Once individuals and families end up in shelters a myriad of services are needed beyond just getting into a rent. Many families have no wage earner, and no means to pay for the rent. Without jobs there is no health insurance and, therefore, no health care. Children may have been moved out of their school districts to go into the shelter. The Task Force in keeping with its value of developing the services to meet the needs of the people in the shelters would like to see a variety of services available to people at the shelter.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 4. The Department of Labor should work closely with the staff in shelters, as well as with representatives of other service agencies, such as mental health centers, Community Action Programs, Department of Human Services, and city and town welfare programs to ensure the provision of a variety of services needed for people threatened by homelessness to achieve self-sufficiency.
- 5. <u>Statutory changes to 20-A MRSA, submitted to the 115th</u> Legislature by the Department of Education, to assure access to education for children and youth without homes should be supported. These statutes protect the rights of these children to a free and appropriate education, regardless of residence, in accordance with the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act, P.L. 100-77, Title VII, Subtitle B.
- 6. <u>Educational programs regarding the life situations of</u> <u>people who are homeless need to be developed for health</u> <u>care providers. These programs should include:</u>
 - Modification of immunization or physical examination schedules to maximize the present visit;
 - Modifying medication or treatment schedules, with a focus on on-site distribution of medication or treatments;
 - Objectively addressing the person's health condition as presented, including possibly more advanced stages of diseases and infectious conditions.

Of particular concern to this Task Force is society's response to children and their caretakers (mostly women) who represent the future as a society and are also its most vulnerable members. While there are many services available to children who are identified through a system such as education, mental health, and human services, there is no comprehensive system concerned about the basic shelter needs of children and families, which can act as a conduit and catalyst to bring together other service supports needed by individual children to be safe and to receive care and nuturance to grow to healthy adulthood.

RECOMMENDATION:

7. <u>The Task Force recommends the child serving system</u> <u>include recognition and advocacy for basic shelter needs</u>

The Task Force heard in particular about the needs of pregnant and parenting teens who find themselves without suitable housing and support. The needs of teen parents transcend the traditional boundaries of the educational, health delivery, community and social service system. Teen parents bring highly diverse backgrounds to the programs they may enter, particularly with respect to previous work experience, educational attainment, vocational aptitudes and interest, physical and emotional health status, child care needs, and overall life experience. It is safe to assume that the knowledge, skills, and abilities that they possess in these areas will be seriously deficient when related to age.

Because teen parents, by definition, are still children themselves, with limited life experience, their needs in many realms will frequently conflict with the needs of their young children. Because of their limited (and many times inappropriate) life experiences, teen parents require a great deal of assistance in using existing services. To attain meaningful success for teen parents often calls for a high degree of collaboration between and among many programs. Unfortunately, issues of confidentiality, mandated eligibility, service definitions, focus of control, and "territorial boundaries" frequently impede such collaboration.

The Task Force understands that currently there is an effort entitled "Success for Teen Parents" involving state and local representatives. The purpose of this effort is to use existing state and local resources to encourage and help facilitate Interagency case management, personal growth, access to health services (physical and emotional), education, training, and employment.

RECOMMENDATION:

8. <u>The Task Force recommends continued development of this</u> project and an emphasis on service development for pregnant and parenting teens.

While the Task Force explored the issues of homelessness, members were also confronted with the problems presented by persons who suffer from the effects of mental illness, substance abuse, or both. Provision of housing to persons in these categories will not alone solve the problem of homelessness. The Task Force understands that the Department of Mental Health distinguishes between housing services and residential support services. The latter are oriented to enabling and assisting adults with serious and persistent mental illness to live successfully in the community. These programs are structured and staffed with an integral treatment and/or rehabilitation component. These programs also commonly have a clinically-based screening for admission with staffing and other structures appropriate to service-oriented environments.

Housing services operate as subsidize housing linked to services. The consumers tenancy in the housing is not conditioned on service considerations. While it is understood that the majority of the AMHI Consent Decree class members live independently, experience dictates that a large number of class members, including many of those now institutionalized, will require structured residential facilities. It is anticipated that the assessments now underway will underscore the need for such facilities to meet the downsizing requirements in the Decree.

RECOMMENDATION:

9. This Task Force supports the DMHMR philosophy to develop new housing resources to "bring people home" and make it possible for persons who have been institutionalized to live in safe, decent, affordable housing in their own chosen communities. Specifically, the Task Force supports the development of a comprehensive community mental health system for persons who are seriously mentally ill that responds to individual needs including those individuals who are homeless.

The Task Force heard the need for a responsive system for people exhibiting difficult, challenging behavior. The issues relating to people, who are not deemed to have a mental illness (after screening) but who present challenging behavior that puts their housing in jeopardy, need to be identified and addressed. Research shows that behavior which appears to come from mental illness may, in fact, be the result of substance abuse. Symptoms of psychosis will frequently subside after a short period (3 - 7 days) of detoxification and stabilization.

The Department of Mental Health and Mental Retardation has developed a series of monographs on the issue of dual disorders (mental illness and substance abuse). These monographs provide information and guidance on strategies for effective service delivery. This is particularly important, given the "walls" that separate the two professional systems. These walls include differences in historical development, treatment philosophies ("support" vs. "enable"), funding streams, and prescribed medications.

RECOMMENDATION:

10. This Task Force supports placement of much more emphasis in planning coordinating, funding, and delivery of services among mental health, substance abuse, and homeless provider agencies.

PREVENTION:

The Task Force found it extremely difficult to discuss the issues of homelessness without also discussing various means of prevention. It is not enough to come up with a coordinated response with appropriate resources after a person or family has lost a home. There were many areas where it seemed that either simple solutions or complex responses were indeed necessary to avoid losing an existing home.

Many people at risk of losing their homes live on the edge. As long as things remain on an even keel these people can retain their homes. However, even small events can become major catastrophes eventually resulting in the loss of their home. Many, although employed, work only part-time at minimum wage. They do not receive fringe benefits such as health insurance coverage. Any illness may threaten them with homelessness. Transportation may present a major hurdle. If the car, often an older model, breaks down, there is not enough money to fix it. Without transportation there may be no job.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 11. <u>The Task Force recommends supporting those financial</u> <u>assistance programs, which are going to be increasingly</u> <u>critical in the current economic situation.</u>
- 12. <u>Establish advocacy for women, teens and people</u> <u>discharged from AMHI, with landlords. Recognize</u> <u>landlords' needs to feel that back-up help will be</u> <u>provided if they respond to needs.</u>

Just the fact that a child's family does not have safe, decent ongoing shelter puts a child at risk in many domains. Maine has a national reputation for developing innovative, collaborative programming for children in need. However, continued categorical funding for children's services causes overburdened provider agencies to concentrate their creative resources to find dollars - diverting valuable attention away for the children in need.

RECOMMENDATION:

13. <u>This Task Force recommends child serving agencies</u> provide the community with the capacity to meet individual child needs.

The Governor's Task Force to Improve Services for Maine's Children, Youth and Families and the President's and Speaker's Blue Ribbon Commission on Children and Families are meeting to address the broad range of children's services. Also, The Department of Mental Health and Mental Retardation is working on an initiative which can build an array of services for school-aged children and adolescents with severe emotional disturbances, and provide support for their families. The recently completed research for the Bureau of Children with Special Needs provides the start of a data base on the problems of adolescents who are homeless.

RECOMMENDATION:

14. This Task Force supports all efforts made to improve the lives of children, youth, and their families, especially those most in need and without adequate and safe shelter.

Education, job skills, and job training are all critical service needs for many people at risk of homelessness. In addition, those with small children also face the need for child care to hold a job or obtain training for a better-paying job.

Adolescent parents face a nearly impossible task to try to complete their own education in order to become self-supporting adults, while caring for the needs of very young children. Those that are able to remain in school have a much greater chance of success in this endeavor. The additional assistance with child care and parent education can make this task possible.

RECOMMENDATION:

15. The State Board of Education should review school construction regulations and consider possible incentives for proposals which include child care and/or parenting centers for new construction and renovations of public schools. Lack of housing stock posed a major problem in the rural areas. In some cases there simply is no housing, while in others the available housing not only does not meet minimum standards, it poses serious health and safety threats. Dealing with these problems requires a myriad of creative approaches.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 16. <u>Encourage creative financing for construction by both</u> profit and non-profit developers.
- 17. <u>Identify a lead resource in each community and pool</u> other resources through that one.
- 18. <u>Build "self-help" housing with cooperation of lead</u> agency and private industry, banks, and others by establishing partnerships with discretionary abilities to generate new housing,
- 19. <u>Destroy unsafe trailers; these are not safe or</u> <u>financially sound replacement housing.</u>
- 20. <u>Encourage Comprehensive Plan writers to look at</u> <u>manufactured housing, rehabilitation, self-help stick</u> <u>built housing for the low-income portion of their plans.</u>

PROGRESS REPORT

The Interagency Task Force on Homelessness and Housing Opportunities was established as part of the Maine Affordable Housing Alliance legislation, L.D. 1809 in August of 1989.

The charge of the Task Force has been to identify the resources available to persons who are homeless, persons at risk of becoming homeless and persons with special needs who fit either category. In addition the mission of the Task Force is to identify the gaps that exist in the delivery of those services and to make recommendations to the Governor and the Legislative Committee concerning the policies and programs serving this population.

The Task Force on Homelessness and Housing Opportunities comprises thirteen members representing seven state agencies which include Department of Corrections, Education, Human Services, Labor, Mental Health, Economic and Community Development, and the Division of Community Services. Maine State Housing Authority, Community Action Agencies, non profit housing development corporations, homeless shelters, municipalities, and low income residents also have a represented on the Task Force. A list of members is included in this report for your reference.

An organizational meeting was held in September of 1989 to elect a Chair and review the charge of the Task Force. Since that first meeting the Task Force has met on a monthly basis. In addition, subcommittees were formed and met in a series of planning meetings for special projects.

During the early part of 1990, the Task Force on Homelessness and Housing Opportunities worked to identify existing services for people who are homeless or those at risk of homelessness. A wide array of services provided by several State agencies, and a compendium of these services is included in this report. While many of these services have excellent track records in meeting the needs of this population, the Task Force recognized that much remains to be done in terms of filling gaps and expanding outreach efforts.

In March of 1990, to help identify the gaps in services, the Task Force visited homeless shelters and other facilities in Cumberland, York, and Penobscot Counties. The Task Force was impressed with local organizations efforts and levels of commitment to serving people who are homeless. We found that this was often carried out with limited resources. Individually and as a group, Task Force members made a commitment to continue communication with shelter and service providers in an effort to find solutions to problems as they were identified. We concluded that through continued communication we could arrive at a better understanding of the gaps in services and how to begin to focus in on bridging those gaps.

In June of 1990, a subcommittee was formed to develop and submit an application for funding of a transitional housing demonstration project. The application was submitted to the Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Community Services, on July 2, 1990. The proposal requested funding of \$ 2,025,000. for four transitional sites in the State of Maine. The grant, if successful, will provide housing for fifty AFCD families in Augusta, Bangor, Biddeford, and Lewiston. * As of January, 1991, the State of Maine is still being considered for funding.

The Task Force continued to meet on a monthly basis and a plan was developed for a pilot project to be held in the fall of 1990. After several planning meetings, in September and October of 1990 the pilot project took place. Three meetings each were held in the City of Lewiston and the Town of Leeds. The purpose of the meetings was to communicate with local officials, area service and shelter providers on their concerns, issues and recommendations on the delivery of services to people who are homeless or at risk of homelessness. The Task Force was deeply moved by the plight of people who are homeless and the frustrations of those people trying to help. The findings from the meetings are included in the beginning of this report.

During the past sixteen months the Task Force on Homelessness and Housing Opportunities has met approximately thirty times. We will continue to meet in our efforts to finding solutions to the many problems that face people who are homeless or at risk of homelessness.

Upon request agendas and minutes from meetings are available.

*

The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Community Services (OCS) notified Governor McKernan in February that Maine's application was not selected for funding. OCS selected three states which are New York, New Jersey, and Massachusetts. Upon further communications with OCS it was learned that while Maine was not selected, it was one of eight applications considered for funding in the final review.



INTERAGENCY TASK FORCE ON HOMELESSNESS AND HOUSING OPPORTUNITIES

MEMBERS

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DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Roxy Hennings Planning Coordinator State House Station #111 Augusta, Maine 04330 289-2711

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DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL SERVICES Frank Antonucci, Consultant Office of Truancy, Dropout, & Alternative Educ. State House Station #23 Augusta, Maine 04333 289-5113 (Original Member - Marguerite MacDonald)

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MAINE STATE HOUSING AUTHORITY Jane Fowler State House Station #89 Augusta, Maine 04333 626-4600 (Original Member - Elizabeth H. Mitchell)

COMMUNITY ACTION REPRESENTATIVE Tom Nelson Executive Director York County Community Action Corp. 11 Cottage Street, P.O.Box 72 Sanford, Maine 04037 324-5762

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NON-PROFIT SHELTER REPRESENTATIVE Joel Rekas, Executive Director Maine Coalition for the Homeless P.O. Box 415 Augusta, Maine 04332-0415 626-3567 (Original Member - Donald Gean)

NON-PROFIT HOUSING REPRESENTATIVE Charles Woodward Executive Director Maine Rural Community Action Ministries RFD.#1, Box 2900 Leeds, Maine 04263 324-7505

REPRESENTATIVE of the LOW-INCOME POPULATION Christina Lynn Cote 15 Oxford Street Augusta, Maine 04330 626-5518

STATISTICS OF HOMELESS IN MAINE

Characteristics of Homeless Shelter Guests: 12/89-6/90

Emergency shelters served an estimated 4,713 different persons between 12/1/89 and 6/30/90. These figures will be conservative - the Oxford Street Shelter, located in the City of Portland, did not provide detailed information until May and June of 1990.

Median age of guests was 30 years. The youngest guest was less than 1 year old. The oldest guest was 90 years of age.

	<u>Number</u>	%
<18	818	19.7
18-29	1166	28.0
30-39	1014	24.4
40-49	619	14.9
50-59	322	7.7
60-69	161	3.9
70-79	46	1.1
80 +	11	0.3

Education:

	<u>Number</u>	<u></u>
8th grade or less	970	21.5
9th	422	9.4
10th	526	11.6
llth	297	6.6
12th	1764	39.2
13 - 15	378	8.4
16 +	147	3.3
	4504	100.0

1199 persons reported monthly income. The average income for those reporting was \$475 monthly.

Primary sources of income:

<u>Source</u>	Number Reporting
AFDC	130
City	44
Food Stamps	11
Social Security	752
VA	67
Job	367
Average length of stay was 27 days.

- - ----

1	night	1450	34%
2	- 7 nights	1217	298
8	- 30 nights	938	228
>	30 nights	_641	15%
	-	4246	100.0%

A number of persons admitted themselves to homeless shelters on more than one occasion.

Number of times admitted	Number of persons
2x	307
3 or 4x	171
5 + x	91

County of primary residence:

	Number	8
AND	300	6.8
ARO	193	4.4
CUM	1151	26.2
FRA	40	0.9
HAN	117	2.7
KEN	287	6.5
KNO	58	1.3
LIN	42	1.0
OXF	94	2.1
PEN	1088	24.8
PIS	. 32	0.7
SAG	80	1.8
SOM	72	1.6
WAL	77	1.8
WAS	75	1.8
YOR	297	6.8
OUT OF STATE	388	8.8
TOTAL	4391	100.0

DIRECTORY OF SERVICES

MAINE INTERAGENCY TASK FORCE ON HOMELESSNESS

AND HOUSING OPPORTUNITIES

MAINE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

SERVICES

The Maine Department of Labor continues to provide services to homeless individuals in Maine through several programs.

Maine Job Service

The Maine Job Service provides employment related services to homeless individuals in the seventeen (17) local offices situated throughout the State. Five (5) of the offices have Employment Counselors on their staff to assist homeless individuals in overcoming barriers to employment. All of the offices are staffed with Employment and Training Specialists who may assist the homeless person find suitable employment by entering the individual into the statewide computerized Job Service Job Matching System. By registering for employment at any on Job Service, it is possible to access jobs throughout the State and, in some instances, across the nation.

In addition, there are eleven (11) Disabled Veterans Outreach Programs (DVOP) Specialists and ten and one-half $(10\frac{1}{3})$ Local Veterans Employment Representatives (LVER) positions in the Job Services offices. The veterans staff provides outreach, counseling and job placement services to veterans, including those who are homeless. The Job Service has begun working with homeless groups, service providers and shelters in some areas such as Portland. However, coordination between Job Service offices and homeless groups should be expanded.

The City of Portland's Homeless Employment Project is working with the Portland Job Service Office. A representative of the Homeless Employment Project recently spoke to the Job Service Employer Committee.

The Rural Farm Labor Committee has expressed interest in coordinating with Homeless groups and shelters to explore the feasibility of employing homeless individuals in farm labor. The group with representatives from the Department of Labor and the Department of Agriculture is considering a demonstration project at this time.

The Maine Job Training System

Maine's three (3) Private Industry Councils (PICs) implement Maine's Job Training System, in partnership with the Maine Department of Labor through a variety of State and federally funded programs, which provide for the training and upgrading of Maine workers. Recognizing that the needs of Maine's workers and businesses are changing as they adapt to new technologies and more competitive regional and worldwide markets, the goal is to provide every Maine citizen who needs it, with an opportunity for training or retraining so that he or she will be better able to compete for the jobs in the future.

JTPA Federal Initiatives

IIA

The cornerstone of the Job Training System, provides education skills training and employment for economically disadvantaged people. Participants must meet federal eligibility guidelines. A recent U.S. DOL Guidance Letter states that a homeless individual is automatically considered economically eligible for JTPA programs unless proven otherwise.

Summer Youth Employment and Training Program (SYTEP IIB)

Places disadvantaged and at risk youth in public and private sector employment and provides many with basic educational training. This program coordinates with the Maine Job Service to place thousands of Maine youth each summer in the Governor's Summer Youth Jobs Program.

The Economic Dislocation and Worker Adjustment Assistance Act (EDWAA)

A comprehensive new dislocated worker training program that replaced Title III of JTPA on July 1, 1989. This new program requires increased local level planning and reinforces the importance of rapid response to displacement via the Rapid Employment and Training Initiatives (RETI) Team. It also encourages close coordination with the Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA) program administered through the Job Service Division.

JTPA Set Asides

Three JTPA special grants are set aside from IIA funds for use at the Governor's discretion.

8% Funds

Set aside and targeted for education initiatives such as basic skills remediation, occupational training and upgrading.

6% Funds

Set aside to create incentives for Service Providers and generally used for unique program development and capacity building activities and to offset training costs.

3% Funds

Targeted to programming for older workers.

New Initiatives

Additional Support for People in Retraining & Education (ASPIRE)

This program builds upon the Department of Human Service's welfare and employment programs and the Department of Labor's and Private Industry Council's training system. By coordinating their services, this new initiative doubles the training and employment opportunities for welfare recipients. Basic education and training, combined with support services, will enable dependent adults to move into the workforce.

Strategic Training for Accelerated Reemployment (STAR)

STAR provides training and retraining for unemployed or displaced workers. By providing new skills to laid off workers, the program helps alleviate the mismatch between workers skills and the skills required in the workplace.

Maine Training Initiative (MTI)

The MTI provides funds for Occupational Training, On-the-Job Training, and Customized Training. The program allows the Jobs Training System to serve such groups as the working poor, displaced homemakers, older workers and others who may not qualify for federal JTPA programs. The program designs reflect local needs and local labor market conditions.

Health Occupations Training Project (HOT)

Responding directly to industry need, this project is intended to increase the supply of qualified workers in the health professions by providing recruitment, training, financial assistance and placement services to people entering the field. The project also contains a loan pay back plan for registered nurses, administered by the Department of Human Services.

Governor's Contingency Fund

This provides funding for labor intensive new or expanding businesses. This fund was increased in 1988 to provide more resources to new and expanding businesses in Maine. As the nature of jobs continues to change and business expand, this fund will ensure that there is a supply of skilled workers. This program is operated in conjunction with the Department of Economic and Community Development.

Maine Occupational Information Coordinating Committee

The MOICC provides computerized career guidance information to the Job Service, the Job Training System, Adult Education programs, Vocational Technical Colleges and the State University system. Homeless individuals enrolled in the above programs benefit from updated career and educational guidance information.

MAINE STATE HOUSING AUTHORITY

SERVICES

The Maine State Housing Authority administers the following programs which provide funding for the homeless and at risk populations.

HUD Emergency Grants Program

MSHA awards annual state allocation to shelters statewide for rehabilitation of buildings, operating costs and supportive services. Grants are made to local governments or non-profit shelter providers.

Shelter Operating Subsidy Program (SOS)

MSHA grants state appropriated funds to shelters statewide based on beds and occupancy rates. Grants go directly to shelters to provide and enhance services to homeless populations.

Partnerships to Aid the Homeless (PATH)

A commitment made in 1986 of Section 8 rental assistance to local housing authorities who network with community social services to comprehensively assist and house homeless families. Rental assistance is recycled to new homeless families upon turnover.

Homeless Family Transitional and Living Demonstration Pilot

A program instituted in 1989 to finance transitional housing for families with children. The program also includes a case management component for comprehensive assistance. Six Community Action Agencies participating in the program have produced 18 units of housing so far.

Matching Funds

MSHA has provided commitments for 50% development financing at 1% interest, 30 year terms, to applicants for HUD's Transitional Housing and Permanent Handicapped Homeless Programs since 1987.

Housing Preservation Grants (HPG)

MSHA provides grants to community-based non-profits for use in replacing or rehabilitating severely sub-standard housing of very low income or at risk persons. Grants and deferred loans are offered for 40% of the project cost.

Boarding Care Facility Program

MSHA offers below market interest rate loans to non-profit sponsors of group supportive homes that are subsidized by State contract. Permanent financing is offered for 100% of development costs.

DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

SERVICES

The Department of Human Services categorizes services to the homeless (or potentially homeless) within three phases along the continuum of need: preventative programs, acute or crisis services and remedial/rehabilitative programs. Traditionally, the public often associates the "hands-on" crisis-oriented services such as homeless shelters and soup kitchens as the main areas of assistance required by the homeless. What follows is a brief summary of DHS services. Additional information is available upon request.

The Department of Human Services is making a coordinated effort through many of its bureaus and offices to provide services to the potentially homeless in order to reduce the need for crisis services, and to provide remedial programs which assist homeless persons in leaving short-term shelters and moving into home-type environments.

Prevention Services

These services maintain people in a living environment which at least meets minimal health and safety standards. Homeless prevention programs are aimed at the portions of the population that could be potentially homeless:

- * General Assistance
- * Emergency Assistance
- * Nutrition Services (Food Stamps and WIC)
- * AFDC
- * Health Services
- * Teen Pregnancy and Health Services
- * Substance Abuse
- * AIDS/HIV Infection
- * Elderly Services
- * Refugees and Migrant Services
- * Family Violence Victims and Children

Major assistance to the potentially homeless is provided by municipalities using general assistance funds administered by the DHS Bureau of Income Maintenance (BIM). These funds provide the means for local government agencies to keep the potentially homeless in their homes. In FY 1990, more than half of the \$8.5 million in budgeted general assistance funds will be spent on housing and utilities. General Assistance funding is also the major source of financing for crisis and acute services for the homeless by providing a large portion of the operations costs of municipal shelters.

Acute or Crisis Services

These services assist an individual when an abrupt change in circumstance threatens or causes loss of shelter and other necessities of life. The change in circumstances is usually short term but requires immediate assistance. These services include:

- * Health Services
- * Teen Services
- * Substance Abuse
- * Elderly
- * Crime Victims Assistance Program
- * Migrant Services
- * Family Violence Victims

Remedial or Rehabilitative Services

These services allow the individual to become as self-sufficient as possible and to reduce dependence on private or government support. Services include:

- * ASPIRE
- * Teen Services
- * Substance Abuse
- * Elderly
- * Refugees and Migrants
- * Family Violence Victims and Children

DHS shares remedial and rehabilitative responsibility for the homeless with a number of other agencies including the Maine State Housing Authority and the Department of Mental Health and Mental Retardation, as well as with local municipal social service departments and private non-profit groups.

DEPARTMENT OF MENTAL HEALTH AND MENTAL RETARDATION

SERVICES

The Maine Department of Mental Health and Mental Retardation serves adults with mental illness, children and adolescents with special needs and persons with mental retardation. The following homelessness and at risk of homelessness program summaries are limited to those population groups.

Non-Facility Based Programs Providing Treatment and Services

Adults With Mental Illness

Holy Innocents

Operates a large case management program for adults with serious mental illness in the Portland area.

York County Counseling Services

This Independent Living Program consists of three major components: subsidized living in apartments for five persons with severe and prolonged mental illness who are homeless; intensive community living counseling and supports; and services to assist clients secure and maintain affordable housing.

Shalom House Supported Apartments

Provides supports to up to ten persons in scattered community apartments in Portland, to eight persons in a rooming house (Spring Street), and to thirteen persons in a congregate living facility (Brackett Street). Each of these clients is directly from the AMHI inpatient population.

Area IV Mental Health Services Coalition

Community workers assist adults to find decent affordable housing and provide support in maintaining that housing.

Motivational Services Inc. Homeless Program

A staff person links with the shelter in Augusta to provide housing assistance and referral services to adults who are homeless and mentally ill.

Children and Adolescents with Special Needs

Portland Area Children's Mental Health Project

This multi-agency, collaborative project provides mental

health counseling, substance abuse counseling and case management to homeless youth at several sites in Portland.

Children and Adolescent Homeless Outreach Programs

Four separate programs in Bangor (Atrium), Rockland (Home Counselors), Sanford (York County Shelters), and Lewiston (New Beginnings) provide coordination, linkages and referrals to homeless or at risk youth.

BCSN/DMHMR Children's Outpatient Services

Although these outpatient programs do not target homelessness specifically, they do serve a prevention function by keeping families intact and include the following services: Homebased family services, family support, respite services, child and family mediation and day treatment.

Facility-Based Residential Programs

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A variety of facility-based programs are funded/operated by the Department for the vulnerable population groups it serves. These supportive housing programs are designed to enable individuals to maintain stable, decent and affordable housing in the community.

Adults With Mental Illness

There are over twenty residential facilities throughout Maine for adults with severe and prolonged mental illness. These programs range from crisis intervention respite programs to independent apartments with as-needed supportive services to highly structured group homes with on-site staff and services. There has been a substantial increase in residential programs for adults with mental illness over the past two years, however, the bulk of these residential programs are small and have waiting lists.

The Transitional Housing Demonstration Program for Adolescents provides supervised group and semi-independent living, as well as supportive services, for up to two years in the Bath Children's Home for 12-16 children, ages 16 and up at time of admission, who are homeless or at risk of homelessness, within a Portland-Lewiston-augusta triangle. In addition, the children's mental health community system includes three well-established residential treatment centers, a network of teaching family homes based on the model at Boy's Town, and two or three experienced therapeutic foster home providers.

A \$7,000,000 housing bond was approved by Maine voters in November, 1989 for housing and capital improvement needs of community-based nonprofit organizations serving persons with mental illness. The bond is to be implemented jointly by the Department of Mental Health and Mental Retardation and the Maine State Housing Authority. Guidelines and philosophy for the fund, which will create housing options for both youth and adults, are being developed in collaboration with a mandated advisory committee, which includes representatives of consumers of mental health services, family members and providers of community services.

For persons with mental retardation there are six residential respite centers providing temporary housing, up to 21 days at a time, for adults with mental retardation. Five are operated by private non-profit agencies, one is State operated. In addition there are supervised apartments with varying levels of staff supervision (less than 24 hours per day) as well as foster, boarding and waiver homes available statewide. Intermediate Care Facilities provide care and active treatment to persons with mental retardation who, due to the complexity of their needs, cannot be served in foster boarding homes.

Community-Based Services

In addition, the Department provides for a variety of community-based services to assist individuals in realizing their potential and to lead stable and productive lives within the community. Such services include the development of programs for employment opportunities, case management services and comprehensive crisis stabilization services.

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

SERVICES

The Department of Corrections supervises nearly 7,000 adults on probation in the community. Males are a majority, 88% of the total. Little information is available on an aggregate basis for this target population. Assumptions can be drawn regarding their risk of homelessness in view of the number and types of problems they present, which include:

- * Alcohol and substance abuse
- * Lack of education (high school dropouts)
- * Lack of employment skills
- * Mental health problems
- * Low Income
- * Lack of independent living skills

The Department's correctional facilities which include the State Prison, the Correction Center, two correctional facilities and three pre-release centers house 1500 to 1600 adults.

The Department also supervises over 2,200 juveniles, about 220 of which are in the care of the Department's Youth Center. As with the adult population, the majority, or 85% are male. Children come into the correctional system with a number of personal and family problems including:

- * Substance abuse
- * Sexual and physical abuse victimization
- * Special education disabilities
- * Dysfunctional families
- * Truancy and dropping out of school
- * Emotional disorders

The Department contracts with a number of different agencies to provide services to inmates and probationers, both adults and juveniles. The services are provided with the goal of reducing criminal behavior. The same services could be used to reduce the risk of homelessness for those already in the community (probationers) and those who will be released from correctional facilities.

Contracted Services to Inmates of Correctional Facilities

Substance Abuse Treatment and Counseling

These services are provided by Affiliated Chemical Dependency, Kennebec Valley Regional Health and Washington County Psychotherapy Association Agencies. Day One provides substance abuse treatment services to residents of the Maine Youth Center. Substance abuse and other counseling services are provided to probationers in the community by Crisis and Counseling Services, York County Counseling, Aroostook Mental Health Center, Downeast Community Hospital, Bath Memorial Hospital, Northeast Substance Abuse Services, Inc., Chemical Alternative Program, Waldo County Community Social Action, Freedom Counseling and various private practitioners.

Homebased Family Services

These programs provide crisis intervention services by a team of counselors geared to preventing placement of children outside the families' homes. Services are provided by Aroostook Mental Health Center, Bath-Brunswick Mental Health Center, Day One, St. Michael's Center, Families United, Home Counselors, Inc., Sweetser's Children's Home, Tri-County Mental Health Services and Youth and Family Services.

Emergency Shelter Services

These services are provided for children by the following:

- * New Beginnings, Lewiston
- * Halcyon House, Skowhegan
- * YWCA Fair Harbor Shelter of Portland, Maine
- * Youth Alternatives of Southern Maine

Long-Term Residential Care

These services are provided by the following group homes:

- * Community Schools, Inc., Camden
- * Project Atrium, Inc., Bangor
- * Christopher Home, Caribou
- * Rumford Group Home, Rumford
- * Day One, Bar Mills
- * Wellspring, Inc./Project Rebound
- * Goodwill Home Associates, Fairfield
- * Weymouth Houses, Bristol and Jefferson
- Merrymeeting Farm, Kezar Falls
- * Youth Alternatives, Portland
- * Northern Maine General Hospital, Eagle Lake and Winterville homes

Semi-Independent Living Skills

These services are provided in transitional residential facilities at New Beginnings in Lewiston, Rumford Group Home and Goodwill Hinckley Home School Farm.

MOTUS, Inc. of Augusta

This program assists inmates leaving correctional facilities to find jobs and support services they need to retain these jobs.

H.O.M.E.

This residential program located in Orland assists in the development of independent living and employment skills along with a variety of support services.

DIVISION OF COMMUNITY SERVICES

SERVICES

The Division of Community Services provides services aimed at both the homeless and at risk populations through funding to the eleven Community Action Agencies that are located throughout Maine.

Emergency Community Services Homeless Grant Program

The Division receives federal McKinney funding to be used for expansion of comprehensive services for homeless individuals to help them make the transition out of poverty, provision of assistance in obtaining social and maintenance services, income support services and promotion of private sector and other available assistance. Funds are often used for administrative costs to provide staff who coordinate resources for the homeless. In addition, up to 25% of the funds can be used for direct services. In federal fiscal year 1991, Maine is receiving \$222,238 under this program.

Temporary Housing Assistance Program (THAP)

The State has provided \$250,000 in each of the past two years for temporary assistance for people who need shelter or who are at risk of becoming homeless. Assistance may include security deposits, rent, back rent, or other expenses necessary to prevent eviction or establish a person in a rental.

Weatherization (Federal and State Funds)

This program provides energy conservation services to eligible low-income households. Measures include insulation, storm doors and windows, caulking, weatherstripping, and chimney repairs. Services are delivered through Community Action Agencies and two Technical Colleges.

Clients who apply for the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program are referred to weatherization services. Priority is given to those low-income households which include someone who is elderly, disabled, or under two years of age.

Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)

The primary purpose of LIHEAP is to provide a financial benefit to low-income households to assist them in paying a portion of their winter heating bills. Some of the LIHEAP funds are set aside for the Energy Crisis Intervention Program (ECIP) to assist with emergency energy needs, for weatherization and for the Central Heating Improvement Program (CHIP), to assist with the repair or replacement of heating systems. Funds are sub-granted to Community Action Agencies and participating towns.

For a household to be eligible, total household income must be less than or equal to 125% of the Federal Poverty Guidelines. However, if the household has individuals who are elderly, handicapped, or under two years of age, income can be at or below 150%. In determining eligibility, health insurance payments are deducted from gross income for those who pay their own health insurance.

The Emergency Food Assistance Program (TFAP) & Hunger Prevention Program

Under TFAP, food commodities are provided by the U.S. Department of Agriculture and distributed to eligible low-income individuals by Community Action Agencies. Under the Federal Hunger Prevention Act, the Division was designated in FY 1989 to receive certain food commodities from the USDA and distribute them to soup kitchens, shelters and food banks, with priority given to those serving homeless persons.

Generally, Two TFAP distributions are held each year, while Hunger Prevention foods are available on a year-round basis.

Head Start

Head Start is a child development program for children between the ages of three and six and their families. Family income and available space are the criteria for services. Most programs operate four or five hours a day, four days a week for 32 weeks. Along with quality preschool education, attention is paid to the health and social service needs of the children and their families. Parental involvement is strongly encouraged. Services are provided by ten Community Action Agencies and three private, non-profit agencies.

In 1990-1991, 2,724 children are being served with a combination of over \$8.6 million in State and federal funding.

MAINE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

SERVICES

The Department of Education has received federal funds under the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act since 1988. These funds have provided programs for Homeless Adult Education under the Bureau of Adult and Secondary Vocational Education and for Assuring Access to Education for Homeless Children and Youth under the Office of Truancy, Dropout and Alternative Education.

Maine Homeless Adult Education Project

The Homeless Adult Education Project will continue and expand current homeless education projects from 16 in the past year to 27 sites in 1991. These projects will serve homeless adults in Augusta, Bangor, Hancock County, Lewiston, Portland, Somerset County and York County. Each project will be supervised by the local adult basic education program coordinated with shelters, agencies and programs that provide services to the homeless. All instruction is provided at the shelters, soup kitchens, transitional housing sites and other These projects focus on adult homeless who are locations. victims of spousal abuse, recovering alcoholic men and women, single parents, chronically mentally ill and transitional, destitute and unemployed. Instructional services are provided to individuals who lack basic literacy skills or who have not finished high school.

Children and Youth

Maine's State Plan for Assuring Access to Education for Homeless Children and Youth has served as a guide for implementing strategies and programs coordinated by the Department. Workshops, forums and collaborative projects have begun, primarily in the Greater Portland Area. Expansion of activities to other regions of the State will be carried out in the next year. McKinney funds have been restricted to special short term projects and demonstration projects and have not been available for direct services.

The Coordinator of Education for Homeless Children and Youth provides technical assistance to the Department, the schools and other agencies or Departments with regards to planning and implementing educational services to homeless children and youth.

Recent funds under the McKinney Act have allowed the Department to develop and implement two Regional Demonstration Projects (one rural and one urban). These collaborative projects are expected to be underway in the Spring of 1991 and continue for up to eighteen months. Each project will link schools, agencies and other providers to focus on homeless children and youth and those at risk of becoming homeless.

Other Department Services for Homeless

Services of Department of Education consultants and staff are available to schools, both public and private. Coordination of efforts to serve homeless populations, adults and children, some of who are enrolled in public education and many who are not, is encouraged by the Department for providers at the local levels. The adult homeless project director and the children and youth coordinator have met frequently about their projects. As funds become available through McKinney Act and/or other sources, grants will be available to schools through the Department for direct services to children and youth who are either homeless or at risk of becoming homeless.

DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

SERVICES

The Department of Economic and Community Development (DECD) has been designated as the agency through which the State Contact Person for Homeless Issues, the Task Force on Homeless and Housing Opportunities, the Comprehensive Homeless Assistance Program, and the Permanent Housing for Homeless Handicapped Persons programs are centered. The Affordable Housing Alliance and the Community Development Block Grant Program both are located in DECD and offer opportunities for direct assistance to homeless persons and persons at risk of homelessness.

State Contact Person/Task Force on Homelessness

The State Contact Person is the liaison between the National Interagency Council on the Homeless and State agencies and is responsible for disseminating information on McKinney and non-McKinney homeless programs. In Maine, the State Contact Person fulfills multiple functions, including staffing the Task Force, coordinating CHAP and Annual Program Reports, overseeing administration of DECD homeless projects, and presenting reports to local, state, and national agencies. The Task Force on Homeless and Housing Opportunities was established by the Legislature and given the responsibility of dealing with the problem of homelessness. DECD is the contact agency in the State for homeless programs and has been appointed as the lead agency in staffing the Task Force.

Comprehensive Homeless Assistance Program

The Comprehensive Homeless Assistance Program and Annual Performance Report requirements are responsibilities of the Task Force. Both are necessary for continued eligibility for McKinney Act funds. All McKinney Act proposals have to be consistent with an approved CHAP. The State Contact Person coordinates submission of these to HUD.

Homeless Assistance Through Community Development Block Grants

The CDBG program includes eligible activities that can serve homeless persons. Shelter acquisition, rehabilitation, and operations may be funded as eligible activities. HUD has determined that construction of emergency shelter facilities and transitional housing are public facilities and eligible for CDBG funding.

Bangor, Lewiston, Auburn, and Portland receive CDBG funds annually. Remaining municipalities and plantations compete for CDBG Small Cities funding on an annual basis. The program is administered by the DECD Office of Community Development. Local governments may pass through funds to not-for-profit corporations for implementing activities directly assisting homeless persons. Many local housing, public facilities, and economic development activities included in local programs indirectly impact homeless persons and those at risk of homelessness.

Permanent Housing for Handicapped Homeless Program

DECD is the designated state agency eligible to apply for funds on behalf of a project sponsor. The project sponsor has to be a private non-profit organization or a public housing authority. States must certify that a 50 percent non-federal match will be provided. MSHA has provided mortgages as match for four projects funded in Maine. Acquisition, rehabilitation, operation, and support services are fundable activities.

Projects may be group homes or units in a multi-family building designed solely for housing handicapped homeless persons. Sponsors are required to provide community-based housing and support services for a minimum of ten years. The program continues to adapt to changing needs and to adjust to requirements. Applications are accepted annually.

Affordable Housing Alliance

Staffed in February of 1990, the Maine Affordable Housing Alliance joins with DECD and MSHA in meeting affordable housing needs. The Alliance assists municipalities through revolving loan funds to purchase land, provide infrastructure, or improve deteriorating urban neighborhoods in support of affordable housing development. The Alliance also assists local groups to establish local housing alliances. These groups establish the local housing strategies that guide affordable housing efforts. As the Alliance fulfills its mission, availability of housing affordable to families in Maine will help prevent homelessness. Projects assisted with Alliance funds may include shelters, transitional housing, or permanent housing for homeless persons.

LISTING OF PLACES AVAILABLE FOR PERSONS WHO ARE HOMELESS OR AT RISK OF BECOMING HOMELESS

The attached was developed from listings of shelters provided by the Maine Coalition for the Homeless and the Maine State Housing Authority. The intent is to identify places where people who are homeless or at risk of becoming homeless may receive shelter and services. Places are listed by county and then by municipality, thereby organizing it geographically.

Inclusion on the list is neither a recommendation of nor an endorsement by members of the Task Force, the agencies represented on the Task Force, and the State of Maine. Places have been included regardless of licensure and, in some cases, regardless of completeness of information.

There is a need for consistent and continued updating of listings such as this one. Additional information is necessary also. Updating and expanded data on each place are essential before the list can become a comprehensive representation of facilities available for Maine people. ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY

ABUSED WOMEN'S ADVOCACY PROJECT P.O. BOX 713 AUBURN 04210

795-4020

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

CLIENTS: VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE: WOMEN AND THEIR CHILDREN (BOYS UP TO AGE 13), MUST BE FUNCTIONAL AS STAFF IS NOT ON SITE 24 HOURS.

SERVICES: Kitchen facility with emergency food. Legal advocacy, support groups, empowerment groups and educational groups form women and children, housing referral, referral for other services as needed, transportation, clothing; child care is available during groups. Handicap accessible.

HOURS: ACCESSIBLE 24 HOURS; STAFF ON SITE M-TH. STAY: TWO WEEKS BEDS: 15 PLUS CRIBS FEE: NONE ACCESS: CALL HOTLINE NUMBER 795-4020; FARMINGTON OUTREACH 778-6107 COUNTY: ANDROSCOGGIN

ST. FRANCIS HOUSE 88 THIRD STREET AUBURN 0

04210

784-2011

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-SUBSTANCE ABUSE

CLIENTS: MEN AGES 18 AND OLDER WITH A SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROBLEM, MUST HAVE BEEN SOBER FOR 7 DAYS

SERVICES: Meals, medication monitoring, case management, individual and group counseling, independent living skills, housing referral, job training and location referral. Not handicap accessible.

HOURS:STAFFED 24 HOURSSTAY:AVERAGE 3 MONTHS, MAXIMUM 6 MONTHSBEDS:15FEE:NOT REQUIRED, SLIDING FEE SCALEACCESS:SELF REFERRAL, OUTSIDE REFERRAL, SCREENED ON WEDNESDAYSCOUNTY:ANDROSCOGGIN

RURAL COMMUNITY ACTION PROGRAM RFD #1, BOX 2900 LEEDS 04263

946-5096

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-FAMILY

CLIENTS: NO RESTRICTIONS, MUST BE SCREENED THROUGH INTERVIEW COMMITTEE, NEED TRANSPORTATION.

SERVICES: Kitchen facility, some food available, outreach program through RCAM. Housing, adolescent pregnancy program, parenting classes, and other service referrals as needed. Not handicap accessible.

STAY: 8AM-4PM MON-FRI BEDS: 10-5 IN EACH MOBILE HOME FEE: NOT REQUIRED/\$100 MONIH IF POSSIBLE ACCESS: SELF REFERRAL OR OUTSIDE REFERRAL; CALL FOR AN APPOINTMENT COUNTY: ANDROSCOGGIN

ANCHOR HOME FOR CHILDREN 209 LINCOLN STREET LEWISTON 04240

783-6086

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: GIRLS AND BOYS AGES 4-12

SERVICES: Home setting with house parents, case management, counseling, referral. Attend Christian school.

STAY: LONG TERM, UNTIL 18 BEDS: 4, PLAN TO EXPAND FEE: DEPENDS ON ABILITY TO PAY ACCESS: NEED OUTSIDE REFERRAL, SCREENING PROCESS COUNTY: ANDROSCOGGIN FELLOWSHIP HOUSE 95 BLAKE STREET LEWISTON

04240

784-2901

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-SUBSTANCE ABUSE

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18 WITH A SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROBLEM -- NO DETOX FOR HEROIN

SERVICES: Emergency shelter and detox, meals, medical care, case management, individual and group counseling, substance abuse counseling, hosing referral, clothing. Open AA meeting every day, educational groups, aftercare. Handicap accessible. No detox for heroin abuse.

HOURS: STAFFED 24 HOURS STAY: EMERGENCY 24 HOURS, DETOX 7-10 DAYS BEDS: EMERGENCY 3; DETOX 12; 9M & 3FEMALE FEE: NOT REQUIRED, MEDICAID, SLIDING FEE ACCESS: WALK IN, SELF REFERRAL AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: ANDROSCOGGIN

HOPE HAVEN GOSPEL MISSION 209 LINCOLN STREET LEWISTON 04240

783-6086

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-FAMILY/ADULIT

CLIENTS: FAMILIES, SINGLE WOMEN AND MEN, (EMANCIPATED YOU'H POSSIBLY BY SPECIAL EXCEPTION)

SERVICES: Meals (residents do cooking), case management, counseling, independent living skills, housing referral, job training: work rehab consists of kitchen help, professional maintenance, woodworking skills, retail, clothing, household items and furniture available.

HOURS: STAFFED 24 HOURS; BUILDING OPEN 7AM-10PM STAY: MEN, INDEFINITE, WOMEN & CHILDREN ONE DAY BEDS: 30: 24 MALE, 6 WOMEN, 2 CRIBS FEE: NOT REQUIRED, SLIDING SCALE ACCESS: WALK-IN, SELF REFERRAL, OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: ANDROSCOGGIN NEW BEGINNINGS 491 MAIN STREET LEWISTON

04240

795-4070

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: GIRLS AND BOY AGE 13-18

SERVICES: Meals, medication monitoring, structured program, case management, individual and group counseling, family counseling, independent living skills, housing referral, transportation, clothing, outside referral as needed. Not handicap accessible.

HOURS: STAFFED 24 HOURS/DAY STAY: 21 DAYS; FAMILY CONFLICT RESPITE - 3 DAYS BEDS: 12 6-MALE 6-FEMALE FEE: NONE ACCESS: SELF REFERRAL OR OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: ANDROSCOGGIN

ST. ANDRE'S GROUP HOME 188 SABATTUS STREET LEWISTON 04240

783-8003

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: EMOTIONALLY AND BEHAVIORALLY TROUBLED ADOLESCENT GIRLS, AGES 13-18

SERVICES: Residents cook meals. Medication monitoring, group and individual counseling, clinical and psycho-social planning, family counseling, independent living skills, recreational activities, transportation, clothing, aftercare plan. Resident required to attend school.

HOURS: 24 STAY: EMERGENCY UP TO 3 WKS. LONG TERM 1 1/2 YEARS BEDS: EMERGENCY ONE LONG TERM SEVEN FEE: NOT REQUIRED, SLIDING SCALE ACCESS: EMERGENCY: REFERRAL AND A CASEWORKER COUNTY: ANDROSCOGGIN SUPPORTIVE APTS. AREA IV MENTAL HEALIH 100 PINE STREET LEWISTON 04240

782-2273

CLASSIFICATION: PERMANENT HOUSING MENTAL HEALTH

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18 WITH PSYCHIATRIC DISABILITIES

SERVICES: Assist to locate apartment, move in, coordinate other services, short term case management. Encourage involvement of a primary care provider.

HOURS: OFFICE 9-5 MON-FRI STAY: INDETERMINATE FEE: NEED TO PAY SECURITY DEPOSIT/RENT ACCESS: SELF & OUTSIDE REFERRAL; PRIMARY CARE PROVIDER ASSIST COUNTY: ANDROSCOGGIN

HOPE HOUSE NETWORK, INC. RFD 2, BOX 1 MECHANIC FALLS

04256 345-3027

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-PREGNANT/PARENT

CLIENTS: PREGNANT AND PARENTING SINGLE MOTHERS AND THEIR CHILDREN, NO AGE RESTRICTIONS

SERVICES: Meals, case management, child birth classes, parenting classes, support group for single mothers, free pregnancy tests, baby clothes, transportation, referral to other services as needed. Not handicap accessible.

HOURS: 24 STAY: AS LONG AS NEEDED BEDS: 3 WOMEN WITH CHILDREN; OTHER AVAIL. FEE: NOT REQUIRED, 30% OF INCOME ACCESS: SELF REFERRAL, CALL FOR AN APPOINTMENT COUNTY: ANDROSCOGGIN FRANKLIN ACADEMY OLD LISBON ROAD, RR 1 BOX 3124 SABATTUS 04280

375-8162

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: GIRLS AND BOYS, AGE 9-18, WHO ARE "NOT FUNCTIONING UP TO POTENTIAL EITHER ACADEMICALLY OR SOCIALLY"

SERVICES: General high school, remedial and alternative education, agricultural training, supportive residential setting, other services in the community.

STAY: AVERAGE 9 MONTHS-3 YEARS BEDS: 53 FEE: MUST PAY TUITION ACCESS: SELF REFERRAL AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: ANDROSCOGGIN AROOSTOOK COUNTY

BATTERED WOMEN'S PROJECT P.O. BOX 1358 CARIBOU 04

04736

498-6570

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELTER-DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

CLIENTS:

SERVICES:

BEDS: 12 AND SAFE HOUSES COUNTY: AROOSTOOK

CARIBOU APARIMENTS P.O. BOX 1018 CARIBOU

04736

498-6431

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-MENTAL HEALTH

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18 DIAGNOSED W/ A MENIAL ILLNESS

SERVICES: Clients cook for themselves. Case management, counselling, substance abuse counseling, independent living skills, housing referral, job training, transportation. Staffed 8 hours a day, 5 days a week, clients must spend 20 hours/week working or in a program. Handicap accessible.

STAY: VARIES, AVERAGE ONE YEAR - 18 MONTHS BEDS: 10 FEE: NOT REQUIRED, BASED ON INCOME ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: AROOSTOOK CHRISTOPHER HOME 18 PLEASANT STREET, PO BOX 748 CARIBOU 04736

493-3343

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: BOYS 12-18

SERVICES: Safe environment. Individual, family, and group therapy; preparation for family reunification or independent living; operates under the Boys Town, Family Teaching Model.

STAY: MUST COMPLETE PROGRAM, AVERAGE ONE YEAR BEDS: 7 ACCESS: REFERRED: DEPT OF HUMAN SERVICES OR DEPT OF CORRECTION COUNTY: AROOSTOOK

FAMILY SUPPORT CENTER

CARIBOU 04736

498-6146

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

CLIENTS: DOMESTIC VIOLENCE VICTIMS: WOMEN AND THEIR CHILDREN (BOYS UNDER 14); SAFE HOUSING IS FOUND FOR MEN

SERVICES: Meals, referrals, support group, independent living skills, housing referral, parenting classes, transportation, clothing, children's program.

HOURS: 24 STAY: 30 DAYS BEDS: 14 PLUS 3 CRIBS FEE: NONE ACCESS: SELF OR OUTSIDE REFERRAL; HOTLINE 769-8251 COUNTY: AROOSTOOK FAMILY SUPPORT CIR. TRANSITIONAL HOUSING

CARIBOU

04736

498-6570

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

CLIENTS: VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, WOMEN & THEIR CHILDREN (BOYS UNDER 14)

SERVICES: Meals, referrals, support group, independent living skills, self esteem classes, housing referral, transportation, clothing, children's program.

HOURS: 24 HOURS STAY: 18 MONTHS BEDS: 6 FEE: 15% OF INCOME (AROUND \$40 MONTH) ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL; HOTLINE 769-8251 COUNTY: AROOSTOOK

MADAWASKA GROUP HOME PO BOX 1018 CARIBOU

04736

498-6431

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-MENTAL HEALTH

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18 DIAGNOSED WITH A MENTAL ILLNESS

SERVICES: Meals, medication monitoring, case management, counseling, substance abuse counseling, housing referral, job training, job location, transportation. Handicap accessible.

HOURS: STAFFED 24 HOURS STAY: AVERAGE 1 TO 1 1/2 YEARS BEDS: 6 FEE: NOT REQUIRED; BASED ON INCOME ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: AROOSTOOK SKYHAVEN TRANSITIONAL LIVING RESIDENCE PO BOX 1018 CARIBOU 04736

498-6431

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING MENTAL HEALTH

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18 DIAGNOSED WITH A MENIAL ILLNESS

SERVICES: Meals, mediation monitoring, case management, counseling, substance abuse counseling, housing referral, job training and location, transportation. Handicap accessible.

HOURS: STAFFED 24 HOURS STAY: AVERAGE 1 TO 1 1/2 YEARS BEDS: 12 FEE: NOT REQUIRED; BASED ON INCOME ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: AROOSTOOK

JOSEPHINE GAGNON YOU'H HOME P.O. BOX 188 EAGLE LAKE 04739

444-5152

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: ADOLESCENT BOYS, AGE 11-17

SERVICES:

ACCESS: BY REFERRAL ONLY COUNTY: AROOSTOOK PHILLIP BLANCHETTE YOUTH HOME P.O. BOX 188 EAGLE LAKE 04739

444-5480

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: GIRLS AND BOYS AGE 11-17

SERVICES: Meals, medication monitoring, case management, independent skills, transportation. Referrals to other services as needed. Handicap accessible.

STAY: 9-18 MONIHS BEDS: 6 ACCESS: REFERRAL: DEPT. OF HUMAN SERVICES OR DEPT. OF CORRECTIONS COUNTY: AROOSTOOK

BATTERED WOMEN'S PROJECT P.O. BOX 986 HOULITON 04730

532-4004

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

CLIENTS:

10

SERVICES:

BEDS: 14 AND SAFE HOME ACCESS: BY REFERRAL ONLY COUNTY: AROOSTOOK TEMPORARY SHELTER FOR THE HOMELESS SKYWAY INDUSTRIAL PARK, P.O. BOX 1753 PRESQUE ISLE 04769

764-4125

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-FAMILY, ADULT

CLIENTS: SINGLE WOMEN AND MEN, YOUTH OVER 15 WITHOUT PARENIS, FAMILIES

SERVICES: Meals, referral for support services, independent living skills, housing referral, job training, job location, transportation, clothing. Handicap accessible.

HOURS: STAFFED 24 HOURS STAY: INDEFINITE BEDS: 21: 14 MALE, 7 FEMALE FEE: NONE ACCESS: WALK-IN SELF REFERRAL, OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: AROOSTOOK

WINTERVILLE BOYS GROUP HOME

WINTERVILLE

444-4530

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: BOYS, AGES 11-17

SERVICES: Live-in house parents trained in effective parenting. Psychological consultation, evaluation, individual, family, and group therapy. Education prescriptive program by SAD #27; recreational and pre-vocational experiences.

STAY: 9-18 MONTHS BEDS: SIX ACCESS: REFERRAL FROM DHS OR DEPT. OF CORRECTIONS COUNTY: AROOSTOOK. CUMBERLAND COUNTY

TEDFORD HOUSE 10 PLEASANT STREET BRUNSWICK

04011

725-4871

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-FAMILY, ADULT

CLIENTS: SINGLE WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18; FAMILIES

SERVICES: Breakfast and dinner provided (clients do cooking), medication monitoring, case management, housing referral, job location, transportation, clothing, help with furnishing new apartment. Not handicap accessible.

HOURS: 24 HOURS/DAY STAY: 5 DAYS, LONGER WITH APPROVAL BEDS: 15 ADULT; LEASED MOTEL FOR FAMILLES FEE: NONE ACCESS: WALK-IN COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

EDGEFIELD AND NAPLES SPURWINK SCHOOL PO BOX 311 CASCO 04015

892-3686

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: BOYS, 13-18, EMOTIONALLY DISTURBED

SERVICES: Residential treatment center. Therapeutic milieu, special education program with individualized plans, individual, group, and/or family therapy, psychiatric/psychological evaluations; recreation program.

STAY: UNTIL 9 MONTHS PAST 18TH BIRTHDAY BEDS: EDGEFIELD 10; NAPLES 4 FEE: PAID BY SCHOOL, STATE, OR DHS ACCESS: PET REFERRAL, MENTAL HEALTH REFERRAL, AND DHS OR PARENTAL CONSENT COUNTY: CUMBERLAND
OPPORTUNITY FARM FOR BOYS P.O. BOX 65 NEW GLOUCESTER

04260

926-4532

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: BOYS 6 TO 13 WHEN ENTER; FROM BROKEN HOME DUE TO DEATH, DIVORCE, OR PERMANENT SEPARATION FROM ONE OF NATURAL PARENTS

SERVICES: Residential program with emphasis on academics and social adjustment, active recreation and sports program; minimal counseling.

STAY: THROUGH HIGH SCHOOL BEDS: 37 FEE: SLIDING SCALE, PAYMENT NOT REQUIRED ACCESS: SELF OR OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

AIDS LODGDING HOUSE

PORTLAND

874-1000

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADULT AIDS

04101

CLIENTS: ADULIS DIAGNOSED WITH AIDS WHO CAN CARE FOR THEMSELVES

SERVICES: Kitchen facility, referral to needed services, house support group. No on site staff. Not Handicap accessible.

HOURS: 24 STAY: NO TIME LIMIT FEE: \$67/WEEK, GEN. ASSIST. VOUCHERS ACCESS: MUST COMPLETE APPLICATION AND SCREENING PROCEDURE COUNTY: CUMBERLAND ALEXANDER HOUSE 275 STATE STREET PORTLAND

04101

773-1914

CLASSIFICATION: PERMANENT HOUSING MENTAL HEALTH

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18 WHO ARE PSYCHIATRICALLY DISABLED.

SERVICES: Meals, some referral to other services. Not handicap accessible.

HOURS: MANAGED 24 HOURS STAY: INDETERMINATE BEDS: 8 FEE: GENERAL ASSISTANCE AND S.S.INCOME ACCESS: NEED A REFERRAL COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

ARNIE HANSON CENTER 65 INDIA STREET PORTLAND

04101

871-7452

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-SUBSTANCE ABUSE

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN WHOSE PRIMARY PROBLEM IS SUBSTANCE ABUSE. CLIENTS MAY BE INTOXICATED.

SERVICES: SHELTER: Evening and morning meals, shower, laundry, medical care, case management - referrals to other agencies, crisis intervention. DETOX: Ten day program used medical mode AA group counseling, educational films. Not handicap accessible.

HOURS: SHELTER: 6PM -6AM; DETOX: 24 HOURS STAY: SHELTER: DETERMINED DAILY; DETOX 10 DAYS FEE: SLIDING SCALE FOR CLIENTS W/INCOME ACCESS: SELF REFERRALS FROM 6PM, REFERRALS FROM SOCIAL SERV. PROVIDERS COUNTY: CUMBERLAND ERENTWOOD HOME YOUTH ALTERNATIVES 53 BRENIWOOD STREET PORTLAND 04103

874-1175

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: BOYS, AGE 12-15

SERVICES: Meals, medication monitoring, case management, counseling. Must attend school.

STAY: 3 YEARS BEDS: 7 FEE: REIMBURSED BY DHS OR BLOCK GRANTS ACCESS: OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

BRIDGE PROGRAM 247 VALLEY STREET PORTLAND

874-1055

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-MENIAL HEALTH

04101

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN WITH PSYCHIATRIC HISTORY WHO DO NOT NEED CONSTANT SUPERVISION.

SERVICES: Evening meal prepared, residents prepare breakfast and dinner individually. Crisis intervention through the Ingraham Volunteer Hotline; unstructured independent living skills; case management and housing referral done outside. Prepared to serve hearing impaired guests. Not handicap accessible.

HOURS: OPEN 24 HOURS. STAFFED MON-FRI 8AM-9PM STAY: THREE WEEKS MORE OR LESS BEDS: 12 FEE: \$104/WK FOR RM. & BOARD, GEN. ASSISTANCE ACCESS: SELF REFERRAL OR FROM SOCIAL SERVICE AGENCY COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

CUMBERLAND COUNTY

CARLETON AND PRIDE HOUSES-GOODWILL PO BOX 8600 PORTLAND 04101

774-6323

CLASSIFICATION: PERMANENT HOUSING MENIALLY RETARDED

CLIENTS: MENIALLY RETARDED WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18 WHO CAN PERFORM OWN PERSONAL CARE AND RECEIVE SSI

SERVICES: Clients cook. Case management, independent living skills, housing referral, referral to other services as needed. Vocational evaluation services, work adjustment training, life skills program, job placement and follow-up services, support employment. Clients must participate in a day program.

HOURS: OFFICE 7AM-4PM M-F; HOUSE 24 HOURS STAY: UNLIMITED BEDS: 15 (CARLETON); 18 (PRIDE) FEE: SSI REIMBURSEMENT/EARNINGS CONTRIBUTION ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL; SCREENING REQUIRED COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

CARON ST HOME-GOODWILL OF MAINE PO BOX 8600 PORTLAND 04101

774-6323

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-MENTAL HEALTH

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18 WITH EMOTIONAL, PSYCHIATRIC DISABILITIES AND BILATERAL HEARING LOSS

SERVICES: Clients cook. Case management, independent living skills, housing referral, referral to other services as needed. Vocational evaluation services, work adjustment training, life skills programs, job placement and follow-up services, support employment. Clients must participate in a day program.

HOURS: OFFICE 7AM-4PM M-F; HOUSE 24 HOURS STAY: 2 YEARS BEDS: 8 FEE: COST REIMBURSEMENT THROUGH SSI ACCESS: SELF & OUTSIDE REFERRAL; SCREENING REQUIRED COUNTY: CUMBERLAND CASA, INC., NORTH STREET 26 NORTH STREET PORTLAND 04101

773-4357

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: YOUNG WOMEN AND MEN, AGES 15-22, SEVERELY TO MODERATELY DEVELOPMENTALLY DISABLED, NEED NURSING LEVEL CARE

SERVICES: Home care, attend day programs, recreational activities. Licensed nursing staff 24 hours.

STAY: VARIES; UNTIL ANOTHER PLACEMENT IS APPROPRIATE BEDS: THREE ACCESS: NEED TO HAVE A BMR CASEWORKER COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

CITY OF PORTLAND ADULT SHELITER 16 ALDER STREET PORTLAND 04101

761-2072

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-ADULIT

CLIENTS: HOMELESS WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18; PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED WILL BE PLACED IN A HANDICAP ACCESSIBLE MOTEL.

SERVICES: Case management, crisis intervention, no meals, most services provided through general assistance.

HOURS: SUMMER: 9PM-7AM; WINTER 8PM - 8AM STAY: VARIES FEE: NONE; GENERAL ASSISTANCE GUIDELINES ACCESS: SELF REFERRAL, 5:30PM - 8PM COUNTY: CUMBERLAND CITY OF PORTLAND FAMILY CENTER 48 CEDAR STREET, 51 CHESINUT STREET PORTLAND 04101

775-6313

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-FAMILY

CLIENTS: PARENIS MUST BE 18 OR OVER. PRIORITY GIVEN TO GENERAL ASSISTANCE RECIPIENIS. PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED PERSONS REFERRED TO ACCESSIBLE MOTELS.

SERVICES: Kitchen facility, case management, counseling, substance abuse counseling, independent living skills, some family planning, housing referral, referral on job training, food stamps, clothing and some transportation available through General Assistance. Not handicap accessible.

HOURS: NO STAFF ON SITE; OFFICE HOURS 8AM - 5PM STAY: AVERAGE TWO WEEKS FEE: NONE, GUESTS ADHERE TO GA GUIDELINES ACCESS: WALK IN OR CALL; SELF REFERRAL. 775-6314; 775-6315 COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

CITY OF PORTLAND TRANSITIONAL HOUSING 14 STONE STREET PORTLAND 04101

775-6313

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-FAMILY

CLIENTS: FAMILIES IN NEED OF TRANSITIONAL HOUSING, PARENTS MUST BE 18 OR OLDER NO ACTIVE USE OF DRUGS OR ALCOHOL.

SERVICES: Project Self Sufficiency Programs: self-management, counseling, crisis intervention, independent living skills. Housing referral, family planning, some parenting class, educational and vocational counseling kitchen facility.

HOURS: 24 HOURS, NO STAFF ON SITE STAY: VARIES FEE: SLIDING SCALF, FOR GUESTS WITH INCOME ACCESS: WALK IN OR CALL, PROJECT SELF SUFFICIENCY COUNTY: CUMBERLAND COMMUNITY HEAD INJURY PROGRAM-GOODW PO BOX 8600 PORTLAND 04101

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774-6323

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-HEAD INJURY

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN 16 AND OLDER WITH A HEAD INJURY

SERVICES: Residents shop and cook. Case management, Mental Health head injury support groups, assertiveness training, vocational evaluation and counseling, work adjustment training, recreational therapy, daily living skills. Handicap accessible.

HOURS: STAFFED 24 HOURS STAY: 6 MONTHS TO 2 YEARS BEDS: 8 FEE: FUNDING SOURCE WOULD PAY ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL; SCREENING REQUIRED COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

CUMBERLAND COUNTY SHELITER (JAIL) 122 FEDERAL STREET PORTLAND 04101

774-5939

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELTER

CLIENTS:

SERVICES:

HOURS: WINTER MONTHS ONLY COUNTY: CUMBERLAND EVODIA HOUSE 79 ALLEN AVENUE PORTLAND

04103

871-7458

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-SUBSTANCE ABUSE

CLIENTS: WOMEN 18 AND OVER WITH A SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROBLEM, MUST HAVE BEEN SOBER 7 DAYS, PRIOR REHAB EXPERIENCE REQUIRED.

SERVICES: Meals, medication monitoring, case management, individual and group counseling, substance abuse counseling, independent living skills, treatment, education and relapse prevention groups, referral for other services as needed. Must attend a 12 step program.

HOURS: STAFFED 24 HOURS, OFFICE MON-FRI 8-4 STAY: 3 1/2 TO 6 MONTHS BEDS: 13 FEE: DEPENDS ON INCOME ACCESS: SELF REFERRAL, OUTSIDE REFERRAL, SCREENING REQUIRED COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

FAIR HARBOR - YWCA 87 SPRING STREET PORTLAND

04101

874-1130

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: GIRLS AND BOYS AGES 7-17, WHO ARE IN CRISIS, MUST HAVE THE CONSENT OF LEGAL GUARDIAN

SERVICES: Advocacy, medication between guest and her family, recreational activities.

HOURS: 24 HOURS/DAY STAY: UP TO 30 DAYS BEDS: 8 FEE: NONE ACCESS: SELF REFERRAL, OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: CUMBERLAND FAIR HARBOR RESIDENTIAL PROGRAM 555 CUMBERLAND AVENUE PORTLAND 04074

874-1137

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: GIRLS UNABLE TO LIVE AT HOME OR IN A FOSTER HOME AND HAVE NO ACCEPTABLE ALITERNATIVE

SERVICES: Semi-independent living. Independent living skills, in-depth case management, individual and group counseling, family work when possible, group recreational activities.

STAY: UNTIL 18 FEE: WHEN ABLE ACCESS: SELF OR OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

FAMILY CRISIS SHELTER P.O. BOX 704 PORTLAND 04104

874-HELP

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

CLIENTS:

SERVICES:

BEDS: 13 & 3 CRIBS COUNTY: CUMBERLAND FRIENDSHIP HOUSE 232 BRACKETT STREET PORTLAND

04101

772-8876

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELTER-ADULT

CLIENTS: HOMELESS WOMEN AND MEN

SERVICES: Evening Meal, community kitchen, clothes closet, AA meetings, educational programs.

HOURS: 5 PM - 9 AM STAY: UP TO ONE MONTH FEE: NONE ACCESS: REFERRAL FROM SOCIAL SERVICE PROVIDER NEEDED COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

GRACE HOME 134-136 GRANT STREET PORTLAND

04101

774-5122

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-MENTAL HEALTH

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18 WITH A MENTAL DISABILITY

SERVICES: Apartments with kitchen facilities. Case management through Holy Innocents, housing referral, job location, transportation, clothing. Not handicap accessible.

HOURS: STAFFED 24 HOURS STAY: INDEFINITE BEDS: 24 (4 IN EACH OF 6 APTS.) FEE: \$325/MONIH, NO FREE BEDS ACCESS: SELF REFERRAL, OUTSIDE REFERRAL, CALL FOR AN INTERVIEW COUNTY: CUMBERLAND GROUP HOMES SPURWINK SCHOOL 98 RACKLEFF ST., 194 MASS. AVE., 42 JACKSON STREET PORTLAND 04101

871-1200

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: BOYS, AGES 7-20, EMOTIONALLY DISTURBED/BEHAVIORALLY DISORDERED

SERVICES: Residential treatment center. Therapeutic milieu, special education program with individualize plans, individual, group, and/or family therapy; recreation program, psychiatric/psychological evaluations.

STAY: DEPENDS ON INDIVIDUAL TREATMENT PLAN BEDS: RACKLEFF 5, MASS 4, JACKSON 2 FEE: CONTRACT WITH EMHR ACCESS: REFERRAL THROUGH PET PROCESS COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

HASKELL STREET BOARDING HOME-GOODWI P.O. BOX 8600 PORTLAND 04101

.774-6323

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-MENTAL HEALTH

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18 WITH A DISABILITY

SERVICES: Must participate in a day program. Clients cook. Case management, independent living skills, housing referral, referral to other services as needed, vocational evaluation services, work adjustment training, life skills program, job placement and follow-up services, support employment.

HOURS: OFFICE 7AM-4PM MON-FRI; (HOUSE 24 HOURS) STAY: 6-18 MONTHS BEDS: 10 ACCESS: SELF REFERRAL, OUTSIDE REFERRAL, MUST GO THROUGH SCREENING COUNTY: CUMBERLAND JORDAN HOUSE 11 MELLEN STREET PORTLAND

04101

773-1914

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELTER-ADULT

CLIENTS: HOMELESS WOMEN AND MEN

SERVICES: Three meals per day, weekly workshops.

HOURS: 24 HOURS STAY: NO TIME LIMIT FEE: FUNDING THROUGH GENERAL ASSISTANCE ACCESS: REFERRAL FROM SOCIAL SERVICE PROVIDER NEEDED COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

MCAULEY RESIDENCE 194 SPRING STREET PORTLAND

04101

773-5289

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-PREGNANT/PAREN

CLIENTS: PREGNANT AND PARENTING SINGLE MOTHERS AND THEIR CHILDREN, NO AGE RESTRICTIONS

SERVICES: Meals, case management, child birth classes, parenting classes, support group for single mothers, free pregnancy tests, baby clothes, transportation, referral to other services as needed. Not handicap accessible.

HOURS: 8:30-4:30 SOME EVENINGS NOT STAFFED AT NIGHT STAY: UP TO 18 MONTHS BEDS: 3 APTS FOR UP TO 9 PEOPLE FEE: 20% OF MONTHLY INCOME ACCESS: WALK IN, SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL, SCREENING PROCESS COUNTY: CUMBERLAND MCKAY HOUSE 102 WESTERN AVENUE PORTLAND

773-1914

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-MENTAL HEALTH

CLIENTS: SINGLE, PSYCHIATRICALLY DISABLED, HOMELESS ADULTS

04101

SERVICES: Ancillary support from local social service agencies, three meals per day, weekly workshop, literacy program.

HOURS: 24 HOUR HOUSE MANAGEMENT FEE: MUST BE ELIGIBLE FOR GENERAL ASSIST ACCESS: REFERRAL NEEDED FROM A SOCIAL SERVICE AGENCY COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

OXFORD STREET SHELTER 203 OXFORD STREET PORTLAND 04101

761-2072

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-ADULIT

CLIENTS: SINGLE ADULIS

SERVICES:

STAY: WINTER MONTHS ONLY COUNTY: CUMBERLAND ROADS GROUP HOME YOUTH ALTERNATIVES 288 EASTERN PROMENADE PORTLAND 04101

874-1188

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: BOYS AGES 15-17

SERVICES: Meals, medication monitoring, case management, counseling, independent living skills, housing referral at time of graduation; must attend school and work part-time. Not handicap accessible.

STAY: UP TO AGE 18 BEDS: 10 FEE: REIMBURSED DHS OR BLOCK GRANTS ACCESS: OUTSIDE REFERRAL; ALSO 874-1175 COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

SALVATION ARMY LIGHTHOUSE 65 EIM STREET PORTLAND 04

04101

774-6304

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: HOMELESS BOYS AND GIRLS, AGES 10-17

SERVICES: Showers, evening snacks and weekend breakfast, emergency clothing, access to social service providers.

HOURS: 9pm-7:30 am STAY: VARIES BEDS: 16 FEE: NONE ACCESS: SELF REFERRAL COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

SERENITY HOUSE 30 MELLEN STREET 774-2722 PORTLAND 04101 CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-SUBSTANCE ABUSE CLIENTS: MEN 18 AND OLDER (UNDER 18 W/PARENTAL CONSENT) W/A SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROBLEM, MUST HAVE GONE THROUGH DETOX AND A REHABILITATION PROGRAM SERVICES: Meals, medication monitoring, medical care, case management, individual and group counseling, must attend AA or NA twice a week, independent living skills. HOURS: STAFFED 24 HOURS, OFFICE 8-4 MON-FRI STAY: 3-6 MONTHS BEDS: 31 FEE: BASED ON ABILITY TO PAY ACCESS: SELF REFERRAL, OUISIDE REFERRAL, SCREENING TUESDAY 12:45 BY

SHALOM APARIMENIS 180 AUBURN STREET PORTLAND 04101

APPOINIMENT

COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

874-1090

CLASSIFICATION: PERMANENT HOUSING MENTAL HEALTH

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18, DIAGNOSED MENTALLY ILL

SERVICES: Apartments with kitchen facilities, case management, independent living skills, referral to other services.

HOURS: OFFICE 9-5 MON-FRI STAY: UNLIMITED BEDS: 11 INDIVIDUAL UNITS FEE: 30% OF INCOME ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL, SCREENING PROCESS COUNTY: CUMBERLAND SHALOM HOUSE 90 HIGH STREET PORTLAND

04101

874-1080

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-MENTAL HEALTH

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18, DIAGNOSED MENTALLY ILL

SERVICES: Meals, case management, independent living skills, housing referral, referral to other services as needed.

HOURS: OFFICE 9-5 MON-FRI, HOUSE STAFFED 24 HRS STAY: 1 YEAR BEDS: 15 FEE: 30% OF INCOME ACCESS: NEED REFERRAL, SCREENING PROCESS COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

SPRING STREET (SHALOM HOUSE, INC.) 124 SPRING STREET PORTLAND 04101 874-1080 CLASSIFICATION: PERMANENT HOUSING MENTAL HEALITH CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18 WITH A CHRONIC MENTAL ILLNESS SERVICES: Case management, independent living skills. HOURS: STAFFED 24 HOURS STAY: UNLIMITED BEDS: 8 \$260/MONTH, GENERAL ASSIS. ACCEPTED FEE: ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL, INTERVIEW REQUIRED COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

VMCA RESIDENCE PROGRAM 10 FOREST AVENUE, PO BOX 1078 PORTLAND 04104

874-1111

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADULT MALES

CLIENTS: MEN OVER 18

SERVICES: Voluntary use of referral service for job placement, alcohol and drug rehabilitation, meals, housing. Social activities. Access to YMCA facilities. Not handicap accessible.

HOURS: STAFF AVAILABLE 24 HOURS STAY: UP TO ONE YEAR FEE: \$60/WK 18/DAY PLUS 15/DEPOSIT ACCESS: WALK IN COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

YWCA WOMEN'S RESIDENCE 87 SPRING SIREET PORTLAND 04101

874-1130

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADULT WOMEN

CLIENTS: WOMEN AGE 18 AND OVER

SERVICES:

STAY: UP TO 2 YEARS BEDS: 64 FEE: SINGLE \$55/WEEK; DOUBLE \$45/WEEK ACCESS: SELF OR OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: CUMBERLAND YWCA WOMEN'S SHELITER 87 SPRING STREET PORTLAND

04101

874-1130

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-ADULT WOMEN

CLIENTS: ADULT WOMEN AND TEEN MOTHERS WITH A CHILD UP TO ONE YEAR OLD

SERVICES: Travelers aid room (access through Salvation Army and Ingraham Volunteers), emergency food bank, emergency clothing, community kitchens, pool privileges.

HOURS: 24 HOURS STAY: UP TO THREE WEEKS; POTENTIAL 3 MONTH EXTENSION BEDS: 10 FEE: 1 FREE BED PER NIGHT/OTHERS \$11.00 ACCESS: REFERRALS FROM SALVATION ARMY OR INGRAHAM VOLUNTEERS COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

CASA, INC., SCARBOROUGH PO BOX 58 SCARBOROUGH

04074

883-6333

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN, AGES 15-22, SEVERELY TO MODERATELY DEVELOPMENTALLY DISABLED, NEED NURSING LEVEL CARE

SERVICES: Home care, attend day programs, licensed nursing staff 24 hours, recreational activities.

STAY: UNITL ANOTHER PLACEMENT IS APPROPRIATE BEDS: 8 ACCESS: NEED TO HAVE A EMR CASEWORKER COUNTY: CUMBERLAND YOUTH ALTERNATIVES 677 WESTEROOK STREET SO. PORTLAND

04106

874-1184

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELLTER-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: BOYS, AGES 7-17, WHO ARE IN A CRISIS

SERVICES: Outreach family counseling, family follow-up for six months after discharge; educational services. Must have consent of legal guardian for participation.

HOURS: OPEN 24 HOURS STAY: UP TO THREE WEEKS BEDS: 9 FEE: NONE ACCESS: SELF, FAMILY & COMMUNITY MEMBERS, SOCIAL SERVICE PROVIDERS COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

CROSSROADS FOR WOMEN 144 MAIN SIREET SO. WINDHAM

892-2192

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-SUBSTANCE ABUSE

CLIENTS: WOMEN AGES 14 AND UP WITH A SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROBLEM

04082

SERVICES: Meals, medical care, individual and group counseling, educational program of lectures and assignments, housing referral, aftercare plan. Not handicap accessible.

HOURS: STAFFED 24 HOURS STAY: 28 DAYS BEDS: 13 FEE: NOT REQUIRED, SLIDING SCALE ACCESS: SELF REFERRAL, OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: CUMBERLAND

FRANKLIN COUNTY

HOUSING PROGRAM, TRI COUNTY M.H.S. 2 MIDDLE STREET FARMINGION 04938

778-3556

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-MENTAL HEALTH

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18 WITH MENTAL OR EMOTIONAL DISABILITIES, READY TO LIVE INDEPENDENTLY.

SERVICES: Clients must have been with a primary therapist for at least months. Assist to find housing and financial aid, independent living skills, follow up until established in new residence.

ACCESS: REFERRAL FROM PRIMARY THERAPIST COUNTY: FRANKLIN

HANCOCK COUNTY

MOUNT DESERT ISLAND YWCA 36 MOUNT DESERT STREET BAR HARBOR 04609

288-5008

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-ADULT WOMEN

CLIENTS: WOMEN, NO YOUNG CHILDREN WITHOUT PARENT

SERVICES: Kitchen facility; referral to community agencies. Child care on a sliding fee scale; access to exercise programs for a fee. Strict rules: no men, no alcohol and no drugs. Not handicap accessible.

HOURS: 24 HOURS STAY: DEPENDS ON ABILITY TO PAY BEDS: 3 FEE: NONE FOR A SHORT TIME, SLIDING FEE ACCESS: WALK IN, SUMMER ANYTIME, WINTER 9:30 - 4:30 COUNTY: HANCOCK

MANDALA FARM P.O. BOX 44 EAST ORLAND 04431

469-3018

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELTER-TRANSITIONAL HOUSING

CLIENTS: WOMEN, MEN, CHILDREN, FAMILIES

SERVICES: Therapeutic community detting, counseling, substance abuse counseling, independent living skills, housing referral, parenting classes, job training, transportation, clothing, HOME Co-op social worker does some case management. Handicapped accessible.

HOURS: 24 STAY: UNLIMITED BEDS: 22 FEE: NONE ACCESS: SELF REFERRAL COUNTY: HANCOCK ST. FRANCIS INN ROUTE 1 EAST ORLAND

04431

469-7658

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-TRANSITIONAL HOUSING

CLIENTS: SINGLE WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18, FAMILLES

SERVICES: Kitchen facility, referral to food assistance; housing referral, transportation; HOME Inc. provides outreach work. Child care available at HOME Inc. Handicap accessible.

HOURS: OPEN 24 HOURS STAY: NOT MORE THAN ONE YEAR BEDS: 12 FEE: NONE ACCESS: WALK IN OR CALL, REFERRAL ACCEPTED COUNTY: HANCOCK

HOMESTEAD PROJECT P.O. BOX 663 ELLSWORTH

04605

667-7073

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: GIRLS AND BOYS, AGES 13-17, BEHAVIORALLY HANDICAPPED, RESIDENTS OF MAINE, VERMONT, OR NEW HAMPSHIRE

SERVICES: Special education. Group work focusing on oppositional, identity and conduct disorders; specialized group and individual counseling as needed, individual treatment plans; positive reinforcement of appropriate behavior. Camping, hiking, canceing.

STAY: BASED ON INDIVIDUAL TREATMENT PLAN BEDS: 38 FEE: PAID BY DHS ACCESS: DHS OR SPEC. ED DIRECTOR; ALSO CALL 667-2021 COUNTY: HANCOCK DOROTHY HANCE HOME P.O. BOX 10 ORLAND 04472

469-2886

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-TRANSITIONAL HOUSING

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN OVER 40, MAY BE VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

SERVICES: Food provided at first, then responsible for own food. Crisis intervention, some independent living skills, housing referral, family planning, job location, transportation, clothing, referral to other services as needed. Access to all HOME Inc. services, including day care. Handicap accessible.

HOURS: 24 STAY: NO LIMIT, SHORT AND LONG TERM POSSIBLE BEDS: NORMALLY 7-14, UP TO 32 POSSIBLE FEE: DONATION ACCORDING TO INCOME ACCESS: MUST BE REFERRED BY SOMEONE COUNTY: HANCOCK KENNEBEC COUNTY

EREAD OF LIFE MINISTRY 157 HOSPITAL STREET AUGUSTA 04330

622-2946

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELTER-FAMILY, ADULT

CLIENTS: SINGLE WOMEN AND MEN, FAMILIES

SERVICES: No meals. Case management, counseling, housing referral, referral for other services. Not handicap accessible.

HOURS: 6PM - 9AM SEVEN DAY/WEEK STAY: 7 DAYS BEDS: 10 (2 DBL); 2 WOMEN, 6 MEN, 2 CRIBS ACCESS: MUST HAVE AN OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: KENNEBEC

ELM ST HOUSE-MOTIVATIONAL SERVICES 114 STATE STREET AUGUSTA 04330

626-3465

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-MENTAL HEALTH

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18 WITH PSYCHIATRIC DISABILITY

SERVICES: Independent living skills, case management, crisis intervention, some group activities. 24 hour support.

HOURS: 24 HOUR SUPPORT STAY: LONG TERM BUT NOT PERMANENT BEDS: 11 FEE: 20% OF INCOME PLUS FOOD & PHONE COUNTY: KENNEBEC FAMILY VIOLENCE PROJECT P.O. BOX 304 AUGUSTA 04330

623-8637

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

CLIENTS: VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE: WOMEN AND THEIR CHILDREN (BOYS UNDER 14 YEARS OLD)

SERVICES: Kitchen facilities (provide own food), crisis intervention, support groups, housing referral, children's program, clothing, free child care on side. Not handicap accessible. CRISIS LINE 623-3569.

HOURS: 24 HRS. STAFFED MON-FRI 8:30AM - 5PM STAY: 4 WEEKS BEDS: 10 BEDS, 4 CRIES FEE: NONE ACCESS: SELF, OUTSIDE REFERRAL; WALK IN OR CALL HOTLINE 1-800-452-1930 COUNTY: KENNEBEC

HEARTHSIDE RFD #4, BOX 609 AUGUSTA

547-3065

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-SUBSTANCE ABUSE

04330

CLIENTS: LATE AND FINAL STAGE CHEMICALLY DEPENDENT WOMEN AND MEN OVER 25, HAVE TO HAVE BEEN THROUGH DETOX

SERVICES: Meals prepared by clients. Mediation monitoring, substance abuse counseling, independent living skills, housing and employment referral, transportation, recreational activities.

HOURS: 24 STAY: 9 MONTHS - 1 YEAR BEDS: 6 MALE AND 6 FEMALE FEE: SLIDING FEE SCALE ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL, CALL FOR AN APPOINTMENT COUNTY: KENNEBEC MIDDLE STREET HOUSE-MOTIVATIONAL SE 114 STATE STREET AUGUSTA 04330

626-3465

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-MENTAL HEALTH

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18 WITH A PSYCHIATRIC DISABILITY

SERVICES: Independent living skills, case management, 24 hour support, crisis intervention, some group activities.

HOURS: 24 HOUR SUPPORT STAY: 1 TO 1 1/2 YEARS BEDS: 10 FEE: 30% OF INCOME ACCESS: SELF REFERRAL POSSIBLE; PREVIOUS SERVICE PROVIDER INPUT NEEDED COUNTY: KENNEBEC

SUNRISE HOUSE-MOTIVATIONAL SERVICES 114 STATE STREET AUGUSTA 04330

626-3465

CLASSIFICATION: PERMANENT HOUSING MENTAL HEALITH

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18, HEARING IMPAIRED AND PSYCHIATRICALLY DISABLED

SERVICES: Independent living skills, case management, 24 hour support, crisis intervention, some group activities.

STAY: UNLIMITED BEDS: 5 FEE: MINIMAL CLIENT PARTICIPATION COUNTY: KENNEBEC VETERAN'S ADM. CTR. TREATMENT PROG.

TOGUS 04330

623-8411

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-SUBSTANCE ABUSE

CLIENTS: SUBSTANCE ABUSE, VETERANS WITH PROOF OF SERVICE, WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18

SERVICES: Meals, medication monitoring, case management, individual, group and family counseling, independent living skills and job training available in hospital, educational program. Handicap accessible.

HOURS: 24 OFFICE 7:30-4 MON-FRI STAY: 21 DAYS BEDS: 22 FEE: NOT REQUIRED, SLIDING SCALE ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL, CALL FOR AN INTERVIEW COUNTY: KENNEBEC

KENNEBEC VALLEY MENTAL HEALTH CENTER NORTH STREET WATERVILLE 04901

873-2136

CLASSIFICATION: PERMANENT HOUSING MENTAL HEALTH

CLIENTS: HOMELESS WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18 WITH PERSISTENT MENTAL ILLNESS

SERVICES: Housing committee coordinates support services, independent living skills, all other services referred.

HOURS: OFFICE 8-4:30 M-F, EMERGENCY SERV.24 HRS BEDS: 7 APARIMENTS FEE: 30% OF INCOME ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL, SCREENING COUNTY: KENNEBEC KVCAP, TRANSITIONAL LIVING DEMONSTR P.O. BOX 278 WATERVILLE 04901

873-2122

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-FAMILY

CLIENTS: FAMILIES WITH AT LEAST ONE CHILD UNDER 16

SERVICES: Case management, counseling, independent living skills, housing referral, referral to other services as needed, follow-up counseling.

HOURS: WEEKLY VISITS BY CASE WORKER STAY: 6 MONIHS-2 1/2 YEARS BEDS: 2 APTS W/2 BDRMS.,2 APTS W/ 3 BDRMS FEE: \$0 -\$150/MONIH ACCESS: SELF OR OUTSIDE REFERRAL; CALL FOR AN APPT/SCREENING COUNTY: KENNEBEC

KVCAP-TRANS. LIVING FOR TEENS P.O. BOX 278 WATERVILLE 04901

596-0361

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-PREGNANT/PAREN

CLIENTS: TEENAGE PARENTS

SERVICES: Adolescent pregnancy counseling, in depth case management, counseling, independent living skills, housing referral.

STAY: 6 MONTHS - 2 1/2 YEARS BEDS: 4 UNITS FEE: \$0-\$150/MONTH ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL, SCREENING PROCESS COUNTY: KENNEBEC WATERVILLE COOPERATIVE APARIMENTS 14 LLOYD ROAD WATERVILLE 04901 872-7661 CLASSIFICATION: PERMANENT HOUSING MENTAL HEALTH CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18 WITH A HISTORY OF MENTAL ILLNESS SERVICES: Unsupervised apartments, staff available for crisis intervention. BEDS: 2 APTS. WITH 2 BEDROOMS EACH FEE: \$175/MONIH ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: KENNEBEC

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KNOX COUNTY

COMMUNITY SCHOOL P.O. BOX 555 CAMDEN

04843

236-3000

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: FEMALE/MALE ADOLESCENTS AGES 16-20 WHO ARE HIGH SCHOOL DROP OUTS

SERVICES: One on one teacher/counselor relationship, case management, counseling. Students cook, work and attend school, group rap with MSW facilitator. Camping trips, aftercare programs, graduates with high school diploma.

STAY: 6 MONTHS BEDS: 8 ACCESS: SELF OR OUTSIDE REFERRAL, INTERVIEW PROCESS COUNTY: KNOX

MID-COAST HUMAN RESOURCES COUNCIL P.O. BOX 808, 43 PARK STREET ROCKLAND 04841

596-0361

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-FAMILY

CLIENTS: LOW-INCOME FAMILIES W/AT LEAST ONE PARENT OVER 18 AND HOMELESS OR AT IMMEDIATE RISK OF BECOMING SO; MUST AGREE TO WORK WITH CASE MANAGER.

SERVICES: Bi-weekly meetings with case manager, case management, independent living skills, housing referral.

HOURS: 8-4:30 MON-FRI; NO ON SITE SUPERVISION STAY: UP TO 2 1/2 YEARS BEDS: 2 APIS. WITH 2 BEDROOMS EACH FEE: \$150/MONIH ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL, SCREENING PROCESS COUNTY: KNOX NEW HOPE FOR WOMEN P.O. BOX 642, 459 MAIN STREET ROCKLAND 04841

594-2128

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

CLIENTS: VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, WOMEN (OVER 18 OR EMANCIPATED) AND THEIR CHILDREN

SERVICES: Women and children placed in safe homes. Crisis counseling, information and referral, housing referral, legal advocacy, survivors of sexual abuse group in Belfast. Not handicap accessible.

HOURS: 24 HOURS, OFFICE MONDAY THROUGH FRIDAY STAY: 1 TO 2 NIGHTS BEDS: 6 TO 10 SAFE HOUSES AT ANY TIME FEE: NONE ACCESS: CALL 24 HOUR NUMBER 594-2129 COUNTY: KNOX

MID-COAST HOSPITALITY HOUSE P.O. BOX 155 ROCKPORT 04856

594-1422

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELFER-FAMILY, ADULT

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18, FAMILIES

SERVICES: Dinner and breakfast, referrals, transportation.

HOURS: STAFFED 24 HOURS; CLIENTS STAY 5PM -9AM STAY: SHORT TERM, DEPENDS ON INDIVIDUAL BEDS: 10 FEE: NOT REQUIRED; SLIDING SCALE ACCESS: MUST HAVE A REFERRAL COUNTY: KNOX

LINCOLN COUNTY

WEYMOUTH HEINRICK HOUSE ROUTE 130 BRISTOL

04539

563-1444

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: BOYS AGES 12-17 WITH A HISTORY OF PROBLEMS WITH PARENTS, SCHOOLS, LEGAL AUTHORITIES, OR PEERS

SERVICES: Group homes segregated by sex, run by live in professional teaching couple. Motivational system, counseling, community based therapeutic services and education available.

COUNTY: LINCOLN

WEYMOUTH CURTIS HOUSE MOUNTAIN ROAD JEFFERSON

04348

563-1444

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: GIRLS AGES 12-17 WITH A HISTORY OF PROBLEMS WITH PARENTS, SCHOOLS, LEGAL AUTHORITIES, OR PEERS

SERVICES: Group home segregated by sex, run by professional live-in teaching couple. Motivation system, counseling, community based therapeutic services and education available.

COUNTY: LINCOLN

OXFORD COUNTY

CHISHOIM FAMILY SHELITER 100 YORK STREET RUMFORD 04257

364-4551

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-FAMILY, ADULT

CLIENTS: SINGLE WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18, FAMILIES

SERVICES: Kitchen facility with food provided, case management, housing referral, transportation, clothing, referral to services as needed. Not handicap accessible.

HOURS: ACCESSIBLE 24 HOURS/DAY (STAFFED-DAY) STAY: 3 DAYS BEDS: 6 AT ALL TIMES; 20-25 COTS FEE: NONE ACCESS: WALK IN, CALL, REFERRALS ACCEPTED COUNTY: OXFORD

RUMFORD GROUP HOME 346 PINE STREET RUMFORD 04276

364-3551

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: BOYS 13-18

SERVICES: Family reunification and family counseling, meals, medication monitoring, case management, counseling, independent living skills, housing referral, family, job training, recreational activities. Have to be in some educational program.

STAY: UNLIMITED BEDS: 10 FEE: \$56.75/DAY PAID BY RESPONSIBLE PARTY ACCESS: MUST HAVE A REFERRAL SOURCE COUNTY: OXFORD RUMFORD GROUP HOME, INC. 346 PINE SIREET RUMFORD 04276

364-3551

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: BOYS 16-20, SEMI-INDEPENDENT LIVING PROGRAM FOR HOMELESS YOUTH

SERVICES: Structured program. Medication monitoring, case management, counseling, independent living skills, housing referral, family planning, job training, recreational activities. Must be in an educational program.

STAY: 2 YEARS BEDS: 4 FEE: \$45/DAY ACCESS: MUST HAVE A REFERRAL SOURCE COUNTY: OXFORD

COMMUNITY CONCEPTS TRANSITIONAL LIVING P.O. BOX 278, MARKET SQUARE SOUTH PARIS 04281

743-7716

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-FAMILY, ADULT

CLIENTS: SINGLE ADULTS, FAMILLES; PRIORITY TO FAMILLES; HOMELESS OR AT RISK OF HOMELESSNESS; LOW INCOME

SERVICES: In depth case management, counseling, independent living skills, housing referral, job training, transportation, referral to other services as needed.

HOURS: OFFICE: 8-4:30 MON-FRI STAY: 6 MONTHS TO 2 YEARS BEDS: 4 APTS WITH 2 BEDROOMS EACH FEE: 30% OF INCOME ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL, CALL FOR AN APPOINTMENT COUNTY: OXFORD PENOBSCOT COUNTY

BANGOR HEALTH AND WELFARE 103 TEXAS AVENUE BANGOR 04401

941-0257

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-FAMILY

CLIENTS: SINGLE WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18, FAMILIES

SERVICES: Two shelters: one for men, one for women, children go with their parent(s). Meals, case management, transportation, clothing. Not handicap accessible.

HOURS: WOMENS SHELITER: 24; MENS SHELITER: 5PM-8AM STAY: 30 DAYS BEDS: WOMEN: 10; MEN: 4 FEE: NONE ACCESS: WALK-IN, SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: PENOBSCOT

BANGOR RESCUE MISSION 126 THIRD STREET BANGOR 04401

942-4161

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-ADULIT

CLIENTS: MEN OVER 18; NEED TO BE ABLE TO WORK, MUST ATTEND CHURCH SERVICES.

SERVICES: Meals, counseling, substance abuse counseling, job location, transportation, clothing educational assistance.

STAY: INDEFINITE BEDS: 4 FEE: NONE; \$5 IF THEY HAVE INCOME ACCESS: WALK IN, SELF REFERRAL, OUTSIDE REFERRAL. COUNTY: PENOBSCOT GREATER BANGOR AREA SHELITER 26 CEDAR STREET BANGOR 04401

947-0092

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELTER-FAMILY, ADULT

CLIENTS: SINGLE WOMEN AND MEN, FAMILIES

SERVICES: Evening meal, medical care, case management, counseling, independent living skills, housing referral, clothing. Not handicap accessible.

HOURS: SUMMER 7PM TO 7AM; WINTER 5:30PM TO 8AM STAY: 5 NIGHIS PER MONIH BEDS: 15, ASSIGNED AS NEEDED FEE: NONE ACCESS: WALK-IN, SELF REFERRAL COUNTY: PENOBSCOT

HOPE HOUSE, INC. 179 INDIANA AVENUE BANGOR

941-2879

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-SUBSTANCE ABUSE

04401

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18 WITH A SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROBLEM

SERVICES: Emergency shelter, detox, extended treatment; meals, medical care, counseling, substance abuse counseling, management, life skills, 12 step program, transportation, clothing.

HOURS: STAFFED 24 HOURS STAY: EMERGENCY-24 HRS.; DETOX 3-10 DAYS; EXTEND UP TO 45 DAY BEDS: 44; EMERGENCY 25, DETOX 19 FEE: NONE ACCESS: WALK IN, SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRALS COUNTY: PENOBSCOT
OPPORIUNITY HOUSING 359 PERRY ROAD BANGOR 04401

947-2730

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-ADOLESCENT, ADULIT

CLIENTS: BOYS AGES 14-17; WOMEN AND MEN OVER AGE 18

SERVICES: Meals. Referral to support services possible.

HOURS: 7A.M.-6P.M. FOR REFERRALS STAY: 30 DAYS MAXIMUM BEDS: ONE FOR ADOLESCENT; TWO FOR ADULTS FEE: \$30 PER NIGHT ACCESS: WALK-IN, SELF REFERRAL, OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: PENOBSCOT

ORONO GROUP HOME 43 ILLINOIS AVENUE BANGOR 04401

947-0366

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-MENTAL HEALTH

CLIENTS: MENTAL HEALTH DIAGNOSIS, WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18

SERVICES: Kitchen facilities. Case management, counseling available, housing referral, referral to other services as needed. Handicapped accessible.

HOURS: 24 STAY: NO LIMIT BEDS: 8 FEE: 30% OF INCOME ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: PENOESCOT PENOBSCOT JOB CORPS CENTER P.O. BOX 1136 BANGOR 04401

842-1700

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT, AD

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN, AGES 16-24, RESIDENTS OF U.S., IN NEED OF VOCATIONAL TRAINING, OUT OF SCHOOL OR UNABLE TO BENEFIT FROM PUBLIC SCHOOLS

SERVICES: Self-paced academics, "Hands on Training" in various vocations, basic health and medical services, pre-employment training classes, job placement counseling, off center work experience, clothing allowance.

STAY: UP TO 24 MONTHS FEE: FREE ROOM AND BOARD + EARN \$40/MONTH ACCESS: SELF REFERRAL; 1-800-842-1700 JOB CORPS COUNTY: PENOBSCOT

PROJECT ATRIUM 265 HAMMOND STREET BANGOR 04401

941-2825

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: GIRLS AND BOYS, AGES 14-18

SERVICES: Group and individual counseling; referral to other services as needed. Attend an education program.

STAY: AVERAGE 8-12 MONIHS COUNTY: PENOBSCOT PROJECT REBOUND-WELLSPRING, INC. 98 CUMBERLAND STREET BANGOR 04401

941-1600

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-SUBSTANCE ABUSE

CLIENTS: SUBSTANCE ABUSERS, GIRLS AND BOYS AGES 14-19

SERVICES: Meals, medication monitoring, case management, counseling, substance abuse counseling, independent living skills, some housing referral, outside referral for other services. Handicap accessible.

HOURS: 24 STAY: 6-12 MONIHS BEDS: 12 ACCESS: SELF REFERRAL, OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: PENOBSCOT

SPRUCE RUN ASSOCIATION P.O. BOX 653 BANGOR 04401

947-0496

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

CLIENTS: VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE: WOMEN AND THEIR CHILDREN.

SERVICES: Counseling, support group, crisis intervention, children's program, outreach and referral.

HOURS: 24 STAY: 30 DAYS AVERAGE BEDS: 5 FAMILLES AT ONCE COMFORTABLY FEE: \$1 PER DAY PER FAMILY ACCESS: SELF REFERRAL, OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: PENOBSCOT ST. ANDRE GROUP HOME 87 OHIO STREET BANGOR 04401

945-5021

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-PREGNANT/PAREN

CLIENTS: YOUNG WOMEN WITH INFANTS, ONLY ONE CHILD PER MOTHER

SERVICES: Residents cook meals. Medication monitoring, case management, independent living skills, family planning, parenting classes including parenting skills, self-esteem, assertiveness, healthy relationships, discipline. Housing referral, clothing.

HOURS: 24 STAY: 3 MONIHS-2 YEARS BEDS: 4 PLUS 4 CRIBS FEE: NOT REQUIRED, SLIDING FEE SCALE ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL, INTERVIEW NECESSARY COUNTY: PENOBSCOT

TRANSITIONAL LIVING APARIMENIS 43 ILLINOIS AVENUE BANGOR 04401

947-0366

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-MENTAL HEALTH

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18 DIAGNOSED WITH A MENTAL ILLNESS

SERVICES: Case management, counseling, substance abuse counseling, independent living skills, housing referral.

HOURS: SUPERVISED 4 HRS/DAY 5 DAYS/WEEK, ON CALL STAY: NOT SET BUT ENCOURAGED TO "MOVE ON" BEDS: 6 FEE: \$125/MONTH ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL, SCREENING COUNTY: PENOBSCOT WELLSPRING, INC. 319 STATE STREET BANGOR

941-1600

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-SUBSTANCE ABUSE

04401

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18 WITH SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROBLEM; SEPARATE HALFWAY HOUSES

SERVICES: Meals, medication monitoring, case management, counseling, substance abuse counseling, independent living skills, referral to other services as needed.

HOURS: 24 STAY: 6 MONTHS BEDS: WOMEN 13, MEN 13 FEE: 25% OF INCOME WHEN EMPLOYED ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL, INTERVIEW COUNTY: PENOESCOT

KID'S KORNER RFD #2, BOX 82 BREWER

843-6141

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT DD

04412

CLIENTS: GIRLS AND BOYS, AGES 5-18, WITH DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES/MENTAL RETARDATION

SERVICES: RESPITE: self care, A.D.L., personal independence, play and leisure skills. LONG TERM: program coordination of ongoing medical psycho-social, educational and administrative services.

STAY: LONG TERM TO AGE 18: RESPITE 18-21 DAYS MAX 60/YR BEDS: 3 IN RESPITE; 3 IN LONG TERM FEE: IN REGION \$32/NIGHT; OUT \$39/NIGHT ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRALS; APPLICATION PROCESS COUNTY: PENOESCOT BIRTHCREST FARM -R.T.A. RFD #2, BOX 76 LEVANT 04456

884-7346

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT MH

CLIENTS: BOYS, AGES 11-15, FOR WHOM NO LESS RESTRICTIVE ALTERNATIVE IS AVAIL- ABLE, MODERATE TO SEVERE INTERPERSONAL AND INTRA-PSYCHIC DIFFICULTIES

SERVICES: Behavioral interventions, treatment/teaching plan, multi-disciplinary supportive services, education, family integration strategy. Case review team, community integration.

STAY: UNTIL 18 BEDS: 4 FEE: PAID BY DHS ACCESS: REFERRAL FROM DHS COUNTY: PENOBSCOT WOMENCARE/AEGIS ASSOCIATION P.O. BOX 192, MAIN STREET ABOVE KORSKY'S DOVER-FOXCROFT 04426

564-8165

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

CLIENTS: VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCES: WOMEN AND THEIR CHILDREN (NO BOYS OVER 16 YEARS OLD)

SERVICES: Clients are placed in safe homes. Women's support group, case management, individual and group counseling, court advocacy, housing referral, children's program.

HOURS: SHELLTER 24 HOURS; OFFICE M-F 8AM TO 4 PM STAY: 72 HOURS BEDS: SAFE HOMES FEE: NONE ACCESS: WALK IN OR CALL; AFTER HOURS NUMBER 564-8401 COUNTY: PISCATAQUIS

SAGADAHOC COUNTY

RIVERSIDE ST. SPURWINK SCHOOL RR BOX 1131, RIVERSIDE STREET BRUNSWICK 04011

729-6692

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: BOYS, AGE 5-12; EMOTIONALLY DISTURBED/BEHAVIORALLY DISORDERED

SERVICES: Residential treatment center. Therapeutic milieu, special education program with individualized plan, individual, group and/or family therapy, psychiatric/psychological evaluations, recreation programs.

STAY: UP TO AGE 12 BEDS: 16 IN PROCESS OF BEING COMPLETED FEE: USUALLY PAID BY SCHOOL DISTRICT ACCESS: SELF OR OUTSIDE REFERRAL, SCREENING COUNTY: SAGADAHOC

GROUP HOME-MILITARY & NAVAL CHILDREN 103 SOUTH STREET BATH 04530

289-3555

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: GIRLS AND BOYS AGES 10-16

SERVICES: Public school education, in-house counseling, dormitory living, common meals, recreational activities. 24-hour supervision.

HOURS: 24 HOUR SUPERVISION STAY: ONE YEAR OR LESS BEDS: 8 FEE: SLIDING SCALE ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: SAGADOHOC TRANSITIONAL I&II CHILDREN & NAVAL CHILDREN 103 SOUTH ST BATH 04530

289-3555

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENTS

CLIENTS: GIRLS AND BOYS AGES 16-17 REASONABLY CAPABLE OF INDEPENDENT LIVING WITHIN 2 YEARS (PHASE I); AGES 17-18 (PHASE II)

SERVICES: PHASE I: Public School education or GED activities; ion-house counseling and training, contracted therapies as needed, pre-vocational work experiences, health education, a vocational & leisure time activities, dormitory living, common meals, 24 hour supervision. PHASE II: Community job placement and support, completion of educational program, continued counseling, therapy, training, in-house apartment living with independent cooking, housekeeping, budgeting requirements, 24 hour supervision.

HOURS: 24 HOUR SUPERVISION STAY: 2 YEARS BEDS: 8 FEE: SLIDING SCALE ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: SAGADOHOC

TRANSITIONAL III MIL & NAVAL CHILDREN 1093 SOUTH STREET BATH 04530

289-3555

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN AGE 18 AND OVER

SERVICES: Independent living anywhere in the midcoast, Bath-Brunswick or Kennebec Valley area, with aftercare worker support for linking with community service agencies.

BEDS: 8 COUNTY: SAGADOHOC

SOMERSET COUNTY

GOODWILL HINCKLEY P.O. BOX 129 HINCKLEY

04944

453-7335

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: GIRLS AND BOYS, AGES 12-GRADUATION, IN NEED OF A HOME

SERVICES: Residential home with a wife/husband team. Residents attend Averill School in special education, cooperative education or accelerated learning program. Residents work in some aspect of the facility; recreational opportunities.

STAY: 8 MONTHS TO 1 1/2 YEARS BEDS: 90 FEE: SCHOLARSHIPS AVAILABLE ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRALS COUNTY: SOMERSET

HOSPITALITY HOUSE ROUTE 201, P.O. BOX 62 HINCKLEY

04944

453-6846

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-FAMILY

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN, FAMILIES, MINORS IF CLEARED BY THE STATE

SERVICES: Meals, medication monitoring, case management, independent living skills, housing referral, transportation, clothing, referral to other services as needed, TDD machine for the hearing impaired.

HOURS: 24 STAY: UNLIMITED BEDS: UNKNOWN AT THIS TIME FEE: NONE ACCESS: WALK IN, SELF REFERRAL, OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: SOMERSET PITTSFIELD TRANSITIONAL HOUSE

PITTSFIELD 04967

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING

CLIENTS:

SERVICES:

COUNTY: SOMERSET

HALCYON HOUSE P.O. BOX 502 SKOWHEGAN

04976

474-8574

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: GIRLS AND BOYS, AGE 10-17, MUST HAVE CONSENT OF GUARDIAN; NO ONE ON PSYCHOTROPIC MEDICATION

SERVICES: Three meals/day, individual and group counseling, crisis intervention, independent living skills, transportation, clothing, teacher on staff for schooling. The referring agency or guardian must provide information and referral. Not handicap accessible.

HOURS: OPEN 24 HOURS STAY: 21 DAYS MAXIMUM BEDS: 10 FEE: DETERMINED CASE BY CASE ACCESS: WALK-IN, SELF REFERRAL, OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: SOMERSET

SKOWHEGAN TRANSITIONAL HOUSE

SKOWHEGAN 04976

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-PREGNANT/PAREN

CLIENTS: PREGNANT TEENS AND TEEN MOTHERS; HOMELESS OR AT RISK OF HOMELESSNESS

SERVICES:

BEDS: 4 APARIMENTS COUNTY: SOMERSET

WASHINGTON COUNTY

PENQUIS COMMUNITY ACTION PROGRAM P.O. BOX 1162 BANGOR 04401

941-2830

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-FAMILY

CLIENTS: LOW INCOME, HOMELESS FAMILIES WILLING TO PARTICIPATE IN SERVICES

SERVICES: Case management, referral to services as needed, weekly meeting with case manager.

HOURS: OFFICE 8:15-4:30 MON-FRI STAY: UP TO 2 1/2 YEARS BEDS: 1 APT. W/3 BEDROOMS, 1 APT. WITH 2 FEE: \$150/MONTH ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL, WAITING LIST, SCREENING PROCESS COUNTY: WASHINGTON

WOMANKIND SATELLITE OFFICE MAIN SIREET, UNITED METHODIST CHURCH CALAIS 04619

454-2311

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

CLIENTS: VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

SERVICES: Shelter in Machias; support group, court advocacy, community work through Calais Office.

HOURS: MON. - THURS. 9-3; CALL FOR APPOINIMENT ACCESS: CRISIS NUMBER 1-800-432-7303 COUNTY: WASHINGTON WOMANKIND, INC. P.O. BOX 493 MACHIAS

04654

255-4785

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

CLIENTS: VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE: WOMEN AND THEIR CHILDREN

SERVICES: Crisis line staffed with volunteers for counseling and referrals. Kitchen facility with some food available. Doctor available to come to shelter. Case management, counseling crisis intervention, support groups for women in shelter and in community, court advocacy, children's program, transportation, clothing, referral for other services as needed. Not handicap accessible.

HOURS: 24 HOURS, STAFFED DURING THE DAY ONLY STAY: 4 WEEKS, NEGOTIABLE BEDS: 6 PLUS CRIBS FEE: NONE ACCESS: WALK IN OR CALL; CRISIS LINE 1-800-432-7303 COUNTY: WASHINGTON YORK COUNTY

YORK COUNTY SHELITER EXTENDED CARE SMITH APIS, P.O. BOX 20 ALFRED 04002

324-1137

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADULT

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18

SERVICES: Meals, medication monitoring, medical care, case management, counseling, substance abuse counseling, independent living skills, housing referral, job training in Notre Dame Bakery, job location, transportation, clothing. Handicap accessible.

HOURS: 24 STAY: 6-18 MONTHS; EMR RESPITE CLIENTS 1-5 DAYS BEDS: 10 FEE: NO REQUIRED BASED ON ABILITY TO PAY ACCESS: TRANSFER FROM YORK CO. EMERGENCY SHELITER COUNTY: YORK

YORK COUNTY SHELTERS, INC. P.O. BOX 20, OLD JALL ON ROUTE 11 ALFRED 04002

324-6591

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELITER-ADULIT

CLIENTS: SINGLE WOMEN AND MEN OVER 18

SERVICES: Meals, medication monitoring, case management, individual and group counseling, independent living skills, housing referral, job training in Notre Dame bakery, clothing.

HOURS: STAFFED 24 HOURS STAY: 2 WEEKS EMERGENCY SHELITER, 45 DAYS EXTENDED STAY BEDS: 30: 24 MALE, 6 FEMALE FEE: NONE REQUIRED; SLIDING SCALE/CLIENT ACCESS: WALK IN, SELF REFERRAL, OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: YORK DAY ONE JAMES C. HARROD CENTER P.O. BOX 41 BAR MILLS 04004

929-5166

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT SUB

CLIENTS: YOUNG WOMEN AND MEN AGES 16-24 WITH A SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROBLEM, NEED TO BE SOBER

SERVICES: Meals, medical care, case management, individual and group counseling, substance abuse counseling, independent living skills, housing referral, accredited. High school on site, job training, job location, transportation, clothing.

HOURS: 24 STAY: 9 MONTHS TO ONE YEAR BEDS: 11 FEE: NOT REQUIRED, SLIDING SCALE ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL, INTERVIEW PROCESS COUNTY: YORK

ST. ANDRE HOME, INC. 283 ELM STREET BIDDEFORD

04005

282-3351

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-PREGNANT/PAREN

CLIENTS: PREGNANT WOMEN, NO AGE RESTRICTIONS

SERVICES: Meals, individual and group counseling, parent education training, child care skills, child development, health and nutrition, communication skills, stress management, self-esteem, adoption services, case management. Involvement in an education program leading to a high school diploma or GED.

HOURS: 24 STAY: UP TO 6 MONTHS--MUST BE AT LEAST 3 MONTHS PRECHANT BEDS: 8 FEE: NOT REQUIRED, SLIDING SCALE ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL, SCREENING PROCESS COUNTY: YORK MILESTONE FOUNDATION, INC. 88 UNION AVENUE OLD ORCHARD BCH 04064

934-5231

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-SUBSTANCE ABUSE

CLIENTS: LATE TO FINAL STAGE ALCOHOLICS, MEN ONLY, MUST BE SOBER AND ABLE TO CARE FOR THEMSELVES.

SERVICES: Three meals/day prepared by clients. Medication monitoring, consulting physician. Case management, crisis intervention, substance abuse counseling, informal independent living skills, recreational activities, referrals for counseling, job location, transportation. Home work with families of clients, aftercare needs. Clients do volunteer work outside agency. No detox program on site. Would accommodate client with handicap.

HOURS: 24 STAY: AVERAGE 8 MONTHS - ONE YEAR BEDS: 20 FEE: PAYMENT NOT REQUIRED, SLIDING SCALE ACCESS: MUST BE SCREENED TO DETERMINE STAGE OF ALCOHOLISM. CALL APPOINTMENT COUNTY: YORK

SWEETSER'S RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT 50 MOODY STREET SACO 04072

284-5981

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT

CLIENTS: GIRLS AND BOYS, AGES 6-18

SERVICES: Interdisciplinary team provides 24 hours therapeutic experience; individual, group, family therapy, physical and mental health services, special education programing, recreational activities, life-skills training.

BEDS: 67 IN FIVE COTTAGES ACCESS: INTAKE SERVICES 284-5981 EXT. 255; 883-2749, 772-7479 COUNTY: YORK SWEETSER'S THERAPEUTIC GROUP HOME 50 MOODY STREET SACO 04072

284-5981

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-ADOLESCENT MH

CLIENTS: GIRLS AND BOYS, AGES 13-17, WHO ARE IN CONFLICT WITH THEIR HOME AND COMMUNITY ENVIRONMENTS

SERVICES: Full-time academic or vocational program, structured group living, independent living skills, individual counseling.

BEDS: 6

ACCESS: ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT, INTAKE SERVICES, CALL 284-5981, EXT 255 COUNTY: YORK

CARING UNLIMITED P.O. BOX 590 SANFORD

04073

282-2182

CLASSIFICATION: EMERGENCY SHELTER-DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

CLIENTS: VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE: WOMEN OVER 18 OR EMANCIPATED WOMEN AND THEIR CHILDREN

SERVICES: Kitchen facility with food, laundry. Case management, counseling, crisis intervention, housing and job referral through newspaper. Transportation, clothing, in-house support groups as needed, support groups for women and children outside shelter, court advocacy. Handicap accessible.

HOURS: 24 HRS., STAFF ON SITE 9AM - 5PM STAY: 2-4 WEEKS BEDS: 11 PIUS 4 CRIBS FEE: NONE, ASK FOR \$5 DONATION PER WEEK ACCESS: CALL HOTLINE, 324-1802 OR 282-2182 COUNTY: YORK W.I.T.H.I.N. (YORK COUNTY SHELITERS) 23 RIVERSIDE SANFORD 04073

324-3600

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-PREGNANT/PAREN

CLIENTS: WOMEN AND THEIR CHILDREN, NO AGE RESTRICTIONS

SERVICES: Meals, medication monitoring, case management, counseling, substance abuse counseling, independent living skills, education, job training, group skills, socialization skills, house management, house referral.

HOURS: 24 STAY: 18 MONTHS BEDS: 9 PLUS 5 CRIBS, EXPANSION TO 11 FEE: SLIDING SCALE ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL, INTERVIEW COUNTY: YORK

YORK COUNTY COMMUNITY ACTION CORP. P.O. BOX 72 SANFORD 04073

324-5762

CLASSIFICATION: TRANSITIONAL HOUSING-FAMILY

CLIENTS: LOW INCOME HOMELESS FAMILIES; PARENIS OVER 18 AND CHILDREN UNDER 16, WILLING TO PARTICIPATE IN PROGRAM

SERVICES: Case management, housing referral, budgeting skills, referral to other services as needed.

HOURS: OFFICE 8-5 MON-FRI STAY: UP TO 2 1/2 YEARS BEDS: 3 SMALL 2 BEDROOM UNITS FEE: \$150 MONIH ACCESS: SELF AND OUTSIDE REFERRAL COUNTY: YORK

YORK COUNTY

STUDIES ON HOMELESSNESS

Independent and Federal Studies:

Families on the Move Breaking the Cycle of Homelessness The Edna McConnell Clark Foundation - 1990

Programs to Help the Hungry & Homeless What Corporations Can Do to Help End Homelessness The National Alliance to End Homelessness - 1990

Education for Homeless Adults: The First Year U.S. Department of Education - 1990

Reaching Out Across America Mentally Ill Veterans Programs U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs - 1989

Homelessness in the States Council of State Governments - 1989

Community Care for Homeless Families The Better Homes Foundation Interagency Council on the Homeless - 1990

 Homelessness - Changes in the Interagency Council on the Homeless
Homelessness - Too Early to Tell What Kinds of Prevention Assistance Works Best
Homelessness - Access to McKinney Act Programs
Homelessness - McKinney Act Reports Could Improve Federal Assistance Efforts
U.S. General Accounting Office - 1990

Dropout Prevention for Homeless & Foster Care Youth Metropolitan Center for Educational Research - N.Y.U *funded by - U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Services U.S. Dept. of Labor - 1989

Financing Services for Homeless Mentally Ill Persons National Resource Center on Homelessness and Mental *funded by National Institute of Mental Health - 1989

Creative Sources of Funding for Programs for Homeless Families Georgetown University *funded by - National Institute of Mental Health & U.S. Dept. of Health & Human Services - 1990

State of Maine:

Educational Access for Homeless School Age Children University of Southern Maine State of Maine Department of Education - 1990

Selected Children's Group Home Review - 1990 Children's Emergency Shelter Program Review - 1989 Interdepartmental Council - Subcommittee on Residential, Group & Community Care

Homeless Not Helpless in Maine Legal Right Directory Pine Tree Legal - 1989

Poverty Today Blue Ribbon Commission on Energy Policy - 1990

Homeless Shelter Survey City of Portland, Maine - 1989

Executive Summary: Mental Health and Other Characteristics of Homeless Adolescents: A Descriptive Analyzes of Multi-Agency Case Records. University of Southern Maine: Department of Mental Health & Mental Retardation - 1991