MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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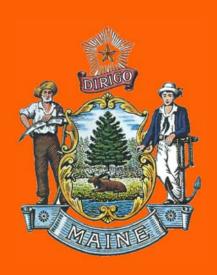
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MAINE



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

STATE OF MAINE



FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

PAUL R. LEPAGE Governor

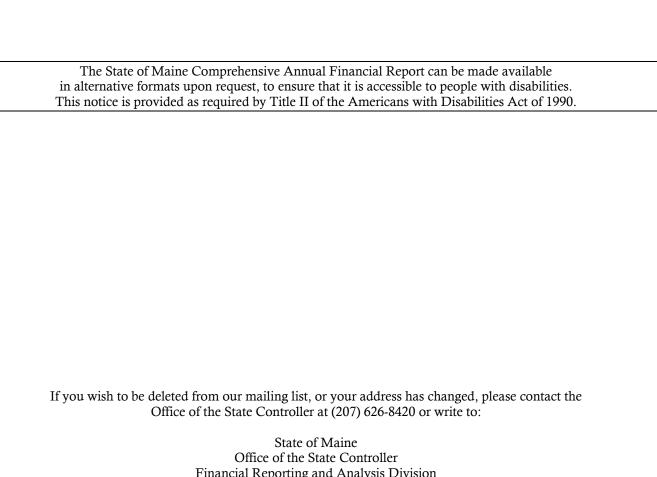
RICHARD W. ROSEN

Acting Commissioner

Department of Administrative & Financial Services

Douglas E. Cotnoir, CPA, CIA State Controller

Prepared by the Office of the State Controller



Financial Reporting and Analysis Division 14 State House Station Augusta, ME 04333-0014

> or e-mail us at: financialreporting@maine.gov

Information relating to the State of Maine is available at the following web site:

http://www.maine.gov

STATE OF MAINE COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

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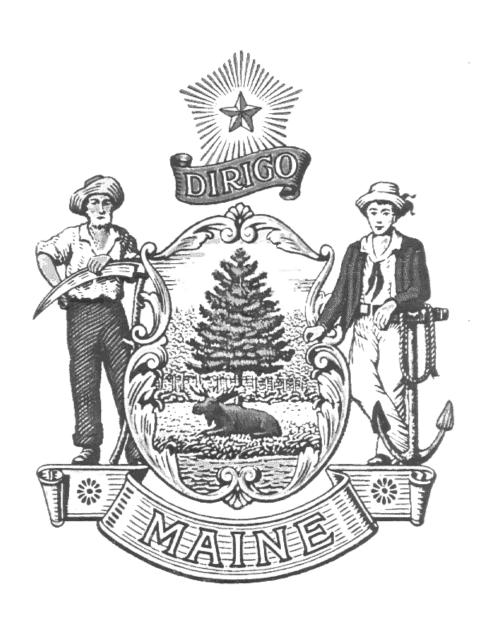
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL SERVICES

OFFICE OF THE STATE CONTROLLER

14 STATE HOUSE STATION AUGUSTA, ME 04333-0014

RICHARD W. ROSEN ACTING COMMISSIONER



DOUGLAS E. COTNOIR, CPA, CIA STATE CONTROLLER

December 31, 2014

To the Honorable Paul R. LePage, Governor, The Honorable Members of the Legislature, and Citizens of the State of Maine

We are pleased to present the State of Maine's Fiscal Year 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The annual CAFR, required by Title 5 MRSA § 1547, is compiled and published by the Office of the State Controller (OSC). The report is the primary means of reporting the State's financial activities. The objective of this report is to provide a clear picture of our government as a single, unified entity, as well as providing traditional fund based financial statements.

INTRODUCTION TO THE REPORT

Responsibility

The OSC is responsible for the accuracy, fairness and completeness of the financial statements presented in this report. The statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the information presented is accurate in all material respects and includes all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a reasonable understanding of Maine's financial position and activities.

Adherence to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As required by State statute, we have prepared the CAFR in accordance with GAAP applicable to State and local governments, as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The State also voluntarily follows the recommendations of the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) for the contents of government financial reports.

Format of Report

This CAFR is presented in three sections: Introductory, Financial and Statistical. The Introductory Section contains this letter including an overview of current initiatives, the list of principal elected and appointed officials, and the State government organization chart. The Financial Section contains: the Independent Auditor's Report on the Basic Financial Statements; Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), which provides an introduction, overview and analysis of the Basic Financial Statements; the Basic Financial Statements, which present the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements for governmental funds, proprietary funds, fiduciary funds and similar component units, and component units, together with notes to the financial statements; Required Supplementary Information other than MD&A, which presents budgetary comparison schedules, schedules of pension funding progress, other post-employment benefit plans funding progress, and information about infrastructure assets; and the supplemental financial data, which includes the combining financial statements and schedules.

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A where the financial analysis is now presented. The State's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report from the State Auditor. The Statistical Section contains selected trend information, and statistical data on financial, economic and demographic measures.

Internal Control Structure

The OSC prepared these financial statements and assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the OSC has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect the State's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the State of Maine's financial statements in conformity with GAAP.

Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the State's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

As a recipient of federal financial assistance for federal programs, the State is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure and document compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to these federal programs. The internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management and by the Office of the State Auditor as part of the annual Single Audit.

Independent Auditors

Pursuant to Title 5 MRSA § 243, the State Auditor has performed an examination of the Basic Financial Statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards. The auditor's opinion is presented in the financial section of this report. The audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Basic Financial Statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and, evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The State Auditor rendered an unqualified opinion on the Basic Financial Statements for this fiscal year.

Also, pursuant to § 243 the State Auditor has undertaken a Single Audit of the State as a whole, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, as required by federal law. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. This statewide federal Single Audit Report, including the auditor's opinion in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards, is published separately.

The State Auditor is statutorily mandated to audit all accounts and other financial records of State Government or any department or agency of State Government, including the Judiciary and the Executive Department of the Governor, except the Governor's Expense Account, and to report annually, and at such other times as the Legislature may require.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

GASB Statement No. 34 requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the Basic Financial Statements in the form of MD&A. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The State of Maine was the twenty-third state admitted to the Union on March 15, 1820 under the Missouri Compromise. By this time the population of Maine had reached nearly 300,000. The newly admitted state had nine counties and 236 towns. The city of Portland was the original site of the capital of Maine upon its admission to the Union. The Capital moved to Augusta in 1832 as a more central location from which to govern. The State has an area of 33,215 square miles and 3,500 miles of continuous coastline. Maine boasts 6,000 lakes and approximately 17 million acres of forest land. Geographically, the State includes 16 counties. The most populous county is Cumberland which includes Maine's largest city, Portland.

Reporting Entity

The Governor and Legislature govern all funds and accounts for every executive agency, board, commission, public trust, authority and component unit. The State of Maine financial reporting entity reflected in the CAFR, which is more fully described in Note 1 to the Basic Financial Statements, includes these funds, agencies, organizations, boards, commissions, Authorities and major component units in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14 as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 and GASB Statement No. 61. There are 7 major component units, 11 non-major component units, two blended component units, and one fiduciary component unit included in the CAFR. The major component units are discretely presented in the financial statements, and the blended component units are included as separate funds in the fund financial statements. The fiduciary component unit is presented in the fiduciary fund and similar component unit financial statements, along with the other fiduciary activities of the State. The fiduciary activities are not included in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the State's own programs.

The departments of the primary government record their daily financial operations in the State accounting system called AdvantageME operated by the OSC.

Budgetary Control

The Governor presents a biennial budget for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Funds to the Legislature for enactment or revision. The State Constitution provides the Governor a "line item" veto, which allows an Executive dollar substitution for those amounts disapproved, as long as an appropriation or allocation is not increased (or a deappropriation or deallocation decreased) either in the specified line or in any other line in the legislative document.

Once passed and signed, the budget becomes the financial plan for the State for the next biennium. It includes proposed expenditures for all departments and agencies, interest and debt redemption charges, and expenditures for capital projects to be undertaken and executed during each fiscal year. The budget also includes anticipated revenues and any other means of financing expenditures. In accordance with statute, the State Budget Officer must use the projections of the Revenue Forecasting Committee to prepare the General Fund and Highway Fund budgets.

The total General Fund appropriation for each fiscal year of the biennium in the Governor's budget submission to the Legislature may not exceed the General Fund appropriation of the previous fiscal year multiplied by one plus the average real personal income growth rate, as defined in Title 5 MRSA § 1665, subsection 1, plus the average forecasted inflation rate. "Average forecasted inflation rate" means the average forecasted change in the Consumer Price Index underlying the revenue projections developed by the Revenue Forecasting Committee. This appropriation limitation may be exceeded only by the amount of the additional costs or the lost federal revenue from the following exceptional circumstances: unfunded or under-funded new federal mandates; losses in federal revenues or other revenue sources; citizens' initiatives or referenda that require increased State spending; court orders or decrees that require additional State resources to comply with the orders or decrees; and sudden or significant increases in demand for existing State services that are not the result of legislative changes that increased eligibility or increased benefits. The Governor may designate exceptional circumstances that are not explicitly defined, but meet the intent of this statute. "Exceptional circumstances" means an unforeseen condition

or conditions over which the Governor and the Legislature have little or no control. Exceptional circumstances do not apply to new programs or program expansions that go beyond existing program criteria and operation.

The State maintains budgetary control at the account and line category levels. The head of each department and agency of State government must submit a work program to the Bureau of the Budget for the ensuing fiscal year. The work program is classified to show allotments requested for specific amounts for personal services, capital expenditures, and all other departmental expenses. These are the levels at which appropriations and allocations are approved by the Legislature, principally through a quarterly allotment system. The State Controller authorizes all expenditures to be made from the amounts available on the basis of these allotments and not otherwise.

Budget revisions during the year, reflecting program changes or intradepartmental administrative transfers, require the approval of the State Budget Officer and the Governor. Except in specific instances, only the Legislature may transfer appropriations between departments. Agency requests for increases in appropriations, allocations, or funding for new programs are presented to the Legislature as a supplemental budget.

The State uses encumbrance accounting as an extension of formal budgetary control. This requires that purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments be recorded to reserve a portion of an appropriation or allocation for expenditure. Appropriated and allocated balances are available for subsequent expenditure to the extent that there are approved encumbrances at the end of a fiscal year. Unencumbered appropriations in the General Fund and in the Highway Fund are carried forward to a subsequent year only when authorized by law, otherwise the balances lapse at year-end. In the State's accounting system, amounts carried forward are shown as reservations of fund balance. For financial statement purposes, unless amounts would create deficits, fund balance is classified based on existing resources, if any, which will liquidate the encumbrances outstanding at June 30 (shown as restrictions, commitments or assignments of fund balance).

Maine Budget Stabilization Fund

The Maine Budget Stabilization Fund, established in Title 5 § 1532, to replace the Maine Rainy Day Fund, is a designation of the unassigned General Fund fund balance intended to be used when revenues are under budget and critical services must be preserved. The Governor may also allocate funds from the Budget Stabilization Fund for payment of death benefits for law enforcement officers, firefighters and emergency medical services persons or to supplement school funding in situations where a municipality suffers a sudden and severe change in their property valuation.

Balances in the fund do not lapse; but carry forward each year. The money in the fund may be invested with any earnings credited to the fund except when the fund is at its statutory cap. In addition to interest earnings, the fund is capitalized at the close of each fiscal year. In fiscal year 2014, a net \$8.5 million was transferred into the fund.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

In their November 2014 economic forecast, the Consensus Economic Forecasting Commission (CEFC) reported that the Maine and U.S. economies continued to show signs of improvement Maine's Gross Domestic Product for 2013 was slightly higher than 2012, with all of the growth coming from private industry, but total GDP growth for the state was below the national rate of growth. Nationwide, consumer sentiment in September 2014 was higher than one year ago and small business optimism also increased over the previous year's level. Personal income in Maine grew 3.4 percent year-over-year in the first half of 2014, while wage and salary income, which makes up around half of total personal income, grew 2.7 percent over the same period. The Consumer Price Index was 1.7 percent higher in August 2014 than it was in August 2013.

As part of the December 2014 revenue forecast, General Fund revenue estimates were revised upward by \$45.5 million in fiscal year 2015 and by \$67.5 million over the 2016-2017 biennium. Upward revisions to the Sales and Use Tax, the Individual Income Tax, the Corporate Income Tax, and the Estate Tax account for most of the net changes to the General Fund revenue forecast.

Sales and Use Tax is projected upward in fiscal year 2015 by \$6.3 million and by \$14.2 million in the 2016-2017 biennium. Year-over-year taxable sales were up 2.5% for the 12 months ending in September. The general merchandise sectors have been especially weak over the past year. Lower energy prices and an improving labor market should help improve this line in the months ahead.

Individual Income Tax estimates are projected upward by \$6.2 million in fiscal year 2015 and \$15.6 million in fiscal year 2016. This revenue forecast can be thought of as the product of fiscal year 2014 revenue and the cumulative revenue growth rate after fiscal year 2014.

Corporate Income tax receipts were \$5.7 million over budget through the first four months of fiscal year 2015. The forecast of Corporate Income tax revenue was increased by \$12.6 million in fiscal year 2015 and \$8.1 million for the 2016-2017 biennium. The new forecast reflects changes to the economic forecast for pretax corporate profits. Corporate profits are now estimated to grow slightly slower in calendar year 2014, but significantly stronger in calendar years 2015 and 2016. The forecast also accounts for several temporary state level tax law changes that will continue to have an impact on corporate income tax revenues in next two biennia.

Estate tax revenues were \$13.1 million over budget through the first four months of fiscal year 2015. A number of moderately large estates accounted for the year-to-date surplus. The fiscal year 2015 projection for estate tax receipts was increased by \$11.4 million to account for the strong performance through October. A new forecast of household net-worth contributed to an increase of \$2.8 million in the 2016-2017 biennium.

There were other adjustments to revenue lines, both positive and negative. The net effect of these other offsetting adjustments was an increase of \$9 million in fiscal year 2015.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Cash Management

The State pools cash for a variety of State agencies and public sector entities. Interest earned on pooled cash is allocated to the various funds, generally based on their average equity balances. In accordance with statute, the Treasurer of State may deposit State funds in any of the banking institutions organized under the laws of this State, and any national bank or federal savings and loan association located in the State. All State money in any depository of State Government shall be to the credit of the State but the Treasurer of State shall not withdraw any of the funds except upon the authority of the State Controller.

The Treasurer of State may invest funds that exceed current obligations, with the concurrence of the State Controller or the Commissioner of Administrative and Financial Services, and the consent of the Governor. The list of approved pool investments includes: U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes, Bonds and Agency Securities, certain secured repurchase agreements, prime commercial paper, tax-exempt obligations, banker's acceptances, and certain secured shares of an investment company registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940.

Debt Management

When issuing General Obligation Bonds, the State of Maine pledges its full faith and credit to repay the financial obligation. Unless certain tax revenue streams are specifically restricted, states typically pledge all of their tax-raising powers to secure the obligations. The major bond rating agencies regularly assess the capacity and willingness of the State to repay its general obligation debt. Moody's Investors Service and Standard & Poor's make their assessments, in large part, by examining four basic analytical areas:

- Economy
- Financial Performance and Flexibility
- Debt Burden
- Administration

The economic base is the most critical element in determining the rating. Growth and diversity in the demographics, tax base, and employment base of the State over the last decade are indicators of future growth prospects and debt repayment capabilities. Generally, States with higher income levels and diverse economic bases have superior debt repayment capabilities and are better protected from sudden shocks or unexpected volatility in the economy. Because a strong economy does not always ensure a State's ability to meet debt payments, the State's financial management and performance are also key factors.

Financial analysis involves several factors, including: accounting and reporting methods; revenue and expenditure patterns; annual operating and budgetary performance; leverage and equity positions; budget and financial planning; and contingency obligations. These factors present a clear indication of the financial strengths and weaknesses of the State. The rating agencies' analyses of these factors provide the framework for judging Maine's capacity to manage economic, political, and financial uncertainties.

Risk Management

In general, the State is "self-insured" for health and dental insurance, worker's compensation, tort liability, vehicle liability, marine and aircraft, property losses, and retiree health insurance for State employees and teachers. The Risk Management Division's activities include analysis of and control over insurance coverage and risk exposure. Risk Management funds the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging premiums to agencies based on a review of past losses and estimated losses for the current period.

Fund Balance

The State's Fiscal Year 2014 General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance negative position increased from fiscal year 2013 to fiscal year 2014 ending at negative \$221.3 million. The Fiscal Year 2013 General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance was negative \$151.3 million. This is due, primarily, to a decrease in tax revenue and an increase in expenditures for health and human services. Prior to fiscal year 2013, the General Fund reflected an accrual for the State's share of the settlement of the State's hospital debt. In fiscal year 2013, \$183.5 million of the State's share was recorded in the Other Special Revenue Fund to reflect the payment of the debt that occurred in fiscal year 2014.

There are several factors that adversely affect our General Fund Balance Sheet that we should strive to improve over the next several years. The primary factor that has a significant impact on the State's Financial Statements compiled and issued in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles as applicable to governments includes accruing tax revenues for budgetary purposes and for financial statement purposes without accruing the offsetting liabilities for budgetary purposes.

OTHER INFORMATION

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement of Excellence in Financial Reporting to the State of Maine for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This is the seventh time that Maine has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we will be submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The Certificate of Achievement is the highest recognition a government may receive for excellence in financial reporting, we thank the finance community and our auditors for their contributions in achieving this award.

State government continues to have many accomplishments of which it can be proud. Consistent with the vision of Governor LePage to improve and enhance the fiscal administration of governmental operations, the Office of the State Controller continues to improve and refine its skills to meet the challenges of financial management in the 21st century. The Office provides assistance to many State agencies to help ensure the integrity and accountability of the programs they deliver to Maine's citizens. We partner with financial and program managers to find the best solutions to the State's financial challenges. In an environment where economic resources are limited and agencies are coping with budget constraints, the challenge of maintaining effective controls is greater than ever. We will continue to partner with each department, at its highest levels, to ensure that the tools are available to help each agency assess its risks and target controls to manage those risks effectively and within its budgetary constraints whenever possible.

Each year the preparation of the CAFR requires the efforts of the finance people throughout the State from virtually all agencies, departments and component units. We sincerely appreciate the dedicated efforts of all of these individuals. I am especially proud of the dedication and contributions of the staff of the Office of the State Controller, who strive to maintain the public's trust in our financial operations. Their efforts culminate in the CAFR each year.

Sincerely,

Saylan C Cetron

Douglas E. Cotnoir, CPA, CIA

State Controller

Shirley A. Browne, CIA

Acting Deputy State Controller

Sandra Royce

Shirley a Browne

Sandra Royce, CPA

Director, Financial Reporting & Analysis





STATE OF MAINE

OFFICIALS OF STATE GOVERNMENT

AS OF JUNE 30, 2014

EXECUTIVE

Paul R. LePage, Governor

LEGISLATIVE

Justin Alfond, President of the Senate

Mark W. Eves, Speaker of the House

Constitutional/Statutory Officers

Janet T. Mills, Attorney General

Pola Buckley, State Auditor

Matthew Dunlap, Secretary of State

Neria R. Douglass, State Treasurer

JUDICIAL

Leigh Ingalls Saufley, Chief Justice of the State Supreme Court



MAINE VOTERS

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

Senate

House of Representatives

Legislative Council

Office of Fiscal and Program Review

Office of Legislative Information Services

Office of Policy and Legal Analysis

Office of the Revisor of Statutes

Maine-Canadian Legislative Advisory Commission

State House and Capitol Park Commission

Office of Executive Director of the Legislative Council

Commission on Interstate Cooperation

Commission on Uniform State Laws

Office of Program Evaluation and Gov't Accountability

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

Governor

Office of the Governor

Governor's Board on Executive Clemency

Governor's Select Committee on Judicial Appointments

Office of Public Advocate

Land for Maine's Future Board

Maine Land and Water Resources Council

The Governor appoints all Judicial Officers

JUDICIAL BRANCH

Supreme Judicial Court

Superior Court

District Court

Court Alternative Dispute Resolution Service

Administrative Office of the Courts

Committee on Judicial Responsibility and Disability

Board of Bar Examiners

Board of Overseers of the Bar

State Court Library Committee

STATE OF MAINE ORGANIZATION CHART AS OF JUNE 30, 2014

CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS

Secretary of State

State Treasurer

State Attorney General

STATUTORY OFFICER

State Auditor

CABINET LEVEL DEPARTMENTS

Administrative and Financial Services

Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry

Corrections

Defense, Veterans and Emergency Management

Economic and Community Development

Education

Environmental Protection

Governor's Office of Policy and Management

Health and Human Services

Inland Fisheries and Wildlife

Labor

Marine Resources

Professional and Financial Regulation

Public Safety

Transportation

MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS & COMMISSIONS

Human Rights Commission

Maine Arts Commission

Maine Historic Preservation Commission

Public Utilities Commission

State Lottery Commission

Workers' Compensation Board

MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS

Finance Authority of Maine

Maine Community College System

Maine Health and Higher Education Facilties Authority

Maine Municipal Bond Bank

Maine Public Employees Retirement System

Maine State Housing Authority

Maine Turnpike Authority

University of Maine System



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

State of Maine

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2013

Executive Director/CEO



FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATE OF MAINE OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

66 STATE HOUSE STATION AUGUSTA, MAINE 04333-0066



TEL: (207) 624-6250 FAX: (207) 624-6273

MARY GINGROW-SHAW, CPA
DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR
MICHAEL J. POULIN, CIA
DIRECTOR OF AUDIT and ADMINISTRATION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Michael D. Thibodeau, President of the Senate and the Honorable Mark W. Eves, Speaker of the House of Representatives

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Maine, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the State's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the following component units: Child Development Services, Connect ME Authority, Efficiency Maine Trust, Finance Authority of Maine, Loring Development Authority, Maine Community College System, Maine Educational Center for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing, Maine Educational Loan Authority, Maine Governmental Facilities Authority, Maine Health and Higher Educational Facilities Authority, Maine Maritime Academy, Maine Municipal Bond Bank, Maine Port Authority, Maine Public Employees Retirement System, Maine State Housing Authority, Maine Technology Institute, Maine Turnpike Authority, Midcoast Regional Redevelopment Authority, Northern New England Passenger Rail Authority, Small Enterprise Growth Fund, and the University of Maine System. These financial statements reflect 100% of the assets and net position of the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units, 95% of assets and 97% of net position/fund balance of the Aggregate Remaining Fund Information, and 7% of liabilities of the Governmental Activities. statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it related to the amounts included for these entities, are based on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Efficiency Maine Trust, Loring Development Authority, Maine Educational Loan Authority, Maine Port Authority, Maine Technology Institute, and the Small Enterprise Growth Fund were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Maine, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 5-16, Budgetary Comparison information, State Retirement Plan and Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans and Information about Infrastructure Assets Reported Using the Modified Approach on pages 108-120, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consist of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the State of Maine's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements on pages 122-173 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States

of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, our report on our consideration of the State's internal control over financial reporting and our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters will be issued under separate cover. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Pola A. Buckley, CPA, CISA

Pola Buckley

State Auditor

Office of the State Auditor

December 31, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the State of Maine's annual financial report presents the State's discussion and analysis of financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2014. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and with the State's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-wide:

• The State's net position decreased by 0.8 percent from the previous fiscal year. Net position of Governmental Activities increased by \$147.5 million, while net position of Business-Type Activities decreased by \$174.8 million. The State's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$3.6 billion at the close of fiscal year 2014. Component units reported net position of \$2.9 billion, an increase of \$120.8 million (4.4 percent) from the previous year.

Fund level:

- At the end of the fiscal year, the State's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$416.0 million, an increase of \$171.4 million from the previous year. The General Fund's total fund balance was a negative \$215.4 million, a decline of \$71.1 million from the previous year. The Highway Fund total fund balance was \$37.8 million, an improvement of \$3.5 million from the prior year.
- The proprietary funds reported net position at year end of \$412.1 million, a decrease of \$162.5 million from the previous year. This decrease is due primarily to a decrease in the Alcoholic Beverages Fund of \$171.0 million.

Long-term Debt:

• The State's liability for general obligation bonds increased by \$29.4 million during the fiscal year, which represents the difference between new issuances and payments of outstanding debt. During the year, the State issued \$112.9 million in bonds and made principal payments of \$83.5 million.

Additional information regarding the government-wide, fund level, and long-term debt activities can be found beginning on page 8.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is an introduction to the State of Maine's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the State as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position presents all of the State's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases and decreases in net position are an indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the State's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying events giving rise to the change occur, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused leave).

Both government-wide statements report three activities:

Governmental activities - Most basic services, such as health and human services, education, governmental support and operations, justice and protection, and transportation are included in this category. The Legislature, Judiciary and the general operations of the Executive departments fall within the Governmental Activities. Income taxes, sales and use taxes, and State and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities - The State charges fees to customers to help cover all or most of the costs of certain services it provides. Operating costs not covered by customer fees are subsidized by the General Fund. Lottery tickets, alcoholic beverages, ferry services, and the State's unemployment compensation services are examples of business-type activities.

Component units - Although legally separate, component units are important because the State is financially accountable for these entities. The State has "blended" two component units, the Maine Governmental Facilities Authority (MGFA) and Child Development Services (CDS) with Governmental Activities as described above. Maine reports 18 other component units (7 major and 11 non-major) as discretely presented component units of the State, and one component unit is reported with the State's fiduciary funds. Complete financial statements of the individual component units may be obtained directly from their respective administrative offices as shown in Note 1 A to the financial statements.

Government-wide statements are reported utilizing an economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. The following summarizes the impact of the transition from modified accrual to full accrual accounting:

- Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental fund statements but are included on government-wide statements.
- Certain tax revenues that are earned, but not available, are reported as revenues in the Governmental Activities, but are reported as deferred inflows on the governmental fund statements.
- Other long-term assets that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are recorded as deferred outflows in governmental fund statements, but not deferred on the government-wide statements.
- Internal service funds are reported as Governmental Activities in the government-wide statements, but reported as proprietary funds in the fund financial statements.
- Governmental fund long-term liabilities, such as certificates of participation, pension obligations, compensated absences, bonds and notes payable, and others appear as liabilities only in the governmentwide statements.
- Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on the government-wide statements, but is recorded as expenditures on the governmental fund statements.
- Proceeds from bonds, notes and other long-term financing arrangements result in liabilities on the government-wide statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental fund statements.

• Net position balances are allocated as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets are capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debt attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position are those with constraints placed on the use by external sources (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of governments) or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that do not meet any of the above restrictions.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the State's most significant funds. Funds are fiscal and accounting entities with self-balancing sets of accounts that the State uses to keep track of specific revenue sources and spending for particular purposes. The State's funds are divided into three categories – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – and use different measurement focuses and bases of accounting.

Governmental funds: Most of the basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the programs of the State. The governmental fund statements focus primarily on the sources, uses, and balance of current financial resources and often have a budgetary orientation. These funds are reported using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, a separate reconciliation provides additional information that explains the relationship (or differences) between them. The governmental funds consist of the General Fund, special revenue, capital projects, and permanent funds.

Proprietary funds: When the State charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other agencies within the State, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds (enterprise and internal service) apply the accrual basis of accounting utilized by private sector businesses. Enterprise funds report activities that provide supplies and services to the general public. An example is the State Lottery Fund. Internal service funds report activities that provide supplies and services to the State's other programs and activities – such as the State's Postal, Printing and Supply Fund. Internal service funds are reported as Governmental Activities on the government-wide statements.

Fiduciary funds: The State is the trustee or fiduciary for assets that belong to others. The State is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. These funds include pension and other employee benefit trusts administered by the Maine Public Employees Retirement System, a component unit, private-purpose trusts, and agency funds. Fiduciary funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The State excludes these activities from the government-wide financial statements because these assets are restricted in purpose and do not represent discretionary assets of the State to finance its operations.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

The required supplementary information includes budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and major special revenue funds. Also included are notes and a reconciliation of fund balance from the budgetary basis to fund balance determined according to generally accepted accounting principles. This section also includes schedules of funding progress for certain pension and other post-employment benefit trust funds and condition and maintenance data regarding certain portions of the State's infrastructure.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes combining financial statements for non-major governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. These funds are added together, by fund type, and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements. Budgetary comparison schedules by agency are also included for the general fund, the highway fund, federal funds, and other special revenue fund.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE STATE AS A WHOLE

The State's net position decreased by 0.8 percent to \$3.6 billion at June 30, 2014, as detailed in Tables A-1 and A-2.

Table A- 1: Condensed Statement of Net Position (Expressed in Thousands)

	Govern	nental	Busines	s-Type	Tot	tal
	Activi	ties	Activ	ities	Primary G	overnment
	2014	2013 *	2014	2013	2014	2013
Current and other						
noncurrent assets	\$ 1,860,634	\$ 1,937,953	\$ 188,740	\$ 362,402	\$ 2,049,374	\$ 2,300,355
Capital assets	4,004,210	3,940,296	44,462	55,340	4,048,672	3,995,636
Total Assets	5,864,844	5,878,249	233,202	417,742	6,098,046	6,295,991
Current liabilities	1,037,500	1,444,030	23,577	33,778	1,061,077	1,477,808
Long-term liabilities	1,478,277	1,232,666	5,394	4,981	1,483,671	1,237,647
Total Liabilities	2,515,777	2,676,696	28,971	38,759	2,544,748	2,715,455
Net position (deficit):						
Net investment in						
capital assets	3,326,970	3,262,047	44,462	55,340	3,371,432	3,317,387
Restricted	523,133	404,218	331,799	321,112	854,932	725,330
Unrestricted (deficit)	(501,036)	(464,712)	(172,030)	2,531	(673,066)	(462,181)
Total Net Position	\$ 3,349,067	\$3,201,553	\$ 204,231	\$ 378,983	\$ 3,553,298	\$3,580,536
* As restated						

Changes in Net Position

The State's fiscal year 2014 revenues totaled \$7.5 billion. (See Table A-2) Taxes and operating grants and contributions accounted for most of the State's revenue by contributing 46.7 percent and 37.6 percent, respectively, of every dollar raised. The remainder came from charges for services and other miscellaneous sources.

The total cost of all programs and services totaled \$7.6 billion for the year 2014. (See Table A-2) These expenses are predominantly (70.6 percent) related to health & human services and education activities. The

State's governmental support & operations activities accounted for 5.0 percent of total costs. Total net position decreased by \$27.2 million.

Table A-2 - Changes in Net Position (Expressed in Thousands)

	Governi Activ		Busines Activ	• •	Tota Primary Go	
	2014	2013 *	2014	2013	2014	2013
Revenues						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 528,673	\$ 508,039	\$ 457,147	\$ 543,926	\$ 985,820	\$ 1,051,965
Operating Grants/Contributions	2,831,956	3,047,714	7,036	7,032	2,838,992	3,054,746
General Revenues:						
Taxes	3,523,533	3,540,712	-	-	3,523,533	3,540,712
Other	195,689	161,340	-	-	195,689	161,340
Total Revenues	7,079,851	7,257,805	464,183	550,958	7,544,034	7,808,763
Expenses						
Governmental Activities:						
Governmental Support	377,269	428,011			377,269	428,011
Education	1,676,908	1,581,556			1,676,908	1,581,556
Health & Human Services	3,669,552	3,657,573			3,669,552	3,657,573
Justice & Protection	410,641	401,656			410,641	401,656
Transportation Safety	524,024	521,638	*		524,024	521,638
Other	468,725	516,398			468,725	516,398
Interest	47,271	46,541			47,271	46,541
Business-Type Activities:						
Employment Security			159,058	169,334	159,058	169,334
Lottery			180,087	176,094	180,087	176,094
Military Equip. Maint.			11,466	36,971	11,466	36,971
Dirigo Health			26,863	56,229	26,863	56,229
Other			19,408	19,213	19,408	19,213
Total Expenses	7,174,390	7,153,373	396,882	457,841	7,571,272	7,611,214
Excess (Deficiency) before Special Items						
and Transfers	(94,539)	104,432	67,301	93,117	(27,238)	197,549
Special Items	193,192	92,401	(193,192)	(108,288)	-	(15,887)
Transfers	48,861	54,916	(48,861)	(54,916)		-
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	147,514	251,749	(174,752)	(70,087)	(27,238)	181,662
Net Position, beginning of year (As Restated)	3,201,553	2,949,804	378,983	449,070	3,580,536	3,398,874
Ending Net Position	\$ 3,349,067	\$ 3,201,553	\$ 204,231	\$ 378,983	\$ 3,553,298	\$ 3,580,536
* As restated						

Governmental Activities

Revenues for the State's Governmental Activities totaled \$7.1 billion while total expenses equaled \$7.2 billion. The increase in net po ition for Governmental Activities was \$147.5 million in 2014, much of which was the result of trunsfers from he State's Business-Type Activities discussed belo v. Program revenues were insufficient to cover program expenses, therefore, the net program expenses of these governmental activities were supported by general revenues, mainly taxes. Fax revenue decreased by \$17.2 million from the prior year, primarily in the Individual Income and Corporate Tax lines. Net expenses su ported by tax revenue increased by approximately \$216.1 million (as restated), primarily in the Health and Human Services and Education areas. Additionally, the State's Business-Type activities transferred \$242.1 million (net) to the Governmental Activities, which included statutorily required profit transfers, capital contributions, and the pledged profit of the Alcoholic Beverages Fund to finance the payment of the Liquor Revenue Bonds. These transfers are discussed futher on page 11.

The users of the State's programs financed \$528.7 million of the cost. The federal and State governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions of \$2.8 billion. \$3.7 billion of the State's net costs were financed by taxes and o her miscellaneous revenue.

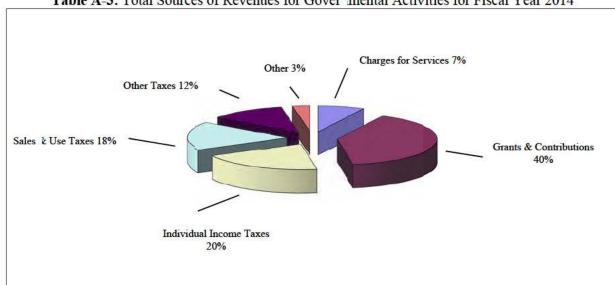
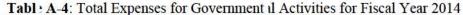
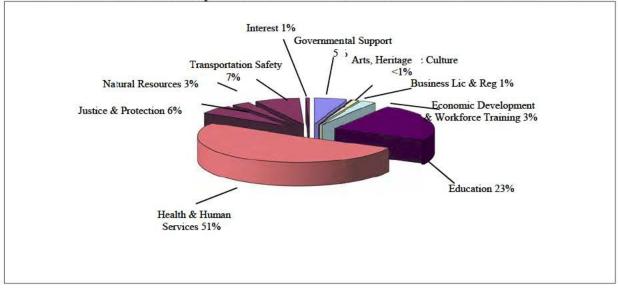


Table A-3: Total Sources of Revenues for Gover mental Activities for Fiscal Year 2014





Business-Type Activities

Revenues for the State's Business-Type Activities totaled \$464.2 million while expenses totaled \$396.9 million. However, due to the conversion of the Marine Ports Enterprise Fund to an Other Special Revenue Fund of \$9.7 million and the transfer recorded for the Healthcare Liability Retirement Fund (for payments due to healthcare providers for services prior to December 1, 2012) totaling \$183.5 million (see Note 17), the net position for Business-Type Activities decreased by \$174.8 million in 2014.

Table A-5 presents the cost of State Business-Type Activities: employment security, alcoholic beverages, lottery, military equipment maintenance, Dirigo Health and other. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the State's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table A-5: Net Cost of Business-Type Activities (Expressed in Thousands)

	Total	Cost		Net (Cost) Revenue					
Category	2014		2013		2014	2013			
Employment Security	\$ 159,058	\$	169,334	\$	11,330	\$	26,531		
Alcoholic Beverages	19		-		12,520		12,533		
Lottery	180,087		176,094		52,333		53,471		
Military Equip. Maint.	11,466		36,971		(1,364)		(1,157)		
Dirigo Health	26,863		56,229		(1,061)		9,225		
Other	 19,389		19,213		(6,457)		(7,486)		
Total	\$ 396,882	\$	457,841	\$	67,301	\$	93,117		

The cost of all Business-Type Activities this year was \$396.9 million. The users of the State's programs financed most of the cost. The State's net revenue from Business-Type Activities was \$67.3 million, with the Lottery making up \$52.3 million of the total. The State's Business-Type Activities transferred \$242.1 million (net) to the Governmental Activities, which included statutorily required profit transfers of \$52.4 million, the transfer of balances totaling \$9.7 million from the Marine Ports Enterprise Fund and the transfer of \$183.5 million recorded for the Healthcare Liability Retirement Fund discussed above. Additionally, the Governmental Activities contributed \$2.2 million to purchase capital assets that are recorded in the Business-Type activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE STATE'S FUNDS

Table A-6: Governmental Fund Balances (Expressed in Thousands)

Fund	2014	2013	Change		
General	\$ (215,436)	\$ (144,375)	\$ (71,061)		
Highway	37,790	34,324	3,466		
Federal	9,291	24,751	(15,460)		
Other Special Revenue	416,273	247,223	169,050		
Other Governmental	168,094	82,713	85,381		
Total	\$ 416,012	\$ 244,636	\$ 171,376		
	·				

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the State's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$416.0 million, an increase of \$171.4 million in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$27.2 million (6.5 percent) is classified as non-spendable, either due to its form or legal constraints, and \$546.0 million (131.2 percent) is restricted for specific programs by external constraints, constitutional provisions, or contractual obligations. Unspent bond proceeds, revenue restricted for transportation, natural resources or other programs are included in restricted fund balance. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was a deficit of \$221.3 million, a decline of \$70.1 million.

General Fund expenditures and other uses surpassed General Fund revenues and other sources resulting in an decrease in the fund balance by \$71.1 million. Revenues and other sources of the General Fund decreased by approximately \$12.3 million (.36 percent) which is mainly attributed to an decrease in tax revenue (\$50.2 million primarily from Individual Income and Corporate Tax). General Fund expenditures and other financing uses increased by \$264 million (8.2 percent). This is due, primarily, to an increase in expenditures for health and human services and an increase in education expense.

The fund balance of the Highway Fund increased \$3.5 million from fiscal year 2013, due mainly to the Highway Fund's decrease in other expenses from the prior year, of \$5.6 million.

Budgetary Highlights

For the 2014 fiscal year, the final legally adopted budgeted expenditures for the General Fund amounted to \$3.3 billion, an increase of about \$46.8 million from the original legally adopted budget of approximately \$3.2 billion. Actual expenditures on a budgetary basis amounted to approximately \$85.6 million less than those authorized in the final budget. After deducting the encumbered obligations and other commitments that will come due in fiscal year 2015, including the budgeted starting balance for Fiscal Year 2014, there were funds remaining of \$49.1 million to distribute in Fiscal Year 2014. Actual revenues exceeded final budget forecasts by \$54.4 million. In addition, the year-end cascade transferred \$8.5 million to the Budget Stabilization Fund. Interest earnings along with the legislatively and statutorily approved transfers increased the balance in the Budget Stabilization Fund to \$68.3 million as of June 30, 2014. This item is further explained in Note 2 of Notes to the Financial Statements.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

By the end of fiscal year 2014, the State had roughly \$4.0 billion in a broad range of capital assets, including land, infrastructure, improvements, buildings, equipment, vehicles and intangibles. During fiscal year 2014, the State acquired or constructed more than \$133.4 million of capital assets. The most significant impact on capital assets during the year resulted from a \$1.5 billion write down of infrastructure due to a correction of the capitalization policy. More detailed information about the State's capital assets and significant construction commitments is presented in Notes 8 and 15 to the financial statements.

Table A-7 - Capital Assets (Expressed in Thousands)

	Governmental					Business-type					Total			
	Activi			ities		Activities				Primary Governmen			ıment	
		2014		2013	-	2	2014		2013		2014		2013	
Land	\$	575,382	\$	571,268		\$	2,255	\$	7,292	\$	577,637	\$	578,560	
Buildings		666,425		660,538			4,395		4,395		670,820		664,933	
Equipment		268,621		265,956			32,268		36,339		300,889		302,295	
Improvements		71,875		52,251			41,124		48,767		112,999		101,018	
Software		74,670		72,551			-		-		74,670		72,551	
Infrastructure		2,761,257		2,719,346	*		-		-		2,761,257		2,719,346	
Construction in Progress		109,989		83,273	*		1,869		1,138		111,858		84,411	
Total Capital Assets		4,528,219		4,425,183			81,911		97,931		4,610,130		4,523,114	
Accumulated Depreciation		524,009		484,887			37,449		42,591		561,458		527,478	
Capital Assets, net	\$	4,004,210	\$	3,940,296		\$	44,462	\$	55,340	\$	4,048,672	\$	3,995,636	

Modified Approach for Infrastructure

As allowed by GASB Statement No. 34, the State has adopted an alternative process for recording depreciation expense on selected infrastructure assets – highways and bridges. Under this alternative method, referred to as the modified approach, the State expenses certain maintenance and preservation costs and does not report depreciation expense. Utilization of this approach requires the State to: 1) maintain an asset management system that includes an up-to-date inventory of infrastructure assets; 2) perform condition assessments that use a measurement scale and document that the infrastructure assets are being preserved at or above the condition level established; and 3) estimate the annual amounts that must be expended to preserve and maintain the infrastructure at the condition level established by the State. As long as the State meets these requirements, any additions or improvements to infrastructure are capitalized and all other maintenance and preservation costs are expensed.

Highways and bridges are included in the State's infrastructure. There are 8,827 highway miles or 17,951 lane miles within the State. Bridges have a deck area of 11.8 million square feet among 2,964 total bridges. The State has established a policy to maintain its highways at an average condition assessment of 60. At June 30, 2014, the actual average condition was 75.5. Its policy for bridges is an average sufficiency rating condition assessment of 60. The actual average condition for bridges was 78 at June 30, 2014. Preservation costs for fiscal year 2014 totaled \$234 million compared to estimated preservation costs of \$27.8 million.

Transportation bonds, approved by referendum, are issued to fund improvements to highways and bridges. Of the amount authorized by Chapter 697, PL 2011, \$26 million in General fund bonds was spent during FY2014.

Additional information on infrastructure assets can be found in Required Supplementary Information (RSI).

Long-Term Debt

The State Constitution authorizes general obligation long-term borrowing, with 2/3 approval of the Legislature and ratification by a majority of the voters, and general obligation short-term notes, of which the principal may not exceed an amount greater than 10 percent of all moneys appropriated, authorized and allocated by the Legislature from undedicated revenues to the General Fund and dedicated revenues to the Highway Fund for that fiscal year, or greater than 1 percent of the total valuation of the State of Maine, whichever is the lesser.

At year-end, the State had \$1.7 billion in general obligation and other long-term debt outstanding. More detailed information about the State's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 11 to the financial statements.

Table A-8 - Outstanding Long-Term Debt (Expressed in Thousands)

		Governmental Activities			ss-Ty vities	pe	Total Primary Government			
	2014	2013	2	014	2	013	2014	2013		
General Obligation										
Bonds	\$ 399,190	\$ 369,725	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 399,190	\$ 369,725		
Other Long-Term										
Obligations	1,285,279	1,035,226		5,522		5,147	1,290,801	1,040,373		
Total	\$ 1,684,469	\$ 1,404,951	\$	5,522	\$	5,147	\$ 1,689,991	\$ 1,410,098		

During the year, the State reduced outstanding long-term obligations by \$83.5 million for outstanding general obligation bonds and \$686.0 million for other long-term debt. Also during fiscal year 2014, the State incurred \$1,049.4 million of additional long-term obligations.

Credit Ratings

The State's credit was rated during fiscal year 2014 by Moody's Investors Service as Aa2 with a stable outlook and by Standard & Poor's as AA with a stable outlook.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE FUTURE OF STATE AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

The Maine and U.S. economies continued to show signs of improvement since the Consensus Economic Forecasting Commission (CEFC) last met in January 2014. Maine's Gross Domestic Product for 2013 was slightly higher than 2012, with all of the growth coming from private industry, but total GDP growth for the state was half the national growth. Personal income in Maine grew 3.4 percent year-over-year in the first half of 2014, while wage and salary income, which makes up around half of total personal income, grew 2.7 percent over the same period. The Consumer Price Index was 1.7 percent higher in August 2014 than it was in August 2013.

The price of crude oil decreased 5.8 percent in the third quarter of 2014 to around \$103 per barrel. Heating oil prices were considerably lower at the start of the current heating season compared to the past three years and gasoline prices have also declined recently. The number of new automobile titles issued by the Maine Bureau of Motor Vehicles increased 7 percent in fiscal year 2013 compared to fiscal year 2012, while the number of used auto titles decreased just 0.3 percent. Existing single-family home sales in Maine were up 6.6 percent in September 2014 compared to September 2013 and housing permits for the September 2013-August 2014 year were 6.6 percent higher than the previous 12-month period. The median home price in the Portland Metropolitan Statistical Area (York, Cumberland, and Sagadahoc Counties) decreased 2.6 percent year-over-year in the second quarter of 2014. Mortgage delinquency rates in Maine have been declining but at a slower pace than nationally. The foreclosure rate in Maine was 0.57 percent in the second quarter of 2014 and remained above the national rate for an eighth straight quarter.

Overall, while the Commission continues to forecast slow growth for Maine's economy, the demographic situation in the state is of great concern, as the aging population and lack of population growth will limit employment growth and income growth going forward.

The 2014 wage and salary employment forecast was revised downwards slightly, while the 2014-2017 employment forecast was revised upward slightly, projecting a return to Maine's pre-recession employment levels in 2017. Wage and salary income growth was revised upwards for 2015-2017. Total personal income was also revised downwards for 2014-2017, reflecting the lower wage and salary income growth. Inflation, as measured by the Consumer Price Index (CPI), was adjusted upward for 2014-2017.

General Fund revenue estimates were revised upward by \$45.5 million in fiscal year 2015 and by \$67.5 million over the 2016-2017 biennium. Upward revisions to the Sales and Use Tax, the Individual Income Tax, the Corporate Income Tax, and the Estate Tax account for most of the net changes to the General Fund revenue forecast.

At June 30, 2014, the deficit in the State of Maine's Unassigned Fund Balance Account in the General Fund has increased to \$221.3 million (from a deficit unassigned balance of \$151.3 for fiscal year 2013). This increase is primarily due to a decrease in tax revenue and an increase in expenditures for health and human services as described on page 12.

There are several factors that adversely affect our General Fund Balance Sheet that we should continue to strive to improve over the next several years. The primary factors that have a significant impact on the State's Financial Statements compiled and issued in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles as applicable to governments include such items as accruing tax revenues for budgetary purposes and for financial statement purposes without accruing the offsetting liabilities for budgetary purposes and the increase in the demand for appropriations whose balances carry from year to year which results in a lack funds accruing to the Unassigned Fund Balance of the General Fund. This combined with the lack of significant reserves weakens the General Fund equity position.

These items together, conspire to cause the State of Maine's General Fund to be subjected to lack of liquidity each year and an inability to adequately manage its Balance Sheet within existing resources.

CONTACTING THE STATE'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the finances of the State and to demonstrate the State's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact:

State of Maine
Office of the State Controller
14 State House Station
Augusta, ME 04333-0014
(207)-626-8420
financialreporting@maine.gov

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATE OF MAINE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

		Primary Governme	nt	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Units
ssets				
Current Assets:				
Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool	\$ 293,824	\$ 11,226	\$ 305,050	\$ 49,330
Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,820	3,443	8,263	106,83
Cash with Fiscal Agent	77,785	-	77,785	
Investments	95,706	-	95,706	607,83
Restricted Assets:				
Restricted Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool	55,795	-	55,795	
Restricted Deposits and Investments	3,662	297,686	301,348	114,74
Inventories	5,051	2,866	7,917	3,87
Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles:				
Taxes Receivable	381,290	-	381,290	
Loans Receivable	3,960	-	3,960	96,58
Notes Receivable	· -	-		8,08
Other Receivables	233,372	61,661	295,033	72,84
Internal Balances	192,631	(192,631)	-	·
Due from Other Governments	257,250	-	257,250	159,00
Due from Primary Government	-	-	-	15,67
Loans receivable from primary government	_	_	_	45,33
Due from Component Units	46,217	-	46,217	,
Other Current Assets	5,325	195	5,520	52,54
Total Current Assets	1,656,688	184.446	1,841,134	1,332,67
Noncurrent Assets:				
Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool	112,375	4,294	116,669	18,87
Restricted Assets:	112,373	4,234	110,009	10,07
Restricted Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool	21,340		21,340	
Restricted Deposits and Investments	21,540		21,540	560,53
Investments	-			521,09
Receivables, Net of Current Portion:	-	-	-	521,0
Taxes Receivable	62,279		62,279	
	02,279	-	62,279	0.447.0
Loans Receivable	-	-	-	2,117,2
Notes Receivable		-	-	67,89
Other Receivables	2,593	-	2,593	8,60
Due from Other Governments	4,049	-	4,049	1,308,3
Loans receivable from primary government	-	-	-	427,64
Due From Primary Government	-	-	-	48
Post-Employment Benefit Asset	1,310	-	1,310	12,3
Other Noncurrent Assets	-	-	-	19,6
Capital Assets:				
Land, Infrastructure and Other Non-Depreciable Assets	3,446,628	4,124	3,450,752	567,40
Buildings, Equipment and Other Depreciable Assets, Net	557,582	40,338	597,920	1,029,34
Total Noncurrent Assets	4,208,156	48,756	4,256,912	6,659,40
Total Assets	5,864,844	233,202	6,098,046	7,992,07
eferred Outflows of Resources				
Accumulated Decrease in Fair Value of Hedging Derivatives	-	-	-	15,15
Deferred Loss on Refunding				41,53
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 56,68

		Primary Governme	nt	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Units
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 463,315	\$ 3,313	\$ 466,628	\$ 52,359
Accrued Payroll	48,232	1,009	49,241	2,705
Tax Refunds Payable	194,063	-	194,063	2,700
Due to Component Units	15,829	-	15,829	_
Due to Primary Government	-	-	-	46,217
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations:				-,
Compensated Absences	6,236	128	6,364	2,154
Due to Other Governments	87,292	-	87,292	1,115
Amounts Held under State & Federal Loan Programs	-	-	-	34,213
Claims Payable	28,103	-	28,103	-
Bonds and Notes Payable	80,945	-	80,945	217,014
Revenue Bonds Payable	19,205	-	19,205	53,053
Obligations under Capital Leases	5,571	-	5,571	374
Certificates of Participation and Other Financing Arrangements	33,333	-	33,333	-
Loans Payable to Component Unit	45,333	_	45,333	-
Accrued Interest Payable	4,991	-	4,991	38,824
Unearned Revenue	1,260	210	1,470	57,029
Other Current Liabilities	3,792	18,917	22,709	72,476
Total Current Liabilities	1,037,500	23,577	1,061,077	577,533
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Compensated Absences	37,276	930	38,206	-
Due to Component Units	327	-	327	-
Due to Other Governments	-	-	-	4,071
Amounts Held under State & Federal Loan Programs	-	-	-	39,770
Claims Payable	41,646	-	41,646	-
Bonds and Notes Payable	318,245	-	318,245	3,479,824
Revenue Bonds Payable	167,970	-	167,970	921,636
Obligations under Capital Leases	29,644	-	29,644	5,311
Certificates of Participation and Other Financing Arrangements	73,477	-	73,477	-
Loans Payable to Component Unit	427,643	-	427,643	-
Unearned Revenue	12,207	-	12,207	-
Pension Obligation	1,959	-	1,959	-
Other Post-Employment Benefit Obligation	340,198	4,464	344,662	2,129
Pollution Remediation and Landfill Obligations	27,685	-	27,685	-
Other Noncurrent Liabilities	-	-		134,755
Total Long-Term Liabilities	1,478,277	5,394	1,483,671	4,587,496
Total Liabilities	2,515,777	28,971	2,544,748	5,165,029
Total Elabilities	2,010,111	20,011	2,011,110	0,100,020
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred Inflow of Grant Income	-	-	-	5,538
Deferred Inflow of Loan Origination Points	-	-	-	66
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	-	-	5,604
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,326,970	44,462	3,371,432	1,007,914
Restricted:				
Transportation Purposes	171,695	-	171,695	-
Business Licensing & Regulation	53,467	-	53,467	-
Justice and Protection	40,832	-	40,832	-
Natural Resources	50,453	-	50,453	-
Health and Human Services	13,075	-	13,075	-
Education	17,151	-	17,151	-
Government Support & Operations	42,988	-	42,988	-
Employment Security		331,799	331,799	-
Other Purposes	37,633	-	37,633	1,214,821
Funds Held as Permanent Investments:	57,033	_	57,000	1,217,021
Expendable	73,944	-	73,944	=
Nonexpendable	21,895	-	21,895	228,008
Unrestricted	(501,036)	(172,030)	(673,066)	427,388
55500d	(501,030)	(172,030)	(070,000)	721,000
Total Net Position	\$ 3,349,067	\$ 204,231	\$ 3,553,298	\$ 2,878,131

STATE OF MAINE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

		Program Revenues						
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions				
Primary government								
Governmental activities:								
Governmental Support & Operations	\$ 377,269	\$ 96,712	\$ 3,969	\$ -				
Arts, Heritage & Cultural Enrichment	11,401	1,315	2,501	-				
Business Licensing & Regulation	73,016	74,799	250	-				
Economic Development & Workforce Training	175,338	7,410	99,433	-				
Education	1,676,908	37,467	200,560	-				
Health & Human Services	3,669,552	11,953	2,211,452	-				
Justice & Protection	410,641	82,347	44,249	-				
Natural Resources Development & Protection	208,970	88,035	41,289	-				
Transportation Safety & Development	524,024	128,635	228,253	-				
Interest Expense	47,271	-	-	-				
Total Governmental Activities	7,174,390	528,673	2,831,956					
Business-Type Activities:								
Employment Security	159.058	163,352	7.036	-				
Alcoholic Beverages	19	12,539	· -	-				
Lottery	180,087	232,420	_	-				
Ferry Services	11,849	4,912	_	-				
Military Equipment Maintenance	11,466	10,102	_	-				
Dirigo Health	26,863	25,802	_	_				
Other	7,540	8,020	_	_				
Total Business-Type Activities	396,882	457,147	7,036					
Total Primary Government	\$ 7,571,272	\$ 985,820	\$ 2,838,992	\$ -				
Component Units								
Finance Authority of Maine	32,703	18,038	17,971	-				
Maine Community College System	135,765	18,384	60,265	7,001				
Maine Health & Higher Educational Facilities Authority	45,042	41,552	6,347	-				
Maine Municipal Bond Bank	71,561	60,518	7,557	22,526				
Maine State Housing Authority	220,707	72,099	132,459	, -				
Maine Turnpike Authority	90,746	121,817	-	-				
University of Maine System	693,209	297,293	214,962	7,403				
All Other Non-Major Component Units	146,773	50,359	69,143	21,210				
, ,								

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Corporate

Individual Income

Fuel

Property

Sales & Use

Other

Unrestricted Investment Earnings

Non-Program Specific Grants, Contributions & Appropriations

Miscellaneous Income

Loss on Assets Held for Sale Tobacco Settlement

Special tems

Transfers - Internal Activities

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning (As Restated)

Net Position - Ending

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position Primary Government

	Prin							
G	overnmental Activities	Business- type Activities		Total	Component Units			
\$	(276,588)	\$ -	\$	(276,588)	\$	_		
	(7,585)	-	•	(7,585)		-		
	2,033	_		2,033		_		
	(68,495)	_		(68,495)		_		
	(1,438,881)	-		(1,438,881)		-		
	(1,446,147)	-		(1,446,147)		-		
	(284,045)	-		(284,045)		-		
	(79,646)	-		(79,646)		-		
	(167,136)	-		(167,136)		-		
	(47,271)	-		(47,271)		-		
	(3,813,761)		_	(3,813,761)		-		
	_	11,330		11,330		_		
	_	12,520		12,520		_		
	_	52,333		52,333				
	_	(6,937)		(6,937)		_		
	_	(1,364)		(1,364)		_		
	_	(1,061)		(1,061)		-		
	_	480		480		-		
	_	67,301		67,301	_	-		
\$	(3,813,761)	\$ 67,301	\$	(3,746,460)	\$	-		
	- - - -	- - - -		- - - -		2,857 19,040 (16,149) 31,071 (173,551) (6,061)		
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	(189,602)		
	194,770			194,770				
	1,399,238	_		1,399,238				
	237,439	_		237,439		-		
	51,684	_		51,684		_		
	1,257,376	_		1,257,376		_		
	383,026	-		383,026		_		
	19,950	-		19,950		21,126		
		_		-		287,643		
	118,043	=		118,043		10,948		
	(53)	=		(53)		(2,143		
	57,749	-		57,749		,_,		
	193,192	(193,192)		,		(7,220		
	48,861	(48,861)		-		, , =-		
				3,719,222		310,354		
	3,961,275	(242,053)		0,110,222				
	3,961,275 147,514	(242,053)	_			120,752		
				(27,238) 3,580,536				



GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MAJOR FUNDS

<u>General Fund</u> – This is the State's primary operating fund. Its purpose is to account for all financial resources obtained and used for general government operations, which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Highway Fund</u> – This fund is used primarily to account for motor fuel tax revenues, motor vehicle license and registration fees, and special State appropriations that are legally restricted to the construction and maintenance of State highways and bridges.

<u>Federal Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for grants, block grants and other financial assistance received from the federal government, that are legally restricted to expenditures for purposes specified in the grant awards or agreements.

<u>Other Special Revenue Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes, including some major capital projects that are not accounted for in the Highway and Federal Funds.

NON-MAJOR FUNDS

Other Governmental Funds are used to account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes, including some major capital projects and funds held in trust for public purposes.

Other governmental funds are presented, by fund type, beginning on page 122.

STATE OF MAINE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Ć	Seneral	н	lighway		Federal	0	ther Special Revenue	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets												
Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool	\$	6,363	\$	28,872	\$	15,587	\$	188,955	\$	133	\$	239,910
Cash and Short-Term Investments		106		117		1		44		4,549		4,817
Cash with Fiscal Agent		1,622		734		-		63,684		-		66,040
Investments		-		-		-		-		95,706		95,706
Restricted Assets:												
Restricted Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool		-		-		-		-		77,135		77,135
Inventories		2,050		-		689		-		-		2,739
Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles:												
Taxes Receivable		410,074		22,028		-		11,467		-		443,569
Loans Receivable		1		9		-		3,950		-		3,960
Other Receivable		79,603		2,768		65,838		74,734		6		222,949
Due from Other Funds		18,536		18,363		9,969		286,050		566		333,484
Due from Other Governments				-		256,666		-		-		256,666
Due from Component Units		1,000		-		25		40,330		107		41,462
Other Assets		1,946		55		380		127		180		2,688
Working Capital Advances Receivable		111		-		<u> </u>		-				111
Total Assets	\$	521,412	\$	72,946	\$	349,155	\$	669,341	\$	178,382	\$	1,791,236
Liabilites, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances												
Liabilities												
Accounts Payable	\$	145,343	\$	16,275	\$	231,382	\$	18,325	\$	4,160	\$	415,485
Accrued Payroll		20,352		7,414		5,606		9,701		965		44,038
Tax Refunds Payable		194,055		8		-		-		-		194,063
Due to Other Governments		12,972		-		73,598		-		-		86,570
Due to Other Funds		146,622		3,930		23,554		5,262		24		179,392
Due to Component Units		2,593		1,881		3,098		498		4,055		12,125
Compensated Absences		-		-		-		-		456		456
Unearned Revenue				4,916		689		6,785		230		12,620
Other Accrued Liabilities		1,679		1		1,215		1,701		398		4,994
Total Liabilities		523,616		34,425		339,142		42,272		10,288		949,743
Deferred Inflow of Resources												
Tax and Assessment Revenue		213,232		731		722		27,314		-		241,999
Pledged Revenue Transfer from Enterprise Fund					-	-		183,482				183,482
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		213,232		731		722		210,796		-		425,481
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable:												
Permanent Fund Principal		-		-		-		-		21,895		21,895
Inventories and Prepaid tems		3,807		55		1,071		214		181		5,328
Restricted		2,064		37,735		8,220		351,691		146,265		545,975
Committed		-		-		-		48,381		-		48,381
Assigned		-		-		-		15,987		-		15,987
Unassigned		(221,307)				-		-		(247)		(221,554)
Total Fund Balances		(215,436)		37,790		9,291		416,273		168,094		416,012
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$	521,412	\$	72,946	\$	349,155	\$	669,341	\$	178,382	\$	1,791,236

STATE OF MAINE RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 416,012
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. * Less: Accumulated depreciation	4,151,442 (324,340)	3,827,102
Other post-employment benefit assets are not financial resources		1,310
Pollution remediation receivable		2,914
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, long-term liabilities are not reported in the governmental fund statements. However, these amounts are included in the Statement of Net Position. This is the net effect of these balances on the statement: Bonds payable Interest payable related to long-term financing Certificates of participation and other financing arrangements Capital leases Other accrued Loans payable to component unit Due from component unit debt service interest reserve Compensated absences Pension obligation Other post-employment benefit obligation Pollution remediation and landfill obligations	(586,365) (3,435) (64,031) (3,809) (9) (472,976) 4,755 (39,451) (1,959) (340,198) (27,685)	(1,535,163)
Certain revenues are earned but not available and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund statements.		245,589
Special Item - Liquor bond funds owed by the Alcoholic Beverages Enterprise Fund will be paid from the profits of the fund.		183,482
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		 207,821
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 3,349,067

^{*} As restated. - See footnote 3 for further detail.

STATE OF MAINE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

		General		Highway	Federal		Other Special Revenue	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:											
Taxes	\$	3,027,088	\$	214,119	\$ -	\$	289,150	\$	-	\$	3,530,357
Assessments and Other Revenue	•	97,622	•	94,240	· -	•	158,896	•	_	•	350,758
Federal Grants and Reimbursements		1,988		_	2,818,388		9.707		_		2,830,083
Service Charges		50,580		4.188	352		108,682		659		164,461
Investment Income		716		80	9		740		16,222		17,767
Miscellaneous Revenue		23,706		3,688	4		125,247		1,574		154,219
Wildelian Code Neveride	-	20,700	-	0,000		_	120,217		1,011		101,210
Total Revenues		3,201,700		316,315	2,818,753	_	692,422		18,455		7,047,645
Expenditures											
Current:											
Governmental Support & Operations		219,125		2,596	4,905		105,442		112		332,180
Economic Development & Workforce Training		32,635		-	96,699		38,808		5,726		173,868
Education		1,404,149		-	199,595		66,984		30,520		1,701,248
Health and Human Services		1,159,000		-	2,208,900		307,348		5,756		3,681,004
Business Licensing & Regulation		3,797		-	99		68,124		-		72,020
Natural Resources Development & Protection		66,684		33	39,358		85,561		3,890		195,526
Justice and Protection		283,477		25,151	47,015		62,179		74		417,896
Arts, Heritage & Cultural Enrichment		7,459		-	2,796		852		47		11,154
Transportation Safety & Development		-		274,375	195,386		63,904		3,330		536,995
Debt Service:											
Principal Payments		85,735		16,035	12,465		11,065		25		125,325
Interest Payments		18,163		4,274	3,331		9,052		-		34,820
Capital Outlay		-		· -	-		-		35,227		35,227
Total Expenditures		3,280,224		322,464	2,810,549	_	819,319		84,707	_	7,317,263
Revenue over (under) Expenditures		(78,524)		(6,149)	8,204		(126,897)		(66,252)		(269,618)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Transfer from Other Funds		169,095		25,200	15,490		189,083		27,856		426,724
Transfer to Other Funds		(206,907)		(16,320)	(39,154)		(113,974)		(3,412)		(379,767)
COP's and Other		45,275		735	-		31,742		69		77,821
Loan Proceeds from Component Units		-		-	-		183,482		-		183,482
Bonds Issued		_		_	-		10,055		112,945		123,000
Bonds Defeased		_		_	_		(4,500)		-		(4,500)
Premium on Bonds Issued		_		_	_		(1,000)		14,175		14,175
Net Other Finance Sources (Uses)		7,463	_	9,615	(23,664)	-	295,888		151,633		440,935
Not Guid. I mance Gouloge (Good)		7,100		0,010	(20,001)	_	200,000		101,000	_	110,000
Special Item			_	-	-	_	59			_	59
Net Change in Fund Balances		(71,061)		3,466	(15,460)		169,050		85,381	_	171,376
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		(144,375)		34,324	24,751		247,223		82,713	_	244,636
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	(215,436)	\$	37,790	\$ 9,291	\$	416,273	\$	168,094	\$	416,012

STATE OF MAINE

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 171,376
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Ac ivities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as deprecia ion expense. In the current period, the amounts are: Capital outlay Capital assets transfer, net Depreciation expense	71,926 27,188 (31,056)	68,058
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins and contributions) is to increase net position.		621
Post-employment benefit asset funding, net		(561)
Pollution Remediation Receivable		(5,937)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds which increases long-term debt in the Statement of Net Posi ion. Repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, but repayment reduces long-term debt in the Statement of Net Position. This is the amount that proceeds exceed repayments: Bond proceeds Proceeds from o her financing arrangements Loan proceeds from component unit Changes in component unit debt service interest reserve Loan proceeds from capitalized leases Repayment of bond principal Repayment of o her financing debt Repayment of pledged revenue principal Repayment of capitalized lease principal Accrued interest	(123,000) (77,752) (193,816) 4,755 (69) 106,270 21,444 24,885 554 313	(236,416)
Certain expenditures are reported in the funds. However, they either increase or decrease long-term liabilities reported as expenditures on the Statement of Net Position and have been eliminated from the Statement of Position as follows: Pension obligation Other post-employment benefit obligation Pollution remediation and landfill obligations Compensated absences	30 (42,137) 4,447 (1,847)	(39,507)
Certain revenues are earned but not available and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund statements.		(5,826)
Special Item - Liquor bond funds owed by the Alcoholic Beverages Enterprise Fund will be paid from profits of the fun	d.	183,482
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is included in governmental activities in the Statement of Activities.		12,224
Changes in net position of governmental activities		\$ 147,514



PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MAJOR FUND

<u>Unemployment Compensation Fund</u> - This fund accounts for unemployment insurance contributions from employers and the payment of unemployment benefits to eligible claimants.

<u>Alcoholic Beverages Fund</u> - This fund was established to license and regulate the sale of alcoholic beverages. During fiscal year 2004, the State entered into a tenyear contract with a vendor to manage and operate wholesale liquor distribution as the State's agent. Fiscal year 2014 was the final year of the contract.

NON-MAJOR FUNDS

Non-Major Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business, where the State intends to finance or recover the costs of providing goods or services to the General Public on a continuing basis primarily through user charges. The State also uses these funds where periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Non-major enterprise funds are presented beginning on page 139.

Combining fund statements for the internal service funds, whose combined totals are presented on these statements, begin on page 147.

STATE OF MAINE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

		Enterpri	/pe Activities se Funds		Governmental Activities
	Major	Major	Non-Major		Internal
	Employment	Alcoholic	Other		Service
	Security	Beverages	Enterprise	Total	Funds
Assets					
Current Assets:					
Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool	\$ -	\$ 361	\$ 10,865	\$ 11,226	\$ 120,284
Cash and Short-Term Investments	2,687	-	756	3,443	3
Cash with Fiscal Agent	-	-	-	-	11,745
Restricted Assets:					
Restricted Deposits and Investments	297,686	-	-	297,686	3,662
Inventories	-	-	2,866	2,866	2,312
Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles:					
Other Receivable	34,334	-	27,327	61,661	7,092
Due from Other Funds	22	-	307	329	24,622
Other Current Assets			195	195	2,637
Total Current Assets	334,729	361	42,316	377,406	172,357
Noncurrent Assets:					
Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool	-	138	4,156	4,294	46,005
Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation			44,462	44,462	177,108
Total Noncurrent Assets		138	48,618	48,756	223,113
Total Assets	334,729	499	90,934	426,162	395,470
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	1,942	6	1,365	3,313	23,812
Accrued Payroll	-	13	996	1,009	4,194
Due to Other Funds	-	183,482	9,562	193,044	6,675
Due to Component Units	-	-	-	-	4,031
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations:					
Certificates of Participation and Other Financing Arrangements	-	-	-	-	11,484
Obligations Under Capital Leases	-	-	-	-	5,016
Claims Payable	-	-	-	-	28,103
Compensated Absences	-	-	128	128	435
Unearned Revenue	-	-	210	210	344
Accrued Interest Payable	-	-	-	-	345
Other Accrued Liabilities	988	500	17,429	18,917	
Total Current Liabilities	2,930	184,001	29,690	216,621	84,439
Long-Term Liabilities:					
Working Capital Advances Payable	-	-	-	-	111
Unearned Revenue	-	-	-	-	503
Certificates of Participation and Other Financing Arrangements	-	-	-	-	31,295
Obligations Under Capital Leases	-	-	-	-	26,390
Claims Payable	-	-	-	-	41,646
Compensated Absences	-	-	930	930	3,181
Other Post-Employment Benefit Obligation			4,464	4,464	
Total Long-Term Liabilities			5,394	5,394	103,126
Total Liabilities	2,930	184,001	35,084	222,015	187,565
Net Position					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	-	-	44,462	44,462	117,237
Restricted for:					
Employment Security	331,799	-	-	331,799	-
Other Purposes	-	-	-	-	468
Unrestricted		(183,502)	11,388	(172,114)	90,200
Total Net Position	\$ 331,799	\$ (183,502)	\$ 55,850	\$ 204,147	\$ 207,905
Amounts reported for business-type activities in the government-wide Star	tement of Activities				
are different due to elimination of the State's internal business-types act	ivities			84	
Net Position of Business-Type Activities				\$ 204,231	

STATE OF MAINE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

				Business-Ty				G	overnmental Activities
		Major		Major		lon-Major			Internal
	Emp	oloyment	Alcoholic Beverages		Other Enterprise		Total		Service Funds
Operating Revenues									
Charges for Services	\$	-	\$	39	\$	280,991	\$ 281,030	\$	440,328
Assessments		163,341		-		-	163,341		-
Miscellaneous Revenues		11		-		214	225		441
Total Operating Revenues		163,352		39		281,205	444,596		440,769
Operating Expenses									
General Operations		-		19		234,762	234,781		390,270
Depreciation		-		-		3,456	3,456		17,082
Claims/Fees Expense		159,058		-		-	159,058		10,755
Other Operating Expenses	-					<u>-</u>			48
Total Operating Expenses		159,058		19		238,218	397,295		418,155
Operating Income (Loss)		4,294		20		42,987	47,301		22,614
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)									
Investment Revenue (Expense) - net		7,036		-		-	7,036		443
Interest Expense		-		-		-	-		(8,291)
Other Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)- net		-		12,500		51	12,551		(18,483)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		7,036		12,500		51	19,587		(26,331)
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions,									
Transfers and Special Items		11,330		12,520		43,038	66,888		(3,717)
Capital Contributions, Transfers and Special Items									
Capital Contributions from (to) Other Funds		-		-		2,231	2,231		1,693
Transfers from Other Funds		-		-		4,672	4,672		18,002
Transfers to Other Funds		(643)		(39)		(55,082)	(55,764)		(3,341)
Special tems				(183,482)		(9,710)	(193,192)		-
Total Capital Contributions, Transfers In (Out) and Special Items		(643)		(183,521)		(57,889)	(242,053)		16,354
Change in Net Position		10,687		(171,001)		(14,851)	(175,165)		12,637
Net Position - Beginning of Year		321,112		(12,501)		70,701	379,312		195,268
Net Position - End of Year	\$	331,799	\$	(183,502)	\$	55,850		\$	207,905
Amounts reported for business-type activities in the government-wide Star		f Activities							
are different due to elimination of the State's internal business-types act	tivities						413		
Changes in Business-Type Net Position							\$ (174,752)		

STATE OF MAINE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

		Business-Ty _l Enterpris			Governmental Activities
	Major	Major	Non-Major		Internal
	Employment Security	Alcoholic Beverages	Other Enterprise	Totals	Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		•			
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 170,388	\$ 39	\$ 278,376	\$ 448,803	\$ 440,099
Payments of Benefits	(158,974)	-	(4.40.077)	(158,974)	-
Payments to Prize Winners	-	-	(148,077)	(148,077)	(24.0.702)
Payments to Suppliers	-	499	(58,640)	(58,141)	(316,783)
Payments to Employees		<u>-</u>	(21,139)	(21,139)	(68,934)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	11,414	538	50,520	62,472	54,382
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities					
Transfers from Other Funds	_	_	4,672	4,672	18,002
Transfers to Other Funds	(643)	(39)	(55,082)	(55,764)	(3,341)
Translate to Guilet Fallace	(0.0)	(00)	(00,002)	(00,101)	(0,0)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	(643)	(39)	(50,410)	(51,092)	14,661
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities					
Payments for Acquisition of Capital Assets	-	-	(76)	(76)	(28,252)
Proceeds from Financing Arrangements	-	-	` -	`-	16,300
Principal and Interest Paid on Financing Arrangements	-	-	-	-	(26,223)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets			61	61	65
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital Financing Activities	-	-	(15)	(15)	(38,110)
, , , , ,					
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Interest Revenue	7,036		9	7,045	443
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	7 036		9	7 045	443
Net Gash Frovided (Gsea) by investing Activities	7 030			7 043	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash/Cash Equivalents	17,807	499	104	18,410	31,376
Cash/Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	282 566		15 673	298 239	150 322
Cash/Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 300,373	\$ 499	\$ 15,777	\$ 316,649	\$ 181,698
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided					
(Used) by Operating Activities					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 4,294	\$ 20	\$ 42,987	\$ 47,301	\$ 22,614
oporating moonto (2000)	Ψ 1,201	Ψ 20	Ψ 42,007	Ψ 47,001	Ψ 22,014
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash					
Provided by Operating Activities					
Depreciation Expense	-	-	3,456	3,456	17,082
Decrease (Increase) in Assets					
Accounts Receivable	6,827	-	(2,829)	3,998	3,544
Interfund Balances	209	(1)	3,503	3,711	(3,580)
Inventories	-	-	(557)	(557)	(246)
Other Assets	-	-	-	-	(48)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities	(4.48)		(=00)	(=0=)	
Accounts Payable	(148)	6	(563)	(705)	15,651
Accrued Payroll Expenses	-	13	(561)	(548)	205
Change in Compensated Absences Other Accruals	232	500	(322)	(322)	(62)
Other Accidais		500	5,406	6,138	(778)
Total Adjustments	7,120	518	7,533	15,171	31,768
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 11,414	\$ 538	\$ 50,520	\$ 62,472	\$ 54,382
Non Cash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities					
Property Leased, Accrued or Acquired	_	-	_	_	921
Contributed Capital Assets	_	-	2,231	2,231	1,693
Decrease of deferred revenue from the sale of liquor operations	-	12,500	_,,	12,500	,555
Special tem	-	(183,482)	(9,710)	(193,192)	-

FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trusts</u> – accounts for funds held by the Maine Public Employees Retirement System (the System), a component unit included with Fiduciary Funds per GASB Statement No. 34. The System provides pension, death, and disability benefits to its members, including State employees, some public school employees, and employees of approximately 300 local municipalities and other public entities in Maine.

<u>Private-Purpose Trusts</u> and <u>Agency Funds</u> are used to account for private-purpose assets held by the State in a fiduciary capacity, acting as either a trustee or an agent for individuals, organizations or other funds.

A listing of fiduciary funds and combining fund statements for private-purpose trusts and agency funds begins on page 159.

STATE OF MAINE STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trusts	Private Purpose Trusts	Agency Funds		
Assets	•	4.000	Φ 40.040		
Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool	\$ -	\$ 1,982	\$ 18,310		
Cash and Short-Term Investments	31,272	-	27		
Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles:					
Interest and Dividends	4,389	-	-		
Due from Brokers for Securities Sold	99	-	-		
Other	19,369	-	-		
Investments at Fair Value:					
Equity Securities	3,967,803	-	-		
Common/Collective Trusts	9,211,945	-	-		
Other	-	14,900	-		
Restricted Deposits and Investments	-	-	11		
Securities Lending Collateral	260,224	-	-		
Due from Other Funds	-	24,007	-		
Investments Held on Behalf of Others	-	-	52,641		
Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation	8,719	-	-		
Other Assets		4,621	4,416		
Total Assets	13,503,820	45,510	75,405		
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	6,213	88	1,064		
Due to Other Funds	-	4	3,327		
Due to Brokers for Securities Purchased	534	-	-		
Agency Liabilities	-	-	70,983		
Obligations Under Securities Lending	260,224	-	-		
Other Accrued Liabilities	20,801	-	31		
Total Liabilities	287,772	92	75,405		
Net Position					
Held in Trust for Pension, Disability, Death,					
Group Life Insurance Benefits and Other Purposes	13,216,048	45,418			
Total Net Position	\$ 13,216,048	\$ 45,418	\$ -		

STATE OF MAINE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

<u> </u>	Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trusts	Private Purpose Trusts	
Additions:			
Contributions:			
Members	\$ 163,219	\$ -	
State and Local Agencies	268,581	-	
Other Contributing Entity	142,303	-	
Investment Income (Loss):			
Net Increase (Decrease) in the Fair Value of Investments	1,855,602	2,090	
Interest and Dividends	126,528	319	
Securities Lending Income	1,494	-	
Less Investment Expense:			
Investment Activity Expense	41,310	-	
Securities Lending Expense	(1,201)		
Net Investment Income (Loss)	1,943,515	2,409	
Miscellaneous Revenues	-	9,714	
Transfers In	-	738	
Total Additions	2,517,618	12,861	
Deductions:			
Benefits Paid to Participants or Beneficiaries	869,133	69	
Refunds and Withdrawals	31,225	-	
Administrative Expenses	10,624	157	
Claims Processing Expense	835	-	
Transfers Out		7,834	
Total Deductions	911,817	8,060	
Net Increase (Decrease)	1,605,801	4,801	
Net Position:			
Held in Trust for Pension, Disability, Death, Group			
Life Insurance Benefits and Other Purposes:			
Beginning of Year, as Restated	11,610,247	40,617	
End of Year	\$ 13,216,048	\$ 45,418	



COMPONENT UNIT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>Finance Authority of Maine (FAME)</u> – The Authority provides commercial financing and loan guarantees to Maine businesses and educational financing to Maine students and their parents; administers several revolving loan programs on behalf of the State; and administers the Maine College Savings Program Fund.

<u>Maine Community College System</u> – is Maine's comprehensive two-year college system and offers certificate, diploma and associate degree programs. The financial statements of the system include the activity of seven colleges, the central administrative office and the Center for Career Development.

<u>Maine Health & Higher Educational Facilities</u>
<u>Authority</u> – MHHEFA assists Maine health care institutions and institutions of higher education in undertaking projects involving the acquisition, construction, improvement, reconstruction and equipping of health care and educational facilities and the refinancing of existing indebtedness. The Authority, pursuant to the Student Loan Corporations Act of 1983, may finance student loan programs of institutions of higher education.

<u>Maine Municipal Bond Bank</u> – is authorized to issue bonds providing funds to counties, cities, towns, school districts, or other quasi-municipal corporations within the State.

Maine State Housing Authority – is authorized to issue bonds for the purchase of notes and mortgages on single- and multi-family residential units to provide housing for persons and families of low income in the State. The Authority also administers various housing and energy related state and federal programs and collects and disburses federal rent subsidies for low income housing.

<u>The Maine Turnpike Authority</u> – is authorized and empowered to construct, maintain and operate a turnpike at such a location as shall be approved by the State Highway Commission and to issue turnpike revenue bonds of the Authority, payable solely from revenues of the Authority.

<u>University of Maine System</u> – The State University consists of seven universities, eight centers, and a central administrative office.

Non-Major Component Units combining fund statements begin on page 169.

STATE OF MAINE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION COMPONENT UNITS

June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Finance Authority of Maine	Maine Community College System	Maine Health and Higher Educational Facilities Authority	Maine Municipal Bond Bank
Assets				
Current Assets:				
Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool	\$ 18,740	\$ 10,725	\$ 3,662	\$ -
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,541	15,093	3,783	246
Investments	46,348	45,188	36,309	21,249
Restricted Assets: Restricted Deposits and Investments	_	_	_	_
Inventories	-	1,394		_
Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles:		1,001		
Loans Receivable	-	-	47,286	_
Notes Receivable	-	-	-	-
Other Receivables	1,313	6,766	211	1,020
Due from Other Governments	315	-	-	135,630
Due from Primary Government	-	1,437	-	-
Loans Receivable from Primary Government				45,333
Other Current Assets	1,648	1,903	796	40,512
Total Current Assets	71,905	82,506	92,047	243,990
Noncurrent Assets:				
Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool	7,167	4,102	1,401	_
Restricted Assets:	7,107	4,102	1,401	-
Restricted Deposits and Investments	-	1,637	132,093	375,842
Investments	-	14,835	.02,000	3, 0,0 12
Receivables, Net of Current Portion:		,230		
Loans Receivable	-	-	827,231	
Notes Receivable	22,584	-		-
Other Receivables	-	-	_	
Due from Other Governments	-	-	-	1,308,309
Due from Primary Government	-	-	-	-
Loans Receivable from Primary Government	-	-	-	427,643
Post-Employment Benefit Asset	-	12,333	-	-
Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation	1,473	161,462	-	550
Other Noncurrent Assets				
Total Noncurrent Assets	31,224	194,369	960,725	2,112,344
Total Assets	103,129	276,875	1,052,772	2,356,334
Total Assets	103,129	210,013	1,002,772	2,330,334
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Accumulated Decrease in Fair Value of Hedging Derivatives	-	-	-	-
Deferred Loss on Refunding	-	-	-	22,555
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22,555
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	2,989	4,718	174	730
Accrued Payroll Compensated Absences	-	1,965	-	-
·	-	1,905	-	724
Due to Other Governments Due to Primary Government	1,000		-	724 44,458
Amounts Held Under State & Federal Loan Programs	1,000	-	-	34,213
Bonds and Notes Payable	807	649	51,505	151,070
Obligations Under Capital Leases	607	10	51,505	151,070
Accrued Interest Payable	-	10	20,393	12,385
Deferred Revenue	1,130	2,414	2,805	273
Other Current Liabilities	21,034	8,894	2,000	2/0
Total Current Liabilities	26,960	18,650	74,877	243,853
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,		
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Due to Other Governments	-	-	435	1,005
Amounts Held Under State & Federal Loan Programs	39,770	-	-	· -
Bonds and Notes Payable	593	22,647	921,605	1,485,890
Obligations Under Capital Leases	-	2,199	-	-
Other Post-Employment Benefits Obligation	-	-	-	-
Other Noncurrent Liabilities	-	-	-	-
Total Long-Term Liabilities	40,363	24,846	922,040	1,486,895
T 4 11 1 1 2 2 2 2	07.000	10.100	000.047	4 700 740
Total Liabilities	67,323	43,496	996,917	1,730,748
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred Inflow of Grant Income	-	-	-	-
Deferred Inflow of Loan Origination Points				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Not Position				
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,473	137,594		548
Restricted	17,054	40,303	34,283	577,447
Unrestricted	17,279	55,482	21,572	70,146
Total Net Position	\$ 35,806	\$ 233,379	\$ 55,855	\$ 648,141

Maine State Housing Authority	Maine Turnpike Authority	University of Maine System	Non-Major Component Units	Total
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,132	\$ 1,077	\$ 49,336
1,307 227,989	17,779 -	886 221,902	64,196 8,846	106,831 607,831
-	81,809	-	32,939	114,748
-	1,604	-	876	3,874
30,920	-	-	18,378	96,584 8,080
8 18,027	4.425	63 35,023	8,009 6,057	72,842
3,959	4,423	13,069	6,029	159,002
-	_	5,658	8,579	15,674
-	-	-	-	45,333
-	875	5,338	1,470	52,542
282,210	106,492	297,071	156,456	1,332,677
-	-	5,788	412	18,870
_	34,100	400	16,461	560,533
103,490	14,301	365,529	22,943	521,098
1,184,850	-	-	105,168	2,117,249
86	-	41,820	3,407	67,897
1,062	14	4,490	3,043	8,609
-	-	-	-	1,308,309
-	-	327	155	482
-	-	-	-	427,643
-	-	-	-	12,333
1,492	497,236	698,219	236,320	1,596,752
5,640	12,515	- 1110.570	1,472	19,627
1,296,620	558,166	1,116,573	389,381	6,659,402
1,578,830	664,658	1,413,644	545,837	7,992,079
15,152	-	-	-	15,152
6,348	7,652	3,957	1,021	41,533
\$ 21,500	\$ 7,652	\$ 3,957	\$ 1,021	\$ 56,685
φ 21,500	\$ 7,652	\$ 3,957	\$ 1,021	\$ 56,685
8,423	6,819	\$ 3,957	15,369	52,359
			15,369 407	52,359 2,705
8,423	6,819		15,369 407 189	52,359 2,705 2,154
	6,819		15,369 407 189	52,359 2,705 2,154 1,115
8,423	6,819		15,369 407 189	52,359 2,705 2,154 1,115 46,217
8,423 - - 391 -	6,819 2,298 - - -	13,137 - - - -	15,369 407 189 - 759	52,359 2,705 2,154 1,115 46,217 34,213
8,423	6,819	13,137 - - - - - - - 9,346	15,369 407 189 - 759 - 9,510	52,359 2,705 2,154 1,115 46,217 34,213 270,067
8,423 - - 391 -	6,819 2,298 - - -	13,137 - - - -	15,369 407 189 - 759	52,359 2,705 2,154 1,115 46,217 34,213 270,067 374
8,423 - - 391 - - 29,360	6,819 2,298 - - -	13,137 - - - - - - - 9,346	15,369 407 189 - 759 - 9,510	52,359 2,705 2,154 1,115 46,217 34,213 270,067
8,423 - 391 - 29,360 - 5,477	6,819 2,298 - - - - 17,820	13,137 - - - - - - 9,346 359	15,369 407 189 - 759 - 9,510 5	52,359 2,705 2,154 1,115 46,217 34,213 270,067 374 38,824
8,423 - 391 - 29,360 - 5,477	6,819 2,298 - - - 17,820 - - 7,243	13,137 - - - - 9,346 359 - 11,049	15,369 407 189 - 759 9,510 5 569 30,934	52,359 2,705 2,154 1,115 46,217 34,213 270,067 374 38,824 57,029
8,423 - 391 - 29,360 - 5,477 1,181	6,819 2,298 - - - - 17,820 - - 7,243 10,797	13,137 - - - - 9,346 359 - 11,049 30,340	15,369 407 189 - 759 - 9,510 5 5699 30,934 1,411 59,153	52,359 2,705 2,154 1,115 46,217 34,213 270,067 374 38,824 57,029 72,476 577,533
8,423 - 391 - 29,360 - 5,477 1,181	6,819 2,298 - - - - 17,820 - - 7,243 10,797	13,137 - - - - 9,346 359 - 11,049 30,340	15,369 407 189 - 759 - 9,510 5 569 30,934 1,411	52,359 2,705 2,154 1,115 46,217 34,213 270,067 374 38,824 57,029 72,476 577,533
8,423 - 391 - 29,360 - 5,477 1,181 - 44,832	6,819 2,298 17,820 7,243 10,797 44,977	13,137 - - - - 9,346 359 - 11,049 30,340 - -	15,369 407 189 - 759 - 9,510 5 569 30,934 1,411 59,153	52,359 2,705 2,154 1,115 46,217 34,213 270,067 374 38,824 57,029 72,476 577,533
8,423 - 391 - 29,360 - 5,477 1,181	6,819 2,298 - - - - 17,820 - - 7,243 10,797	13,137 - - - - 9,346 359 - 11,049 30,340 64,231	15,369 407 189 - 759 - 9,510 5 5699 30,934 1,411 59,153	52,359 2,705 2,154 1,115 46,217 34,213 270,067 374 38,824 57,029 72,476 577,533
8,423 - 391 - 29,360 - 5,477 1,181 - 44,832	6,819 2,298 17,820 7,243 10,797 44,977	13,137 - - - - 9,346 359 - 11,049 30,340 - -	15,369 407 189 - 759 - 9,510 5 569 30,934 1,411 59,153	52,359 2,705 2,154 1,115 46,217 34,213 270,067 374 38,824 57,029 72,476 577,533
8,423 - 391 - 29,360 - 5,477 1,181 - 44,832	6,819 2,298 17,820 7,243 10,797 44,977	13,137 - - - - 9,346 359 - 11,049 30,340 64,231	15,369 407 189 - 759 - 9,510 5 569 30,934 1,411 59,153 2,631 - 139,715	52,359 2,705 2,154 1,115 46,217 34,213 270,067 374 38,824 57,029 72,476 577,533
8,423 - 391 - 29,360 5,477 1,181 - 44,832	6,819 2,298 17,820 7,243 10,797 44,977	13,137 - - - 9,346 359 - 11,049 30,340 64,231	15,369 407 189 - 759 - 9,510 5 569 30,934 1,411 59,153 2,631 - 139,715 - 2,129	52,359 2,705 2,154 1,115 46,217 34,213 270,067 374 38,824 57,029 72,476 577,533
8,423 - 391 - 29,360 - 5,477 1,181 - 44,832 - 1,244,268 - 1,5152	6,819 2,298 17,820 7,243 10,797 44,977 - 430,975 - 15,361	13,137 	15,369 407 189 - 759 9,510 5 569 30,934 1,411 59,153 2,631 - 139,715 - 2,129 161	52,359 2,705 2,154 1,115 46,217 34,213 270,067 374 38,824 57,029 72,476 577,533 4,071 39,770 4,401,460 5,311 2,129
8,423 - 391 - 29,360 5,477 1,181 - 44,832 - 1,244,268 - 1,5,152 1,259,420	6,819 2,298 17,820 7,243 10,797 - 44,977 - 430,975 15,361 446,336	13,137 	15,369 407 189 - 759 - 9,510 5 569 30,934 1,411 59,153 2,631 - 139,715 - 2,129 161 144,636	52,359 2,705 2,154 1,115 46,217 34,213 270,067 374 38,824 57,029 72,476 577,533 4,071 39,770 4,401,460 5,311 2,129 134,755 4,587,496
8,423 391 29,360 5,477 1,181 44,832 1,244,268 1,1,152 1,259,420 1,304,252	6,819 2,298 17,820 7,243 10,797 - 44,977 - 430,975 15,361 446,336	13,137 	15,369 407 189 - 759 - 9,510 5 569 30,934 1,411 59,153 2,631 - 139,715 - 2,129 161 144,636	52,359 2,705 2,154 1,115 46,217 34,213 270,067 374 38,824 57,029 72,476 577,533 4,071 39,770 4,401,460 5,311 2,129 134,755 4,587,496
8,423 - 391 - 29,360 - 5,477 1,181 - 44,832 - 1,244,268 - 15,152 1,259,420 1,304,252	6,819 2,298 17,820 7,243 10,797 - 44,977 - 430,975 15,361 446,336	13,137 	15,369 407 189 - 759 - 9,510 5 569 30,934 1,411 59,153 2,631 - 139,715 - 2,129 161 144,636	52,359 2,705 2,154 1,115 46,217 34,213 270,067 374 38,824 57,029 72,476 577,533 4,071 39,770 4,401,460 5,311 2,129 134,755 4,587,496 5,165,029
8,423 	6,819 2,298	13,137 	15,369 407 189 - 759 9,510 5 59 30,934 1,411 59,153 2,631 - 139,715 - 2,129 161 144,636 203,789	52,359 2,705 2,154 1,115 46,217 34,213 270,067 374 38,824 57,029 72,476 577,533 4,071 39,770 4,401,460 5,311 2,129 134,755 4,587,496 5,165,029
8,423 	6,819 2,298	13,137 	15,369 407 189 - 759 - 9,510 5 569 30,934 1,411 59,153 2,631 - 139,715 - 2,129 161 144,636 203,789 2,554	52,359 2,705 2,154 1,115 46,217 34,213 270,067 374 38,824 57,029 72,476 577,533 4,071 39,770 4,401,460 5,311 2,129 134,755 4,587,496 5,165,029 5,538 66 5,604
8,423 - 391 - 29,360 - 5,477 1,181 - 44,832 - 1,244,268 - 15,152 1,259,420 1,304,252 2,984 66 3,050	6,819 2,298	13,137 	15,369 407 189 - 759 - 9,510 5 569 30,934 1,411 - 59,153 2,631 - 139,715 - 2,129 161 144,636 203,789 2,554 - 2,554 - 2,554 - 2,554 - 2,554	52,359 2,705 2,154 1,115 46,217 34,213 270,067 374 38,824 57,029 72,476 577,533 4,071 39,770 4,401,460 5,311 2,129 134,755 4,587,496 5,165,029 5,538 66 5,604
8,423 	6,819 2,298	13,137 	15,369 407 189 - 759 - 9,510 5 569 30,934 1,411 59,153 2,631 - 139,715 - 2,129 161 144,636 203,789 2,554	52,359 2,705 2,154 1,115 46,217 34,213 270,067 374 38,824 57,029 72,476 577,533 4,071 39,770 4,401,460 5,311 2,129 134,755 4,587,496 5,165,029 5,538 66 5,604
8,423 - 391 - 29,360 - 5,477 1,181 - 44,832 - 1,244,268 - 15,152 1,259,420 1,304,252 2,984 66 3,050	6,819 2,298	13,137 	15,369 407 189 - 759 - 9,510 5 569 30,934 1,411 - 59,153 2,631 - 139,715 - 2,129 161 144,636 203,789 2,554 - 2,554 - 2,554 - 2,554 - 2,554	52,359 2,705 2,154 1,115 46,217 34,213 270,067 374 38,824 57,029 72,476 577,533 4,071 39,770 4,401,460 5,311 2,129 134,755 4,587,496 5,165,029 5,538 66 5,604

STATE OF MAINE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES COMPONENT UNITS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Finance Authority of Maine		Maine Community College System		Maine Health and Higher Educational Facilities Authority		Maine Municipal Bond Bank	
Expenses	\$	32,703	\$	135,765	\$	45,042	\$	71,561
Program Revenues								
Charges for Services		18,038		18,384		41,552		60,518
Program Investment Income		196		3,505		6,347		7,050
Operating Grants and Contributions		17,775		56,760		-		507
Capital Grants and Contributions				7,001				22,526
Net Revenue (Expense)		3,306		(50,115)		2,857		19,040
General Revenues								
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		458		2,799		71		64
Non-program Specific Grants,								
Contributions and Appropriations		-		57,086		-		-
Miscellaneous Income		230		1,413		127		2,735
Gain (Loss) on Assets Held for Sale		-		-		-		-
Special Item		-		-		-		-
Total General Revenues		688		61,298		198		2,799
Change in Net Position		3,994		11,183		3,055		21,839
Net Position, Beginning of the Year (as restated)		31,812	_	222,196		52,800	_	626,302
Net Position, End of Year	\$	35,806	\$	233,379	\$	55,855	\$	648,141

ı	Maine State Housing Authority		Maine Turnpike Authority		University of Maine System		on-Major omponent Units	Total
\$	220,707	\$	90,746	\$	693,209	\$	146,773	\$ 1,436,506
	72,099		121,817		297,293		50,359	680,060
	(10,969)		-		38,692		65	44,886
	143,428		-		176,270		69,078	463,818
					7,403		21,210	58,140
	_	-	_				_	
	(16,149)		31,071		(173,551)		(6,061)	(189,602)
	17		(475)		13,081		5,111	21,126
	-		-		213,278		17,279	287,643
	-		5,283		-		1,160	10,948
	-		(2,509)		-		366	(2,143)
	-		-		-		(7,220)	(7,220)
	17		2,299		226,359		16,696	310,354
	(16,132)		33,370		52,808		10,635	120,752
	309,160		147,627		1,037,602		329,880	2,757,379
\$	293,028	\$	180,997	\$	1,090,410	\$	340,515	\$ 2,878,131



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the State of Maine (the State) have been prepared under guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as mandated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

For financial reporting purposes, the State of Maine's reporting entity includes the "primary government" and its "component units." The primary government includes all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the State is financially accountable. Component units can also be legally separate, tax exempt entities that raise and hold economic resources for the direct benefit of a governmental unit.

Financial accountability is defined in GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*. The State is financially accountable for those entities for which it appoints a voting majority of the governing board and either is able to impose its will on that entity or the entity may provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Entities for which the State does not appoint a voting majority of the governing board may be included if the organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government and there exists a financial benefit or burden relationship with the State. Entities that do not meet the specific criteria for inclusion may still be included if the nature and significance of its relationship with the primary government is such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Under GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units, an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, individually significant legally separate, tax-exempt entities that should be reported as component units if their resources are for the direct benefit of the State and the State can access those resources. Although the State has not identified any organizations that would qualify as direct component units of the State by meeting all of the criteria of GASB Statement No. 39, a few of the component units described later in this note have significant foundations that meet the criteria of GASB Statement No. 39.

Blended Component Units – Blended component units are entities that are legally separate from the State, but provide services entirely, or almost entirely to the State or otherwise exclusively, or almost exclusively, benefits the primary government even though they do not provide services directly to it. The State reports two blended component units.

The Maine Governmental Facilities Authority (MGFA) is a legally separate organization that has its board appointed by the primary government and provides services entirely, or almost entirely, to the State. Its purpose includes assisting in the financing, acquisition, construction, improvement, reconstruction, and equipping of additions to structures designed for use as a court facility, State office or State activity space. In their separately issued financial statements, MGFA records a lease receivable from the State and a liability for bonds issued. However, in accordance with GASB, capital leases that exist between the State and MGFA are not recorded as leases in this report. The assets associated with these leases are reported in the government-wide statements along with the related debt. The corresponding debt service activity is recorded in the Governmental Funds. MGFA financial activity associated with servicing the debt is reported in an internal service fund. Therefore, the State reports MGFA's balances and transactions as though they were part of the primary government, using the blending method.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Child Development Services (CDS) is a legally separate organization, which ensures the provision of child find activities, early intervention services and free, appropriate public education services to eligible children. The State's Education Commissioner appoints and supervises the CDS director. Therefore, the State reports CDS balances and transactions as though they were a non-major special revenue fund.

Discrete Component Units - Discrete component units are entities that are legally separate from the State but are either accountable to the State or related so closely to the State that exclusion would cause the State's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units that are not material to the State's financial statements have been excluded. The column labeled "Component Units" emphasizes these organizations' separateness from the State's primary government.

The State is able to impose its will upon these discretely presented component units whose boards of directors or boards of trustees are appointed by the Governor:

The Maine Community College System is Maine's comprehensive two-year college system and offers certificate, diploma and associate degree programs. The combined financial statements of the System include the activity of seven colleges, the central administrative office and the Center for Career Development (including the Maine Career Advantage and Maine Quality Centers programs), and its component unit, Maine Community College Educational Foundations.

The Maine Turnpike Authority (MTA) constructs, maintains and operates a turnpike at such a location approved by the State Highway Commission and to issue turnpike revenue bonds payable solely from revenues of the Authority's fiscal year ends December 31.

The University of Maine System is the State University governed by a single Board of Trustees. The combined financial statements of the System include the activity of seven universities, eight centers, the central administrative office, and its component units, which include several foundations and alumni associations that raise funds on the System's behalf.

There is a financial burden/benefit relationship between these entities and the State:

The Finance Authority of Maine provides commercial financing and loan guarantees to Maine businesses and educational financing to Maine students and their parents. The Authority also provides financial and other services for the NextGen College Investing Plan, Potato Marketing Improvement Fund Board, the Nutrient Management Fund Board, the Northern Maine Transmission Corporation, the Adaptive Equipment Loan Program Fund Board, the Fund Insurance Review Board, the Agricultural Marketing Loan Fund Board, and the Occupational Safety Program Fund Board. The Governor appoints the fifteen voting members of the Authority.

Maine Health & Higher Educational Facilities Authority (MHHEFA) – MHHEFA assists Maine health care institutions and institutions of higher education in undertaking projects involving the acquisition, construction, improvement, reconstruction and equipping of their facilities and the refinancing of existing indebtedness. The Authority, pursuant to the Student Loan Corporations Act of 1983, may also finance student loan programs of institutions of higher education. MHHEFA consists of twelve members, four of whom serve *ex officio* and must be the Superintendent of Financial Institutions, the Commissioner of Health and Human Services, the Commissioner of Education, and the Treasurer of State. The remaining eight members must be residents of the State appointed by the Governor.

The Maine Municipal Bond Bank issues bonds on behalf of counties, cities, towns, school administrative districts, community school districts, or other quasi-municipal corporations or eligible borrowers as designated by the Legislature (the "governmental units") within the State. The Governor appoints three residents of the State to the five-member Board of Commissioners. The remaining two members include the Treasurer of State and Superintendent of Financial Institutions who serve as commissioners, *ex officio*.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Maine State Housing Authority issues bonds to purchase notes and mortgages on residential units, both single and multi-family, for the purpose of providing housing for persons and families of low income in the State. The Authority also acts as an agent for the State in administering federal weatherization, energy conservation, fuel assistance and homeless grant programs and collecting and disbursing federal rent subsidies for low income housing. The Governor appoints five of the Authority's seven commissioners. The remaining two commissioners are the Treasurer of State and the Director of the Maine State Housing Authority, both of whom serve *ex officio*. The Authority's fiscal year ends on December 31.

The State's financial statements also include a fiduciary component unit:

Maine Public Employees Retirement System administers a public employee retirement system. It provides pension, death, and disability benefits to its members, which include employees of the State, some public school employees, employees of approximately 300 local municipalities and other public entities in Maine. The Governor appoints four of the Board's eight voting trustees. A fifth trustee is either the Treasurer of State or the Deputy Treasurer of State.

Complete financial statements of the major component units can be obtained directly from their respective administrative offices by writing to:

Finance Authority of Maine 5 Community Dr. PO Box 949 Augusta, ME 04332	Maine Health and Higher Ed. Facilities Authority PO Box 2268 Augusta, ME 04338	Maine Public Employees Retirement System 46 State House Station Augusta, ME 04333	Maine Turnpike Authority 2360 Congress Street Portland, ME 04102
Maine Community College System 323 State Street Augusta, ME 04330	Maine Municipal Bond Bank PO Box 2268 Augusta, ME 04338	Maine State Housing Authority 89 State House Station 353 Water Street Augusta, ME 04330	University of Maine System 16 Central Street Bangor, ME 04401

Related Organizations

Officials of the State's primary government appoint a voting majority of the governing board of the Maine Veteran's Home. The primary government has no material accountability for this organization beyond making board appointments.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Primary government activities are distinguished between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. Net position is reported in three components:

Net investment in capital assets component consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30. 2014

Restricted component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Generally, a liability relates to restricted assets if the asset results from a resource flow that also results in the recognition of a liability or if the liability will be liquidated with the restricted assets reported. Constraints placed on restricted components of net position are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, and the like, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The government-wide statement of net position reports \$854.9 million of restricted net position, of which \$144.2 million is restricted by enabling legislation.

Unrestricted component of net position consists of the net amount of assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that do not meet the definition of the two preceding categories. The unrestricted component of net position often is designated, to indicate that management does not consider it to be available for general operations and often have constraints on resources that are imposed by management, but can be removed or modified.

The *Statement of Activities* demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable within a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not meeting the definition of program revenues are instead reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements, with non-major funds being combined into a single column.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the governmental funds when they become susceptible to accrual, generally when they become both measurable and available. "Available" means earned and collected or expected to be collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the State generally considers revenues available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year.

Significant revenues susceptible to accrual include: income taxes, sales and use taxes, and other taxes; federal grants; federal reimbursements; and other reimbursements for use of materials and services. Revenues from other sources are recognized when received because they are generally not measurable until received in cash. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied, provided the "available" criterion is met.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

The State Tax Assessor levies taxes on properties located in the unorganized territory of Maine by August 1 of each year, and on telecommunications personal properties statewide by March 30 of each year. Unorganized territory property taxes are due on October 1 and telecommunications personal property taxes are due on August 15. Formal collection procedures begin on November 1, and unpaid property taxes become a lien no later than March 15 of the fiscal year for which they are levied.

Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred. However, expenditures related to claims and judgments, debt service and compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due and payable.

Financial Statement Presentation

The State reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the State's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Highway Fund* accounts for the regulation, construction and maintenance of State highways and bridges and is funded by motor fuel taxes, motor vehicle license and registration fees, special State appropriations, and other charges.

The *Federal Fund* accounts for grants and other financial assistance received from the federal government, including federal block grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for purposes specified in the grant awards or agreements.

The *Other Special Revenue Fund* accounts for specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes, and the related current liabilities, including some major capital projects that are not accounted for in the Highway and Federal Funds. Examples of the most significant types of revenue sources include: Fund for a Healthy Maine (tobacco settlement revenue), State municipal revenue sharing, hospital and service provider taxes, and oil transfer fees.

The State reports the following major enterprise fund:

The *Maine Employment Security Fund* receives contributions from employers and provides unemployment compensation benefits to eligible unemployed workers.

The *Alcoholic Beverages Fund* licenses and regulates the sale of alcoholic beverages. During fiscal year 2004, the State of Maine entered into a 10 year contract with a vendor to manage and operate wholesale liquor distribution as the State's agent. Fiscal year 2014 was the final year of the contract.

Additionally, the State reports the following fund types:

Governmental Fund Types:

Special Revenue Funds include operating fund activities financed by specific revenue sources that are legally restricted for specified purposes. An example is funds for acquisition of public reserved lands.

Capital Projects Funds account for the acquisition or construction of major capital assets and other programs financed by bond proceeds.

Permanent Trust Funds report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the government or its citizenry. An example is the Baxter State Park Fund.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Proprietary Fund Types:

Enterprise Funds report the activities for which fees are charged to external users for goods or services, such as the unemployment compensation program, lottery operations and transportation services.

Internal Service Funds provide goods or services primarily to other agencies or funds of the State, rather than to the general public. These goods and services include printing and mailing services, supplies warehousing, information technology, fleet management, risk management, health-related benefits, and financing for acquisition and construction of governmental facilities.

Fiduciary Fund Types:

Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds report resources that are required to be held in trust for members and beneficiaries of the State's pension, death and disability benefit plans. These resources are managed by the Maine Public Employees Retirement System (MPERS). The fund also reports resources that are required to be held in trust for members and beneficiaries of the State and for MPERS' retiree healthcare benefits. The investment trusts, managed by the Maine Public Employees Retirement System, hold the long-term investments. The trustees of the Healthcare Other Employee Benefit Trust Fund are the State Controller and State Treasurer.

Private Purpose Trust Funds report resources of all other trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Examples include Abandoned Property, Public Reserved Lands and the Permanent School funds.

Agency Funds report assets and liabilities for deposits and investments entrusted to the State as an agent for others. Examples include amounts held for payroll withholdings, inmate and student guardianship accounts.

D. FISCAL YEAR-ENDS

All funds and discretely presented major component units are reported using fiscal years which end on June 30, except for the Maine Educational Loan Authority, Maine State Housing Authority and Maine Turnpike Authority, which utilize December 31 year-ends.

E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool

The State pools cash and cash equivalents for a variety of State agencies and public sector entities. The pooled balances are reported at fair value. Interest earned on pooled cash is allocated to the various funds, generally based on their average equity balances. The Treasurer's Cash Pool has the general characteristics of a demand deposit account and is comprised primarily of prime commercial paper, repurchase agreements, U.S. Treasury Bills, U.S. Treasury Notes, and other U.S. Agency Obligations, certificates of deposit, and corporate bonds.

For component units that participate in the cash pool, equity is shown at fair value.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents consist of short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are near maturity. On the Statement of Cash Flows, the amount reported as "Cash and Cash Equivalents" is equal to the total of the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position as "Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool," "Cash and Cash Equivalents," "Cash with Fiscal Agent," "Restricted Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool," and "Restricted Deposits and Investments."

Cash with Fiscal Agent

Cash with Fiscal Agent in Governmental Funds represents cash that will be used for debt service on bonds, the unspent proceeds of bonds and Certificates of Participation, as well as unspent funds of the Maine Biological Research Board being held by the State.

Cash with Fiscal Agent in Proprietary Funds represents proceeds of Certificates of Participation and other financing arrangements that have not been spent.

Other investments of the State are carried at fair value. Donated investments are stated at fair value at the date of donation.

Investments Held on Behalf of Others

These assets include amounts held by the State in a fiduciary capacity, acting as either a trustee or an agent for individuals, organizations or other funds. Generally, these investments are reported at fair value or at amortized cost which approximates fair value. The State also holds \$107 million of Workers' Compensation, \$51 million of Bureau of Insurance, and \$30 million of Maine Department of Labor surety bonds and letters of credit that are not reflected on the financial statements.

Restricted Deposits and Investments

Restricted deposits and investments include: unemployment tax receipts deposited with the United States Treasury that are drawn down to pay unemployment benefits; cash and investments of the Maine Governmental Facilities Authority, a blended component unit that has been independently audited; unspent bond proceeds, and funds invested in Certificates of Deposit and other investments at various financial institutions within the State. The financial institutions lend these deposits and investments to local commercial and agricultural enterprises to foster economic growth in Maine.

Inventories

The costs of materials and supplies of the Governmental Funds are reported as expenditures when purchased. Undistributed vaccines and food commodities are reported as inventory and deferred revenue in the Federal Fund. Revenues and corresponding expenditures are recognized when food stamps are used (EBT cards), and when vaccines and food commodities are issued. Inventories of materials and supplies in the Proprietary Funds are determined by physical counts and by perpetual inventory systems. Proprietary Fund inventories are stated at cost or average cost.

Inventories included in the component unit column are stated at the lower of cost or market (using the first-in, first-out method).

Receivables

Receivables consist primarily of amounts due to the State from taxpayers and service providers. Also included in receivables are amounts due but not yet remitted to the State from lottery sales by agents. Loans receivable for the primary government represent low interest financing arrangements to construct and modernize agricultural storage facilities and local commercial enterprises, as well as Department of Transportation loans to local governments. Receivables in the component units' column arise in the normal course of business. Receivables are stated net of estimated allowances for uncollectible amounts that are determined based upon past collection experience and aging of the accounts.

Interfund Transactions and Balances

Numerous transactions are made between funds to finance operations, provide services, and acquire or construct assets. To the extent that transactions between funds were not completed as of June 30, interfund receivables and payables have been recorded in the fund financial statements. Interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated from the Statement of Net Position.

Long-term loans made by one fund to another are classified as "Working Capital Advances Receivable" and "Working Capital Advances Payable." In the fund financial statements, advances receivable are offset by nonspendable fund balance designations indicating that the long-term loans do not constitute expendable financial resources.

Due from/to Primary Government/Component Units

Numerous transactions are made between the primary government and component units to finance operations, provide services, acquire or construct assets, or repay bonds. To the extent that transactions between funds were not completed as of June 30, "Due from Primary Government" and "Due to Component Unit" receivables and payables have been recorded. Three component units have December 31 year ends, therefore the "due to" and "due from" amounts may differ.

Due from/to Other Governments

Due from/to Other Governments represents amounts receivable from or payable to municipalities or the federal government. Due from Other Governments represents primarily federal grants receivable for Medicaid claims, other health and human services programs, and federal grants receivable for transportation-related expenditures. Due from Other Governments in the component units' column represents amounts receivable for grants, bond repayment and retirement benefits. Due to Other Governments primarily consist of amounts owed to municipalities for Municipal Revenue Sharing and the federal government for Medicaid cost recoveries from providers.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, ramps and similar items), are reported in the government-wide statements and applicable fund financial statements. Capital assets that are used for governmental activities are only reported in the government-wide statements. The State capitalizes governmental fund buildings valued at \$1 million or more and proprietary fund buildings valued at \$100 thousand or more. Governmental fund equipment is capitalized at \$10 thousand or more and proprietary fund equipment is capitalized \$5 thousand or more. Governmental and proprietary fund software is capitalized at \$1 million or more. All land, regardless of value, is capitalized. Capital assets are recorded at cost or, if donated, at estimated fair market value at date of acquisition. In some instances, capital assets historical cost were not available. The costs of these assets at the date of acquisitions have been estimated.

In the government-wide statements, most capital assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives, which are 10-40 years for software, buildings and improvements, and 2-25 years for equipment. The State uses the modified approach for reporting its significant infrastructure assets. As long as the State maintains and preserves its infrastructure assets at pre-determined condition levels, maintenance costs are expensed and depreciation is not reported. This approach is discussed further in the Required Supplementary Information.

Capital assets of component units are capitalized upon purchase and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Interest incurred during construction is capitalized. The estimated useful lives of fixed assets are 5–60 years for non-road structures and improvements and 3–15 years for equipment, furniture, fixtures and vehicles. Component units reflect infrastructure in improvements other than buildings and record depreciation expense on them. The Maine Turnpike Authority (MTA) uses the modified approach for reporting its significant infrastructure assets. As long as MTA maintains and preserves its infrastructure assets at pre-determined condition levels, maintenance costs are expensed and depreciation is not reported.

Accounts Payable

Accounts payable represent the gross amount of expenditures or expenses incurred as a result of normal operations, but for which no actual payment has yet been issued to vendors/providers. Incurred but not paid (IBNP) Medicaid claims settlements are actuarially estimated. The IBNP estimate recorded at June 30, 2014 is \$219 million.

Tax Refunds Payable

The amount of collected or accrued tax revenues that will be refunded is estimated and accrued as a General Fund liability.

Claims Payable

Claims payable represent workers' compensation, retiree health, employee health, and other claims payable, including actual claims submitted and actuarially determined claims incurred but not reported. The actuarially determined claims liability is discounted and presented at net present value.

Compensated Employee Absences

In the government-wide statements and proprietary fund financial statements, compensated absences are recorded as a long-term liability as required by GASB. In the governmental fund financial statements, vested or accumulated leave is reported as an expenditure and fund liability when incurred upon retirement, termination or death. Sick and vacation payments to terminated employees as of June 30, 2014 but paid after the fiscal year end is also reported in the funds. In the discretely presented component units, employees' accumulated compensated absences are recorded as an expense and liability as the benefits accrue.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the Balance Sheet and Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate element represents an acquisition of fund equity that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government funds report unavailable revenues, which arise only under the modified accrual basis of accounting, from two sources: tax and assessment revenue and pledged revenue transfer from an Enterprise Fund.

Loans Payable to Component Unit

In the Statement of Net Position, the amount of bond proceeds received by a component unit for unmatured GARVEE and TransCap bond proceeds is called "Loans Payable to Component Unit." The offsetting receivables are classified as "Loans Receivable from Primary Government." In fiscal year 2014 a Liquor Revenue Bond was issued by the Component Unit. The bond, including debt service reserves, totaled \$220.7 million. See Note 11 for additional information on the Liquor Bond.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are recorded as liabilities.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

Net Position/Fund Balances

The difference between fund assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is "Net Position" on the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund statements and "Fund Balances" on governmental fund statements.

Fund Balance Restrictions

Fund balances for governmental funds have been classified in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54.

The State reported the following fund balance restrictions:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - indicates items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless those proceeds are restricted, committed or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted Fund Balances – include balances that are legally restricted for specific purposes due to constraints that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balances – indicates assets can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the Maine Legislature, the State's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is the passage of law by the legislature, creating, modifying, or rescinding an appropriation.

Assigned Fund Balances – include amounts that are constrained by the State's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted or committed. Legislative assignments include formal actions passed into law that lapse. Maine statute also set forth powers and duties of management. Assignments also include decisions made by management, including encumbrances. For governmental funds, other than the General Fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – is the residual amount of the General Fund not included in the four categories described above. Also, any deficit fund balances within the other governmental fund types are reported as unassigned.

F. REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES

In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenues and expenses are segregated by activity (governmental or business-type), then further by function (e.g., governmental support & operations, education, health & human services, etc.). Additionally, revenues are classified between program and general revenues. Program revenues include: charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; operating grants and contributions; and capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues, rather than as program revenue. General revenues include all taxes. Certain indirect costs are included in the program expenses reported for individual functions.

The State's policy is that restricted amounts are spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available. Within unrestricted fund balance, the State's policy is that committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

In the governmental fund financial statements, expenditures are reported by function. Capital outlay expenditures for real property or infrastructure (e.g. highways) are included with expenditures by function.

Revenues and expenses of proprietary funds are classified as operating or nonoperating and are subclassified by object (e.g. general operations and depreciation). Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating, capital contributions, transfers or special items.

NOTE 2 – BUDGETING AND BUDGETARY CONTROL, AND LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Appropriation Limits

The total General Fund appropriation for each fiscal year of the biennium in the Governor's budget submission to the Legislature may not exceed the General Fund appropriation of the previous fiscal year multiplied by one plus the average real personal income growth rate, as defined in Title 5 Maine Revised Statutes Annotated (MRSA) § 1665, subsection 1, plus the average forecasted inflation rate. "Average forecasted inflation rate" means the average forecasted change in the Consumer Price Index underlying the revenue projections developed by the Revenue Forecasting Committee.

This appropriation limitation may be exceeded only by the amount of the additional costs or the lost federal revenue from the following exceptional circumstances: unfunded or under-funded new federal mandates; losses in federal revenues or other revenue sources; citizens' initiatives or referenda that require increased State spending; court orders or decrees that require additional State resources to comply with the orders or decrees; and sudden or significant increases in demand for existing State services that are not the result of legislative changes that increased eligibility or increased benefits.

The Governor may designate exceptional circumstances that are not explicitly defined, but meet the intent of, this statute. "Exceptional circumstances" means an unforeseen condition or conditions over which the Governor and the Legislature have little or no control. Exceptional circumstances do not apply to new programs or program expansions that go beyond existing program criteria and operation.

Budget Stabilization Fund

The Maine Budget Stabilization Fund, a fund designation established under Title 5 MRSA C. 142, is included in the negative \$221 million unassigned General Fund fund balance. Amounts in the stabilization fund may be expended only to offset a General Fund revenue shortfall. The Governor may also allocate funds for payment of death benefits for law enforcement officers, firefighters and emergency medical services personnel.

Balances in the fund do not lapse, but carry forward each year. Money in the fund may be invested with any earnings credited to the fund except when the fund is at its statutory cap. As the fifth priority before any other transfer, the State Controller is required to transfer 48 percent of the unappropriated surplus of the General Fund when the fund is not at its statutory cap. In accordance with the statute, the State Controller made the required transfer for fiscal year 2014.

The statutory cap for the fund is 12 percent of the total General Fund revenue received in the immediately preceding fiscal year. At the close of the fiscal year, the cap is based on the revenue received in the fiscal year being closed. Based on fiscal year 2014 actual General Fund revenue, the statutory cap at the close of fiscal year 2014 and during fiscal year 2014 was \$373.6 million. At the close of fiscal year 2014, the balance of the Maine Budget Stabilization Fund was \$68.3 million. No reductions to the Maine Budget Stabilization Fund balance are required when it exceeds the balance of the statutory cap as a result of a decline of General Fund revenue.

Budget Stabilization Fund Activity

(Expressed in Thousands)

Balance, beginning of year	\$ 59,701
Increase in fund balance	8,570
Balance, end of year	\$ 68,271

Budget and Budgetary Expenditures

The gross unified budget bills and budget document encompass resources from the General Fund, Highway Fund, Federal Expenditures Fund, Federal Block Grant Fund, Other Special Revenue Fund, internal service funds and enterprise funds. Separate gross unified budget bills must be submitted for the General Fund and the Highway Fund. All funds except trust and agency funds, bond funds and costs of goods sold expenditures in internal service funds and enterprise funds are subject to legislative allocation. The biennial budget sets forth proposed expenditures for the administration, operation and maintenance of the departments and agencies of the State Government; all interest and debt redemption charges during each fiscal year and all expenditures for capital projects to be undertaken and executed during each fiscal year. Within this structure, budgetary control by agency is maintained at the program and line category level. The State Budget Officer and the Governor must approve budget revisions during the year, reflecting program changes or intradepartmental administrative transfers.

Except in specific instances, only the Legislature may transfer appropriations between departments. Changes in appropriation, allocation, or funding for new programs are presented to the Legislature as a supplemental budgets or separate pieces of legislation. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the Legislature increased appropriations to the General Fund by \$26.3 million.

Actual expenditures did not exceed legislatively authorized appropriations at the Department level; therefore, the State complied with all related budget laws at the legal level.

Governmental Fund Balances - Restricted, Committed and Assigned

The State's fund balances represent: (1) restricted purposes, which include balances legally restricted for specific purposes due to constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; (2) committed purposes, which include balances that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Legislature; (3) assigned purposes, which includes balances that are constrained by government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted or committed. A summary of the nature and purpose of these fund balance types at June 30, 2014 are detailed on the following page.

Governmental Fund Balances

(Expressed in Thousands)

]	NSIF	Re	estricted	Co	mmitted	<u>A</u>	ssigned
General Fund:								
Public Safety	\$	-	\$	1,365	\$	-	\$	-
All Other		3,807		699		-		-
Total	\$	3,807	\$	2,064	\$	-	\$	-
w.,								
Highway Fund:								
Light Highway & Bridge Capital	\$	-	\$	20,522	\$	-	\$	-
Highway and Bridge Construction				14,319				
Department of Motor Vehicles		-		847		-		-
All Other	_	55	_	2,047	Φ.		Φ.	
Total	\$	55	\$	37,735	\$	-	\$	
Federal Fund:								
HHS Office of Family Independence	\$	_	\$	1,739	\$	_	\$	_
HHS Office of Child and Family Services	-	_	-	2,443	_	_	-	_
HHS Substance & Mental Health		_		1,989		_		_
Other General Support and Operations		_		619		_		_
Other Justice and Protection		_		1,430		_		_
All Other		1,071		1,430		_		_
Total	\$	1,071	\$	8,220	\$		\$	
7 0 0 0		1,071		0,220			-	
Other Special Revenue Fund:								
Agriculture & Conservation	\$	-	\$	18,049	\$	3,673	\$	-
Bonds for Highway & Bridge Construction		-		73,537		-		-
Environmental Protection		-		19,242		-		-
Fund for a Healthy Maine		-		-		8,351		-
GSO Other		-		42,882		8,864		-
HHS Centers for Disease Control		-		-		4,614		-
HHS COM		=		-		-		-
HHS MaineCare (Medicaid Program)		=		-		3,241		-
HHS Office of Family Independence		=		-		-		6,963
HHS Other		=		26,434		1,672		2,967
Highway & Bridge Construction		=		14,110		-		-
Inland Wildlife & Fisheries		=		10,032		-		-
Multimodal Transportation		=		-		6,862		-
Natural Resources Other		=		9,585		-		-
Professional & Financial Regulation		=		50,692		-		-
Public Safety		=		43,609		-		-
Workers Compensation Board		=		13,853		-		-
All Other		214		29,666		11,104		6,057
Total	\$	214	\$ 3	351,691	\$	48,381	\$	15,987
Other Governmental Funds:	1	NSIF	D.	estricted	D _o .	rmanent		
Permanent Funds - Baxter Park	\$		\$	-	\$	6,814		
Permanent Funds - All Others	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	15,081		
Capital Projects - Highway & Bridge Construction		_		30,455		-		
Capital Projects - Multimodal Transportation		_		17,883		_		
Capital Projects - Higher Education		=		16,669		_		
Capital Projects - Agriculture & Conservation		_		3,091		_		
Capital Projects - Agriculture & Conservation Capital Projects - Community & Economic Develop	1	_		2,361		_		
Capital Projects - Community & Economic Develop		_		1,787		_		
Special Revenue Funds - Baxter Park		-		73,772		-		
Special Revenue Funds - Baxter Fark Special Revenue Funds - CDS		181		75,772		-		
Special Revenue Funds - CDS Special Revenue Funds - All Other		-		73 172		-		
Total	\$	181	\$	146,265	\$	21,895		
1 Otal	Ψ	101	φ.	1 10,203	φ	21,073		

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTING CHANGES AND RESTATEMENTS

Accounting Changes

During fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the State implemented the following accounting standards:

GASB issued Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. This integration includes GASB pronouncements issued and effective through December 31, 2013 and is intended to provide authoritative accounting and financial reporting guidance for state and local governmental entities. GASB pronouncements issued before December 31, 2013, but not effective at that date, may alter, amend, supplement, revoke, or supersede the guidance contained in this Codification. The State's current financial statement disclosures may refer to specific codification sections instead of GASB Standards.

GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. As a result of implementing this new standard, presentation and terminology changes were made to the government-wide and fund financial statements as necessary.

GASB Statement No. 66, Technical Corrections – 2012 an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62. This Statement resolves conflicting guidance that resulted from the issuance of two pronouncements, Statements No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, and Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. There was no impact on the State's financial statements as a result of implementing GASB 66.

GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25. This Statement improves financial reporting by state and local governmental pension plans by providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency. There was no impact on the State's financial statements as a result of implementing GASB 67.

GASB Statement No. 70, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees. This Statement improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments that extend and receive nonexchange financial guarantees. As a result of implementing this new standard, slight changes were made to the disclosures of State constitutional obligations.

Restatements – Primary Government

The beginning net position for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position were decreased by \$1.5 billion to correct an overstatement of Infrastructure assets that had been incorrectly capitalized in prior years and increased by \$14.9 million for construction in progress assets that should have been capitalized in the prior year.

Restatements - Component Units

The cumulative effect of implementing GASB #65 reduced beginning net position of discretely presented component units for a total of \$25.2 million. The net position reductions result primarily from the change in accounting of deferred bond issuance costs and certain deferred loan costs and fees that are no longer reported as assets. The net position of the Maine Community College System, Maine Municipal Bond Bank, Maine State Housing Authority, Maine Turnpike Authority and the University of Maine decreased by: \$0.2 million, \$6.5 million, \$9.7 million, \$6.0 million and \$2.7 million, respectively.

Three non-major discretely presented component units reduced their beginning net position as a result of correcting errors. Maine Educational Loan Authority reduced its beginning net position \$.5 as a correction of an error in the calculation of its arbitrage rebatable liability. Maine Educational Center for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing reduced its beginning net position \$1.9 million as a result of recognizing its Other Post Employment Benefit Obligation. Midcoast Regional Redevelopment Authority increased its beginning net position \$0.8 million since certain construction and engineering costs had been excluded from the calculation of construction in progress.

A fiduciary component unit, Maine Public Employees Retirement System, restated its beginning net position as a result of changing how it reports results of pension plans and OPEB Trusts. As a result, fiduciary net position increased \$9.1 million.

NOTE 4 - DEFICIT FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION

Three internal service funds showed deficits for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The Workers' Compensation Fund reported a deficit of \$20.8 million, which reflects accruals for actuarially determined claims payable. The Leased Space Fund had a deficit of \$3.9 million because rates charged were insufficient to cover expenses incurred. The Postal, Printing & Supply fund reported a deficit of \$2.8 million because expenses are recognized when incurred; however, related revenue is not earned until jobs are satisfactorily completed. All of the deficits mentioned above are expected to be funded by future service charges.

The Alcoholic Beverages Enterprise Fund shows a deficit of \$183.5 million. During fiscal year 2014, Maine Municipal Bond Bank (MMBB) issued Liquor Operation Revenue Bonds on behalf of the State of Maine. The bonds are special, limited obligations of MMBB. The proceeds from the bonds were used for the purpose of making payments to health care providers for services provided prior to December 1, 2012. The bonds do not constitute a debt or liability of the State and neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State is pledged to the payment of any amount due pursuant to the bonds. The bonds are secured by revenues received from the Bureau of Alcoholic Beverages and Lottery Operations from the operations of the State's liquor program pursuant to 28-A MRSA §90. A Due To the Other Special Revenue Fund has been recorded.

The General Fund shows a deficit fund balance of \$215.4 million at June 30, 2014. This deficit is primarily due to the full recognition of the State's share of Medicaid liabilities at fiscal year end. The federal portion of these liabilities is also fully accrued, with an offsetting receivable from the federal government as allowed under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 33. Per GASB 33, revenue associated with government mandated non-exchange transactions should be recognized when applicable eligibility requirements have been met and the resources are available. Medicaid is an entitlement program. Therefore, the funds are available when the payments for these liabilities are processed.

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Title 5 MRSA § 135 governs the deposit and investment policies of the State of Maine Office of the Treasurer. The Treasurer may deposit State funds, including trust funds of the State, in any of the banking institutions (including trust companies, State or federal savings and loan associations, and mutual savings banks) organized under the laws of this State and any national bank or federal savings and loan association located in the State.

The State follows the practice of pooling cash and cash equivalents for a variety of State agencies and public sector entities. The Treasurer may invest funds that exceed current obligations, with the concurrence of the State Controller or the Commissioner of Administrative and Financial Services and the consent of the Governor.

Approved investments include bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, other obligations of the United States that mature not more than 36 months from the date of investment; repurchase agreements secured by obligations of the United States that mature within the succeeding 12 months; prime commercial paper; tax-exempt obligations that mature not more than 36 months from the date of investment and have a long-term rating of no less that "AA" or the equivalent; corporate bonds rated "AAA" that mature within 36 months from the date of investment; banker's acceptances with an original maturity not exceeding 180 days and rated in the highest short-term category by at least one nationally recognized securities rating organization (NRSRO); and "no-load" shares of an investment company registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940, which are rated "AAAm" or "AAAm-G" by Standard & Poor's, or the equivalent by another NRSRO. Although authorized to do so, the Treasurer does not participate in the securities loan market.

Investment policies of the permanent trusts are governed by Title 5 MRSA § 138. The Treasurer, with the approval of the Commissioner of Administrative and Financial Services, the Superintendent of Financial Institutions and the Attorney General, shall invest the funds in securities that are legal investments in accordance with Title 9-B MRSA. The investments need not be segregated to the separate trusts, but the identity of each trust must be maintained. The Treasurer may enter into custodial care and servicing contracts or agreements negotiated in accordance with the laws of this State for the handling of funds held in trust.

No amounts exceeding 25 percent of the capital, surplus, and undivided profits of any trust company or national bank or 25 percent of the reserve fund and undivided profits of a mutual savings bank or State or federal savings and loan association, shall be on deposit in any one institution at any one time. This restriction does not apply to deposits subject to immediate withdrawal to meet the payment of any bonded debt or interest or to pay current bills or expenses of the State. Also exempt are deposits secured by the pledge of certain securities as collateral or fully covered by insurance.

With assistance from the Finance Authority of Maine, the Treasurer participates in a restricted deposit program to encourage banks to provide loans at two percent below market rate. The Treasurer may invest up to \$8 million in lending institutions at a two percent lower-than-market rate provided the lenders pass the rate reduction on to the borrowers. This program earmarks \$4 million for loans to agricultural enterprises and the other \$4 million are designated for commercial entities.

The Primary Government's Deposits and Investments excluding component units that are fiduciary in nature at June 30, 2014:

Primary Government Deposits and Investments

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities		usiness- Type ctivities_	P	Private urpose Irusts	Agency Funds	То	tal
Equity in Treasurer's Cash			_					
Pool	\$	406,199	\$ 15,520	\$	1,982	\$18,310	\$ 44	2,011
Cash and Cash Equivalents		4,820	3,443		-	27		8,290
Cash with Fiscal Agent		77,785	-		-	-	7	7,785
Investments		95,706	-		14,900	-	11	0,606
Restricted Equity in								
Treasurer's Cash Pool		77,135	-		-	-	7	7,135
Restricted Deposits and								
Investments		3,662	297,686		-	11	30	1,359
Investments Held on								
Behalf of Others		-	-		-	52,641	5	2,641
Other Assets		-	-		-	-		-
Total Primary Government	\$	665,307	\$ 316,649	\$	16,882	\$70,989	\$1,06	9,827

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In general, the State holds securities to maturity. All debt securities are reported at full-term.

The following table provides the segmented time distribution of the Primary Government's investments at June 30, 2014:

				laturities in Y pressed in Tho			
	Less than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10	11 - 20	More than 20	No Maturity	Fair Value
Governmental and Business-T	ype Activities, ex	scluding Non-Mo	ajor Special Re	venue and Per	manent Funds		
US Instrumentalities	\$ 29,963	\$ 95,833	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 125,796
US Treasury Notes	-	57,912	-	-	-	-	57,912
Repurchase Agreements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corporate Notes and Bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial Paper	72,564	-	-	-	-	-	72,564
Certificates of Deposit	2,099	2,680	-	-	-	-	4,779
Money Market	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents Unemployment Fund	903	-	-	-	-	248,825	249,728
Deposits with US Treasury	_	_	_	_	_	297,686	297,686
US Instrumentalities US Treasury Notes	1,178	3,926 12,877	2 3,092	359 2,834	907	-	6,372 18,803
Repurchase Agreements		12,077	5,072	2,034	_	_	10,003
Corporate Notes and Bonds Other Fixed Income	196	1,254	1,898	7,278	1,034	-	11,660
Securities	10,696	20	7,349	-	-	-	18,065
Commercial Paper	2,952	-	-	-	-	-	2,952
Certificates of Deposit	6,290	112	-	-	-	3,642	10,044
Money Market	13	-	-	-	-	2,396	2,409
Cash and Cash Equivalents	920	-	-	-	-	23,074	23,994
Equities	-	-	-	-	-	84,852	84,852
Other						4,426	4,426
	\$127,774	\$174,614	\$12,341	\$10,471	\$ 1,941	\$ 664,901	\$ 992,042
Other Assets Cash with Fiscal Agent							77,785
Total Primary Government							
Total Filliary Government							\$1,069,827

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. This credit risk is measured by the credit quality ratings of investments as described by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The State's investment policy limits its investments to those with high credit quality made by or with the advice and upon the due diligence of the State's independent investment advisor. The State limits credit risk in its trusts by ensuring that the fixed income credit quality at the time of purchase is a minimum bond rating of "A" by either Standard & Poor's or Moody's rating service. Fixed income holdings thereafter shall maintain a minimum bond rating of "BBB".

The Primary Government's total investments by credit quality rating as of June 30, 2014 are presented below:

Standard & Poor's Credit Rating (Expressed in Thousands)

	A1	A	AA	AA+	AAA	E	ВВ	BBB	Not Rated	Total
Governmental and B	usiness-Type A	ctivities, exclud	ing Non-Major Sp	pecial Revenue d	and Permane	nt Funds				
US Instrumentalities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 125,796	\$ -	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 125,796
US Treasury Notes	-	-	57,912	-		-	-	-	-	57,912
Corporate Notes and Bonds	_	-	<u>-</u>	-		_	_	-	-	-
Commercial Paper	72,564	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	72,564
Money Market	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Private-Purpose Trus	ts, Agency Fun	ds, and Non-M	lajor Special Reve	nue and Perma	nent Funds					
US Instrumentalities	-	-	5,005	-		-	-	-	1,367	6,372
US Treasury Notes	-	-	3,456	-		-	-	-	15,347	18,803
Corporate Notes and Bonds	-	859	300	-		-		495	10,006	11,660
Commercial Paper	2,952	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	2,952
Money Market	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Other Fixed Income Securities Total Primary					7,30	59			10,696	18,065
Government	\$ 75,516	\$ 859	\$ 192,469	\$ -	\$ 7,30	59 \$		\$ 495	\$ 37,416	\$ 314,124

Concentration of Credit Risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The State limits concentration of credit risk in its trusts by requiring that no single stock represent more than 7 percent of the total portfolio. There is no concentration of credit risk policy for the Treasurer's Cash Pool. At June 30, 2014, there were no investments that exceeded five percent of the Treasurer's Cash Pool.

Custodial Credit Risk - For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the State will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The State limits its custodial credit risk for the Treasurer's Cash Pool by maintaining a file of the most recent credit rating analysis reports performed for each approved financial institution. The State also requires that all securities be perfected in the name of the State and held in third party safekeeping by a state approved custodian. Of the cash pool's \$5.9 million invested in non-negotiable certificates of deposit, none exceeded the FDIC insured amounts for the institutions at which they were held. The State does not have a policy regarding custodial credit risk for its trusts. The Percival P. Baxter Trust is held by the counterparty's trust department, but not in the State's name.

The fair value of the trust's investments as of June 30, 2014 was \$73.7 million and was comprised of the following (expressed in thousands):

U.S. Instrumentalities	\$ 1,268
US Treasury Notes	1,100
Corporate Notes and Bonds	1,713
Other Fixed Income Securities	10,716
Equities	56,599
Cash and Equivalents	973
Other	1,344
Total	\$ 73,713

The State and certain vendors contract with a fiscal intermediary, Clareon, for electronic disbursements from the State to its vendors. During fiscal year 2014 these disbursements, on average, exceeded \$125 million per month. The funds in transit are not collateralized and are not held by the State Treasurer. Until the vendor receives payment, the State retains some liability.

MAINE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Maine Public Employees Retirement System (the System) makes investments in a combination of equities, fixed income securities, infrastructure, private equity, real estate, mutual funds, commingled mutual and index funds, derivative financial instruments, and other investment securities established by the Trustee's investment policy.

Derivative Securities – Derivative financial instruments are financial contracts whose value depends on the value of one or more underlying assets, reference rates or financial indices. They include futures, forwards, options, and swap contracts. The System's investments in derivative securities only have nominal exposure to custodial credit risk. Credit risk is managed, in the case of exchange-traded derivatives, by the execution of trades through a clearinghouse and, in the case of over-the-counter transactions, by managers' due diligence assessment and approval of counterparties. Market risk is managed by imposing strict limits as to the types, amounts and degree of risk that investment managers may undertake. These limits are approved by the Board of Trustees and are monitored by the Chief Investment Officer.

Foreign currency forward contracts are used to hedge against the currency risk in the System's foreign equity and fixed income security portfolios. The System's fixed income managers invest in Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (CMOs) and Asset-Backed Securities to improve the yield or adjust the duration of the fixed income portfolio. At June 30, 2014, the System held no CMO and Asset-Backed Securities. The System also invests in swaps. Interest rate swaps are used to adjust interest rate and yield curve exposures and substitute for physical securities.

Securities Lending - The System has also entered into agreements for securities lending transactions, which are collateralized in an amount generally valued at 102 percent (105 percent for international securities) of the market value of the securities loaned. All securities and loans can be terminated on demand by either the lender or the borrower.

Cash open collateral is invested in a short-term investment pool, the Core Limited Collateral Section. Cash collateral may also be invested separately in "term loans." At June 30, 2014 all of the collateral for securities lending is subject to custodial credit risk. The System believes that there is no credit risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 28 and GASB Statement No. 40. The collateral held and the market value of securities on loan for the System as of June 30, 2014 was \$260.2 million and \$253.6 million, respectively.

The following table details the System's derivative investments at June 30, 2014:

(Expressed in Thousands)

COMPONENT UNITS

Generally, component unit investment policies authorize investments in obligations of U.S. Treasury and Agency Securities, repurchase agreements, corporate bonds, certificates of deposit and money market funds. Some component units may invest in stocks, bonds, fixed income securities, mutual funds, commingled mutual funds and index funds, guaranteed investment contracts, real estate and other investment securities.

Certain component units also invest in the Treasurer's Cash Pool and comprise approximately 14 percent of pool assets. The component units reported their participation as either Cash and Cash Equivalents or Investments on their financial statements. The State reclassified \$68.2 million of the component units' participation to "Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool" on the State's financial statements. In addition to the amounts reported, the State Treasurer's Cash Pool includes \$11.5 million, consisting of Finance Authority of Maine component unit fiduciary funds that, because of GASB Statement No. 34 reporting criteria, are not shown in the accompanying financial statements as invested in the Treasurer's Cash Pool.

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivable balances are segregated by type, and presented in the fund financial statements net of allowance for uncollectibles. The following tables disaggregate amounts considered to be uncollectible by fund and type of receivable as of the close of the fiscal year:

Primary Government – Receivables

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Taxe	. c	Ac	ecounts	T.	oans		llowance for collectibles	Rec	Net ceivables
Governmental Funds:				COUNTS			-			- CT VII DICE
General	\$ 538	8,762	\$	137,536	\$	1	\$	(186,621)	\$	489,678
Highway	22	2,910		2,798		9		(912)		24,805
Federal		-		110,903		-		(45,065)		65,838
Other Special Revenue	1	1,941		88,801		3,982		(14,573)		90,151
Other Governmental Funds		-		6		-		-		6
Total Governmental Funds	573	3,613		340,044		3,992		(247,171)		670,478
Allowance for Uncollectibles	(130	,044)	((117,095)		(32)				
Net Receivables	\$ 443	3,569	\$	222,949	\$	3,960			\$	670,478
Proprietary Funds:										
Employment Security	\$	-	\$	58,954	\$	-	\$	(24,620)	\$	34,334
Nonmajor Enterprise		-		27,982		-		(655)		27,327
Internal Service				7,092		_		_		7,092
Total Proprietary Funds		-		94,028		-		(25,275)		68,753
Allowance for Uncollectibles				(25,275)						
Net Receivables	\$	-	\$	68,753	\$	-			\$	68,753

Component Units – Receivables

(Expressed in Thousands)

							All	lowance		
								For		Net
	Acc	Accounts		Loans		Notes		llectibles	Rec	eivables
Finance Authority of Maine	\$	1,313	\$	-	\$	28,397	\$	(5,813)	\$	23,897
Maine Community College System		7,853		-		-		(1,087)		6,766
Maine Health and Educational										
Facilities Authority		327	87	4,517		-		(116)		874,728
Maine Municipal Bond Bank		1,020		-		-		-		1,020
Maine State Housing Authority		19,089	1,22	7,182		121		(11,439)	1	,234,953
Maine Turnpike Authority		4,439		-		-		-		4,439
University of Maine System		44,667		-		43,230		(6,501)		81,396

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund receivables and payables represent amounts owed to one State fund by another, for goods sold or services received, or for borrowings to eliminate negative balances in the Treasurer's Cash Pool.

Balances due within one year are recorded as Due to/Due from Other Funds. The balances of current interfund receivables and payables as of June 30, 2014 were:

Interfund Receivables (Expressed in Thousands)

Due to Other Funds

Due from Other Funds	ther Funds		General Highwa			F	ederal	Other Special Revenue		Other Governmental	
General			\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,302	\$	-	\$	-
Highway			31		2		18,316		2		-
Federal			9,217		2		121		629		-
Other Special Revenue			101,984		102		180		219		24
Other Governmental			437		-		129		-		-
Employment Security			-		-		22		_		-
Alcoholic Beverages			-		-		-		-		-
Non-Major Enterprise			165		135		2		4		-
Internal Service			10,781		3,689		3,482		4,408		-
Fiduciary			24,007		-		-		-		-
Total			\$ 146,622	\$	3,930	\$	23,554	\$	5,262	\$	24
	Emplo	yment	Alcoholic	Noi	n-Major	Ir	iternal				
Due from Other Funds	Secu	rity	Beverages	Ent	Enterprise		Service		luciary		Total
General	\$	_	\$ -	\$	9,103	\$	4,811	\$	3,320	\$	18,536
Highway		-	-		-		12		-		18,363
Federal		-	-		-		-		-		9,969
Other Special Revenue		-	183,482		16		43		-		286,050
Other Governmental											566
		-	-		-		-		-		200
Employment Security		-	-		-		-		-		22
Employment Security Alcoholic Beverages		- - -	- - -		-		- - -		- -		
		- - -	- - -		- - - 1		- - -		- - -		
Alcoholic Beverages		- - - -	- - - -		- - 1 442		- - - 1,809		- - - 11		22
Alcoholic Beverages Non-Major Enterprise		- - - -	- - - -		•		1,809		- - - 11		22 - 307

Not included in the table above are interfund loans/advances, which are not expected to be repaid within one year. Postal, Printing & Supply (an internal service fund) owes \$111 thousand to the General Fund for operating capital.

Included in the Due to/Due from Other Funds is \$183.5 due to the Other Special Revenue Fund that relates to the future profit due from the Alcoholic Beverages Fund. These profits will be used solely to make payments on the Liquor Revenue Bonds until the bonds are paid in full. Additionally, \$98.5 million due to the Other Special Revenue Fund from the General Fund relates to the interfund borrowing authorized in Public Law 2013, Chapter 368, Part KKK-1.

Transfers are made in accordance with statutory authority. Significant transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund that statute requires to collect them to the fund that statute requires to expend them, 2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the funds required to pay debt service as principal and interest payments come due, 3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, 4) move profits from the Lottery Fund, and 5) transfer accumulated surpluses from other funds to the General Fund when authorized by statute.

During fiscal year 2014, the State of Maine, in accordance with the legislatively authorized budget, recorded the following non-routine, nonrecurring transfers.

The Other Special Revenue Fund transferred \$6.7 million to the unappropriated surplus of the General Fund.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2014, consisted of the following:

Interfund Transfers (Expressed in Thousands)

Transferred From

Transferred To	Ge	General		Highway		Federal		Other Special Revenue		Other Governmental	
General	\$	\$ -		-	\$	8,092	\$	97,820	\$	-	
Highway		2,016		-		21,838		1,346		-	
Federal		465		-		-		14,377		-	
Other Special Revenue		169,822		5,211		9,224		-		1,567	
Other Governmental Funds		26,749		-		-		-		1,107	
Employment Security		-		-		-		-		-	
Alcoholic Beverages		-		-		-		-		-	
Non-Major Enterprise		-		4,302		-		370		-	
Internal Service		7,855		6,807		-		-		-	
Fiduciary		-		-		-		61		738	
Total	\$	206,907	\$	16,320	\$	39,154	\$	113,974	\$	3,412	

Transferred From

Transferred To	Employment Security		Alcoholic Beverages		Non-Major Enterprise		Internal Service		Fiduciary		 Total
General	\$	-	\$	39	\$	52,646	\$	1	\$	10,497	\$ 169,095
Highway		-		-		-		-		-	25,200
Federal		643		-		-		-		5	15,490
Other Special Revenue		-		-		2,436		-		823	189,083
Other Governmental Funds		-		-		-		-		-	27,856
Employment Security		-		-		-		-		-	-
Alcoholic Beverages		-		-		-		-		-	-
Non-Major Enterprise		-		-		-		-		-	4,672
Internal Service		_		-		-		3,340		-	18,002
Fiduciary		-		-		-		-		-	799
Total	\$	643	\$	39	\$	55,082	\$	3,341	\$	11,325	\$ 450,197

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following schedule details changes in capital assets for the governmental activities and business-type activities of the primary government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014:

Primary Government - Capital Assets

(Expressed in Thousands)

		ginning Salance			ases and Additions		eases and letions		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:									
Capital assets not being depreciated									
Land	\$	571,268		\$	11,498	\$	7,384	\$	575,382
Construction in progress		83,273	**		41,283		14,567		109,989
Infrastructure		2,719,346	**		41,911				2,761,257
Total capital assets not being depreciated		3,373,887			94,692 *		21,951		3,446,628
Capital assets being depreciated									
Buildings		660,538			6,929		1,042		666,425
Equipment		265,956			24,933		22,268		268,621
Improvements other than buildings		52,251			19,740		116		71,875
Software		72,551			2,119				74,670
Total capital assets being depreciated		1,051,296			53,721 *		23,426		1,081,591
Less accumulated depreciation for									
Buildings		261,722			17,553		1,495		277,780
Equipment		177,461			22,896		15,846		184,511
Improvements other than buildings		34,681			9,239		41		43,879
Software		11,023			6,816		_		17,839
Total accumulated depreciation		484,887	,		56,504 *		17,382		524,009
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		566,409			(2,783)		6,044		557,582
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$	3,940,296	**	\$	91,909	\$	27,995	\$	4,004,210
	Be	ginning			_				Ending
	B	alance		Net A	Additions	Net I	Deletions	1	Balance
Business-Type Activities:									
Capital assets not being depreciated									
Land	\$	7,292		\$	-	\$	5,037	\$	2,255
Construction in progress		1,138			1,433		702		1,869
Total capital assets not being depreciated		8,430			1,433		5,739		4,124
Capital assets being depreciated									
Buildings		4,395			8		8		4,395
Equipment		36,339			821		4,892		32,268
Improvements other than buildings		48,767			702		8,345		41,124
Total capital assets being depreciated		89,501			1,531		13,245		77,787
Less accumulated depreciation for									
Buildings		2,176			132		-		2,308
Equipment		16,991			1,600		8,605		9,986
Improvements other than buildings		23,424			1,731				25,155
Total accumulated depreciation		42,591			3,463		8,605		37,449
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		46.010			(1.000)		1 (10		40,338
		46,910			(1,932)		4,640		40,336

^{*} The total Increase and Other Additions for Governmental Activities and Net Deletions for Business-Type Activities includes \$18.0 million in assets net of \$8.3 million in accumulated depreciation related to the transfer of assets from an Enterprise Fund in FY 2014. See Footnote 17 - Special Items disclosure for additional information.

^{**} As restated. Infrastructure assets were decrease by approximately \$1.5 billion due to a correction in the capitalization policy.

During the fiscal year, depreciation expense was charged to the following functions in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Activities for the primary government:

Governmental Activities – Depreciation Expense

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Amount		
Governmental Activities:			
Arts, Heritage and Cultural Enrichment	\$	16	
Business Licensing and Regulation		430	
Economic Development and Workforce Training		1,502	
Education		524	
Governmental Support and Operations		9,344	
Health and Human Services		8,963	
Justice and Protection		12,361	
Natural Resources Development and Protection		3,569	
Transportation Safety and Development		11,427	
Total Depreciation Expense – Governmental Activities	\$	48,136	

NOTE 9 - MAINE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

PLAN DESCRIPTIONS

The Maine Public Employees Retirement System, formerly named the Maine State Retirement System (the System) is a component unit of the State of Maine. Title 5 MRSA C. 421, 423, and 425 authorized the establishment and administration of the defined benefit plans. The System administers 2 cost sharing multipleemployer defined benefit plans which provide pension, disability, and death benefits to its members. The State Employees and Teachers Plan (SETP) is a multiple-employer cost sharing plan with a special funding situation. The plan covers employees of the State and public school employees (defined by Maine law as teachers). State of Maine is also a non-employer contributing entity in that the State pays the unfunded actuarial liability on behalf of teachers, while school districts contribute the normal cost, calculated actuarially, for their teacher members. The Participating Local Districts Plan (Consolidated PLD) covers employees of approximately 300 local municipalities and other public entities (Participating Local Districts, or PLDs) in Maine, each of which contracts for participation in the System under provisions of the relevant statutes. The System also administers a closed agent, multiple-employer defined benefit plan (Agent PLD) which covers PLD's who previously withdrew from the plan and single employers that could not join the Consolidated PLD Plan. The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) for the plan. The June 30, 2014 report may be obtained from the Maine Public Employees Retirement System, 46 State House Station, Augusta, ME 04333.

The total funds managed by the System are constitutionally restricted and held in trust for the payment of pension and related benefits to its members. The System's Board of Trustees, in its fiduciary capacity, establishes the System's investment policies and their overall implementation. The System maintains separate reserves and accounts for each participating entity and performs separate actuarial valuations for each participating entity's respective plan.

The System administers three defined contribution plans for employees of PLD's that elect to participate. At June 30, 2014, there were 66 employers participating in these plans. The 914 participants individually direct the \$25.0 million covered by the plans.

The System also provides group life insurance under a plan administered by a third party insurance company and invests long-term assets for 2 Retiree Health Insurance Post-Employment Benefits Investment Trust Funds. Note 10 provides for further disclosure.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The System's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Pension contributions are recognized as additions in the period when they become due pursuant to formal commitments or statutory or contractual requirements. Investment income is recognized when earned. Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognized in the period they are contributed. Pension benefits and contributions and premium refunds are recognized as deductions when due and payable in accordance with Statutes. Benefits payable incurred but not reported are reflected as other liabilities. Distributions from defined contribution plans are recognized in the period the disbursement is made.

INVESTMENTS

Investments are reported at fair value. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value. Fair value of shares in common collective trusts is based on unit values reported by the funds. The fair value of other investments, including private market partnerships, is based on third-party appraisals and valuations provided by the sponsor of the partnerships. Investment purchases and sales are recorded as of their trade date. Proceeds related to securities sold not yet purchased are carried as a liability and adjusted to the fair value of the securities.

CONTRIBUTION INFORMATION

Membership in each defined benefit plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2014:

	State		
	Employees		
	and Teachers	Consolidated	Agent Plan
	Plan	Plan for PLD	for PLD
Active vested and nonvested members	39,910	10,848	24
Terminated vested participants	7,571	2,071	14
Retirees and benefit recipients	32,611	8,333	191
Total	80,092	<u>21,252</u>	229
Number of participating employers	229	286	13
Number of non-employer contributors	1	-	-

Contributions from members, employers and non-employer contributors and earnings from investments fund retirement benefits. Disability and death benefits are funded by employer normal cost contributions and investment earnings. Member and employer normal cost contributions are each a percentage of applicable member compensation. Member contribution rates are defined by law or Board rule and depend on the terms of the plan under which a member is covered. Employers' contribution rates are determined by actuarial valuations.

The Maine Constitution, Maine statutes and the System's funding policy provide for periodic employer contributions in addition to the normal cost contributions for the SETP. These are actuarially determined amounts that, based on certain actuarial assumptions are sufficient to fully fund, on an actuarial basis, the SETP by the year 2028 (Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) payments). Level percentage of payroll employer contribution rates are determined using the entry age normal actuarial funding method. The System also uses the level percentage of payroll method to amortize the unfunded liability of the State employee and Teacher Retirement Program. For participating employers in the PLD Agent Plan, the level percentage of payroll method is also used.

The UAAL rate as applied to State employee members' compensation is first established through the annual valuation process as an amount that will meet the required unfunded actuarial accrued liability payment

amount; it is then adjusted in the State's budget process to take into account differences in salary growth projections of the State Budget Office. This adjusted rate, expressed as a percentage of payroll, is the actual rate paid by the State as payment of the required UAAL payment amount for State employees. For teachers, the actuarially determined UAAL amount is paid in 12 equal monthly installments. PLD employer contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates.

Upon termination of membership, members' accumulated employee contributions are refundable with interest, credited in accordance with statute. Withdrawal of accumulated contributions results in forfeiture of all benefits and membership rights. The annual rate of interest credited to terminated members' accounts is set by the System's Board of Trustees and is currently 5 percent.

STATE EMPLOYEES AND TEACHERS PENSION PLAN SPECIFICS

The System's retirement programs provide retirement benefits based on members' average final compensation and creditable service. Vesting occurs upon the earning of five years of service credit or the earning of one year of service credit immediately preceding retirement at or after normal retirement age. Normal retirement age for State employees and teachers is age 60, 62 or 65. The normal retirement age is determined by whether a member had met certain creditable service requirements on specific dates, as established by statute. The monthly benefit of members who retire before normal retirement age by virtue of having at least 25 years of service credit is reduced by a statutorily prescribed factor for each year of age that a member is below her/his normal retirement age at retirement. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits, which are established by statute for State employee and teacher members, and by contract with other participating employers under applicable statutory provisions.

PARTICIPATING LOCAL DISTRICTS PLAN SPECIFICS

In the event that a member of the Consolidated PLD Plan withdraws from the System, its individual employeemembers can terminate membership or remain contributing members of the Agency PLD plan. The PLD remains liable for contributions sufficient to fund benefits for its already retired former employee-members; for its terminated vested members; and for those active employees, whether or not vested, who remain contributing System members.

SPECIAL FUNDING SITUATION - TEACHERS DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Prior to fiscal year 2014, the State was legally responsible for contributions to the Teacher Group that covers retirees of other governmental entities. The State was the sole "employer" contributor for the teachers; and, therefore, was acting as the employer. Beginning in 2014, the State pays the unfunded actuarial liability on behalf of teachers, while school districts contribute the normal cost, calculated actuarially, for their teacher members.

FUNDED STATUS AND FUNDING PROGRESS - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The funded status of each plan as of June 30, 2014, the most recent biennial actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

		(Ex	xpressed in Thousands)			
	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	(b-a)/c)
		Actuarial Accrued Liability			Annual	UAAL (as a percentage
	Actuarial	(AAL) - Entry	Unfunded AAL	Funded	Covered	of covered
Plans	Value of Assets	Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	payroll)
SETP	10,083,707	12,382,225	2,298,518	81 4%	1,711,516	134 3%
PLD's 1	2,415,219	2,649,405	234,186	91 2%	461,243	50 8%
1 combined	Agency and Consolidated	PLD Plans				

The schedules of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, present multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial values of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the AALs for benefits. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation date follows:

	SEIP	PLD's
Valuation date	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2014
Actuarial cost method	Entry age	Entry age
Version	Individual	Individual
Amortization method	Level percent	Level dollar
	closed	open
Remaining amortization period	14	15
Asset valuation method	3 - Year smoothed	3 - Year smoothed
	market	market
	additional recognition	
	of past investment	
	gains in the asset	
	smoothing balance	
Asset valuation	FY14 37.5%	
	The State is responsible	
	for funding all costs for	
	its employees and the	
	UAAL for teachers.	
	School districts pay the	
	normal costs for	
Funding	teachers.	
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return	7.125%	7.25%
Projected salary increases	3.50%	3.50% - 9.50%
Includes inflation at	3.50%	3.50%
Cost of living adjustments	no change	3.12%
Former actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return	7.25%	no change
Cost of living adjustments	no change	2.55%
	the State paid all costs	
Funding	for State employees and teachers	
Most recent review of plan		
experience:	2011	2011

¹ The System amortizes the unfunded liability of the State and teacher plan over a closed period that cannot be longer than 31 years from July 1, 1997 but may be, and at certain times has been, shorter than that period In 2000, the amortization period was reduced to a 19-year period from June 30, 2000 In 2004, the Legislature relengthened the period to 25 years, the full extent of the then-remaining Constitutional years for the 2004-2005 biennium, and reshortened the period effective July 1, 2005 to the 13 years that will then remain in the earlier shortened period In 2005, the State repealed the "sunset" provision, with the result that the period for reduction of these unfunded actuarial liabilities continues to the full extent permitted by the State constitution, or June 30, 2028 The contribution rate in effect for 2010 was determined by the 2008 valuation, and reflects the relengthened amortization period The unfunded actuarial accrual liability of the judicial plan is amortized over a period of which 3 years remained at June 30, 2014

CONTRIBUTION RATES - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Maine Constitution, Maine Statutes and the System's funding policy provide for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, based upon certain assumptions, are expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll and are sufficient to accumulate adequate assets to pay benefits when due.

Significant actuarial assumptions used to compute the contribution requirements are the same as those used to compute the standardized measure of the pension obligation.

Contribution rates in effect for 2014 for participating entities:

<u>State</u>	
Employees ²	7.65 - 8.65%
Employer ²	13.25 - 40.43%
<u>Teachers</u>	
Employees	7.65%
Employer	2.65%
Non-employer entity	13.03%
Participating Local Entities	
Employees ²	3.0 - 8.0%
Employer ²	3.4 - 12.8%

¹ Employer contribution rates include normal cost and UAAL required payment, expressed as a percentage of payroll.

ANNUAL PENSION COST AND NET PENSION OBLIGATION

The State is one of several employers whose employees are System members. The State's net pension obligation shown at the end of the year includes the pension liability related to its employees and to the UAAL for the teacher members. The State's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the System for the current year were:

Net Pension Obligation

(Expressed in Thousands)

Annual required contribution	\$ 264,275
Interest on net pension obligation	144
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (174)
Annual pension cost	264,245
Contributions made	 264,275
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation	(30)
Net pension obligation beginning of year	1,989
Net pension obligation end of year	\$ 1,959

Analysis of Funding Progress

(Expressed in Thousands)

	A	Annual			Net
	P	ension	Percentage	P	ension
Year		<u>Cost</u>	Covered	Ob	<u>ligation</u>
2014	\$	264,245	100.01%	\$	1,959
2013		264,360	100.01%		1,989
2012		252,812	100.01%		2,010

Employer contributions met actuarially determined contribution requirements.

² Employer and employee retirement contribution rates vary depending on specific terms of plan benefits for certain classes of employees or, in the case of participating local districts (PLDs), on benefit plan options selected by a particular PLD. Withdrawn entities' contributions are set in dollar amounts, not as rates

COMPONENT UNIT PARTICIPANTS

The Maine Municipal Bond Bank, Maine Maritime Academy, and the Maine Public Employees Retirement System have defined benefit pension plans. All are participating local entity participants in plans administered by the Maine Public Employees Retirement System. For financial reporting purposes, employees of the Maine Community College System, Maine Educational Center for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing, and the Northern New England Passenger Rail Authority are combined with State employees for retirement benefit purposes and are included in the pension disclosures of the State.

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

POST-RETIREMENT HEALTHCARE PLANS

The State sponsors and contributes to two defined benefit healthcare plans: a sole employer plan for its employees, and county and municipal law enforcement officers and firefighters (First Responders). Each plan provides medical benefits to eligible retired employees and beneficiaries. Statute prescribes what portion of health insurance costs are funded by the State.

The State of Maine funds postretirement health care benefits for most retired State employees and legislators, as authorized by Title 5 MRSA § 285, and for a portion of the premiums for teachers, as authorized by Title 20-A MRSA § 13451. Pursuant to Title 5 MRSA § 285 most retired employees of the Maine Turnpike Authority, Maine Community College System, Maine Maritime Academy, Maine Public Employees Retirement System, and Maine Educational Center for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing are eligible to participate in the health plan but are not funded by the State. Specifically excluded (Title 5 MRSA § 285 1-B) are members of the Maine Municipal Association, Maine Teachers Association and employees of counties and municipalities and their instrumentalities, except as provided in subsection 11-A. Title 5 MRSA § 286-M included retired county or municipal law enforcement officers and municipal firefighters, as defined in subsection 286-M, who participate in an employer-sponsored retirement plan and, prior to July 1, 2007 were enrolled in a self-insured health benefits plan offered by the employing county or municipality.

The State pays 100 percent of postretirement health insurance premiums for state employee retirees who were first employed on or before July 1, 1991. A pro rata portion, ranging from zero percent for retirees with less than five years participation to 100 percent for retirees with ten or more years of participation, is paid for eligible individuals first employed after July 1, 1991. Per Title 5 MRSA § 285 paragraphs 2 and 3, coverage depends upon terms and conditions contained in collective bargaining agreements with the State Health Commission. Retirees who are not eligible for Medicare retain coverage in the same group health plan as active employees. Retirees must pay for Medicare Part B coverage to be eligible to participate in the Statefunded Companion Plan. Coverage for retirees ineligible for Medicare includes basic hospitalization; supplemental major medical and prescription drugs; and costs for treatment of mental health, alcoholism, and substance abuse.

Effective January 1, 2006, the State contribution to retired teacher health premiums was increased to 45 percent of the retiree-only premium. The rate is based on a single rate for single and employee plus children coverage, or 50 percent of the two party rate for two party and family coverage.

For State employees and teachers, other options exist. Part-time employees are eligible for prorated benefits with retirees who worked 50 percent or more of full-time hours receiving 100 percent of the benefit. Surviving spouses and dependents may continue in the plan and pay 100 percent of the premium. Retirees ineligible for a State contribution are allowed to participate and pay the retiree premium.

County and municipal law enforcement officers and municipal firefighters began coverage in Fiscal Year 2008 with the State contributing 45 percent of the retiree-only premium of their respective plans. The State's premium subsidy is based on the Title 5 MRSA § 285 paragraph 11-A C cost of the retiree's share of the individual premium for the standard plan identified and offered under the group health insurance plan in which

the retiree enrolls. The State subsidy ends after the retiree is eligible for Medicare. First Responders are eligible if they retire after age 50 with 25 or more years of service and receive a retirement benefit from either the MPERS or a defined contribution plan. If retirees have fewer than 25 years of service, the normal retirement benefit must be at least 50 percent of final average compensation. Retirees must also participate in their employer's health insurance plan or other fully insured health plan for at least 5 years. Retirees can elect to participate in the plan at their retirement date. If participation is waived at that time, the retiree is ineligible to participate at a later date.

The State also administers a fourth defined benefit healthcare plan, (Ancillary Group Plan), which covers two non-major discretely presented component units. Under the Ancillary Group Plan, the State acts as the plan administrator only.

Beginning in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008, each participating employer was required by GASB Statement 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employer for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, to disclose additional information with regard to funding policy, the employer's annual OPEB cost and contributions made, the funded status and funding progress of the employer's individual plan, and actuarial methods and assumptions used.

PLAN MEMBERSHIP

Membership in the four healthcare plans is as follows:

	State Employees	Teachers	First Responders	Ancillary Groups
Actives	12,416	27,733	902	77
Retirees	11,056	9,933	87	38
Total	23,472	<u>37,666</u>	989	<u>115</u>
Number of employers	1			2
Contributing entities		1	1	2

STATE EMPLOYEES PLAN FUNDING POLICY

Title 5 MRSA § 286-B authorized an Irrevocable Trust Fund for Other Post-employment Benefits to meet the State's unfunded liability obligations for retiree health benefits for eligible participants who are the beneficiaries of the irrevocable trust fund. Annually, beginning with the fiscal year starting July 1, 2007, the Legislature shall appropriate funds to meet the State's obligations under any group health plan, policy or contract purchased by the State Employee Health Commission. Unfunded liabilities may not be created except those resulting from experience losses. Unfunded liability resulting from experience losses must be retired over a period not to exceed 10 years. The unfunded liability for retiree health benefits for eligible participants must be retired in 30 years or less from July 1, 2007.

Public Law 2007, Chapter 240, amended Title 5 Chapter 421 by establishing the Irrevocable Trust for Other Post-employment Benefits. MPERS holds and invests long-term funds in the irrevocable trust fund. Its fiduciary responsibilities include setting investment policy in order to fund the plan in accordance with a projected disbursement schedule that does not begin before the year 2027.

TEACHERS PLAN AND FIRST RESPONDERS PLAN FUNDING

A special funding situation exists for these plans. The State is statutorily responsible for contributions to the Teachers Plan and the First Responders Plan that cover the retirees of other governmental entities. The State is the sole contributing entity for Teachers and the primary contributing entity for the First Responders, therefore, making the contribution on behalf of the employing jurisdictions at a 45 percent level for the current portion of the health plan costs and are not included in the Trust.

Public Law 2011, Chapter 380 Pt. Y § 2 established separate Irrevocable Trust Funds for Other Post-employment Benefits to meet the State's unfunded liability obligations for retiree health benefits for eligible participants who are the beneficiaries of the irrevocable trust funds. Annually, beginning with the fiscal year starting July 1, 2011, the Legislature shall appropriate funds to meet the State's obligations to retire the unfunded liability for eligible first responders in 30 years or less from July 1, 2007. Public Law 2013, Chapter 368 Pt. H §2 amended the starting date for funding teachers. As amended, annually, beginning with the fiscal year starting July 1, 2015, the Legislature shall appropriate funds to meet the State's obligations to retire the unfunded liability at June 30, 2006 for eligible teachers in 30 years or less from July 1, 2007.

No implied subsidy is calculated for either plan. The State does not pay for any of the costs of active employees. The State limited its contribution to 45 percent of the retiree-only premium.

ANCILLARY GROUP PLAN

The following plan, administered by the State, is financially independent and is not included in the State Retiree Health Internal Service Fund. This multiple-employer agent postemployment benefit plan covers 38 retirees of two non-major component units: Maine Educational Center for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing and the Northern New England Passenger Rail Authority. All active employees participate in the State Employee Group Health Insurance Plan. All eligible retired employees who elect coverage are included in this plan. The State Employee Health Commission establishes premiums annually.

ANNUAL OPEB COST

Contribution requirements are set forth in statute. The annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) for each plan is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The State's annual OPEB cost for the current year and the related information for each plan are as follows:

(Expressed in Thousands)

					J	First
	State	Employees	T	eachers	Res	ponders
Annual required contribution	\$	99,000	\$	45,000	\$	1,769
Interest on net OPEB obligation		6,000		8,000		186
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(13,000)		(15,000)		(344)
Annual OPEB cost		92,000		38,000		1,611
Contributions made		63,228		24,956		593
Increase (decrease) in net healthcare obligation		28,772		13,044		1,018
Net healthcare obligation beginning of year		111,228		185,956		4,644
Net healthcare obligation end of year	\$	140,000	\$	199,000	\$	5,662

The annual OPEB cost for the current year, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB (asset) obligation for each plan are as follows:

Analysis of Funding Progress

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Year	Annual OPEB	Percentage of OPEB Cost	Net OPEB
Plan			Contributed	Obligation
State Employees	6/30/2014	92,000	68.73%	140,000
	6/30/2013	87,000	78.16%	111,228
	6/30/2012	123,000	59.35%	92,228
Teachers	6/30/2014	38,000	65.67%	199,000
	6/30/2013	37,000	67.57%	185,956
	6/30/2012	49,000	44.90%	173,956
First Responders	6/30/2014	1,611	36.81%	5,662
	6/30/2013	1,563	36.92%	4,644
	6/30/2012	1,254	34.61%	3,658

FUNDED STATUS AND FUNDING PROGRESS

The funded status of the plans as of June 30, 2014 was as follows:

		(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	(b-a)/c)
Plan	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL (as a percentage of covered payroll)
State	June 30, 2014	167	1,224	1,057	13 64%	543	194 66%
Employees	June 30, 2013	150	1,166	1,016	12 86%	518	196 14%
(in millions)	June 30, 2012	136	1,316	1,180	10 33%	502	235 06%
Teachers	June 30, 2014	0	684	684	0 00%	1,106	61 84%
(in millions)	June 30, 2013	0	685	685	0 00%	1,194	57 37%
	June 30, 2012	0	665	665	0 00%	1,156	57 53%
First	June 30, 2013	0	22,369	22,369	0 00%	53,366	41 92%
Responders	June 30, 2012	0	23,442	23,442	0 00%	43,510	53 88%
(in thousands)	June 30, 2011	0	21,921	21,921	0 00%	42,242	51 89%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and that actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The required schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Projection of benefits are based on the terms of the substantive plan at the time of each valuation and include types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

	State Employees	Teachers	First Responders
Valuation date	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percent	Level percent	Level percent
Amortization method	closed	closed	closed
Remaining amortization period - UAAL	23	23	24
Plan changes	30-year fixed	30-year fixed	rolling 15 year period
Actuarial (gains) /losses	10-year fixed	15-year fixed	rolling 15 year period
Actuariai (gains) /losses	10-year fixed	13-year fixed	rolling 13 year period
Asset valuation method	investment gains and losses spread over a 5 - year period no less than 80% nor more than 120% of market value	n/a	n/a
Actuarial assumptions:			
Investment rate of return	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%
	7.25% ultimate	7.25% ultimate	
Projected salary increases	3.25%	3,25%	3.5% - 9.5%
Inflation rate	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Healthcare inflation rate	initial - actual premiums	initial - actual premiums	7.5% at 2014
	ultimate 5.00%	ultimate 5.00%	² ultimate 5.00% at 2024
Former actuarial assumptions:			
Healthcare inflation rate			8.5% in 2011
			ultimate 5.00% at 2019

¹ Total premium increases for FY14 and FY15 are limited to no more than 1.5 percentage points per year. The total premium increase for fiscal years ending after 6/30/15 is limited to CPI plus 3%.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The State's fiduciary financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Premiums are recognized when due and benefits are paid when incurred using the accrual basis of accounting. Premium refunds reduce premium revenue and claims recoveries reduce claims expense. Investment income is recognized when earned.

CONTRIBUTIONS AND RESERVES

The State Employees Health Insurance Committee establishes contributions to the plan by member employers and employees annually. Both active and retired members pay the same premium rate. Claims liabilities of the plan are periodically computed using statistical techniques to establish premium rates. Administrative costs of the plan are allocated to plan participants.

INVESTMENTS

Investments are reported at fair value. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value. Fair value of shares in managed investment pools is based on unit values reported by the funds. The fair value of other investments, including real estate holdings and mortgage participation agreements, are based on third-party appraisals and valuations provided by the sponsor of the agreement. Investment purchases and sales are recorded as of their trade date. Proceeds related to securities sold not yet purchased are carried as a liability and adjusted to the fair value of the securities.

² The State's total cost for retired teachers' health insurance premiums for FY14 and FY15 is budgeted at the FY11 funding level adjusted for projected membership growth. The increase in the State's total cost for fiscal years ending after June 30, 2015 is limited to CPI plus 3%.

POST RETIREMENT GROUP LIFE INSURANCE BENEFIT PLAN

The Maine Public Employees Retirement System, (the System), is a component unit of the State of Maine. For financial reporting purposes, the System administers an agent, multiple-employer, defined benefit Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP) administered by a third party insurance company in accordance with Title 5 MRSA C. 423 and 425. Members include employees of the State, public school employees (defined by Maine law as teachers), members of the Judiciary and the Legislature, that are eligible for membership in the System. Group life insurance benefits are also provided to employees of approximately 400 local municipalities and other public entities (Participating Local Districts, or PLDs) in Maine that elect to participate under provisions of the relevant statutes. The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) for the plan. The June 30, 2014 report may be obtained from the Maine Public Employees Retirement System, 46 State House Station, Augusta, ME 04333.

The Plan provides Basic group life insurance benefits, during retirement, to retirees who participated in the group life insurance plan prior to retirement for a minimum of 10 years. The 10 year participation requirement does not apply to recipients of disability retirement benefits. The level of coverage in retirement is initially set to an amount equal to the retiree's average final compensation. The initial amount of Basic group life insurance benefit is then subsequently reduced at the rate of 15 percent per year to the greater of 40 percent of the initial amount or \$2,500.

Group life insurance funds managed by the System are constitutionally restricted and held in trust for the payment of benefits to participants or their beneficiaries. The System's Board of Trustees, in its fiduciary capacity, establishes the System's investment policies and their overall implementation. The System maintains separate reserves and accounts for each participating entity and performs a single actuarial valuation that provides separate data for each participating entity.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The System's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Premiums paid, by or on behalf of those covered, are set and collected by the System. The insurance company makes benefit payments. The System remits payments to the insurance company for premiums collected plus additional payments representing administrative fees.

Group life insurance premiums are recognized as additions in the period when they become due. Investment income is recognized when earned. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Group life insurance benefits and premium refunds are recognized as deductions when due and payable in accordance with Statutes. In addition, an estimate is made for group life insurance death benefits incurred before year end but not reported to the System until after year end. Group life insurance death benefits incurred but not reported are reflected as other liabilities.

INVESTMENTS

Investments are reported at fair value. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value. Fair value of shares in managed investment pools is based on unit values reported by the funds. The fair value of other investments, including real estate holdings and mortgage participation agreements, are based on third-party appraisals and valuations provided by the sponsor of the agreement. Investment purchases and sales are recorded as of their trade date. Proceeds related to securities sold not yet purchased are carried as a liability and adjusted to the fair value of the securities.

FUNDING POLICY

Premium rates are those determined by the System's Board of Trustees to be actuarially sufficient to pay anticipated claims and cover administrative costs. For State employee, legislative and judicial classes, the premiums for retiree life insurance coverage are factored into the premiums paid for Basic coverage while participants are active members. The State remits premiums at a single rate that supports basic coverage for active and retired State employees. This rate is 63 cents per month for every \$1,000 of coverage. Premiums for retiree life insurance coverage for retired teachers are paid by the State based on a rate of 33 cents per \$1,000 of coverage per month during the post-employment retirement period.

ANNUAL OPEB COST

Contribution requirements are set forth in statute. The annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) for each plan is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The State's annual OPEB cost for the current year and the related information for each plan are as follows:

(Expressed in Thousands)

	State ployees	Teachers		
Annual required contribution	\$ 4,768	\$	3,440	
Interest on net OPEB obligation	\$ (136)	\$	-	
Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 128	\$		
Annual OPEB cost	\$ 4,760	\$	3,440	
Contributions made	\$ 4,199	\$	3,440	
Increase (decrease) in net healthcare obligation	\$ 561	\$	-	
Net healthcare (asset) obligation beginning of year	\$ (1,871)	\$	-	
Net healthcare (asset) obligation end of year	\$ (1,310)	\$	-	

The State's OPEB cost, percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation are as follows:

Analysis of Funding Progress

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Year	Annual OPEB	Percentage of OPEB Cost	Net OPEB
<u>Plan</u>	Ended	Cost	Contributed	(Asset)
State Employees	6/30/2014	4,760	88.21%	(1,310)
	6/30/2013	4,562	102.43%	(1,871)
	6/30/2012	3,224	145.29%	(1,760)
Teachers	6/30/2014	3,440	100.00%	-
	6/30/2013	3,099	100.00%	-
	6/30/2012	2.959	100.00%	_

FUNDED STATUS AND FUNDING PROGRESS

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2014 was as follows:

			(Expressed in Tl	nousands)			
		(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	(b-a)/c)
Plan	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL (as a percentage of covered payroll)
State	June 30, 2014	31,800	87,300	55,500	36 43%	563,500	9 85%
Employees	June 30, 2013	27,000	83,800	56,800	32 22%	572,800	9 92%
	June 30, 2012	24,700	80,900	56,200	30 53%	553,500	10 15%
	June 30, 2014	45,100	75,600	30,500	59 66%	666,200	4 58%
Teachers	June 30, 2013	36,000	74,200	38,200	48 52%	652,800	5 85%
	June 30, 2012	30,100	71,000	40,900	42 39%	630,800	6 48%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and that actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The required schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Projection of benefits are based on the terms of the substantive plan at the time of each valuation and include types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Valuation date June 30, 2014
Actuarial cost method Entry age normal
Amortization method Level percent
open

Asset valuation method market

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.25% PLD's all others 7.125%

Projected salary increases

Inflation rate

Cost of living increases in life benefits

Participation percent for future retirees

Form of benefit payment

3.5% - 10.50%

N/A

100.00%

Former actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.25% for all plans

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

The State records its liability for general obligation bonds in the Governmental Activities column on the Statement of Net Position. Other long-term obligations recognized by the State include: revenue bonds issued by the Maine Governmental Facilities Authority, a blended component unit; obligations under Certificates of Participation and other financing arrangements; loans payable to component unit for repayment of bonds issued by the Maine Municipal Bond Bank on behalf of the Maine Department of Transportation and the Healthcare Liability Retirement Fund; compensated employee absences; and the State's net pension obligation; other post-employment benefits; and obligations for pollution remediation and landfill closure and post-closure care costs.

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

Programs for which the State issues general obligation bonds include: adaptive equipment loan programs; environmental cleanup and protection; highway and transportation related projects; agricultural and small business job creation; and acquisition, construction, and renovation of major capital facilities including State parks and historic sites. General obligation bonds are secured by the full faith and credit of the State. Debt service requirements are provided by legislative appropriation from the State's general tax revenues and are repaid in annual installments beginning not more than one year after issuance.

Changes in general obligation bonds of the primary government during fiscal year 2014 were:

Primary Government - Changes in General Obligation Bonds

(Expressed in Thousands)

	В	alance					В	alance	Due	Within
	_ July 1, 2013		Additions		Retirements		June 30, 2014		One Year	
General Obligation Debt:		<u>.</u>		_		_		_		
General Fund	\$	261,495	\$	112,945	\$	67,445	\$	306,995	\$	65,670
Special Revenue Fund		108,230		-		16,035		92,195		15,275
Total	\$	369,725	\$	112,945	\$	83,480	\$	399,190	\$	80,945

Debt service requirements (principal and interest) for all outstanding general obligation bonds of the primary government, from June 30, 2014 until maturity, are summarized in the following table:

Future Debt Service on General Obligation Bonds

(Expressed in Thousands)

Fiscal				
Year	Principal_	Interest	Total	
2015	\$ 80,945	\$ 15,589	\$ 96,534	
2016	65,635	13,344	78,979	
2017	60,400	10,972	71,372	
2018	54,290	8,619	62,909	
2019	43,885	6,374	50,259	
2020 - 2024	94,035	11,216	105,251	
Total	\$ 399,190	\$ 66,114	\$ 465,304	

General fund, special revenue and other general obligation bonds issued and outstanding at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Primary Government - General Obligation Bonds Outstanding

(Expressed in Thousands)

			Fiscal Year Maturities		
	amounts Issued	tstading 20, 2014	First Year	Last Year	Interest Rates
General Fund:					
Series 2004	\$ 117,275	\$ -	2005	2014	2.00% - 5.27%
Series 2005	137,525	15,310	2006	2015	2.00% - 5.27%
Series 2006	52,390	10,470	2007	2016	4.00% - 5.51%
Series 2007	33,975	10,185	2008	2017	4.00% - 5.50%
Series 2008	46,525	18,600	2009	2018	3.00% - 5.13%
Series 2009	96,035	43,545	2011	2019	2.50% - 5.00%
Series 2010	31,755	11,670	2011	2020	1.41% - 4.00%
Series 2011	86,010	46,375	2012	2021	1.625% - 5.00%
Series 2012	49,265	37,895	2013	2022	1.00% - 5.00%
Series 2014	112,945	112,945	2015	2024	0.20% - 5.00%
Total General Fund		\$ 306,995			
Special Revenue Fund:					
Series 2004	\$ 13,000	\$ -	2005	2014	2.00% - 4.00%
Series 2007	27,000	8,100	2008	2017	4.00% - 5.50%
Series 2008	57,550	23,020	2009	2018	3.00% - 5.13%
Series 2009	37,310	23,120	2011	2019	2.50% - 5.00%
Series 2010	25,080	22,475	2011	2020	1.41% - 4.00%
Series 2011	22,125	15,480	2012	2021	1.625% - 5.00%
Total Special Revenue		\$ 92,195			

AUTHORIZED UNISSUED BONDS

Any bonds not issued within five years of the date of ratification may not be issued after that date. Within two years after expiration of the five-year period, the Legislature may extend, by a majority vote, the five-year period for an additional five years or may deauthorize the bonds. If the Legislature fails to take action within those two years, the bond issue shall be considered to be deauthorized and no further bonds may be issued. At June 30, 2014, general obligations bonds authorized and unissued totaled \$127.0 million.

REVENUE BONDS OF THE MAINE GOVERNMENTAL FACILITIES AUTHORITY

The State included \$187.2 million in other financing arrangements to reflect revenue bonds issued by the Maine Governmental Facilities Authority (MGFA), a blended component unit. Payment of the bonds is subject to, and dependent upon, biennial appropriations being made by the State Legislature. Debt issued by MGFA is not debt of the State or any political subdivision within the State. The State is not obligated for such debt, nor is the full faith and credit of the State pledged for such debt. MGFA may not issue securities in excess of \$347.8 million outstanding, at any one time, except for the issuance of certain revenue refunding securities.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, MGFA issued Series 2014A Bonds, which totaled \$10.1 million at an interest rate of 1.98 percent. A portion of the 2014A bonds totaling \$4.6 million were used to in-substance defease \$4.5 million in certain maturities of outstanding 2002 and 2003 bonds with an average interest rate of 4.75 percent. The net proceeds of approximately \$4.6 million, after payment of underwriting fees and other issuance costs, were used to purchase U.S. government securities which will provide for all future debt service payments on the defeased bonds. The economic benefits associated with the refunding inure to the lessee. The Authority reduced its aggregate debt service payments and the lessee's aggregate debt service payments by approximately \$0.3 million over the next nine years, resulting in an economic gain to the lessee of approximately \$0.3 million. At June 30, 2014, the remaining balance of in-substance defeased bonds total approximately \$4.5 million.

CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION AND OTHER FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS

The State uses financing companies, Certificates of Participation (COP's), and lease/purchase agreements to finance construction of certain State buildings, to purchase or generate software, and to purchase equipment and vehicles, including school buses. COP's are issued through a trustee, and the State is responsible for payments to the trustee that approximate the interest and principal payments made to the certificate holders. The State and school districts maintain custody and use of the assets; however, the trustee holds a lien as security until such time as the certificates are fully paid.

Neither COP's nor the other financing arrangements constitute a legal debt, liability, or contractual obligation in excess of amounts appropriated. The State's obligation to make minimum payments or any other obligation under agreements is subject to, and dependent upon, appropriations being made by the Legislature. The Legislature has no obligation to appropriate the money for future minimum payments or other obligations under any agreement.

SHORT-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The State of Maine issued and retired \$65 million of Bond Anticipation Notes during fiscal year 2014. Short-term obligations are used to meet temporary operating cash flow needs. At June 30, 2014 there were no outstanding Tax Anticipation Notes or Bond Anticipation Notes.

OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In general, expenditures and fund liabilities are not recorded in governmental funds for long-term obligations until amounts owed are "due and payable." Fund liabilities are recorded in the proprietary funds when obligations are incurred. In the Statement of Net Position, the State has recorded long-term obligations for its compensated employee absences, net pension obligation, other post-employment benefit obligations, pollution remediation landfill closure and post-closure care costs.

Changes in other long-term obligations for governmental and business-type activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, are summarized as follows:

$\label{lem:condition} \textbf{Primary Government - Changes in Other Long-Term Obligations}$

(Expressed in Thousands)

	1	Balance]	Balance	Due	Within
	July 1, 2013		Additions		Reductions		June 30, 2014		One Year	
Governmental Activities:										
MGFA Revenue Bonds	\$	199,910	\$	10,055	\$	22,790	\$	187,175	\$	19,205
COP's and Other Financing		47,938		94,052		35,180		106,810		33,333
Compensated Absences		41,712		7,769		5,969		43,512		6,236
Claims Payable		70,464		191,217		191,932		69,749		28,103
Capital Leases		38,975		1,888		5,648		35,215		5,571
Loans Payable to Component										
Unit		304,045		193,816		24,885		472,976		45,333
Net Pension Obligation		1,989		264,245		264,275		1,959		-
Other Post-Employment										
Benefit Obligation		298,061		129,218		87,081		340,198		-
Pollution Remediation and Landfill		32,132		953		5,400		27,685		-
Total Governmental Activities	\$	1,035,226	\$	893,213	\$	643,160	\$	1,285,279	\$	137,781
Business-Type Activities:										
Compensated Absences	\$	1,380			\$	322	\$	1,058	\$	128
Other Post-Employment										
Benefit Obligation		3,767		2,209		1,512		4,464		-
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	5,147	\$	2,209	\$	1,834	\$	5,522	\$	128

Debt service requirements (principal and interest) for COP's and other financing arrangements of the primary government, from June 30, 2014 until maturity, are summarized as follows:

Future Debt Service on MGFA Revenue Bonds, COP's and Other Financing Arrangements (Expressed in Thousands)

	Gov	vernmental Fu	Inte	rnal Service Fu	nds		
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	
2015	\$ 21,850	\$ 88	\$ 21,938	\$ 30,688	\$ 8,098	\$ 38,786	
2016	20,987	69	21,056	29,709	7,147	36,856	
2017	20,157	37	20,194	27,278	6,190	33,468	
2018	1,038	9	1,047	22,701	5,299	28,000	
2019	-	-	-	21,515	4,479	25,994	
2020 - 2024	-	-	-	49,237	14,407	63,644	
2025 - 2029	-	-	-	31,310	7,090	38,400	
2030 - 2034	-	-	-	17,515	1,550	19,065	
2035 - 2039	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	\$ 64,032	\$ 203	\$ 64,235	\$ 229,953	\$ 54,260	\$ 284,213	

LOANS PAYABLE TO COMPONENT UNIT

The State of Maine has pledged various revenue streams, as security for Grant Anticipation Bonds (GARVEE) and Transportation Infrastructure Revenue Bonds (TransCap) issued by the Maine Municipal Bond Bank (MMBB) on behalf of the Maine Department of Transportation to provide financing for qualified transportation projects.

In 2014 the State of Maine pledged the profit from the Alcoholic Beverages Enterprise Fund as security for \$220.6 million (\$193.8 million net of the debt service reserve) of bonds issued by MMBB. The bonds are special, limited obligations of the MMBB. The proceeds of the bonds were used for the purpose of making payments to health care providers for services provided prior to December 1, 2012 under the MaineCare program. A Due To Other Special Revenue Fund from the Alcoholic Beverages Enterprise Fund was recorded for \$183.5 million.

Changes in GARVEE, TransCap and Liquor revenue bonds during fiscal year 2014 were:

Primary Government - Changes in GARVEE, Trans Cap and Liquor Revenue Bond Payable (Expressed in Thousands)

	В	alance					В	alance	Due	Within
	July	1,2013	Additi	ons	Reti	rements	June	30, 2014	On	e Year
Loans Payable to Components Unit:										
Federal Funds	\$	95,960	\$	-	\$	12,713	\$	83,247	\$	13,137
Special Revenue Fund		208,085	193	,816		12,172		389,729		32,196
Total	\$	304,045	\$ 193	,816	\$	24,885	\$	472,976	\$	45,333

Payment of principal and interest on the GARVEE bonds shall be subject to appropriation each year by the Legislature in an amount sufficient to cover the principal and interest requirements of MMBB's debt for these bonds. The State's receipt of these funds is subject to continuing federal appropriations. MMBB insured payments of principal and interest with a financial guaranty insurance policy. The bonds do not constitute a debt or obligation of the State.

Principal and interest on TransCap bonds are payable solely from pledged revenues, pledged rights, and pledged TransCap funds and accounts. Pledged revenues include certain motor vehicle registration and other fees, a portion of excise tax on gasoline and other special fuel, and certain amounts required to be transferred from the Highway Fund. All pledged revenues are required to be transferred to the TransCap Fund. The bonds do not constitute a debt or liability of the State.

Payment of principal and interest on the Liquor bonds shall be made solely from the profit of the Alcoholic Beverages Enterprise Fund. The bonds do not constitute a debt or obligation of the State.

GARVEE, TransCap and Liquor Revenue bonds issued and outstanding at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

GARVEE, Trans Cap and Liquor Revenue Bonds Outstanding

(Expressed in Thousands)

					Fiscal Year	Maturities	
	A	Amounts Outstanding		First	Last	Interest	
		Issued	June 30, 2014		Year	Year	Rates
Federal Funds:							
Series 2004	\$	48,395	\$	10,410	2005	2015	2.50% - 5.00%
Series 2008		50,000		31,690	2009	2020	3.25% - 4.00%
Series 2010A		25,915		16,175	2011	2017	2.00% - 5.00%
Series 2010B		24,085		24,085	2018	2022	4.52% - 5.32%
Total Federal Funds			\$	82,360			
Special Revenue Fund:							
Series 2008	\$	50,000	\$	37,205	2009	2023	3.00% - 5.50%
Series 2009A		105,000		80,890	2010	2023	2.50% - 5.00%
Series 2009B		30,000		26,635	2010	2024	2.00% - 5.00%
Series 2011A		55,000		53,130	2012	2026	2.00% - 5.00%
Series 2013		220,660		220,660	2015	2024	1.07% - 4.35%
Total Special Revenue Funds			\$	418,520			

Total principal and interest requirements over the life of the 2004 GARVEE bonds are \$60.2 million, with annual requirements of up to \$5.5 million; for the 2008 GARVEE bonds total principal and interest requirements are \$63.1 million, with annual requirements of up to \$5.2 million; for 2010 GARVEE bonds total principal and interest requirements are \$66.3 million, with annual requirements of up to \$5.6 million. Federal transportation funds received by the State for the federal fiscal year preceding the issuance of the 2004 GARVEE bonds totaled \$175 million. Total federal highway transportation funds received in federal fiscal year 2014 were \$211 million. Current year payments to MMBB for GARVEE bonds were \$16.0 million (7.6 percent of federal highway transportation funds received).

Total principal and interest requirements over the life of the 2008 TransCap Revenue Bond are \$71.9 million, with annual requirements up to \$4.8 million. Total principal and interest requirements over the life of the 2009A TransCap Revenue Bonds are \$144.3 million, with annual requirements up to \$10.2 million; for the 2009B TransCap Revenue Bonds total principal and interest requirements are \$46.2 million, with annual requirements up to \$15.9 million. Total principal and interest requirements over the life of the 2011A TransCap Revenue Bond are \$84.2 million, with annual requirements up to \$20.3 million. Total revenue received for revenue sources used as pledged revenues were \$38.6 million in fiscal year 2014.

Total principal and interest requirements over the life of the Liquor Operation Bond are \$273.8 million, with annual requirements up to \$26.8 million. There were no principal payments paid to MMBB for the Liquor Operation Bond in fiscal year 2014.

OBLIGATIONS UNDER CAPITAL LEASES

The State leases various assets under non-cancelable leasing arrangements. Leases that constitute rental agreements are classified as operating leases; the resulting expenditures are recognized as incurred over the lease term. Leases that are comparable to purchases are classified as capital leases.

In the government-wide and proprietary fund statements, assets and liabilities resulting from capital leases are recorded at lease inception. The principal portion of lease payments reduces the liability; the interest portion is expensed.

Most leases have cancellation clauses in the event that funding is not available. For reporting purposes, such cancellation clauses are not considered because the likelihood that they will be exercised is considered remote. Some lease agreements include renewal or purchase options. The effect of such options is reflected in the minimum lease payments only if it is considered reasonably assured that an option will be exercised. Because the accounting treatment for installment purchase agreements is similar, such agreements are reported with capital leases.

Leases that exist between the State and the Maine Governmental Facilities Authority (MGFA), a blended component unit, are not recorded as leases in this report. In their separately issued financial statements, MGFA records a lease receivable from the State. Although payables and receivables technically exist between these parties, when combined for government-wide reporting, they are eliminated. A long-term liability exists on the government-wide statements for the bonds issued by MGFA to construct the assets associated with the leases. Future payments to MGFA are, therefore, not included in the schedule of lease commitments below.

At June 30, 2014 capital assets include capitalized buildings of \$74.1 million in Governmental Activities, net of related accumulated depreciation of \$42.7 million.

OBLIGATIONS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

The State is obligated under certain leases, accounted for as operating leases, in the proprietary funds. Operating leases do not give rise to property rights or lease obligations, and therefore assets and liabilities related to the lease agreements are not recorded in the State's financial statements. Rental expense incurred under operating leases totaled \$2.8 million during the year.

A summary of the operating and non-cancelable capital lease commitments to maturity follows:

Future Minimum Lease Payments Capital and Operating Leases

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Capital	Operating		
Fiscal Year	Leases	Leases		
2015	\$ 5,576	\$ 3,298		
2016	5,030	2,655		
2017	4,666	2,069		
2018	4,569	1,668		
2019	3,830	1,446		
2020 - 2024	11,198	3,674		
2025 - 2029	3,885	823		
2030 - 2034	1,658	580		
2035 - 2039	-	548		
2040 - 2044	-	628		
2045- 2049	-	721		
2050 - 2054	-	414		
Total Minimum Payments	40,412	\$ 18,524		
Less: Amount Representing Interest	5,197			
Present Value of Future Minimum Payments	\$ 35,215			

MGFA REVENUE BONDS, COP'S AND OTHER FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS

MGFA revenue bonds will be liquidated by the MGFA Internal Service Fund, from revenues received through lease agreements with various governmental funds. The liability for loans payable to the component unit will be liquidated from the Federal Fund and Highway Fund. The vast majority of COP's and other financing arrangements will be liquidated by the internal service fund in which the leases are recorded; the General and Highway Funds will pay relatively small amounts.

CLAIMS PAYABLE

Claims payable that represent Medicaid claims will be paid from the General Fund and Federal Fund. Claims payable that represent workers' compensation and retiree/employee health will be liquidated by the applicable governmental and internal service funds that account for the salaries and wages of the related employees. Other claims and judgments attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated by the General Fund and related special revenue funds.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

In the government-wide statements and proprietary fund financial statements, compensated absences are reported as long-term liabilities as required by GASB. In the governmental fund financial statements, vested or accumulated leave is reported as an expenditure and fund liability when incurred upon retirement, termination or death. Sick and vacation payments made to terminated employees as of June 30, 2014 but paid after the fiscal year end is also reported in the funds.

COMPONENT UNITS

Bonds payable of the discretely presented component units are legal obligations of the component units and are not general obligations of the State. The following table summarizes bonds outstanding for selected material balances of discretely presented component units, as reported in their separately issued financial statements, utilizing their respective fiscal year-ends:

Component Unit Bonds Outstanding

(Expressed in Thousands)

Component Unit	Interest Rates	Amount	Maturity Dates
Finance Authority of Maine	1.00%	1,400	2014 - 2025
Maine Community College System	3.0 - 5.0%	23,296	2014 - 2037
Maine Health and Higher			
Educational Facilities Authority	1.25 - 6.0%	973,110	2014 - 2040
Maine Municipal Bond Bank	.5 - 6.12%	1,636,960	2014 - 2044
Maine State Housing Authority	0.70 - 5.55%	1,273,628	2014 - 2042
Maine Turnpike Authority	2.0 - 6.0%	448,795	2014 - 2042
University of Maine System	2.0 - 5.0%	165,113	2014 - 2037

In periods of declining interest rates, MHHEFA has refunded its bond obligations, reducing aggregate debt service. The proceeds of the refunding bonds were principally used to purchase U.S. Government securities that will provide for future payment on the debt. At June 30, 2014 there were approximately \$118.0 million of in-substance defeased bonds remaining outstanding with respect to all advance-refunding issues within the reserve fund resolution.

On May 23, 2013, UMS issued \$65.3 million in revenue bonds to currently refund \$10.8 million in revenue bonds and to advance refund \$61.3 million in revenue bonds. UMS completed the refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the following 22 years by \$10.5 million and to obtain economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$7.5 million. The principal amount of debt refunded through in-substance defeasance was \$72.0 million. The amount still outstanding at June 30, 2014 was \$48.3 million. Refunding proceeds of \$77.0 million were placed in an escrow account to pay the interest due on the refunded bonds and to retire the bonds on their respective maturity dates which range from fiscal year 2013 through fiscal year 2015. The escrow is invested to yield enough earnings to pay required

future payments, which are \$50.6 million as of June 30, 2014. The refunding resulted in a deferred amount of refunding of \$3.9 million which represents the difference between the reacquisition price and the carrying value of the refunded bonds. The unamortized portion of the deferred amount on refunding is \$3.7 million at June 30, 2014. This amount is included in deferred outflows.

In periods of declining interest rates, MMBB has refunded certain of its bond obligations, reducing aggregate debt service. Where allowed, the bank retires outstanding bonds prior to their contractual maturity. In other cases, the proceeds of the refunding bonds were principally used to purchase U.S. Government securities that will provide for future payment on the debt. The U.S. Treasury obligations are deposited with the trustees of the in-substance defeased bonds. At June 30, 2014 the remaining balances of the General Tax-Exempt Fund Group in-substance defeased bonds total approximately \$132.9 million.

For the period ended December 31, 2013, MSHA redeemed prior to maturity \$435.1 million of its Mortgage Purchase Fund Group bonds from surplus revenues and the proceeds of refunding bonds. Mortgage Purchase Fund losses of \$0.7 million were attributed to recognition of the bond discount and debt issuance expenses associated with the redeemed bonds.

The following table summarizes debt service requirements for outstanding bonds of the discretely presented component units:

Component Units Principal Maturities (Expressed in Thousands)

Fiscal Year Ending	F	AME	MMBB	B MCCS		MCCS		MCCS MSHA		MTA		UMS		M	MHHEFA	
2015	\$	807	\$ 122,825	\$	649	\$	29,360	\$	17,820	\$	7,741	\$	51,505			
2016		58	136,407		671		35,965		18,655		7,837		46,515			
2017		58	130,604		698		42,485		19,445		8,140		46,835			
2018		59	127,434		729		51,215		20,365		9,122		46,765			
2019		59	126,805		756		47,690		21,315		8,557		47,855			
2020 - 2024		307	534,115		4,305	2	246,845		80,410		41,749		242,925			
2025 - 2029		52	312,821		5,440	3	322,300		102,540		35,105		216,200			
2030 - 2034		-	79,510		6,488	2	243,470		81,975		32,055		161,210			
2035 - 2039		-	8,125		2,947	2	220,285		44,660		4,136		100,655			
2040 - 2044		-	3,575		-		35,975		15,950		-		12,645			
2045 - 2049		-	560		-		-		-		-		-			
Net unamortized premium																
or (deferred amount)		-	54,179		613		(1,962)		25,660		10,671		-			
Total Principal Payments	\$	1,400	\$1,636,960	\$	23,296	\$1,2	273,628	\$	448,795	\$	165,113	\$	973,110			

NOTE 12 - SELF-INSURANCE

A. RISK MANAGEMENT

The State maintains several types of insurance plans and accounts for them in two funds that are combined for financial statement purposes as the Risk Management Fund. The Risk Management Division provides insurance advice and services to State governmental agencies. The State-Administered Fund offers similar services to quasi-governmental entities. Statute requires the Self-Insurance Fund to be replenished by appropriation if the fund balance drops below \$1 million. The State-Administered Fund balance has no similar provision; however, statutes prevent it from being used for any purpose other than providing insurance services.

Insurance plans offered include property, vehicle, boat and aircraft, tort, civil rights, employee bonds, police professionals, and a variety of other insurance products. These plans have limits of liability of as much as \$2 million per occurrence.

In some cases the State purchases excess insurance to limit the State's liability for insured events. For example, coverage for property damage is \$400 million per occurrence. The State retains \$2 million of this risk per occurrence. A private insurance carrier covers the remaining risk (excess insurance). Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Coverage, risk retention, and excess insurance amounts for major types of insurance are listed below:

	Coverage	Risk Retention	Excess Insurance
Type of Insurance	Per Occurrence	Per Occurrence	Per Occurrence
Property *	\$400 million	\$ 2 million	\$400 million
Ocean Marine Boat Liability *1	10 million	10 thousand	10 million
Boiler and Machinery*	150 million	2 million	150 million
General Liability Including			
Employment Practices	400 thousand	400 thousand	none
Police Professionals	400 thousand	400 thousand	none
Vehicular Liability ²	400 thousand	400 thousand	600 thousand
Bonding	500 thousand	500 thousand	none
Foster Parents	300 thousand	300 thousand	none
Inland Marine (various policies)	500 thousand	500 thousand	none
Aircraft Liability*3	3 million	none	3 million

^{*} These lines of insurance have commercial excess insurance covering losses above the risk retention amount up to the per occurrence amount listed. All other insurance programs are wholly self-insured.

The plan funds the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging a premium to each agency based on a review of past losses and estimated losses for the current period.

All risk-financing liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Claims liabilities represent the estimated cost of claims as of March 31, 2014.

¹\$10 million is the maximum limit for per occurrence coverage. Some agencies have chosen \$400 thousand.

²Excess insurance is only for out of state travel.

³\$3 million is the maximum limit for per occurrence coverage. Some agencies have chosen \$500 thousand.

This cost of claims includes case reserves, the development of known claims, and the direct administrative expenses for settling specific claims.

Claims liabilities are determined on an actuarial basis. Biennial re-evaluation occurs to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors. Because actual claims liabilities depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing claims liability does not necessarily result in an exact amount.

At March 31, 2014 and 2013, the present value of the claims payable for the State's self-insurance plan was estimated at \$4.3 million and \$4.0 million, respectively. The actuary calculated this based on the State's rate on investments.

Risk Management Fund Changes in Claims Payable

(Expressed in Thousands)

	2014		2	013	
Liability at Beginning of Year	\$	4,032	\$	3,770	
Current Year Claims and					
Changes in Estimates		1,706		686	
Claims Payments		1,444		424	
Liability at End of Year	\$	4,294	\$	4,032	

As of June 30, 2014, fund assets of \$26.1 million exceeded fund liabilities of \$4.6 million by \$21.5 million. The portion of this amount that may be reserved for catastrophic losses has not been determined.

B. Unemployment Insurance

The State is self-insured for unemployment compensation. As a direct reimbursement employer, the State recognizes all costs for unemployment compensation as claims are paid. These costs totaled \$1.3 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

C. WORKERS' COMPENSATION

Workers' Compensation is accounted for in an Internal Service Fund. Interfund premiums are treated as quasi-external transactions. Each State agency is charged a premium based on the number of employees to be covered plus an added amount to reduce the unfunded liability. The Legislature, Legislative Council, and Law Library employees are self-insured for workers' compensation purposes. The State assumes the full risk of all claims filed for workers' compensation.

Claims liabilities are actuarially determined based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims, including future claim adjustment expenses that have been incurred but not reported and claims reported but not settled. Because actual claims liabilities depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing claims liability does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims liabilities are re-evaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors.

The balance of claims liabilities as of June 30, 2014:

Workers' Compensation Fund Changes in Claims Payable

(Expressed in Thousands)

	2014	2013
Liability at Beginning of Year	\$ 43,847	\$ 42,113
Current Year Claims and		
Changes in Estimates	9,311	11,069
Claims Payments	8,409	9,335
Liability at End of Year	\$ 44,749	\$ 43,847

Based on the actuarial calculation as of June 30, 2014, the State is liable for unfunded claims, and incurred but not reported claims, of approximately \$54.1 million. The discounted amount is \$44.7 million and was calculated based on a 3.0 percent interest rate on investments.

D. EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE

The employee health and retiree health insurance programs are accounted for in two Internal Service Funds. The State became self insured for employee and retiree health care coverage on July 1, 2003. A stop loss agreement with Aetna provides catastrophic coverage for individual claims exceeding \$500 thousand.

The State retained third-party administration (TPA) services for claims administration, utilization review, and case management services. Premium equivalents are paid to the TPA based upon rates established with the technical assistance of the plan's consulting actuary.

There are two primary health plans available. POS II is a point-of-service plan available to all active employees and retirees not eligible for Medicare. Smart Value is a Medicare Advantage plan available to Medicare eligible retirees. Total enrollment averaged approximately 37,800 covered individuals. This total includes 30,000 active employees and dependents and 7,800 Medicare retirees and dependents.

Claims expenses are recorded when premiums are paid to the claims servicing contractor. At the end of the period, the total of these premium payments are compared with the actual claims paid and claims expense is adjusted for any overage or shortage with an offsetting receivable or liability recorded. For the period ending June 30, 2014 the State recorded a receivable of \$6.9 million for an overpayment of health care premiums.

Expenses and liabilities for incurred but not reported claims, based on an actuarial analysis of claim lag pattern, have been recorded as liabilities in the amount of \$20.7 million. Changes in the Employee Health Insurance and Retiree Health Insurance claims liability for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014 follows (in thousands):

	nployee lth Fund	 etiree lth Fund
Liability at Beginning of Year	\$ 16,939	\$ 5,646
Current Year Claims and		
Changes in Estimates	154,540	25,660
Claims Payments	155,949	 26,130
Liability at End of Year	\$ 15,530	\$ 5,176

The table above reflects actual activity of the employee health and retiree health insurance programs. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 45, certain costs reported above were reclassified for financial statement purposes. Retiree healthcare costs of \$48.3 million were reclassified from the internal service fund to the OPEB Trust Fund, a fiduciary fund. Additionally, \$15.0 million of active employee healthcare costs was reclassified from the internal service fund to the OPEB Trust Fund to reflect age-adjusted claims.

NOTE 13 – JOINT VENTURES

Joint ventures are independently constituted entities generally created by two or more governments for a specific purpose. The State of Maine participates in two separate joint venture arrangements: the Tri-State Lotto Commission (Commission) and the Multi-State Lottery Association (MUSL).

Tri-State Lotto Commission

The Commission was established in 1985 pursuant to passage into law of the Tri-State Lotto Compact by the States of Maine, New Hampshire, and Vermont. The Commission is authorized and empowered to promulgate rules and regulations regarding the conduct of lottery games, including ticket prices, prizes, and the licensing of agents under Title 8 MRSA C. 16.

The Commission is composed of one member from each of the participating states. Each member State's commission appoints one of its members to serve on the Commission and each member holds office at the pleasure of his or her appointing authority. The Commission annually elects a chairman from among its members. The Commission designated that 50 percent of its sales revenue be reserved for prize awards and agent bonuses.

A prize award liability is established when the winning ticket number is selected. If no winning ticket is selected, the available jackpot is carried over to the following drawing. The Tri-State Lotto Compact requires that prizes not claimed within one year from the date of the drawing be forfeited. All expired unclaimed prizes are credited to future prize pools. The Commission funds its jackpots through annuity contracts purchased from insurance companies and U.S. Government Treasury Strips.

A proportional share of revenues and expenses are allocated to each State based on ticket sales made by each State. Exceptions are the facility's management fee, which is based on a contracted percentage of operating

revenue that varies from State to State, per diem charges, advertising, and certain printing, travel, and miscellaneous costs, which are allocated based on actual charges generated by each state.

The Tri-State Lotto Commission financial report for fiscal year 2014, which may be obtained from the Bureau of Alcoholic Beverages and Lottery Operations, 8 State House Station, Augusta, ME 04333-0008, includes the following selected financial information:

Tri-State Lotto Commission (Expressed in Thousands)

Current Assets Noncurrent Assets Total Assets	\$ 	15,777 33,794 49,571
	<u> </u>	
Current Liabilities	\$	13,165
Long-term Liabilities		26,634
Total Liabilities		39,799
Designated Prize Reserves		4,346
Reserve for Unrealized Gains		5,426
Total Net Position		9,772
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	49,571
Total Revenue	\$	56,123
Total Expenses		37,658
Allocation to Member States		18,465
Change in Unrealized Gain on Investments Held for Resale		(1,381)
Change in Net Position	\$	(1,381)

Multi-State Lottery Association

The Maine State Lottery became a member of the Multi-State Lottery Association (MUSL) in July 2004. The MUSL currently has 36 member State lotteries, including the District of Columbia and the United States Virgin Islands. The MUSL is managed by a board of directors, which is comprised of the lottery directors or their designee from each of the party States, and authorized to initiate, promulgate, administer and carry out one or more lottery product offerings that will enhance the participating parties' lottery revenue.

Participating lotteries sell Powerball tickets, collect all revenues, and remit prize funds to the MUSL, net of lower tier prize awards. The operating costs of the board are divided equally among all of the participating lotteries. Jackpot prizes payable in installments are satisfied through investments purchased by the MUSL. The MUSL purchases US government obligations which are held in irrevocable trusts established by the MUSL for the benefit of participating State lotteries. Each week the MUSL allocates 50 percent of sales to the prize pool. If no winning ticket is selected, the available jackpot is carried over to the following jackpot drawing.

The Multi-State Lottery Association's financial report for fiscal year 2014 which may be obtained from the Bureau of Alcoholic Beverages and Lottery Operations, 8 State House Station, Augusta, ME 04333-0008, includes the following selected information:

Multi-State Lottery Association

(Expressed in Thousands)

Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 469,342
Investments in US Government Securities	69,335
US Government Securities Held for Prize Annuities	140,912
Due from Party Lotteries	15,717
Patent, net of accumulated amortization	10,140
Other Assets	705
Total Assets	\$ 706,151
Amount Held for Future Prizes	\$ 552,055
Grand Prize Annuities Payable	141,057
Other Liabilities	2,836
	695,948
Net Position, Unrestricted	 10,203
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 706,151
Total Revenue	\$ 3,170
Total Expenses	 4,991
Excess of revenue over expenses	(1,821)
Net Position, beginning	12,024
Net Position, ending	\$ 10,203

NOTE 14 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

The State of Maine entered into memoranda of understanding with the Wells National Estuarine Research Reserve Management Authority, a jointly governed organization, through the Bureau of Parks and Lands. These agreements outline each entity's responsibilities in relation to the operation of the Reserve and the management of the property included within the boundaries of the Reserve. The Authority's responsibilities are generally to manage the Reserve consistent with the Wells National Estuarine Research Reserve Management Plan dated 2013 to 2018.

COMPONENT UNITS

The State provided appropriations and grant monies to the following discretely presented component units: University of Maine System, \$224.2 million; Maine Community College System, \$64.2 million; Maine Municipal Bond Bank, \$43.0 million; Finance Authority of Maine, \$11.0 million; and Maine State Housing Authority, \$14.2 million.

FAME administers several revolving loan funds on behalf of the State of Maine. FAME recorded these funds, which total \$29.7 million at June 30, 2014, as a liability in Amounts Held Under State Revolving Loan Programs in their fiduciary financial statements. The state reports the asset as a receivable in the Special Revenue Fund. During fiscal year 2014, the State expended \$2.6 million to FAME for State revolving loan funds. The State also transferred \$1 million from its Loan Insurance Reserves to FAME. In fiscal year 2014, State statute required FAME to return \$1 million of the Loan Insurance Reserves. As of June 30, 2014, \$1 million was owed to the State.

Title 20-A MRSA Chapter 419-A established the Maine State Grant Program as a fund under the jurisdiction of the Finance Authority of Maine. All grant revenues under this fund must be distributed by FAME to students who meet the eligibility requirements for a grant under this chapter. During fiscal year 2007, the NextGen College Savings grant funds and the Maine State Grant funds were pooled into the new State of Maine Grant. FAME paid approximately \$5.8 million in grants to the University of Maine System (UMS) on behalf of eligible students. The UMS reflected these as grant revenues from the State.

The Maine Turnpike Authority (MTA) pays the State for services rendered by the Maine State Police (MSP). MSP has a separate troop responsible for patrolling the Maine Turnpike. MTA pays all costs associated with that troop. For fiscal year 2014, the amount billed totaled \$6.0 million.

NOTE 15 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

LITIGATION

The State of Maine, its units, and its employees are parties to numerous legal proceedings, many of which are the result of normal governmental operations. In the opinion of the Attorney General and other legal counsel representing the State, in all of the cases listed, the State or its agencies or employees have valid defenses. Certain cases have the potential for liability in excess of \$1 million. Even if liability is found, the State should not expect to pay out the full amounts being sought against it in all of the cases. In any given case, however, the State could incur a large judgment.

Aldrich v. LePage. This matter involves the provision of home- and community-based services to persons with intellectual disabilities and/or autism. The case is before the Superior Court of Maine. The case has just been settled. It will cost the State more than \$1 million in the provision of services.

John F. Murphy Homes v. State of Maine (Me. Superior Court). The claim is in the amount of \$7+ million for payments allegedly due for educational services over the last dozen years. Discovery is ongoing. We estimate a low-medium chance of losing more than \$1 million.

In various lawsuits, Plaintiffs seek damages in excess of \$1 million against the State or against State officials, and various notices of claim also specify damages in excess of \$1 million where no lawsuit has been filed. In none of these lawsuits, in the view of the Attorney General, is there any reasonable possibility that the State's liability could reach or exceed \$1 million. Therefore, these suits have not been individually identified.

Numerous workers' compensation claims are now pending against various State agencies. Since most claims involve the possibility for significant long-term damages, and since the test for demonstrating a causal relationship between the employment and the illness or injury is not as rigorous as in ordinary civil cases, these cases involve the possibility of significant liability for the State. Since possible damages include future medical costs and wage replacements for the employee (and in some cases spouse), it is difficult to estimate the total potential liability to the State.

All other legal proceedings are not, in the opinion of management after consultation with the Attorney General, likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the State.

ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrances are reported in the restricted, committed, and assigned fund balances of the governmental funds. General fund, highway fund, federal fund, other special revenue fund and other governmental funds balances are \$28.2 million, \$2.3 million, \$115.0 million, \$23.6 million and \$1.8 million, respectively.

FEDERAL GRANTS

The State receives significant financial assistance from the federal government. The receipt of grants is generally dependent upon compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Grants are subject to the Federal Single Audit Act. Disallowances by federal officials as a result of these audits may become liabilities of the State. The amount of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor agencies cannot be determined at this time.

POLLUTION REMEDIATION

The Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) and Department of Transportation (DOT) have pollution remediation obligations as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 49. The State's total amount of pollution remediation obligation as of June 30, 2014 is \$20.3 million. Superfund sites account for approximately \$9.4 million. Superfund is the federal government program to clean up hazardous waste sites.

The following are Superfund sites for which the State has recorded a liability for pollution remediation activities:

Eastland Woolen Mill – The State recorded a liability for pollution remediation activities of approximately \$1.1 million. Currently the State shares the costs with Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in a cost-sharing ratio of 10 percent State, 90 percent EPA. Beginning in September of 2018, the State will assume 100 percent of the operation and maintenance and long-term monitoring costs.

Eastern Surplus – The State recorded a liability for pollution remediation activities of approximately \$1.4 million. Beginning in August of 2012, the State assumed 100 percent of the operation and maintenance and monitoring costs. As of June 30, 2014 the State has received \$2 million in recoveries from the Department of Defense. The State expects to recover additional costs of \$321 thousand.

Callahan Mine – The State recorded a liability for pollution remediation activities of approximately \$6.9 million. Currently the State shares the costs with EPA in a cost-sharing ratio of 10 percent State, 90 percent EPA. The State will assume 100 percent of the cost for the operation and maintenance of the site.

The State recorded a liability for pollution remediation activities of approximately \$11.5 million (net of unrealized recoveries of \$671 thousand) related five uncontrolled hazardous substance sites. The State expects to recover \$2.9 million in costs. The Uncontrolled Hazardous Substance Sites Program was created in response to the threats and potential threats to human health and the environment posed primarily by abandoned hazardous waste sites. The Uncontrolled Hazardous Substance Sites program is the State's equivalent to the Federal Superfund Program.

The State has the knowledge and expertise to estimate the remediation obligation based on prior experience in identifying and funding similar remediation activities. The standard requires the liability to be measured using the expected cash flow technique. The remediation obligation estimates are subject to change over time. Cost may vary due to price fluctuations, changes in technology, changes in potential responsible parties, results of environmental studies, changes to statues or regulations and other factors that could result in revisions to these estimates. Prospective recoveries from responsible parties may reduce the State's obligation.

MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE LANDFILLS

Dolby Landfills – On September 16, 2011 the State entered into an agreement with Katahdin Paper Company (KPC) to acquire the Dolby Landfill, a solid waste disposal facility, located in the Town of East Millinocket. The State, as a holder of the permits, is responsible for closure and post closure monitoring and maintenance activities and costs.

The State will recognize a portion of the estimated total current cost of closure and postclosure care as an expense and a liability on the Statement of Activities and Statement of Net Position, respectively, in each period that the landfill accepts solid waste. The \$7.4 million reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2014, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 94 percent of the estimated capacity of the landfill. The State will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$465 thousand as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. Based on estimated annual disposal volumes of 500 cubic yard to 1,000 cubic yards per year, the estimated remaining landfill life would be 400 to 800 years. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

Cost-Sharing Program – Title 38 M.R.S.A., §1310-F establishes within the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) a cost-sharing program for the closure and remediation of municipal solid waste landfills that pose an actual or potential hazard to the environment and public health.

The State has an obligation to provide cost sharing for remediation and closure activities to municipalities; however this obligation is subject to the availability of funds approved for that purpose. Until fiscal year 2013, there was no solid waste funding available to reimburse municipalities for closure or remediation activities. In 2013, a fee on disposal of Construction and Demolition Debris (CDD) earmarked for landfill closure and remediation came into effect under 38 MRSA §2203-A for these obligations as discussed below. The fee effective January 1, 2013 was \$1.00 per ton of CDD and doubled to \$2.00 effective January 1, 2014. In fiscal year 2014, during which both rates applied, the CDD fee generated \$530 thousand. A full year of that fee at \$2.00 per ton is expected to generate \$770 thousand.

Regarding landfill closures, changes per PL 2011, c.544 to landfill legislation at 38 MRSA §1310-F(1-B)(E) extended DEP's obligation to reimburse 75% of landfill closure expenses at municipal landfills that incur eligible closure costs until 2015. In fiscal year 2014, \$203 thousand was reimbursed to municipalities for closure expenses. As of the end of fiscal year 2014, the DEP has received applications from four municipalities and has a total outstanding obligation, after fiscal year 2014 payments, of \$5.2 million in closure expenses. This closure obligation will increase in fiscal year 2015 as one landfill is still undergoing closure construction and will incur additional costs and several other municipalities have landfills that will be eligible for reimbursement of closure costs if they elect to close by the 2015 deadline.

Regarding landfill remediation, under the law the State is obligated to pay up to 90% of the cost of remediation for threats posed by municipal landfills to the public health and the environment after closure. Remediation expenses are ongoing and have no specific timeframe. In fiscal year 2014, \$256 thousand was reimbursed to municipalities in remediation expenses. As of the end of fiscal year 2014, the DEP obligation for remediation expenses after fiscal year 2014 payments, total \$2.6 million. In light of ongoing investigations at closed landfills that show additional work is necessary and the increasing frequency of residential development near closed municipal landfills, the State's obligation for landfill remediation is expected to increase.

As of June 30, 2014, the DEP's total landfill closure and remediation obligation to municipalities is \$7.8 million. A full year of the CDD fee at \$2.00 per ton is estimated to generate \$770 thousand, indicating that at the current funding rate and obligation, it will take approximately 10 year for the DEP to fully fund its closure and remediation obligation. However, the financial obligation is expected to increase as additional eligible landfills close prior to the 2015 deadline; and as remediation expenses at closed landfills continue, extending this timeline for repayment.

SAND AND SALT STORAGE PROGRAM

The State estimates the potential aggregate cost to comply with the environmental requirements associated with the Sand and Salt Storage program to be \$6.4 million. This consists of approximately \$2.1 million for State-owned facilities and approximately \$4.3 million for the State's share, under a cost sharing arrangement, for municipal facilities.

POLLUTION ABATEMENT PROGRAM

Title 38 MRSA § 411, § 411-A, § 412 establishes within DEP cost-sharing programs for pollution abatement projects. Subject to funding by the Legislature and the approval of the Commissioner, the State may contribute to the planning of municipal pollution abatement facilities; the design, engineering and construction of private, commercial and municipal pollution abatement facilities; and make payments to the Maine Municipal Bond Bank to supply the State's share of the revolving loan fund established by Title 30-A §6006-A. During the 2014 fiscal year, \$5.6 million of general obligation bond funds were expended for pollution abatement projects. As of June 30, 2014, amounts encumbered for pollution abatement projects totaled \$620 thousand; and general obligation bonds authorized for these projects, but not yet encumbered or expended, totaled \$320 thousand. As of June 30, 2014, DEP estimated the total cost (federal, State, and local) of future projects to be \$1 billion.

GROUND WATER OIL CLEAN-UP FUND

The Ground Water Oil Clean-up Fund is established in Title 38 MRSA § 569-A. Fund activities include, but are not limited to, providing insurance to public and private entities for cleanup of oil spills. The program is funded by a per barrel assessment on petroleum products imported into the State. Coverage is up to \$1 million per occurrence for both aboveground and underground storage tanks. Third party injury coverage may not exceed \$200 thousand per claimant.

A report to the legislature dated February 15, 2007, submitted by the Maine Department of Environmental Protection (DEP), identified 359 long-term remediation sites as of January 2007 that are covered by the insurance program. As of August 28, 2007 there were 377 sites on the long-term remediation priority list. Since it is not possible for the DEP to estimate the cost of remediation, the State has not accrued a liability in the financial statements.

CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

A portion of the payment that is made to municipalities for General Purpose Aid to Local Schools is allocated for debt service. Although the outstanding indebtedness for school construction projects is debt of the municipalities, the State subsidizes 46.8 percent of the annual payments. As of June 30, 2014, outstanding commitments by municipalities for school bond issues that are eligible for State subsidy totaled \$904.3 million.

At June 30, 2014, the Department of Transportation had contractual commitments of approximately \$182.8 million for construction of various highway projects. The State's share of that amount is expected to be approximately \$40.3 million. Of these amounts, \$5.2 million has already been accrued. Federal and State funds plus bond proceeds are expected to fund these future expenditures.

TOBACCO SETTLEMENTS

On November 23, 1998, Maine along with 45 other states and six civil jurisdictions (collectively known under the MSA as the "Settling States"), entered into a Master Settlement Agreement (MSA) with certain Participating Tobacco Manufacturers (PM's). The MSA is a settlement of lawsuits brought by many States against the four largest tobacco companies alleging multiple counts of misconduct and claiming punitive and compensatory damages, including a claim for all the State's Medicaid costs caused by or related to tobacco use. The MSA includes provisions to annually compensate the State for smoking-related Medicaid costs and to impose marketing and advertising restrictions on PM's to protect public health. In this settlement, the PM's agreed, among other things, to make annual payments to the states and jurisdictions based on their allocable share of the market. In return, the states agreed to relinquish claims to further damages resulting from, among other things, Medicaid costs. Annual payments fluctuate subject to various adjustments and are partially contingent on the passage and enforcement of a State statute imposing economic conditions related to the

State's public health claims on the Nonparticipating manufacturers (NPM's) in the form of an annual escrow payment due from each NPM with in-state sales. The NPM Adjustment is set forth in the Master Settlement Agreement (MSA). If the PM's claim an NPM Adjustment for a given year and prove that they lost market share to the NPM's and it is determined that the MSA was a significant factor contributing to that lost market share then an NPM Adjustment 'shall apply' unless a Settling State passed a qualifying statute and 'diligently enforced' that statute. In effect this means that the Allocated Payment to a Settling State that diligently enforced will not be reduced, but a Settling State that did not diligently enforce its qualifying statute will be subject to a reduction in its payment due to the NPM Adjustment. NPM Adjustment Due to the provisions of the MSA, a State that is found not to have diligently enforced its qualifying statute may lose up to its entire annual payment amount due to the NPM Adjustment for a given year.

The NPM Adjustment may be claimed each year and has been claimed for each completed calendar year since 2003. Frequently PM's claim entitlement to the NPM Adjustment and either withhold the amount from their annual payments, or place the amount in what is known as a 'disputed payment account'. Each year beginning in 2003 Maine's annual payments have been lower than calculated because many of the PMs have claimed entitlement to the NPM Adjustment and either withheld money or routed it to the disputed payments account. For the year 2003, the Adjustment claimed by the PM's, and calculated as set forth in the MSA, was approximately 18 percent of the total amount paid by the PM's and distributed among the Settling States. However, the total amount related to the NPM Adjustment to which the PMs are entitled is dependent on the number of non-diligent states.

In addition, in the MSA, the PM's agreed to pay \$8.6 billion in Strategic Contribution Payments (SCP) to certain states and jurisdictions as compensation for their contribution to the overall settlement. Maine's share of this total amount is approximately \$114 million. Maine will receive this amount through ten annual SCP payments starting in 2008. In April 2014, Maine received a total of \$56.4 million including both the annual payment amount and the strategic contribution amount.

ESCHEAT PROPERTY

The State Abandoned Property Statute requires the deposit of certain defined and unclaimed assets into a state-managed Abandoned Property Fund (Private Purpose Trust Fund). The State Statute provides that whenever the cash balance of the fund exceeds \$500 thousand at fiscal year-end, the excess must be remitted to the General Fund where it is reported as operating transfers from other funds. At June 30, 2014, the Fund included \$4.6 million of securities not yet liquidated that were not subject to transfer to the General Fund. Net collections from inception (1979) to June 30, 2014 of approximately \$200.6 million represent a contingent liability to the State since claims for refund may be filed by the owners of such property.

A liability representing the probable amount of escheat property that will be reclaimed and paid to claimants and other third parties is reported in the Fund. To the extent that the assets in the Fund are less than the claimant liability, a receivable (due from other funds) is reported in that Fund and an equal liability (due to other funds) is reported in the General Fund. At June 30, 2014, the amount reported in the Fund for claimant liability is \$29.1 million. The General Fund shows a \$24 million payable to the Escheat Fund.

CONSTITUTIONAL OBLIGATIONS

The State of Maine's constitutional obligations represent nonexchange financial guarantees, as defined by GASB Statement No. 70, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees. The State acts as the guarantee ongoing insurance and loan programs operated by 2 discrete component units. The Finance Authority of Maine's mission covers commercial financing and loan insurance to Maine businesses and assistance to Maine students and their parents to finance costs of attendance at institutions of higher education. Maine State Housing Authority's mission encompasses loans to Maine veterans and members of Indian tribes or reservations. Details of the nonexchange financial guarantees are provided below.

Article 9, § 14-A, C, and D of the Maine State Constitution provides that the State may insure the payment of mortgage loans for industrial, manufacturing, fishing, agricultural and recreational enterprises; mortgage loans for the acquisition, construction, repair and remodeling of houses owned or to be owned by members of two tribes on several Indian reservations; and mortgage loans to resident Maine veterans of the Armed Forces of

the United States, including loans to a business organization owned in whole or in part by resident Maine veterans. The aggregate of these obligations, at any one time, may not exceed \$90 million, \$1 million, and \$4 million, respectively. At June 30, 2014, loans outstanding pursuant to these authorizations are \$74.4 million, less than \$1 million, and less than \$1 million, respectively. The State has not paid, nor does it expect to pay, any amounts as a result of these authorizations as of June 30, 2014.

Article 8, § 2, of the Maine State Constitution provides that the State may secure funds, through the issuance of bonds authorized by the Governor, for loans to Maine students attending institutions of higher education. The amount of bonds issued and outstanding shall not at any one time exceed \$4 million in the aggregate. At June 30, 2014, no bonds were outstanding. The State has not paid, nor does it expect to pay, any amount as a result of this authorization as of June 30, 2014.

MORAL OBLIGATIONS

The State of Maine, through statute, enables certain Authorities to establish capital reserve funds. These funds may be used to secure a variety of financial undertakings including the issuance of bonds. The minimum amount of the capital reserve fund may be determined by statute or set by the Authority. The statutes may also limit the amount of debt that may be secured by the capital reserve funds, and allow the Authority to issue debt that is not secured by these funds.

On or before December first of each year, the Authority is required to certify to the Governor the amount, if any, necessary to restore any capital reserve fund to its required minimum. If there is a shortfall, the Governor is required to pay first from the "Contingent Account" the amounts necessary for restoration. The Governor shall certify any remaining unpaid amounts to the Legislature, which is then required to appropriate and pay the remaining amounts to the Authority during the then-current State fiscal year.

These moral obligations are not considered to be "full faith and credit" obligations of the State, and voter approval of the underlying bonds is not required. No capital reserve fund restorations have been made in the current or previous years.

The following summarizes information regarding outstanding moral obligations:

Moral Obligation Bonds (Expressed in Thousands)

Issuer	0	Bonds utstanding	equired Debt Reserve	0	bligation Debt Limit	Legal Citation
Maine Health and Higher Educational						
Facilities Authority	\$	973,110	\$ 86,316		no limit	22 MRSA § 2075
Finance Authority of Maine		38,043	-	\$	642,000	10 MRSA §1032, 1053
		-	-		50,000	20-A MRSA §11449
		-	-		50,000	38 MRSA §2221
Loring Development Authority *		-	-		100,000	5 MRSA §13080-N
Maine Municipal Bond Bank		1,269,716	148,529		no limit	30-A MRSA §6006
Maine Educational Loan Authority *		132,635	13,848		225,000	20-A MRSA §11424
Maine State Housing Authority		1,275,590	98,147		2,150,000	30-A MRSA §4906
Total	\$	3,689,094	\$ 346,840			

^{*} Reported in combining non-major component unit financial statements.

COMPONENT UNITS

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

At June 30, 2014, UMS had outstanding commitments on uncompleted construction contracts that totaled \$9.2 million.

At June 30, 2014, MCCS had \$5 million remaining in construction commitments primarily to improve existing academic buildings.

At December 31, 2013, the Maine Turnpike Authority had \$19.5 million remaining in on outstanding construction projects for improvements and maintenance.

MORTGAGE COMMITMENTS

Mortgage commitments are agreements to lend provided there is no violation of any term or condition of the agreement. Generally, once exercised, the loans made under the terms of such commitments are secured by a lien on the related property and other collateral as deemed necessary. At December 31, 2013 Maine State Housing Authority (MSHA) had outstanding commitments to originate multi-family loans of approximately \$24.0 million.

MSHA, under its single-family program, enters into purchase agreements to lenders to purchase mortgage loans. At December 31, 2013, single-family loans being processed by lenders totaled \$18.1 million.

INSURED LOAN COMMITMENTS

The Finance Authority of Maine (FAME) insures loans made by financial institutions to qualifying businesses under various insurance programs. FAME is contingently liable for the insured portion of payments due on these loans. At June 30, 2014, FAME had insurance outstanding for commercial loans under the Loan Insurance Program totaling approximately \$101.3 million. At June 30, 2014, FAME was insuring loans with an aggregate outstanding principle balance approximating \$4.7 million which were 90 or more days delinquent. The aggregate insured balance of these loans was approximately \$2.7 million at June 30, 2014. In addition, FAME has entered into commitments to insure loans at some future date. At June 30, 2014, these commitments under the Loan Insurance Program were approximately \$8.5 million.

NOTE 16 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

In September 2014 the State issued \$38.1 million of Bond Anticipation Notes which mature in June 2015.

On November 14, 2014, the Maine Municipal Bond Bank issued \$44.8 million of GARVEE grant anticipation revenue bonds on behalf of the Maine Department of Transportation. The bonds bear interest rates from 2.0% to 5.0%, and maturities from 2015 to 2026. The bonds are secured by future receipt of federal transportation funds, subject to continuing federal appropriations of those funds. The bonds do not constitute a debt or obligation of the State.

COMPONENT UNITS

Through March 20, 2014, Maine State Housing Authority (MSHA) redeemed at par \$65.2 million of bonds in the General Mortgage Purchase Bond Resolution. On February 27, 2014, MSHA issued, at par \$51.6 million of bonds in the General Mortgage Purchase Bond Resolution.

On July 24, 2014, Maine Health and Higher Educational Facilities Authority issued series 2014A reserve resolution tax-exempt bonds in the amount of \$43.2 million with an average interest rate of 4.43%. A portion of the bonds was used to in-substance defease \$47.6 million of outstanding reserve fund maturities within the

1997B, 1998C, 2003A, 2003D and 2004A reserve bond series. The net proceeds of approximately \$48.0 million were used to purchase U.S. Government securities that will provide for all future debt service payments on the defeased bonds. The economic benefits associated with the refunding inure to the respective institutions.

NOTE 17 – SPECIAL ITEMS

Pursuant to Public Law 2011, Chapter 649 Part A, the Marine Ports Enterprise Fund was converted to an Other Special Revenue Fund. Accordingly, the State transferred balances totaling \$9.7 million from the Marine Ports Enterprise Fund to the Other Special Revenue Fund. These transfers are recorded as Special Items in the Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position (\$9.7 million), the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (\$59 thousand), and the Entity-wide Statement of Activities (\$9.7 million).

Pursuant to Public Law 2013, Chapter 269, the State of Maine authorized the Maine Municipal Bond Bank (MMBB) to issue Liquor Operation Revenue Bonds on behalf of the State for the purpose of making payments to healthcare providers for services provided prior to December 1, 2012 under the Maine Care program. These bonds were secured by the State of Maine's pledge of the profits from the Alcoholic Beverages Enterprise Fund and the proceeds were deposited into the Health Care Liability Retirement Fund, an Other Special Revenue Fund. The resulting loans payable to MMBB is recorded as a liability in the Governmental Activities column in the Statement of Net Position. The transfer of the future pledged profits from the Enterprise Fund to reduce this liability is recorded as a Special Item in the Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities for \$183.5 million.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting

STATE OF MAINE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

	General Fund				Highway Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ 2,924,349	\$ 2,929,821	\$ 2,976,515	\$ 46,694	\$ 210,011	211,815	\$ 217,503	\$ 5,688
Assessments and Other	95,956	97,666	100,317	2,651	88,699	89,384	90,202	818
Federal Grants	1,594	1,987	1,988	1	-	-	-	-
Service Charges	41,118	47,767	48,564	797	6,314	6,045	6,204	159
Income from Investments	78	133	469	336	122	53	80	27
Miscellaneous Revenue	67,570	66,949	70,871	3,922	2,712	8,066	3,692	(4,374)
Total Revenues	3,130,665	3,144,323	3,198,724	54,401	307,858	315,363	317,681	2,318
Expenditures								
Governmental Support and Operations	259,663	261,184	253,172	8,012	37,206	38,011	34,760	3,251
Economic Development & Workforce Training	32,230	32,138	31,656	482				-,
Education	1,422,651	1,424,825	1,409,592	15,233	_	_		
Health and Human Services	1,108,521	1,143,735	1,103,755	39,980	_		_	
Business Licensing & Regulation	1,562	4,210	4,200	10	-	-	-	-
Natural Resources Development & Protection	69,493	68,681	66,450	2,231	33	33	33	-
Justice and Protection	302,144	308,239	288,890	19,349	25,927	25,742	24,103	1,639
Arts, Heritage & Cultural Enrichment	7,664	7,668	7,405	263	· •	· -	-	
Transportation Safety & Development				-	242,357	297,516	287,295	10,221
Total Expenditures	3,203,928	3,250,680	3,165,120	85,560	305,523	361,302	346,191	15,111
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(73,263)	(106,357)	33,604	139,961	2,335	(45,939)	(28,510)	17,429
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Operating Transfers Net Proceeds from Pledged Future Revenues	(81,105)	(83,401)	21,934	105,335		(5,096)	17,969	23,065
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(81,105)	(83,401)	21,934	105,335		(5,096)	17,969	23,065
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ (154,368)	\$ (189,758)	\$ 55,538	\$ 245,296	\$ 2,335	\$ (51,035)	\$ (10,541)	\$ 40,494
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year			190,661				58,774	
Fund Balances at End of Year			\$ 246,199				\$ 48,233	

	Federa	l Funds		Other Special Revenue Fund					
Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
\$ - 4 3,236,042 434 - 5,553 3,242,033	\$ - 4 3,541,143 435 - 5,479 3,547,061	\$ - 2,761,743 352 9 9,406 2,771,510	\$ - (4) (779,400) (83) 9 3,927 (775,551)	\$ 293,507 171,172 11,373 205,083 1,196 363,832 1,046,163	\$ 292,826 180,115 11,448 231,839 1,201 363,366 1,080,795	\$ 288,785 158,057 9,707 219,650 324 293,198 969,721	\$ (4,041) (22,058) (1,741) (12,189) (877) (70,168) (111,074)		
6,293 112,064 279,940 2,464,369 244 53,739 148,699 3,258 192,685 3,261,291	8,819 142,932 291,457 2,606,691 203 60,741 153,579 3,669 283,304 3,551,395	5,432 97,372 193,762 2,100,903 101 36,134 45,550 2,726 198,839 2,680,819	3,387 45,560 97,695 505,788 102 24,607 108,029 943 84,465 870,576	138,349 46,145 38,334 734,559 76,735 126,263 43,249 1,861 53,305 1,258,800	148,300 50,654 45,670 746,890 77,908 141,952 49,753 1,942 119,671 1,382,740	138,174 38,115 38,208 674,891 66,931 84,538 38,929 838 73,351 1,153,975	10,126 12,539 7,462 71,999 10,977 57,414 10,824 1,104 46,320 228,765		
(76,353)	(77,137)	(89,158)	(12,021)	(11,864) 220,035 208,171	(11,703) 275,035 263,332	(112,259) 230,884 118,625	(100,556) (44,151) (144,707)		
\$ (95,611)	\$ (81,471)	\$ 1,533 15,174 \$ 16,707	\$ 83,004	\$ (4,466)	\$ (38,613)	\$ (65,629) 255,342 \$ 189,713	\$ (27,016)		



Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting

STATE OF MAINE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET TO GAAP RECONCILIATION

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Gen	neral Fund	High	nway Fund	Fed	eral Funds	Special enue Fund
Fund Balances - Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis	\$	246,199	\$	48,233	\$	16,707	\$ 189,713
Basis Differences							
Revenue Accruals/Adjustments:							
Taxes Receivable		209,068		778		-	9,982
Intergovernmental Receivables		-		-		256,452	-
Other Receivables		42,756		2,650		65,140	64,027
Inventories		2,048		-		689	-
Due from Component Units		1,000				25	40,330
Due from Other Funds		16,854		21,690		9,796	398,336
Other Assets		1,759		55		330	214
Unearned Revenues		-		(4,916)		(689)	-
Deferred Inflows - Taxes and Assessment Revenues		(213,232)		(731)		(722)	(27,314)
Deferred Inflows - Unearned Revenue from Enterprise Fund		-		-		-	(183,482)
Total Revenue Accruals/Adjustments		60,253		19,526		331,021	302,093
Expenditure Accruals/Adjustments:							
Accounts Payable		(145,594)		(16,705)		(232,871)	(17,829)
Due to Component Units		(2,293)		(1,618)		(1,597)	(321)
Accrued Liabilities		(20,352)		(7,414)		(6,817)	(9,701)
Taxes Payable		(194,055)		(8)		-	-
Intergovernmental Payables		(12,972)		-		(73,598)	-
Due to Other Funds		(146,622)		(4,224)		(23,554)	(47,682)
Total Expenditure Accruals/Adjustments		(521,888)		(29,969)		(338,437)	(75,533)
Fund Balances - GAAP Basis	\$	(215,436)	\$	37,790	\$	9,291	\$ 416,273

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY REPORTING

Statutory/Budgetary Presentation

In accordance with statute, the Governor presents a biennial budget for the General Fund and special revenue funds to the Legislature for enactment or revision. Effective November 27, 1995, a State Constitutional Amendment provided the Governor a "line item" veto of dollar amounts, allowing a dollar substitution for those amounts disapproved, as long as an appropriation or allocation is not increased (or a deappropriation or deallocation decreased) either in the specified line or in any other line in the legislative document. Another Constitutional Amendment requires the State to fund at least 90 percent of the annual cost of future mandates imposed on local governments; any exception requires a two-thirds vote of the elected members of the House and Senate.

Once passed and signed, the budget becomes the financial plan for the next biennium. It includes proposed expenditures for all departments and agencies, interest and debt redemption charges, and expenditures for capital projects to be undertaken and executed during each fiscal year. The budget also includes anticipated revenues and any other means of financing expenditures. The State Budget Officer is required to use the revenue projections of the Revenue Forecasting Committee in preparing the General Fund and Highway Fund budgets.

Exceptional circumstances do not apply to new programs or program expansions that go beyond existing program criteria and operation.

Detailed budgetary control is maintained at the program and line category level at which appropriations and allocations are approved by the Legislature, principally through a quarterly allotment system. The State Budget Officer and the Governor must approve budget revisions during the year, reflecting program changes or intradepartmental administrative transfers. Except in specific instances, only the Legislature may transfer appropriations between departments. Increases in appropriation, allocation, or funding for new programs are presented to the Legislature as a supplemental budget or separate pieces of legislation. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the legislature increased appropriations to the General Fund by \$26.3 million.

Governmental funds use encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation or allocation. Unencumbered appropriations in the General Fund and Highway Fund lapse at June 30 unless, by law, they are carried forward to a subsequent year. In the State's accounting system, amounts carried forward are shown as reservations of fund balance. For financial statement purposes, unless amounts would create deficits, fund balance is classified based on existing resources, if any, which will liquidate the encumbrances outstanding at June 30 (shown as restrictions, commitments or assignments of fund balance).

The State's budget is prepared primarily on a cash basis. Sales, income, corporate and fuel taxes include a modified accrual basis adjustment to recognize revenues that are expected to be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule is presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) in this report. Actual amounts in this schedule are presented on a budgetary basis. Because this basis differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), a reconciliation between the budgetary and GAAP basis is presented in the RSI.

The various funds and programs within funds utilize a number of different budgetary control processes. Annual legislative appropriations and revenue estimates are provided for most "operating" funds.

The original executive budget and original legislative appropriations provide general purpose (unrestricted) revenue estimates in order to demonstrate compliance with constitutional provisions. Revenues restricted by law or outside grantors to a specific program are estimated at a level of detail consistent with controlling related expenditure accounts.

For programs financed from restricted revenues, spending authorization is generally contingent upon recognition of the related revenue. Reductions of spending authority occur if revenues fall short of estimates. If revenues exceed the estimate, supplemental appropriations are required before the additional resources can be spent.

The budgetary comparison schedule presented for the General Fund, the Highway Fund, the Federal Fund, and the Other Special Revenue Fund presents the original and final appropriated budgets for fiscal year 2014-2015, as well as the actual resource inflows, outflows and fund balances stated on the budgetary basis.

The original budget and related estimated revenues represent the spending authority enacted into law by the appropriation bills as of June 26, 2013, and includes encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) require that the final legal budget be reflected in the "final budget" column. Therefore updated revenue estimates available for appropriations as of June 30, 2014 rather than the amounts shown in the original budget, are reported.

The final appropriations budget represents original and supplemental appropriations, carry-forwards, approved transfers, and executive order reductions. Expenditures, transfers out, other financing uses, and encumbrances are combined and classified by policy area rather than being reported by character and function as shown in the GAAP statements. This policy area classification is used to better reflect organizational responsibility and to be more consistent with the budget process.

Compliance at the Legal Level of Budgetary Control

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules by Agency depict budgeted to actual expenditures at the Department level, which is the legal level of budgetary control for all governmental funds. The schedules provide further detail at the agency level within departments for transparency.

Required Supplementary Information – State Retirement Plan

Schedule of Funding Progress

		(E	expressed in Thousands)			
	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	(b-a)/c)
Actuarial		Actuarial Accrued				UAAL (as a percentage of
Valuation	Actuarial Value of	Liability (AAL) –	Unfunded AAL		Annual Covered	covered
June 30,	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Payroll	payroll)
2014	10,083,707	12,382,225	2,298,518	81 4%	1,711,516	134 3%
2013	9,238,577	11,889,897	2,651,320	77 7%	1,671,668	158 6%
2012	8,939,788	11,605,891	2,666,103	77 0%	1,727,667	154 3%
2011	8,795,250	11,335,259	2,540,009	77 6%	1,652,576	153 7%
2010	8,369,772	12,676,367	4,306,595	66 0%	1,681,593	256 1%
2009	8,383,148	12,377,262	3,994,114	67 7%	1,678,931	237 9%
2008	8,691,076	11,721,272	3,030,196	74 1%	1,628,421	186 1%
2007	8,302,467	11,209,708	2,907,241	74 1%	1,595,200	182 2%

Major changes in actuarial assumptions include the following:

Valuation date	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2008
Major actuarial assumption changes:				
Retirement assumption	The State is responsible for funding all costs for its employees and the UAAL for teachers School districts pay the normal costs for teachers	Lowered to reflect the closing of the retirement window for early retiree health coverage		
Version of actuarial cost method		New entrant		
Asset valuation method	Additional recognition of past investment gains in the asset smoothing balance FY14 37 5%			
Investment rate of return	7.125%		7.25%	7.75%
Projected salary increases			3.50%	4.75% - 10.00%
Includes inflation at			3.50%	4.50%
Cost of living adjustments			2.25%	3.75%

The June 30, 2011 valuation included changes to the plan and actuarial assumptions. For members with fewer than 5 years of creditable service on July 1, 2011, the normal retirement age increased to 65. Projected salary increases include a 3.5 percent across the board increase at each year of service. The first 2 fiscal years assume a flat 1.5 percent pay increase across the board. The cap on annual cost of living adjustments was lowered from 4 percent per year to 3 percent per year on the first \$20,000 of annual benefit (indexed). No COLA will be made until September 2014.

The Maine Public Retirement System (the System), which is a component unit of the State, is the administrator of 2 large cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans and an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan covering public employees. The June 30, 2014 report may be obtained from the Maine Public Employees Retirement System, 46 State House Station, Augusta, ME 04333.

The System amortizes the unfunded liability of the State and Teacher Plan over a closed period that cannot be longer than 31 years from July 1, 1997 but may be, and at certain times has been, shorter than that period. In 2000, the amortization period was reduced to a 19-year period from June 30, 2000. In 2004, the Legislature relengthened the period to 25 years, the full extent of the then-remaining Constitutional years for the 2004-2005 biennium, and reshortened the period effective July 1, 2005 to the 13 years that will then remain in the earlier shortened period. In 2005, the State repealed the "sunset" provision, with the result that the period for reduction of these unfunded actuarial liabilities continues to the full extent permitted by the State constitution, or June 30, 2028. The contribution rate in effect for 2014 was determined by the 2012 valuation, and reflects the relengthened amortization period. The unfunded actuarial accrual liability of the judicial plan is amortized over a period of which 3 years remained at June 30, 2014.

Note: Unless plan changes occur, actuarial valuations are performed biennially on even years. Rollforward valuations occur on odd numbered years. The latest actuarial valuation occurred June 30, 2014.

Required Supplementary Information – Other Post-employment Benefit Plans

Schedules of Funding Progress

Hea	lthcare	Plans

		(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	(b-a)/c)
Plan	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL (as a percentage of covered payroll)
	June 30, 2014	167	1,224	1,057	13 64%	543	194 66%
State Employees	June 30, 2013	150	1,166	1,016	12 86%	518	196 14%
(in millions)	June 30, 2012	136	1,316	1,180	10 33%	502	235 06%
Teachers	June 30, 2014	0	684	684	0 00%	1,106	61 84%
(in millions)	June 30, 2013	0	685	685	0 00%	1,194	57 37%
	June 30, 2012	0	665	665	0 00%	1,156	57 53%
	June 30, 2013	0	22,369	22,369	0 00%	53,366	41 92%
First Responders	June 30, 2012	0	23,442	23,442	0 00%	43,510	53 88%
(in thousands)	June 30, 2011	0	21,921	21,921	0 00%	42,242	51 89%

Group Life Insurance Plans

-			(Expressed in T	housands)			
		(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	(b-a)/c)
<u>Plan</u>	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL (as a percentage of covered payroll)
	June 30, 2014	31,800	87,300	55,500	36 43%	563,500	9 85%
State Employees	June 30, 2013	27,000	83,800	56,800	32 22%	572,800	9 92%
	June 30, 2012	24,700	80,900	56,200	30 53%	553,500	10 15%
	June 30, 2014	45,100	75,600	30,500	59 66%	666,200	4 58%
Teachers	June 30, 2013	36,000	74,200	38,200	48 52%	652,800	5 85%
	June 30, 2012	30,100	71,000	40,900	42 39%	630,800	6 48%

Required Supplementary Information – Other Post-employment Benefit Plans (continued)

Schedule of Employer Contributions (Expressed in Thousands)

	Sta	ite			First		
	Employees		Teac	hers	Responders		
Fiscal	Annual		Annual		Annual		
Year Ended	Required	Percentage	Required	Percentage	Required	Percentage	
June 30,	Contribution	Contributed	Contribution	Contributed	Contribution	Contributed	
Healthcare - 2014	\$99,000	63.87%	\$45,000	55.46%	\$1,769	33.52%	
Healthcare - 2013	94,000	72.34%	44,000	56.82%	1,689	34.16%	
Healthcare - 2012	126,000	57.94%	55,000	40.00%	1,350	32.15%	
Group Life - 2014	4,768	88.07%	3,440	100.00%	N/A	N/A	
Group Life - 2013	4,591	101.79%	3,099	100.00%	N/A	N/A	
Group Life - 2012	3,250	144.13%	2,959	100.00%	N/A	N/A	

Required Supplementary Information – Information about Infrastructure Assets Reported Using the Modified Approach

As allowed by GASB Statement No. 34, the State has adopted an alternative process for recording depreciation expense on selected infrastructure assets. Under this process, the State does not record depreciation expense nor are amounts capitalized in connection with improvements to these assets, unless the improvements expand the capacity or efficiency of an asset. Assets accounted for under the modified approach include 8,827 highway miles or 17,951 lane miles of roads and 2,964 bridges having a total deck area of 11.8 million square feet that the State is responsible to maintain.

In order to utilize the modified approach, the State is required to:

- Maintain an asset management system that includes an up-to-date inventory of eligible infrastructure.
- Perform condition assessments of eligible assets and summarize the results using a measurement scale.
- Estimate each year the annual amount to maintain and preserve the assets at the condition level established and disclosed by the State.
- Document that the assets are being preserved at, or above, the established condition level.

Roads and bridges maintained by the Department of Transportation are accounted for using the modified approach.

Highways

Measurement Scale for Highways

The Maine Department of Transportation (MDOT) uses six indicators to determine the condition of highway adequacy. The six indicators and their relative point weighting are listed in the table below.

Data Element	Point Rating (%)	Description
Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)	45	PCR is defined as the composite condition of the pavement on a roadway only, and is compiled from the severity and extent of pavement distresses such as cracking, rutting and patching. It is the key indicator used to determine the optimum time to treat a particular section of road. Points decrease as PCR decreases.
Safety	20	Statewide crash rates are used to allocate points. Locations with high rates get fewer points.
Backlog (Built vs. Unbuilt roadway)	15	A "Built" road is one that has been constructed to a modern standard, usually post 1950. This includes adequate drainage, base, and pavement to carry the traffic load, and adequate sight distance and width to meet current safety standards. "Unbuilt" (backlog) is defined as a roadway section that has not been built to modern standards. Yes or No (15 or 0).
Annual Average Daily Traffic divided by the hourly highway capacity (AADT/C)	10	This ratio measures how intensely a highway is utilized. As a highway facility's AADT/C ratio increases, the average speed of vehicles on that facility tends to decrease. This decrease in average speed is evidence of reduced mobility. As congestion increases, points decrease (0-10).
Posted Speed	5	Lower speeds equal fewer points.
Paved Shoulder	5	In general, roadways with paved shoulders perform at a higher level and last longer than those without shoulders or with only gravel shoulders. Yes or No (5 or 0).
	100	

Bridges

MDOT uses four separate factors to obtain a numerical value used to indicate the ability of bridges to remain in service at the current level of usage. The numeric value is a percentage ranging from 0% to represent an entirely insufficient or deficient bridge, and 100% to represent an entirely sufficient bridge. The four indicators and their relative point weighting are listed in the table below. The composite numeric value is based on the sufficiency rating formula in the Recording and Coding Guide for Structure Inventory and Appraisal of the Nation's Bridges.

Data Element	Point Rating (%)	Description
Structural Adequacy and Safety	55	This category considers inventory rating, superstructure, substructure and culverts.
Serviceability and Functional Obsolescence	30	Serviceability and functional obsolescence that addresses the number of lanes, average daily traffic, roadway width, bridge width, deck condition, under clearances, waterway adequacy, alignment, and defense highway designation.
Essentiality for Public Use	15	This considers detour length, average daily traffic, and defense highway designation.
Special Reductions	(13)	The sufficiency rating also includes consideration of special reductions for detour length, safety features, and type of structure.

Assessed Conditions

The following table shows adequacy ratings for maintenance levels from Excellent to Poor.

Adequacy Rating	Total
Excellent	80-100
Good	70-80
Fair	60-70
Poor	0-60

MDOT intends to maintain highways and bridges at an adequacy rating of 60 or higher. The following table shows adequacy ratings achieved by MDOT.

Fiscal Year	Highways	Bridges
2014	75.5	78.0
2013	76.0	78.0
2012	75.4	79.0

Comparison of Estimated-to-Actual Preservation Costs

The following table presents the State's preservation costs for the past five fiscal years. It also shows the estimate of spending necessary to preserve and maintain the roads and bridges at, or above, a sufficiency rating of 60 for both highways and bridges (in millions).

Actual Preservation Costs (Expressed in millions)

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	
Highways	\$ 163.0	\$ 90.5	\$ 91.5	\$ 101.4	\$ 68.6	
Bridges	71.0	14.7	13.2	9.3	9.2	
Total	\$ 234.0	\$ 105.2	\$ 104.7	\$ 110.7	\$ 77.8	

Estimated Preservation Costs (Expressed in millions)

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	
Highways	\$ 24.7	\$ 84.1	\$ 155.0	\$ 86.1	\$ 48.5	
Bridges	3.1	13.7	30.0	7.9	6.5	
Total	\$ 27.8	\$ 97.8	\$ 185.0	\$ 94.0	\$ 55.0	

¹ As restated

In 2014 it was determined that preservation costs were understated due to an incorrect process for determining the associated cost. The actual costs have been restated. The 2014 Estimated Preservation Costs are understated due to the incorrect process.

Transportation Bonds

Transportation bonds, approved by referendum, are issued to fund improvements to highways and bridges. Of the amount authorized by Chapter 697, PL 2011, \$26 million in General fund bonds were spent during FY2014.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

STATE OF MAINE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY FUND TYPE

June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Special Revenue		Capital Projects		Permanent Funds		Total Other Governmental Funds	
Assets								
Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool	\$	133	\$	=	\$	-	\$	133
Cash and Short-Term Investments		4,549		=		-		4,549
Investments		73,811		-		21,895		95,706
Restricted Assets:								
Restricted Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool		-		77,135		-		77,135
Other Receivable		6		=		-		6
Due from Other Funds		566		=		-		566
Due from Component Units		-		107		-		107
Other Assets		180						180
Total Assets	\$	79,245	\$	77,242	\$	21,895	\$	178,382
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Accounts Payable	\$	3,246	\$	914	\$	-	\$	4,160
Accrued Payroll		965		-		-		965
Due to Other Funds		-		24		-		24
Due to Component Units		-		4,055		-		4,055
Compensated Absences		456		-		-		456
Unearned Revenue		227		3		-		230
Other Accrued Liabilities		398		-		-	-	398
Total Liabilities		5,292		4,996		<u>-</u>		10,288
Fund Balances:								
Non-spendable Legal or Contractual		-		-		21,895		21,895
Non-spendable in Form		181		-		-		181
Restricted		74,019		72,246		-		146,265
Unassigned		(247)		-		-	-	(247)
Total Fund Balances		73,953		72,246		21,895		168,094
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	79,245	\$	77,242	\$	21,895	\$	178,382

STATE OF MAINE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY FUND TYPE

	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Permanent Funds	Total Other Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$ 659	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 659
Investment Income (Loss)	11,734	-	4,488	16,222
Miscellaneous Revenue	1,574	-	-	1,574
Total Revenues	13,967		4,488	18,455
Expenditures:				
Governmental Support & Operations	104	8	-	112
Economic Development & Workforce Training	=	5,726	-	5,726
Education	26,696	3,824	-	30,520
Health and Human Services	=	5,756	-	5,756
Natural Resources Development & Protection	-	3,890	-	3,890
Justice and Protection	=	74	-	74
Arts, Heritage, and Cultural Enrichment	=	47	-	47
Transportation, Safety & Development	-	3,330	-	3,330
Debt Service:				
Principal Payments	25	-	-	25
Capital Outlay	28	35,199		35,227
Total Expenditures	26,853	57,854		84,707
Revenue over (under) Expenditures	(12,886)	(57,854)	4,488	(66,252)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers from Other Funds	27,856	=	-	27,856
Transfers to Other Funds	(3,025)	=	(387)	(3,412)
Bonds Issued	-	112,945	-	112,945
Premium on Bonds Issued	-	14,175	-	14,175
Other	69	-	-	69
Net Other Finance Sources (Uses)	24,900	127,120	(387)	151,633
Net Change in Fund Balances	12,014	69,266	4,101	85,381
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	61,939	2,980	17,794	82,713
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 73,953	\$ 72,246	\$ 21,895	\$ 168,094



OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

<u>Child Development Services System</u> – This Fund, a blended component unit, maintains a coordinated service delivery system for the provision of Childfind activities, early intervention services, and free, appropriate public education services for eligible children with disabilities.

<u>Baxter Park Fund</u> – This fund accounts for a gift to the State of Maine by former Governor Baxter, which allows for the principal and interest to be used to purchase public reserved lands. Interest income may also be used for operations of the Baxter State Park.

<u>Revenue on Permanent Funds Fund</u> – This fund accounts for expendable earnings on permanent fund balances.

Permanent Funds

<u>Baxter Park Trust Fund</u> – This fund accounts for a gift to the State of Maine by former Governor Baxter, calling for principal to be maintained intact and income to be used for park operations.

<u>Other Trust Funds</u> – These funds are comprised of numerous small Permanent Funds, the income from which may be used for specified purposes.

STATE OF MAINE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Deve	Child elopment ervices		xter ark	Peri	enue on nanent unds	R	Total Special evenue Funds
Assets								
Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool	\$	-	\$	-	\$	133	\$	133
Cash and Short-Term Investments		4,549		-		-		4,549
Investments		-	7	3,772		39		73,811
Other Receivable		6		-		-		6
Due from Other Funds		566		-		-		566
Other Assets		180				<u>-</u>		180
Total Assets	\$	5,301	\$ 73	3,772	\$	172	\$	79,245
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	3,246	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,246
Accrued Payroll		965		-		-		965
Compensated Absences		456		-		-		456
Unearned Revenue		227		-		-		227
Other Accrued Liabilities		398				-		398
Total Liabilities		5,292		_				5,292
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable in Form		181		-		-		181
Restricted		75	7:	3,772		172		74,019
Unassigned		(247)				<u> </u>		(247)
Total Fund Balances		9	7:	3,772		172		73,953
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	5,301	\$ 73	3,772	\$	172	\$	79,245

STATE OF MAINE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Devel	hild opment vices	Bax Pa		Peri	enue on manent unds	Sp Re	Total Decial Venue unds
Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$	659	\$	-	\$	-	\$	659
Investment Income (Loss)		1	11,	,549		184		11,734
Miscellaneous Revenue		1,574				-		1,574
Total Revenues		2,234	11	,549		184		13,967
Expenditures								
Current:								
General Government		-		-		104		104
Education		26,696		-		-		26,696
Debt Service:								
Principal Payments		25		-		-		25
Capital Outlay		28				-		28
Total Expenditures		26,749				104		26,853
Revenue over (under) Expenditures		(24,515)	11	,549_		80		12,886)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfer from Other Funds		26,749		-		1,107		27,856
Transfer to Other Funds		-	(1	,845)		(1,180)		(3,025)
COP's and Other		69		-		-		69
Net Other Finance Sources (Uses)		26,818	(1	,845)		(73)		24,900
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,303	9	,704		7		12,014
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		(2,294)	64	,068		165		61,939
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	9	\$ 73	,772	\$	172	\$	73,953

STATE OF MAINE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NON-MAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS

			Total
	Baxter Trust	Other Trusts	Permanent Funds
Assets			
Investments	\$ 6,814	\$ 15,081	\$ 21,895
Total Assets	\$ 6,814	\$ 15,081	\$ 21,895
Fund Balances			
Non-spendable Legal or Contractual	\$ 6,814	\$ 15,081	\$ 21,895

STATE OF MAINE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NON-MAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS

	Baxter Trust		Other Trusts				Total Permanent Funds
Revenues: Investment Income (Loss)	\$	957	\$	3,531	\$	4,488	
Total Revenues	Ψ	957	Ψ	3,531	Ψ_	4,488	
Expenditures				<u>, </u>		,	
Total Expenditures							
Revenues over (under) Expenditures		957		3,531		4,488	
Transfers to Other Funds				(387)		(387)	
Net Other Finance Sources (Uses)				(387)		(387)	
Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses		957		3,144		4,101	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		5,857		11,937		17,794	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	6,814	\$	15,081	\$	21,895	

STATE OF MAINE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES BY AGENCY

		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Department of Administrative and Financial Services					
Administrative Services	\$	14,239	\$	13,380 \$	859
Financial Services		111,921		111,834	86
Human Resources		1,976		1,797	179
Liquor and Lottery		804		801	3
Purchasing		749		717	33
Bureau of Information Services		11,951		10,902	1,049
State Employee Health Commission		791		789	2
	•	142,433	_	140,221	2,212
Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry		28,877	_	27,740	1,137
Attorney General		15,198		15,092	106
Department of Audit		1,280	_	1,121	159
Department of Corrections					
Corrections		63.064		54.077	8.987
Maine State Prison		34,474		31,582	2,891
Maine Correctional Center		22,648		21,229	1.419
Downeast Correctional Facility		5,408		4,925	483
Charleston Correctional Facility		18,064		16,012	2,052
Long Creek Youth Development Center		13,975		13,055	920
3		157,633	_	140,881	16,752
Department of Economic and Community Development	•	10,949		10,654	295
Department of Environmental Protection		6,433	_	6,300	133
Department of Human Services					
Human Services		828,090		803,646	24,444
Behavioral and Developmental Services		271,709		259,807	11,901
Riverview Psychiatric Center		18,090		17,598	492
Dorothea Dix Psychiatric Center		9,131		7,855	1,276
Office of Substance Abuse		16,472		14,607	1,864
		1,143,493		1,103,514	39,978
Department of Labor					
Labor		9,372		9,187	185
Labor Relations Board		446		443	3
		9,818		9,631	187
Defense, Veterans and Emergency Management		6,282	_	6,114	168
Department of Education					
Education		1,152,971		1,138,822	14,149
Education - Unorganized Territory	,	12,147 1,165,118		11,098 1,149,921	1,049 15,198
General Government	,				
Office of the Governor		3,920		3,622	298
		3,920 123		,	298 42
Ombudsman Program		4.043		81 3.704	339
	•	4,043	_	3,704	339

		Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife	\$	23,953 \$	23,319 \$	634
Judicial Department	·-	62,638	61,730	908
Legislative Department				
Legislative		24,353	21,855	2,498
Law and Legislative Reference Library		1,452	1,363	88
Statehouse Preservation and Maintenance		800	591	209
Program Evaluation and Government Accountability	-	875 27,480	692 24,501	183 2,979
	-	27,460	24,501	2,919
Department of Marine Resources	-	9,328	9,001	327
Department of Public Safety	-	38,878	37,742	1,136
Public Utilities Commission	-	4,210	4,200	10
Secretary of State				
Secretary of State		2,588	2,498	90
Archives Services		1,511	765	746
	-	4,100	3,263	836
Treasurer of State	-	80,702	79,255	1,447
Other Agencies				
Museum		1,620	1,613	7
Maine State Cultural Affairs Council Maine Historic Preservation Commission		41 288	31 287	10 0
Library		3,134	2,944	189
Maine Humanities Council		53	53	-
Finance Authority of Maine		10,670	10,670	-
Centers for Innovation		118	118	-
Com. On Governmental Ethics and Election Practices		151	118	33
Maine Indian Tribal State Council		89	89	-
Board of Property Tax Review Maine Municipal Bond Bank		87 69	79 69	8
Maine State Retirement System		751	751	-
Human Rights Commission		498	496	2
Saco River Corridor Commission		47	47	-
NE International Water Pollution Control Commission		8	8	-
Downeast Institute Appl Marine		13	13	-
St. Croix International Waterway		22	22	-
Maine Public Broadcasting Corporation		1,691	1,691	-
Maine State Housing Authority		365	365	-
Maine Potato Board Board of Education		160 159	160 159	0
Maine Historical Society		45	45	-
Foundation for Blood Research		52	52	-
Pine Tree Legal		355	355	-
Maine Community College System		55,959	55,959	-
Maine Maritime Academy		8,483	8,483	-
University of Maine		194,951	194,951	-
Arts and Humanities Administration		796	740	56
Disability Rights Center		126	126 64	-
Maine Hospice Counsel Maine Development Foundation		64 58	64 58	-
State Board of Corrections		13,402	13,146	257
Commission on Indigent Legal Services		13,355	13,334	21
State Charter School Commission		154	120	35
	-	307,834	307,216	618
Grand Total	\$	3,250,680 \$	3,165,120 \$	85,559



STATE OF MAINE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HIGHWAY FUND EXPENDITURES BY AGENCY

		Final Budget	_	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Department of Administrative and Financial Services					
Administrative Services	\$	2,065	\$	2,016 \$	49
Financial Services		679		658	21
		2,744		2,674	70
Department of Environmental Protection		33	_	33	0
Legislative Department					
Legislative		13		-	13
,		13	_	-	13
Department of Transportation					
Transportation		296,913		286,692	10,221
Rail/Van Pool		604		604	-
		297,516		287,295	10,221
Department of Public Safety		25,742	_	24,103	1,639
Secretary of State					
Motor Vehicles		35,253	_	32,086	3,168
Owned Total	•	004.000	•	040404	45 444
Grand Total	\$	361,302	\$_	346,191 \$	15,111

STATE OF MAINE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FEDERAL FUND EXPENDITURES BY AGENCY

		Final Budget	Actual	with Final Budget
Department of Administrative and Financial Commission	•			
Department of Administrative and Financial Services Bureau of Information Services	\$	73 \$	72 \$	1
Financial Services	Ψ	75 Ψ 5	72 Ψ	5
Financial and Personnel Services		616	419	197
State Employee Health Commission		8	-	8
		702	491_	211
Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry		18,379	11,436	6,943
Attorney General	•	1,570	1,017	553
Department of Corrections				
Corrections		5,083	1,502	3,581
Maine State Prison		20	-	20
Maine Correctional Center		91	53	39
Downeast Correctional Facility		48		48
Charleston Correctional Facility		247	108	138
Long Creek Youth Development Center		216	124	92
	•	5,706	1,788	3,918
Department of Economic and Community Development		26,283	10,647	15,636
Department of Environmental Protection		21,405	11,291	10,114
Department of Human Services				
Human Services		2,563,787	2,078,493	485,294
Behavioral and Developmental Services		16,579	8,954	7,624
Office of Substance Abuse		13,820 2,594,186	10,962 2,098,410	2,858 495,777
Department of Labor		116,648	86,725	29,924
Department of Transportation				
Transportation		276,860	194,318	82,542
Air Transportation		1,886	1,104	782
Ferry Service/Ports and Marine		595	246	349
Rail/Van Pool		3,963	3,171	792
		283,304	198,839	84,465
Defense, Veterans and Emergency Management		131,851	31,467	100,385
Department of Education				
Education		291,021	193,380	97,641
Education - Unorganized Territory		436	382	54
General Government		291,457	193,762	97,695
Office of the Governor		4,419	3,020	1,399
Ombusdsman Program		60	40	21
- Insubasinan Program	•	4,480	3,060	1,419
Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife		15,188_	9,539	5,650
Judicial Department		2,971	2,799	172
Department of Marine Resources	•	5,769	3,868	1,901
	•	<u> </u>		* *
Department of Professional and Financial Regulation Professional and Financial Regulation		EA	16	0.7
Board of Nursing		54 10	16	37 10
board of indisting		10 64	16	10 47
Department of Public Safety		11,031	8,054	2,977

		Final Budget	. <u>-</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Public Utilities Commission	\$ _	139	\$	85_\$	54
Secretary of State					
Secretary of State		1,402		970	433
Motor Vehicles		1,838		600	1,238
Archives Services		101		37	64
	_	3,342	_	1,607	1,735
Treasurer of State	_	296	_	274	21
Other Agencies					
Arts and Humanities Administration		1,049		809	240
Human Rights Commission		450		425	25
Library		1,582		1,219	363
Maine Health Data Organization		964		863	101
Maine Historic Preservation Commission		907		668	239
Museum		131		30	101
Dirigo Health		11,540	_	1,629	9,911
	_	16,623	_	5,643	10,980
Grand Total	\$	3,551,395	\$	2,680,819 \$	870,575

STATE OF MAINE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUND EXPENDITURES BY AGENCY

		Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
				<u>-</u>
Department of Administrative and Financial Services	•	7.074	0.005 *	4 700
Administrative Services Bureau of Information Services	\$	7,371 \$ 308	2,605 \$	4,766 308
Financial Services		26,727	24,815	1,912
Human Resources		256	24,013	256
Financial and Personnel Services		30	6	24
Liquor and Lottery		19	-	19
State Employee Health Commission		75	-	75
Purchasing		74		74
		34,860	27,425	7,435
Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry		73,167	38,457	34,710
Attorney General		14,382	12,107	2,275
Department of Audit		1,995	1,849	145
Department of Corrections				
Corrections		1,296	194	1,101
Maine State Prison		116	9	107
Maine Correctional Center		156	-	156
Downeast Correctional Facility		33	20	12
Charleston Correctional Facility		104	8	96
Long Creek Youth Development Center		39	7	32
		1,743	239	1,504
Department of Economic and Community Development		15,745	11,088	4,657
Department of Environmental Protection Environmental Protection		48,324	32,051	16,272
Department of Human Services				
Human Services		680,988	615,543	65,445
Behavioral and Developmental Services		30,152	28,128	2,024
Riverview Psychiatric Center		16,816	15,530	1,286
Dorothea Dix Psychiatric Center		12,187	10,183	2,004
Office of Substance Abuse		4,458 744,600	3,632 673,015	71,585
Department of Labor		744,000	073,013	71,303
Labor		10,575	7,240	3,335
Labor Relations Board		89	47	42
		10,664	7,287	3,377
Department of Transportation				
Transportation		113,930	70,584	43,346
Air Transportation Ferry Service/Ports & Marine		1,592	1,100	492
Rail/Van Pool		181 3,968	128 1,539	53 2,428
raii, vaii ruui		119,671	73,351	46,320
Defense, Veterans and Emergency Management		2,437	1,029	1,408
Department of Education				
Education		35,570	30,116	5,453
Education - Unorganized Territory		8		8
		35,578	30,116	5,462
General Government		070	404	400
Office of the Governor Public Advocate		270	131	139 121
i ubiic Auvocate		2,067 2,337	1,946 2,077	260
Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife		7,704	4,503	3,201

	<u>_ F</u>	inal Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Judicial Department	\$	4,626	\$	3,938 \$	687
Legislative Department					
Legislative	_	46		3	44
Department of Marine Resources	_	8,776	_	5,921	2,855
Department of Professional and Financial Regulation					
Professional and Financial Regulation		26,991		22,096	4,895
Board of Dental Examiners		387		359	28
Board of Nursing		1,031		913	118
Board of Optometry Board of Osteopathic Examination and Registration		62 219		60 216	2
Board of Professional Engineers		345		266	79
Board of Professional Engineers Board of Registration in Medicine		1,674		1,468	205
Board of Regionation in Modeline	_	30,708	_	25,378	5,330
Department of Public Safety	_	23,023		18,962	4,061
Public Utilities Commission		19,835		14,805	5,030
Secretary of State					
Secretary of State		465		311	154
Motor Vehicles		1,301		1,291	10
Archives Services	_	18		2	16
	_	1,784	_	1,603	180
Treasurer of State	_	66,082	_	66,063	19
Other Agencies					
Arts and Humanities Administration		103		55	48
Baxter State Park Authority		3,866		3,566	300
Board of Weter System Operators		3 76		-	76
Board of Water System Operators Com. On Governmental Ethics and Election Practices		3,808		2,522	1,286
Commission on Indigent Legal Services		708		2,522 658	1,200
Finance Authority of Maine		5,343		2,987	2,35
Harness Racing Promotion Board		189		67	122
Human Rights Commission		7		-	-
Library		809		367	442
Lobster Promotion Council		1,186		672	514
Maine Charter School		22		7	15
Maine Community College System		4,590		3,731	859
Maine Health Data Organization		2,242		1,863	378
Maine Historic Preservation Commission		589		238	35
Maine Maritime		124		80	4
Maine Potato Board		1,584		659	92
Maine State Cultural Affairs Council		65		-	65
Maine State Housing Authority		14,349		13,828	52
Maine Children's Trust Incorporated		48 376		13 178	35
Museum		376		178	197
Saco River Corridor Commission University of Maine		40 5,355		40 4,273	1,082
Worker's Compensation Board		10,549		10,055	494
Wild Blueberry Commission of Maine		1,595		1,526	69
Maine Municipal Bond Bank		39,453		38,577	875
Maine Efficiency Trust		14,750		14,748	073
State Board of Correction		2,827		1,995	832
·	_	114,656	_	102,708	11,948
Grand Total	\$	1,382,740		1,153,975 \$	228,765



NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Lottery Fund – This fund was established to account for all operations of the Maine State Lottery. This includes the Tri-State Lotto Commission and the Multi-State Lottery Association. The Tri-State Lotto Commission was established in 1985 and is a joint venture between the States of Maine, New Hampshire, and Vermont. The Commission is authorized and empowered to promulgate rules and regulations regarding the conduct of lottery games, including the prices of tickets, the number and size of prizes for winning tickets, and the licensing of agents. The Multi-State Lottery Association was established in July 2004 and is authorized to initiate, promulgate, administer and carry out one or more lottery product offerings.

<u>Maine Military Authority Fund</u> – This fund was created for the purpose of operating the Maine Readiness Sustainment Maintenance Center. The Center maintains, rebuilds, repairs, stores and manufactures equipment for the United States Departments of Defense, Army, Air Force, Navy and Treasury.

<u>Marine Ports Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of port facilities within the jurisdiction of the Department of Transportation.

<u>State Ferry Service Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the operation of ferry services between the mainland and various islands for the purpose of transporting vehicles, freight, and passengers to and from those islands.

<u>Prison Industries Fund</u> – This fund accounts for a self-supporting program of job training through the employment of inmates in manufacturing and selling products.

<u>Dirigo Health Agency</u> – This fund was created to arrange for the provision of comprehensive, affordable health care coverage to eligible small employers, including the self-employed, their employees and dependents, and individuals on a voluntary basis.

<u>Consolidated Emergency Communications Fund</u> – This fund accounts for payments made by municipal, county, and state governmental entities towards the implementation of the Statewide Communication System.

STATE OF MAINE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	Lo	ottery	Mair Milita Autho	ary	Marine	Ports
Assets						
Current Assets:						
Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Cash and Short-Term Investments		750		-		-
Inventories		-	1	,275		-
Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles:						
Other Receivable		25,519	1	,647		-
Due from Other Funds		-		2		-
Other Current Assets		169		26		
Total Current Assets		26,438	2	,950		
Noncurrent Assets:						
Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool		-		-		-
Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation			5	,069		
Total Noncurrent Assets			5	,069		-
Total Assets		26,438	8	,019		-
Liabilities Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable		940		60		
Accrued Payroll		86		326		_
Due to Other Funds		7,237	1	,993		_
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations:		7,207		,555		
Compensated Absences		11		45		_
Unearned Revenue		210				_
Other Accrued Liabilities		17,426		_		_
Total Current Liabilities		25,910	2	,424		
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Compensated Absences		77		327		_
Other Post-Employment Benefit Obligation		257	2	,420		_
Total Long-Term Liabilities	-	334		747		
Total Long Total Liabilities		354		,,,,,,,	-	
Total Liabilities		26,244	5	,171		
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		_	5	,069		_
Unrestricted		194		,221)		-
Total Net Position	\$	194	\$ 2	,848	\$	

				Total
Ferry Service	Prison Industries	Dirigo Health	Consolidated Emergency Communications Fund	Other Enterprise Funds
\$ 1,159	\$ 364	\$ 7,447	\$ 1,895	\$ 10,865
3 312	3 1,279	-	-	756 2,866
312	1,279	_	-	2,000
110	50	1	-	27,327
4	36	-	265	307
				195
1,588	1,732	7,448	2,160	42,316
444	139	2,848	725	4,156
39,369	420	- 2.040	24	44,462
39,813	139	2,848	749	48,618
41,401	1,871	10,296	2,909	90,934
263 229	62 12	35 28	5 315	1,365 996
92	108	28	104	9,562
			-	-,
44	1	3	24	128
-	-	-	-	210
	3			17,429
628	186	94	448	29,690
320	10	22	174	930
835 1,155	33	136 158	793 967	<u>4,464</u> 5,394
1,100		130	307	0,004
1,783	219	252	1,415	35,084
39,369	-	-	24	44,462
249	1,652	10,044	1,470	11,388
\$ 39,618	\$ 1,652	\$ 10,044	\$ 1,494	\$ 55,850

STATE OF MAINE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	 Lottery	N	Maine Military uthority	Marine Ports	
Operating Revenues		_			
Charges for Services Miscellaneous Revenues	\$ 232,413 -	\$	10,104 3	\$	-
Total Operating Revenues	 232,413		10,107		
Operating Expenses					
General Operations	180,087		10,929		-
Depreciation	 		537		<u> </u>
Total Operating Expenses	 180,087		11,466		
Operating Income (Loss)	 52,326		(1,359)		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Other Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) - net	 7		(5)		-
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	 7		(5)		-
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions,					
Transfers and Special Items	 52,333		(1,364)		-
Capital Contributions, Transfers and Special Items					
Capital Contributions from Other Funds	-		-		711
Transfers from Other Funds	-		-		-
Transfers to Other Funds	(52,420)		-		-
Special Items	 				(9,710)
Total Capital Contributions, Transfers In (Out) and Special Items	(52,420)		_		(8,999)
Change in Net Position	(87)		(1,364)		(8,999)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	281		4,212		8,999
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 194	\$	2,848	\$	

									Total
Ferr	y Service	P	rison	<u>_ i</u>	Dirig	jo Health	E	nsolidated nergency munications Fund	Other nterprise Funds
\$	4,864	\$	2,125 121	_	\$	25,802	\$ 	5,683 90	\$ 280,991 214
	4,864		2,246	_		25,802		5,773	 281,205
	9,349 2,913		1,730 -	_		26,863 -		5,804 6	 234,762 3,456
	12,262		1,730	_		26,863		5,810	238,218
	(7,398)		516	_		(1,061)		(37)	 42,987
	48_		1_	_		-			51
	48		1	_					 51
	(7,350)		517	_		(1,061)		(37)	43,038
	1,520 4,302		- 370 (73)			- - (2,589)		- -	2,231 4,672 (55,082)
			-	_		-		-	(9,710)
	5,822		297	_		(2,589)		-	 (57,889)
	(1,528)		814			(3,650)		(37)	(14,851)
	41,146		838	_		13,694		1,531	 70,701
\$	39,618	\$	1,652		\$	10,044	\$	1,494	\$ 55,850

STATE OF MAINE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	Lottery	Maine Military Authority	Marine Ports
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 228,127	\$ 9,726	\$ -
Other Operating Cash Receipts (Payments)		,	•
Payments to Prize Winners	(148,077)	-	-
Payments to Suppliers	(26,035)	(988)	-
Payments to Employees	(1,609)	(8,718)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	52,406	20	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities			
Transfers from Other Funds Transfers to Other Funds	(52,420)	<u>-</u>	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	(52,420)		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Payments for Acquisition of Capital Assets	-	(15)	(60)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	7_		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital Financing Activities	7	(15)	(60)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Interest Revenue	7_	(5)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	7	(5)	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash/Cash Equivalents	-	-	(60)
Cash/Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	750		60
Cash/Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 750	\$ -	\$ -
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 52,326	\$ (1,359)	\$ -
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities			
Depreciation Expense	-	537	<u>-</u>
Decrease (Increase) in Assets & Liabilities:			
Accounts Receivable	(4,286)	(381)	-
Interfund Balances	1,612	1,810	-
Inventories	-	3	-
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	(103)	7	-
Accrued Payroll Expenses	(15)	(583)	-
Change in Compensated Absences Other Accruals	(19)	(302)	-
Other Accidans	2,891	288_	
Total Adjustments	80_	1,379	-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 52,406	\$ 20	\$ -
Non Cash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities			
Contributed Capital Assets	-	-	711
Special Item	-	-	(9,710)

Ferry Service				Industries		Consolidated Dirigo Emergency Health Communications		E	Totals Other nterprise Funds
\$ 4,870	\$	2,214	\$	27,664	\$	5,775	\$	278,376	
-		-		-		-		(148,077)	
(3,849)		(1,931)		(24,963)		(874)		(58,640)	
(5,190)		(222)		(537)		(4,863)		(21,139)	
(4,169)		61_		2,164		38_		50,520	
4,302		370 (73)		(2,589)		- -		4,672 (55,082)	
4,302		297		(2,589)				(50,410)	
-		-		-		(1)		(76)	
54						<u> </u>		61	
54		<u>-</u>		-	-	(1)		(15)	
6		1_				<u>-</u>		9	
6		1				<u>-</u>		9	
193		359		(425)		37		104	
1,413		147		10,720		2,583		15,673	
\$ 1,606	\$	506	\$	10,295	\$	2,620	\$	15,777	
\$ (7,398)	\$	516	\$	(1,061)	\$	(37)	\$	42,987	
2,913		-		-		6		3,456	
6		(32)		1,862		2		(2,829)	
22		71		15		(27)		3,503	
1		(561)		-		-		(557)	
78		49		(492)		(102)		(563)	
22		6		(11)		20		(561)	
15 172		5 7		(35) 1,886		14 162		(322) 5,406	
3,229		(455)		3,225		75		7,533	
\$ (4,169)	\$	61	\$	2,164	\$	38	\$	50,520	
1,520		-		-		-		2,231	
-		-		-		-		(9,710)	



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

<u>Motor Transport Service Fund</u> – This fund accounts for all the equipment and vehicle operations of the Department of Transportation.

<u>Postal</u>, <u>Printing and Supply Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the purchase of general office supplies, materials and photocopiers required by any State department or agency, the purchase of and contract for all postal and mailing services, duplicating needs, and the acquisition and disposition of State and federal surplus property. This fund is also used to administer the State's Procurement Card Program.

<u>Information Services Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the costs of providing information services in data processing and telecommunications and for coordinating data processing services including computer operations, programming and applications systems development, technical support and networking services.

<u>Risk Management Fund</u> – This fund accounts for resources generated and used to provide insurance advice and services for all forms of insurance except health and workers' compensation. This includes insurance for automobile, fire, liability and any other type of coverage that may be necessary to protect the State against financial loss.

<u>Workers' Compensation Fund</u> – This fund accounts for resources generated and used to provide workers' compensation advice and insurance services.

<u>Central Fleet Management Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the cost of administering a uniform program for the operation and maintenance of all State vehicles except those of the Department of Transportation and Public Safety.

<u>Leased Space Fund</u> – This fund accounts for State facilities leasing activities and maintains records of State agency property, leasing needs and all available space owned, leased and potentially available for lease.

<u>Revenue Services Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the resources generated and used to provide up-to-date information to facilitate compliance with Maine tax law and to help reduce common mistakes in filing tax forms.

<u>Retiree Health Insurance Fund</u> – This fund accounts for post retirement health care premiums and benefits for most retired state employees and Legislators, for a portion of the premiums for teachers, and for a portion of the premiums for county and municipal law enforcement officers and firefighters (First Responders).

<u>Employee Health Insurance Fund</u> – This fund accounts for health care premiums and benefits for most state employees.

<u>Statewide Radio & Network System Fund</u> – This fund accounts for resources generated and used to acquire, expand, upgrade and replace a statewide radio and network system for use by State agencies.

<u>Financial & Personnel Services Fund</u> – This fund accounts for centralized services provided by the Department of Administrative and Financial Services. Services provided include personnel administration, employee relations, budget management, general administration, and accounting.

<u>Transportation Facilities Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the purchase, operation, maintenance, improvement, repair, construction, and management of buildings owned by the Department of Transportation.

Governmental Facilities Authority Fund – This fund includes the operations of the Maine Governmental Facilities Authority, a blended component unit. The Authority was created to assist in the financing, equipping, improvement, reconstruction, acquisition, and construction of additions to structures designed for use as a court facility, State office or State activity space.

STATE OF MAINE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

		ransport	Postal F & Su	_		ormation ervices		Risk agement
Assets								
Current Assets:								
Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool	\$	6,701	\$	-	\$	13,129	\$	18,497
Cash and Short-Term Investments		1		1		-		-
Cash with Fiscal Agent		101		-		-		_
Restricted Assets:								
Restricted Deposits and Investments		-		-		-		-
Inventories		2,122		144		21		-
Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollec ibles:		,						
Other Receivable		16		82		39		2
Due from Other Funds		238		1,837		9,220		215
Other Current Assets				96		1,699		371
Total Current Assets		9,179		2,160	-	24,108	-	19,085
1000 0010117 0000		0,		2,.00		2.,.00	-	.0,000
Noncurrent Assets:								
Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool		2,562		-		5,022		7,075
Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles:								
Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation		56,206		8		5,743		_
Total Noncurrent Assets		58,768		8	-	10,765		7,075
						<u> </u>		
Total Assets		67,947		2,168		34,873		26,160
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable		263		647		1,477		40
Accrued Payroll		394		112		2,405		23
Due to Other Funds		399		3,994		811		39
Due to Component Units		-		-		-		8
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations:								
Certificates of Participation and Other Financing Arrangements		390		-		509		-
Obligations Under Capital Leases		-		-		-		-
Claims Payable		-		-		-		-
Compensated Absences		46		9		264		3
Unearned Revenue		-		-		_		214
Other Accrued Liabilities		4		_		25		
Total Current Liabilities		1,496		4,762		5,491		327
Long-Term Liabilities:								
Working Capital Advances Payable		-		111		-		-
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		-
Certificates of Participation and Other Financing Arrangements		-		-		1,557		-
Obligations Under Capital Leases		-		-		· -		-
Claims Payable		_		_		_		4,294
Compensated Absences		338		64		1,933		21
Total Long-Term Liabilities		338		175		3,490	-	4,315
Total Liabilities	-	1,834		4,937	-	8,981		4,642
Net Position								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		55,917		8		6,246		-
Restricted for:								
Other Purposes		-		-		-		-
Unrestricted		10,196		(2,777)		19,646		21,518
Total Net Position	\$	66,113	\$	(2,769)	\$	25,892	\$	21,518

	Norkers' Central Fleet mpensation Management				Leased Space	Revenue Services	Retiree Health Insurance	Employee Health Insurance	Statewide Radio & Network Systems
\$	17,345	\$ -	\$ 153	\$ 114	\$ 36,099	\$ 19,683	\$ 381		
	-	1 3,323	-	-	-	-	8,321		
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	-	25	-	-	-	-	-		
	-	37	-	-	1,747	5,162	-		
	765 459	1,788	87	-	2,587 4	7,748 7	- 1		
	18,569	5,174	240	114	40,437	32,600	8,703		
	6,634	-	59	44	13,806	7,528	146		
	-	16,186	27,391	-	-	-	48,501		
	6,634	16,186	27,450	44	13,806	7,528	48,647		
	25,203	21,360	27,690	158	54,243	40,128	57,350		
	1,105 82	428 58	83 18	-	4,017	15,437 53	-		
	47	1,017	9	6	-	20	-		
	-	-	-	-	4,023	-	-		
	-	4,760	-	-	-	-	5,825		
	-	-	5,016	-		-	-		
	7,397 3	7	3	-	5,176	15,530 4	-		
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	-	36				<u> </u>			
	8,634	6,306	5,129	6	13,216	31,044	5,825		
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	-	7,483	-	-	-	-	- 22,255		
	-		26,390	-	-	-	-		
	37,352	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	37,372	7,536	21 26,411		· -	31	22,255		
				-	40.040				
	46,006	13,842	31,540	6	13,216	31,075	28,080		
	-	7,266	(4,015)	-	-	-	28,742		
	(20,803)	- 252	- 165	- 152	41,027	9,053	528		
\$	(20,803)	\$ 7,518	\$ (3,850)	\$ 152	\$ 41,027	\$ 9,053	\$ 29,270		

(continued)

STATE OF MAINE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS (Continued)

								Total
	Pe	ancial & rsonnel ervices		sportation lities Fund		mental Authority		nal Service Funds
Assets		UI VICCS	1 401	inics i unu	Tacilities	Additionty		i unus
Current Assets:								
Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool	\$	2,070	\$	6,112	\$	-	\$	120,284
Cash and Short-Term Investments		_		-		-		3
Cash with Fiscal Agent		-		-		-		11,745
Restricted Assets:								
Restricted Deposits and Investments		-		-		3,662		3,662
Inventories		-		-		-		2,312
Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles:								
Other Receivable		-		-		7		7,092
Due from Other Funds		108		29		-		24,622
Other Current Assets		-		-		-		2,637
Total Current Assets		2,178		6,141		3,669		172,357
Noncurrent Assets:		704		0.000				40.005
Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool		791		2,338		-		46,005
Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles:								
Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation		12		23,061				177,108
Total Noncurrent Assets		803		25,399		<u> </u>		223,113
Total Assets		2,981		31,540		3,669		395,470
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable		16		285		14		23,812
Accrued Payroll		1,049		-		-		4,194
Due to Other Funds		332		1		-		6,675
Due to Component Units		-		-		-		4,031
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations:								
Certificates of Participation and Other Financing Arrangements		-		-		-		11,484
Obligations Under Capital Leases		-		-		-		5,016
Claims Payable		-		-		-		28,103
Compensated Absences		96		-		-		435
Unearned Revenue		-		-		130		344
Other Accrued Liabilities		_		_		280		345
Total Current Liabilities		1,493		286	-	424		84,439
Long-Term Liabilities:								444
Working Capital Advances Payable		-		-		-		111
Unearned Revenue		-		-		503		503
Cer ificates of Par icipation and Other Financing Arrangements		-		-		-		31,295
Obligations Under Capital Leases		-		-		-		26,390
Claims Payable		700		-		-		41,646
Compensated Absences	-	700				-	-	3,181
Total Long-Term Liabilities	-	700	-			503		103,126
Total Liabilities		2,193		286		927		187,565
Net Position								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		12		23,061		-		117,237
Restricted for:								
Other Purposes		-		-		(60)		468
Unrestricted		776		8,193		2,802		90,200
Total Net Position	\$	788	\$	31,254	\$	2,742	\$	207,905



STATE OF MAINE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	r Transport Service	Printing upply	Information Services		Risk agement
Operating Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$ 36,120	\$ 49,461	\$ 77,741	\$	4,328
Miscellaneous Revenues	 8	 -	 416		<u> </u>
Total Opera ing Revenues	 36,128	 49,461	 78,157		4,328
Operating Expenses					
General Operations	27,163	49,955	78,344		3,167
Depreciation	7,105	1	1,526		-
Claims/Fees Expense	-	-	-		1,444
Other Operating Expenses	 -	 <u> </u>	 		-
Total Opera ing Expenses	 34,268	 49,956	 79,870		4,611
Operating Income (Loss)	 1,860	 (495)	 (1,713)		(283)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Investment Revenue (Expense) - net	30	(14)	36		76
Interest Expense	(2)	-	(93)		-
Other Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) - net	 (1,451)	 <u> </u>	 (16,940)		-
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	 (1,423)	 (14)	(16,997)		76
Income (Loss) Before Capital					
Contributions, Transfers and Special Items	 437	 (509)	 (18,710)		(207)
Capital Contributions, Transfers and Special Items					
Capital Contributions from Other Funds	80	-	-		-
Transfers from (to) Other Funds	 (3,340)	 -	 1,228		-
Total Capital Contributions, Transfers In (Out)					
and Special Items	 (3,260)	 	 1,228		-
Change in Net Position	(2,823)	(509)	(17,482)		(207)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	 68,936	 (2,260)	 43,374		21,725
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 66,113	\$ (2,769)	\$ 25,892	\$	21,518

Workers' Compensation		Central Fleet Management		Leas	sed Space		Revenue Services		ree Health surance	Employee Health nsurance		vide Radio & ork Systems
\$	14,415	\$	13,845	\$	23,105	\$	295	\$	51,614	\$ 149,714	\$	145
	13	-	3		<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	 1	-	-
	14,428		13,848		23,105		295		51,614	 149,715		145
	7,236		9,359		11,130		149		27,597	157,693		-
	- 9,311		3,747		4,032		-		-	-		-
	-									 		-
	16,547		13,106		15,162		149		27,597	 157,693		-
	(2,119)		742		7,943		146		24,017	 (7,978)		145
	72		-		5		-		100	103		1
	-		(142) (158)		(8,054)		-		-	-		-
	72		(300)		(8,049)		-		100	103		1
	(2,047)		442		(106)		146		24,117	 (7,875)		146
			_		_		_		_	_		_
							<u>-</u>		1,585	 		5,042
	-		-		-		-		1,585	-		5,042
	(2,047)		442		(106)		146		25,702	(7,875)		5,188
	(18,756)		7,076		(3,744)		6		15,325	 16,928		24,082
\$	(20,803)	\$	7,518	\$	(3,850)	\$	152	\$	41,027	\$ 9,053	\$	29,270

(continued)

STATE OF MAINE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS (Continued)

				Total
	Financial & Personnel Services	Transportation Facilities Fund	Governmental Facilities Authority	Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 17,941	\$ 1,263	\$ 341	\$ 440,328
Miscellaneous Revenues	-		·	441
Total Operating Revenues	17,941	1,263	341	440,769
Operating Expenses				
General Operations	17,779	488	210	390,270
Depreciation	2	669	=	17,082
Claims/Fees Expense	-	-	-	10,755
Other Operating Expenses		<u> </u>	48	48
Total Operating Expenses	17,781	1,157	258	418,155
Operating Income (Loss)	160	106	83	22,614
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Investment Revenue (Expense) - net	-	20	14	443
Interest Expense	-	-	-	(8,291)
Other Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) - net	1	65		(18,483)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	1	85	14	(26,331)
Income (Loss) Before Capital				
Contributions, Transfers and Special Items	161	191	97	(3,717)
Capital Contributions, Transfers and Special Items				
Capital Contributions from Other Funds	-	1,613	-	1,693
Transfers from (to) Other Funds	(1)	10,147		14,661
Total Capital Contributions, Transfers In (Out)				
and Special Items	(1)	11,760	. <u>-</u>	16,354
Change in Net Position	160	11,951	97	12,637
Net Position - Beginning of Year	628	19,303	2,645	195,268
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 788	\$ 31,254	\$ 2,742	\$ 207,905



STATE OF MAINE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	Motor Transport Service		Postal Printing & Supply		Information Services		Risk Management	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities								
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	35,934	\$	49,659	\$	84,241	\$	4,459
Other Operating Cash Receipts (Payments)								
Payments to Suppliers		(16,954)		(47,650)		(40,552)		(4,057)
Payments to Employees	-	(9,785)		(1,988)		(37,105)		(402)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		9,195		21		6,584		<u>-</u>
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities								
Transfers from Other Funds		(0.040)		-		1,228		-
Transfers to Other Funds	-	(3,340)						-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		(3,340)		-		1,228		<u>-</u>
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities								
Payments for Acquisition of Capital Assets		(7,098)		(7)		(883)		-
Proceeds From Financing Arrangements		-		-		-		-
Principal and Interest Paid on Financing Arrangements		(189)		-		(3,852)		-
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		-						-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital Financing Activities		(7,287)		(7)		(4,735)		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest Revenue		30		(14)		36		76
interest ivevenue	-	30_		(14)		30		70
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		30		(14)		36		76
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash/Cash Equivalents		(1,402)		-		3,113		76
Cash/Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		10,767		1_		15,038		25,496
Cash/Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	9,365	\$	1	\$	18,151	\$	25,572
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided								
(Used) by Operating Activities	•	4 000	•	(405)	•	(4.740)	•	(000)
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	1,860	\$	(495)	\$	(1,713)	\$	(283)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash								
Provided by Operating Activities								
Depreciation Expense		7,105		1		1,526		-
Decrease (Increase) in Assets Accounts Receivable		35		(35)		54		28
Interfund Balances		379		(48)		6,643		(11)
Inventories		(342)		83		(5)		(11)
Other Assets		(0-12)		(48)		(58)		37
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities				(10)		(00)		0.
Accounts Payable		203		575		(73)		37
Accrued Payroll Expenses		12		(12)		244		-
Change in Compensated Absences		(52)		-		22		(2)
Other Accruals		(5)		-		(56)		194
Total Adjustments		7,335		516		8,297		283
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	9,195	\$	21	\$	6,584	\$	
Non Cash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities								
Property Leased, Accrued or Acquired		_		_		_		_
Contributed Capital Assets		80		_		_		_

tewide Radio & Network System	8	nployee lealth surance	I	Retiree Health Insurance		Health		Health		vices		eased		ntral Fleet nagement		Vorkers' npensation	
144	\$	144,554	\$	49,861	\$	295	\$	23,059	\$	13,491	\$	14,403	\$				
-		(142,871) (811)		(29,585)		(148)		(10,802) (289)		(8,292) (977)		(13,799) (1,132)					
144		872		20,276		147		11,968		4,222		(528)					
5,042		-		1,585		-		-		-		-					
5,042		<u> </u>		1,585					_	<u> </u>		<u> </u>					
(12,319)		_		_		_		_		(3,149)		_					
11,500		-		-		-		-		4,800		-					
(5,042)		-		-		-		(12,250)		(4,890)		-					
-	-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>					_	<u>-</u>	-						
(5,861)		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				(12,250)		(3,239)		<u> </u>					
1		103		100				5		<u>-</u>		72					
1		103		100				5_		<u>-</u>		72					
(674)		975		21,961		147		(277)		983		(456)					
9,522		26,236		27,944		11_		489	_	2,341		24,435					
8,848	\$	27,211	\$	49,905	\$	158	\$	212	\$	3,324	\$	23,979	\$				
145	\$	(7,978)	\$	24,017	\$	146_	_\$	7,943	\$	742	\$	(2,119)	\$				
-		-		-		_		4,032		3,747		-					
-		2,594 (7,742)		838 (2,587)		1		(41)		6 (674)		(59)					
-		-		-		-		-		18		-					
(1)		(7)		(4)		-		-		-		32					
-		15,404		(1,743)		-		33		380		684					
-		5 5		-				1		1 3		27 5					
<u> </u>		(1,409)		(245)		-				(1)		902					
(1)		8,850		(3,741)		1_		4,025		3,480		1,591					
144	\$	872	\$	20,276	\$	147	\$	11,968	\$	4,222	\$	(528)	\$				
-		-		-		_		921		-		-					
-		-		-		-		-		-		-					
(continued)																	

STATE OF MAINE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

				Totals	
	Financial & Transportation Personnel Facilities Services Fund		Governmental Facilities Authority	Internal Service Funds	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 18,400	\$ 1,234	\$ 365	\$ 440,099	
Other Operating Cash Receipts (Payments)					
Payments to Suppliers	(1,316)	(292)	(465)	(316,783)	
Payments to Employees	(16,445)			(68,934)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	639	942	(100)	54,382	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities					
Transfers from Other Funds	-	10,147	-	18,002	
Transfers to Other Funds	(1)	-		(3,341)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	(1)	10,147		14,661	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities					
Payments for Acquisition of Capital Assets	-	(4,796)	-	(28,252)	
Proceeds From Financing Arrangements	-	-	-	16,300	
Principal and Interest Paid on Financing Arrangements	-	-	-	(26,223)	
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		65		65	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital Financing Activities	<u>-</u>	(4,731)		(38,110)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Interest Revenue		20	14	443	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		20	14	443	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash/Cash Equivalents	638	6,378	(86)	31,376	
Cash/Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	2,222	2,072	3,748	150,322	
Cash/Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 2,860	\$ 8,450	\$ 3,662	\$ 181,698	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash					
Used by Operating Activities					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 160	\$ 106	\$ 83	\$ 22,614	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash					
Provided by Operating Activities					
Depreciation Expense	2	669	-	17,082	
Decrease (Increase) in Assets					
Accounts Receivable	-	-	24	3,544	
Interfund Balances	588	(29)	-	(3,580)	
Inventories	-	-	-	(246)	
Other Assets	1	-	-	(48)	
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	4	196	(49)	15,651	
Accrued Payroll Expenses	(73)	-	-	205	
Change in Compensated Absences	(43)	-	-	(62)	
Other Accruals	-	-	(158)	(778)	
Total Adjustments	479	836	(183)	31,768	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 639	\$ 942	\$ (100)	\$ 54,382	
Non Cash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities					
Property Leased, Accrued or Acquired	-	-	-	921	
Contributed Capital Assets	_	1,613	-	1,693	
		.,		.,	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trusts

This fund accounts for all of the trust activity occurring in the employees defined benefit pension plan, healthcare and group life insurance other post-

employment benefit trusts and defined contribution plans.

Private Purpose Trust Funds

<u>Abandoned Property Fund</u> - This fund accounts for unclaimed property receipts. All holders of property presumed abandoned must report these properties to the Treasurer annually. The Treasurer will honor claims indefinitely.

<u>Revenue on Private Purpose Trusts Fund</u> – This fund accounts for expendable earnings on private purpose trust fund balances.

<u>Lands Reserved Trust Funds</u> – These funds were established to account for revenue derived from the sale of timber from public lands and from appreciation on investments. The income is to be used for school purposes by townships when they become organized towns or plantations.

<u>Permanent School Fund</u> – This fund is comprised of numerous small private purpose trusts, the income from which may be used for specified purposes.

Agency Funds

<u>Payroll Withholding Fund</u> – This fund accounts for all payroll taxes and deductions withheld to pay the federal government, other State agencies, and payroll vendors.

<u>Private Trusts Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for assets held by the State acting as an agent for patients of State mental health facilities, inmates at State correctional institutions, recipients of State-supported elder and adult services, and child support enforcement services. Also included in this fund are insurance company and unemployment guaranty deposits, and assets held in Courts and Corrections restitution escrow accounts.

<u>Other Agency Funds</u> – These funds account for numerous small agency funds which have been combined for financial reporting purposes.

<u>Treasurer's Agency Fund</u> – This fund accounts for deposits of quasi governmental units placed in the Treasurer's Cash Pool for investment purposes.

STATE OF MAINE COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION (AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUSTS

June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Define	/Teacher ed Benefit ion Plan		PLD ensolidated ension Plan		D Agent sion Plan		ealthcare OPEB		inePERS EB Trust	In	oup Life surance OPEB	Cor	Defined atribution Plans	E	Total nsion (and Other imployee Benefit) Trusts
Assets	_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	
Cash and Short-Term Investments	\$	26,853	\$	4,083	\$	84	\$	-	\$	-	\$	217	\$	35	\$	31,272
Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles:																
Interest and Dividends		3,553		823		13		-		-		-		-		4,389
Due from Brokers for Securities Sold		80		19		-		-		-		-		-		99
Other		14,230		4,385		61		-		-		632		61		19,369
Investments at Fair Value:																
Equity Securities		3,212,369		744,130		11,304		-		-		-		-		3,967,803
Common Collective Trust		7,160,968		1,705,141		25,200		189,937		11,448		94,312		24,939		9,211,945
Securities Lending Collateral		210,680		48,803		741		-		-		-		-		260,224
Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation		7,059		1,635		25		-		-		-				8,719
Total Assets	1	0,635,792		2,509,019		37,428		189,937		11,448		95,161		25,035		13,503,820
Liabilities																
Accounts Payable		5,012		1,162		18		-		-		21		-		6,213
Due to Brokers for Securities Purchased		432		100		2		-		-		-		-		534
Obligations Under Securities Lending		210,680		48,803		741		-		-		-		-		260,224
Other Accrued Liabilities		13,719		3,178		48		104		773		2,973		6		20,801
Total Liabilities		229,843	_	53,243		809		104		773		2,994		6		287,772
Net Position																
Held in Trust for Pension, Disability, Death, Group																
Life Insurance Benefits and Other Purposes	1	0,405,949	_	2,455,776		36,619		189,833		10,675		92,167		25,029		13,216,048
Total Net Position	\$ 1	0,405,949	\$	2,455,776	\$	36,619	\$	189,833	\$	10,675	\$	92,167	\$	25,029	\$	13,216,048

STATE OF MAINE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION (AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUSTS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

	State/Teacher Defined Benefit Pension Plan	PLD Consolidated Pension Plan	PLD Agent Pension Plan	Healthcare OPEB	MainePERS OPEB Trust	Group Life Insurance OPEB	Defined Contribution Plans	Total Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trusts
Additions:								
Contributions:								
Members	\$ 121,701	\$ 33,211	\$ 94	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,708	\$ 3,505	\$ 163,219
State and Local Agencies	163,856	32,706	668	63,285	6	7,950	110	268,581
Other Contributing Entity	142,303	-	-	-	-	-	-	142,303
Investment Income (Loss):								
Net Increase (Decrease) in the Fair Value	4 450 407	044.047		00.040	4.000	44.000		4.055.000
of Investments	1,456,127	344,617	5,336	29,618	1,806	14,808	3,290	1,855,602
Interest and Dividends	102,439	23,729	360	-	-	-		126,528
Securities Lending Income	1,210	280	4	-	-	-	-	1,494
Less Investment Expense: Investment Activity Expense	33,279	7.727	122	53	5	44	80	41,310
Securities Lending Expense	(973)	(225)		53	5	44	00	
Net Investment Income (Loss)	1,527,470	361,124	5,581	29,565	1,801	14,764	3,210	(1,201) 1,943,515
Net investment income (Loss)	1,527,470	301,124	5,561	29,565	1,001	14,764	3,210	1,943,515
Total Additions	1,955,330	427,041	6,343	92,850	1,807	27,422	6,825	2,517,618
Deductions:								
Benefits Paid to Participants or Beneficiaries	671,035	121,559	2,702	63,285	279	10,273	-	869,133
Refunds and Withdrawals	21,693	5,602	1,898	-	-	-	2,032	31,225
Administrative Expenses	8,296	1,779	28	90	-	319	112	10,624
Claims Processing Expense						835		835
Total Deductions	701,024	128,940	4,628	63,375	279	11,427	2,144	911,817
Net Increase (Decrease)	1,254,306	298,101	1,715	29,475	1,528	15,995	4,681	1,605,801
Net Position: Held in Trust for Pension, Disability, Death, Group Life Insurance Benefits and Other Purposes:								
Beginning of Year, as Restated	9,151,643	2,157,675	34,904	160,358	9,147	76,172	20,348	11,610,247
End of Year	\$ 10,405,949	\$ 2,455,776	\$ 36,619	\$ 189,833	\$ 10,675	\$ 92,167	\$ 25,029	\$ 13,216,048

STATE OF MAINE COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

							Total
	 ndoned operty	Pr Pu	enue on ivate rpose rusts	Lands eserved	 rmanent ichool	Р	Private urpose Trusts
Assets							
Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool	\$ 500	\$	64	\$ 1,418	\$ -	\$	1,982
Investments at Fair Value:							
Other	-		17	11,467	3,416		14,900
Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles:							
Due from Other Funds	24,007		-	-	-		24,007
Other Assets	 4,621			 -	 		4,621
Total Assets	 29,128		81	 12,885	 3,416		45,510
Liabilities							
Accounts Payable	88		-	-	-		88
Due to Other Funds	4		-	-	-		4
Total Liabilities	 92		-	 -	-		92
Net Position							
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension, Disability, Death,							
Group Life Insurance Benefits and Other Purposes	 29,036		81	 12,885	 3,416		45,418
Total Net Position	\$ 29,036	\$	81	\$ 12,885	\$ 3,416	\$	45,418

STATE OF MAINE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

					Total
	Abandoned Property	Revenue on Private Purpose Trusts	Lands Reserved	Permanent School	Private Purpose Trusts
Additions					
Investment Income (Loss):					
Net Increase (Decrease) in the Fair Value of Investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,610	\$ 480	\$ 2,090
Interest and Dividends	19	123	177		319
Net Investment Income (Loss)	19	123	1,787	480	2,409
Miscellaneous Revenues	9,714	-	-	-	9,714
Transfers In		738		<u> </u>	738
Total Additions	9,733	861	1,787	480	12,861
Deductions					
Benefits Paid to Participants or Beneficiaries	-	69	-	-	69
Administrative Expenses	157	-	-	-	157
Special Items Outflow	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out	7,047	787			7,834
Total Deductions	7,204	856		<u>-</u>	8,060
Net Increase (Decrease)	2,529	5	1,787	480	4,801
Net Position:					
Held in Trust for Pension, Disability, Death, Group					
Life Insurance Benefits and Other Purposes:					
Beginning of Year	26,507	76	11,098	2,936	40,617
End of Year	\$ 29,036	\$ 81	\$ 12,885	\$ 3,416	\$ 45,418



STATE OF MAINE COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS

June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

								 Total
	Payroll Withholding		Private Trusts		Other agency	Treasurer's Agency		Agency Funds
Assets								
Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool	\$ -	\$	8,648	\$	9,662	\$	-	\$ 18,310
Cash and Short-Term Investments	-		27		-		-	27
Restricted Deposits and Investments	-		-		11		-	11
Investments Held on Behalf of Others	-		52,641		-		-	52,641
Other Assets	3,351		1,065		-		-	4,416
Total Assets	\$ 3,351	\$	62,381	\$	9,673	\$	-	\$ 75,405
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$	1,063	\$	1	\$	-	\$ 1,064
Agency Liabilities	-		61,318		9,665		-	70,983
Due to Other Funds	3,320		-		7		-	3,327
Other Accrued Liabilities	31		-		-		-	31
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,351	\$	62,381	\$	9,673	\$	-	\$ 75,405

STATE OF MAINE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Balance ly 1, 2013	A	dditions	ns Deductions		alance e 30, 2014
Payroll Withholding						
Assets Cash, Short-term Investments & Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool Other Assets	\$ - 1,184	\$	257,609 2,167	\$	257,609	\$ - 3,351_
Total Assets	\$ 1,184	\$	259,776	\$	257,609	\$ 3,351
Liabilities Accounts Payable & Other Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Funds Total Liabilities	\$ 1,098 86 1,184	\$ 	621,088 3,234 624,322	\$	622,155 - 622,155	\$ 31 3,320 3,351
Private Trusts						
Assets Cash, Short-term Investments & Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool Investments Held on Behalf of Others Other Assets	\$ 9,114 64,620 591	\$	16,826 3,404 655	\$	17,265 15,383 181	\$ 8,675 52,641 1,065
Total Assets	\$ 74,325	\$	20,885	\$	32,829	\$ 62,381
Liabilities Accounts Payable & Other Accrued Liabilities Agency Liabilities	\$ 834 73,491	\$	1,484 12,759	\$	1,255 24,932	\$ 1,063 61,318
Total Liabilities	\$ 74,325	\$	14,243	\$	26,187	\$ 62,381

		Balance y 1, 2013	A	dditions	De	eductions		alance e 30, 2014
Other Agency								
Assets Cash, Short-term Investments & Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool	\$	13,151	\$	10.350	\$	12.027	\$	9,673
Investments Held on Behalf of Others	—	899	Ψ ——	10,359 -	Ψ ———	13,837 899	<u> </u>	9,673
Total Assets	\$	14,050	\$	10,359	\$	14,736	\$	9,673
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable & Other Accrued Liabilities Agency Liabilities Due to Other Funds	\$	1 14,046 <u>3</u>	\$	9,582 14,283 <u>4</u>	\$	9,582 18,664 -	\$	9,665 7
Total Liabilities	\$	14,050	\$	23,869	\$	28,246	\$	9,673
Treasurer's Agency								
Assets								
Cash, Short-term Investments & Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool	\$		\$	14,803	\$	14,803	\$	-
Total Assets	\$		\$	14,803	\$	14,803	\$	-
Liabilities Agency Liabilities	\$		\$	6,490	\$	6,490	\$	
Total Liabilities	\$		\$	6,490	\$	6,490	\$ \$	
				3,.00		5,.55	<u> </u>	
Totals - All Agency Funds								
Assets Cash, Short-term Investments & Equity								
in Treasurer's Cash Pool Investments Held on Behalf of Others	\$	22,265 65,519	\$	299,597 3,404	\$	303,514 16,282	\$	18,348 52,641
Other Assets		1,775		2,822		181		4,416
Total Assets	\$	89,559	\$	305,823	\$	319,977	\$	75,405
Liabilities Accounts Payable & Other Accrued Liabilities	\$	1,933	\$	632,154	\$	632,992	\$	1,095
Agency Liabilities	Ψ	87,537	Ψ	33,532	Ψ	50,086	Ψ	70,983
Due to Other Funds		89		3,238		-		3,327
Total Liabilities	\$	89,559	\$	668,924	\$	683,078	\$	75,405



NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNIT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<u>ConnectMe Authority</u> – is responsible for stimulating investment in advanced communications technology infrastructure in unserved or underserved areas in the State.

<u>Efficiency Maine Trust</u> – was established for the purpose of administering programs for energy efficiency and alternative energy resources to help individuals and businesses in Maine meet their energy needs at the lowest cost.

<u>Loring Development Authority</u> – is responsible for the acquisition, development and management of the properties within the geographical area of the former Loring Air Force Base.

<u>Maine Educational Center for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing</u> – (formerly Governor Baxter School for the Deaf) is a comprehensive educational organization that offers educational, residential, transitional, and outreach services to meet the needs of persons who are deaf or hard of hearing, their families, professionals, service providers, agencies and communities on a local, statewide, regional and national level.

<u>Maine Educational Loan Authority</u> – was created to grant educational loans primarily using funds acquired through issuance of long-term bonds payable.

<u>Maine Maritime Academy</u> – is a college specializing in ocean and marine programs at the undergraduate and graduate levels. The operation of the Academy is subject to review by the federal government.

<u>Maine Port Authority</u> – is responsible for acquiring, financing, constructing and operating port and railroad facilities within the State, to improve the global competitiveness of Maine businesses.

<u>Maine Technology Institute</u> – was established to encourage, promote, stimulate and support research and development activity.

<u>Midcoast Regional Redevelopment Authority</u> – is responsible for acquiring and managing Naval Air Station Brunswick properties in both Brunswick and Thopsham and implementing the Reuse Master Plans for each.

<u>Northern New England Passenger Rail Authority</u> – initiates, establishes and maintains regularly scheduled passenger rail service between points within Maine to points within and outside of Maine.

<u>Small Enterprise Growth Fund</u> – is used to provide capital to small Maine businesses that show potential for high growth and public benefit but are unable to obtain adequate conventional financing from financial institutions.

STATE OF MAINE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS

June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

	ConnectME Authority		ficiency Maine Trust	Deve	oring elopment thority	Maine Educational Center for the t Deaf and Hard of Hearing		Edu	Maine Icational Authority
Assets									
Current Assets:									
Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool	\$ -	\$.	\$	-	\$		\$	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-		12,588		580		1,541		11,173
Investments	-		-		-		-		1,994
Restricted Assets:			00.000						
Restricted Deposits and Investments Inventories	-		32,939		-		-		-
Receivables, Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles:	-						-		-
Loans Receivable	_		_		_		_		16,749
Notes Receivable	-		8,009				_		-
Other Receivables	606		430		721		13		1,331
Due from Other Governments	94		646		-		-		-
Due from Primary Government	-		510		952		3,868		-
Other Current Assets			115		31		47		23
Total Current Assets	700		55,237		2,284		5,469		31,270
N									
Noncurrent Assets: Equity in Treasurer's Cash Pool									
Restricted Assets:	-		-		-		-		-
Restricted Deposits and Investments	1,815								_
Investments	1,015						1,072		
Receivables, Net of Current Portion:							1,072		
Loans Receivable	-		-		-		-		102,397
Notes Receivable	-		-		3,081		-		
Other Receivables	-		-		-		-		977
Due from Primary Government	-		-		-		-		-
Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation	-		24		62,021		567		-
Other Noncurrent Assets			-		-				445
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,815		24		65,102		1,639		103,819
Total Assets	2,515		55,261		67,386		7,108		135,089
Deferred Outflows of Resources									
Deferred Loss on Refunding	-		_		_		_		1,021
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	1,021
									<u> </u>
Liabilities									
Current Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	75		3,604		85		83		149
Accrued Payroll	-		-		-		407		-
Compensated Absences	-		53		21		85		-
Due to Primary Government	-		49		107		-		- 0.005
Bonds and Notes Payable Obligations under Capital Leases	-				1,051		-		6,895
Accrued Interest Payable							-		569
Unearned Revenue	-		76		-		1,544		-
Other Current Liabilities	-		385		55		-		
Total Current Liabilities	75	_	4,167		1,319		2,119		7,613
									<u> </u>
Long-Term Liabilities:									
Due to Other Governments	-		-		-		-		921
Bonds and Notes Payable	-		-		1,004		-		124,326
Other Post-Employment Benefit Obligation	-		-		-		2,129		-
Other Noncurrent Liabilities			-		-		-		-
Total Long-Term Liabilities					1,004		2,129		125,247
Total Liabilities	75	_	4,167		2,323		4,248		132,860
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Deferred Inflow of Resources Deferred Inflow of Grant Income	555		_		1,999		_		_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	555	_			1,999				
Net Position									
Net Investment in Capital Assets	-		24		60,666		566		-
Restricted	1,885		51,070		-		800		2,855
Unrestricted			-		2,398		1,494		395
Total Net Position	\$ 1,885	\$	51,094	\$	63,064	\$	2,860	\$	3,250

Mar	aine ritime demy	Maine Port Authority	Authority Authority Instit		Northern New England Passenger Rail Authority	nd Small er Rail Enterprise		
				_				
\$	17	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,060	\$ 1,077	
	3,164 6,852	1,857	3,084	25,661	2,445	2,103	64,196 8,846	
	0,032	_	_	_	_	_	0,040	
	-		-	-	-	-	32,939	
	876	-	-	-	-	-	876	
	603	-	687	165	-	174	18,378	
	1,186	112	713	- 787	107	- 51	8,009 6,057	
	-	- 112	2,432	-	2,857	-	6,029	
	-	-	171	3,040	38	-	8,579	
	346		3	81	820	4	1,470	
1	13,044	1,969	7,090	29,734	6,267	3,392	156,456	
	7	-	-	-	-	405	412	
4	13,551		333		760		16.461	
	17,682	-	-	528	762	3,661	22,943	
'	17,002			320		3,001	22,943	
	2,409	-	-	362	-	-	105,168	
	-	-	-	-	-	326	3,407	
	2,065	-	-	-	-	1	3,043	
	-	47.040	-	-	155	-	155	
	20,725 927	17,610	132,141 100	76	3,156		236,320 1,472	
5	57,366	17,610	132,574	966	4,073	4,393	389,381	
7	70,410	19,579	139,664	30,700	10,340	7,785	545,837	
	0,110	10,010	100,001		10,010	7,700		
\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	1,021 \$ 1,021	
<u> </u>		Ψ	<u> </u>	Ψ	<u> </u>	Ψ	Ψ 1,021	
	3.983	215	3.087	1.211	2.877	_	15.369	
	3,983	215	3,087	1,211 -	2,877	- -	15,369 407	
	3,983	215 - -	3,087 - -	1,211 - -	2,877 - 30			
	-	-	- - 478	1,211 - - -	-	- - -	407 189 759	
	- - - 1,548	- 125 -	- - 478 16	- - -	30	:	407 189 759 9,510	
	-	-	- - 478 16	- - - - 5	- 30 -	:	407 189 759 9,510 5	
	- - - 1,548 -	- 125 - -	- 478 16 -	- - - 5	30 - - -	-	407 189 759 9,510 5	
	- - - 1,548	- 125 -	- - 478 16	- - - - 5	30	- - - - - - - - 34	407 189 759 9,510 5	
	- - - 1,548 - - - 306	- 125 - -	- 478 16 - - 98	- - - 5	- 30 - - - - 293	-	407 189 759 9,510 5 569 30,934	
	1,548 - - 306 185 6,022	- 125 - - - -	478 16 - - 98 752 - 4,431	28,617 - 29,833	30 - - - 293 - 3,200	34	407 189 759 9,510 5 569 30,934 1,411 59,153	
	1,548 - 306 185 6,022	- 125 - - - -	478 16 - - 98 752 4,431	- - - 5 - 28,617	30 - - - 293	- - - 34	407 189 759 9,510 5 569 30,934 1,411 59,153	
	1,548 - - 306 185 6,022	- 125 - - - -	478 16 - - 98 752 - 4,431	28,617 - 29,833	30 - - - 293 - 3,200	34	407 189 759 9,510 5 569 30,934 1,411 59,153	
	1,548 - 306 185 6,022	- 125 - - - -	478 16 - - 98 752 4,431	28,617 - 29,833	30 - - - 293 - 3,200	34	407 189 759 9,510 5 569 30,934 1,411 59,153	
<u></u>	1,548 - 306 185 6,022	- 125 - - - -	478 16 - - 98 752 4,431	28,617 - 29,833	30 - - - 293 - 3,200	34	407 189 759 9,510 5 569 30,934 1,411 59,153	
	1,548 - - 306 185 6,022 1,710 31	- 125 - - - -	478 16 - - 98 752 4,431	28,617 - 29,833	30 - - 293 - 3,200	34	407 189 759 9,510 5 569 30,934 1,411 59,153	
	1,548 - 306 185 6,022 1,710 31 - 1,741	340	478 166 - 98 752 4,431	28,617 - 28,617 - 29,833	30 - - - 293 - 3,200	34 34	407 189 759 9,510 5 569 30,934 1,411 59,153 2,631 139,715 2,129 161 144,636 203,789	
	1,548 - 306 185 6,022 1,710 31 - 1,741	340	478 166 - 98 752 4,431	28,617 - 28,617 - 29,833	30 - - - 293 - 3,200	34 34	407 189 759 9,510 5 569 30,934 1,411 59,153 2,631 139,715 2,129 161 144,636	
	1,548 	340	478 166 - 98 752 4,431	28,617 - 28,633 - 29,833 	30 - - - 293 - 3,200	- -34 34 - - - - - - 34	407 189 759 9,510 5 569 30,934 1,411 59,153 2,631 139,715 2,129 161 144,636 203,789	
	1,548 	340	478 166 - 98 752 4,431	28,617 - 28,633 - 29,833 	30 - - - 293 - 3,200	- -34 34 - - - - - - 34	407 189 759 9,510 5 569 30,934 1,411 59,153 2,631 139,715 2,129 161 144,636 203,789	
	1,548 - 306 185 6,022 1,710 31 - 1,741 7,763	125 	14,354 18,785	28,617 - 28,633 - 29,833 	30 - - - 293 - 3,200 - - - 161 161 3,361	- -34 34 - - - - - - 34	407 189 759 9,510 5 569 30,934 1,411 59,153 2,631 139,715 2,129 161 144,636 203,789	
1	1,548 - 306 185 6,022 1,710 31 - 1,741 7,763	125 	14,354 18,785	28,617 - 28,633 - 29,833 	30 - - - 293 - 3,200 - - - 161 161 3,361	- -34 34 - - - - - - 34	407 189 759 9,510 5 669 30,934 1,411 59,153 2,631 139,715 2,129 161 144,636 203,789 2,554 2,554	

STATE OF MAINE COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

NON-MAJOR COMPONENT UNITS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Expressed in Thousands)

	 nectME thority	ficiency ne Trust	Dev	Loring relopment uthority	Edu Cent Deaf	Maine acational er for the and Hard Hearing	Edu	Maine ucational Loan uthority
Expenses	\$ 3,052	\$ 38,005	\$	3,594	\$	7,492	\$	10,265
Program Revenues								
Charges for Services	-	-		1,760		644		10,581
Program Investment Income	-	-		-		-		10
Operating Grants and Contr butions	2,409	44,096		-		50		-
Capital Grants and Contributions	 	 		617				-
Net Revenue (Expense)	 (643)	 6,091		(1,217)		(6,798)		326
General Revenues								
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	-	-		27		153		-
Non-program Specific Grants,								
Contributions and Appropriations	-	-		777		6,155		-
Miscellaneous Income	-	-		153		-		-
Gain (Loss) on Assets Held for Sale	-	-		7		-		-
Special Item	-	-		-		-		-
Total General Revenues	-	-		964		6,308		-
Change in Net Position	(643)	6,091		(253)		(490)		326
Net Position, Beginning of the Year (as restated)	 2,528	 45,003		63,317		3,350		2,924
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 1,885	\$ 51,094	\$	63,064	\$	2,860	\$	3,250

M	Maine laritime cademy	Maine Po Authorit	-	Redevelopment Techr		laine nnology stitute	ology Passenger R		Ent	Small erprise vth Fund		Total
\$	38,856	\$ 2,31	3	\$ 12,958	\$	9,372	\$	19,986	\$	880	\$	146,773
	21,438	1,92	2	4,039		232		9,743		- 55		50,359 65
	2,694 7,567	10	4 <u>-</u> _	1,258 11,495		8,796		9,300 1,531		371		69,078 21,210
	(7,157)	(28	7)	3,834		(344)		588		(454)		(6,061)
	4,549	2	2	-		318		4		38		5,111
	10,347		-	-		-		-		-		17,279
	591	5	6	176		1		183		-		1,160
	-		-	359		-		-		-		366
	-			(7,220)		-		-		-		(7,220)
	15,487	7	8	(6,685)		319		187		38	_	16,696
	8,330	(20	,	(2,851)		(25)		775		(416)		10,635
	54,317	19,44	8	123,730		892		6,204		8,167		329,880
\$	62,647	\$ 19,23	9	\$ 120,879	\$	867	\$	6,979	\$	7,751	\$	340,515



STATISTICAL SECTION



STATISTICAL SECTION NARRATIVE AND TABLE OF CONTENTS

This part of the State of Maine's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the State's overall financial health.

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FINANCIAL TRENDS

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the State's financial performance and fiscal health have changed over time. Fund perspective schedules are presented for the last ten years, except where GASB Statement No. 44 was prospectively implemented. Schedules included are:

ENTITY WIDE PERSPECTIVE:

Schedule 1 – Net Position by Activities, Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 2 – Changes in Net Position by Activities, Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Fund Perspective:	
Schedule 3 – Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Schedule 4 – Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 5 – Changes in Fund Balances, General Fund, Last Ten Fiscal Years	

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These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the State's most significant revenue sources: individual income tax, and sales and use tax. Schedules included are:

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STATE OF MAINE NET POSITION BY ACTIVITIES

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Expressed in Thousands)

		2014		2013		2012		2011
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	3,326,970	1 \$	3,262,047	\$	4,408,377	\$	4,165,760
Restricted		523,133		403,837		398,122		376,044
Unrestricted		(501,036)		(464,331)		(514,820)		(324,465)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	3,349,067	\$	3,201,553	\$	4,291,679	\$	4,217,339
Business-Type Activities		44.400	•	55.040	•	450 700	•	4.40.057
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	44,462	\$	55,340	\$	152,763	\$	146,357
Restricted		331,799		321,112		295,632		300,287
Unrestricted		(172,030)		2,860		675		(6,623)
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$	204,231	\$	379,312	\$	449,070	\$	440,021
Total Primary Government								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	3,371,432	\$	3,317,387	\$	4,561,140	\$	4,312,117
Restricted		854,932		724,949		693,754		676,331
Unrestricted		(673,066)		(461,471)		(514,145)		(331,088)
Total Primary Government Activities Net Position	_\$	3,553,298	\$	3,580,865	\$	4,740,749	\$	4,657,360

The methodology of calculating infrastructure capital assets changed in 2014. Fiscal year 2013 was restated.

SOURCE: State of Maine Comprehensive Annual Financial Reporting System. Accrual basis of accounting.

2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
\$ 3,945,510	\$ 3,767,895	\$ 3,632,073	\$ 3,519,371	\$ 3,347,672	\$ 3,061,098
383,576	162,240	200,888	198,786	172,449	290,385
(346,646)	(150,054)	(98,830)	50,153	(67,588)	(171,074)
\$ 3,982,440	\$ 3,780,081	\$ 3,734,131	\$ 3,768,310	\$ 3,452,533	\$ 3,180,409
\$ 97,635	\$ 96,667	\$ 95,905	\$ 90,361	\$ 79,030	\$ 49,961
320,648	383,970	493,733	489,677	476,832	459,538
(35,010)	(67,030)	(89,400)	(74,054)	(74,098)	(71,445)
\$ 383,273	\$ 413,607	\$ 500,238	\$ 505,984	\$ 481,764	\$ 438,054
\$ 4,043,145	\$ 3,864,562	\$ 3,727,978	\$ 3,609,732	\$ 3,426,702	\$ 3,111,059
704,224	546,210	694,621	688,463	649,281	749,923
(381,656)	(217,084)	(188,230)	(23,901)	(141,686)	(242,519)
\$ 4,365,713	\$ 4,193,688	\$ 4,234,369	\$ 4,274,294	\$ 3,934,297	\$ 3,618,463

STATE OF MAINE CHANGES IN NET POSITION BY ACTIVITIES

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Expressed in Thousands)

	2014		2013		2012		2011
Expenses		_		_		_	
Governmental Activities:							
Governmental Support & Operations	\$ 377,269	\$	428,001	\$	456,622	\$	448,917
Arts, Heritage & Cultural Enrichment	11,401		10,538		11,507		11,807
Business Licensing & Regulation	73,016		63,406		68,697		69,288
Economic Development & Workforce Training	175,338		240,485		302,614		374,473
Education	1,676,908		1,581,556		1,610,095		1,706,305
Health & Human Services	3,669,552		3,657,573		3,750,402		3,522,341
Justice & Protection	410,641		401,656		401,740		415,450
Natural Resources Development & Protection	208,970		201,979		208,463		204,379
Transportation, Safety & Development	524,024		384,852		376,689		371,374
Interest Expense	47,271		46,541		45,551		43,202
Total Governmental Activities	7,174,390	_	7,016,587	_	7,232,380	_	7,167,536
Business-Type Activities:		_		_			
Employment Security	159,058		169,334		187,703		203,693
Alcoholic Beverages	19		-		-		,
Lottery	180,087		176,094		176,837		167,956
Transportation	.00,007				9,310		11,082
Ferry Services	11,849		12,030		11,458		12,711
Military Equipment Maintenance	11,466		36,971		35,058		44,765
Dirigo Health	26,863		56,229		56,702		47,980
Other	7,540						
		_	7,183	_	7,662		7,597
Total Business-Type Activities	396,882	_	457,841	_	484,730	_	495,784
Total Primary Government Expenses	7,571,272	_	7,474,428	=	7,717,110	_	7,663,320
Governmental Support & Operations Arts, Heritage & Cultural Enrichment Business Licensing & Regulation Economic Development & Workforce Training	96,712 1,315 74,799 7,410		89,374 869 69,196 7,910		80,534 1,006 75,633 7,175		105,851 749 57,772 5,972
Education	37,467		26,098		6,897		4,470
Health & Human Services Justice & Protection	11,953 82,347		18,801 83,173		20,018 86,583		18,252 83,093
Natural Resources Development & Protection	88,035		93,531		93,991		102,084
Transportation, Safety & Development	128,635		119,087		116,995		110,401
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,831,956		3,047,714		3,160,241		3,355,823
Capital Grants and Contributions		_	-	_		_	-
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	3,360,629	_	3,555,753		3,649,073	_	3,844,467
Business-Type Activities:							
Employment Security	163,352		188,833		176,645		173,416
Alcoholic Beverages	12,539		12,533		12,532		12,533
Lottery	232,420		229,565		231,015		218,081
Transportation	4.040		4 504		4,692		4,182
Ferry Services Military Equipment Maintenance	4,912 10,102		4,584 35,814		4,695 35,104		4,649 42,473
Dirigo Health	25,802		65,454		70,296		71,396
Other ¹	8,020		7,143		5,945		8,619
Operating Grants and Contributions	7,036		7,032		7,823		11,253
Capital Grants and Contributions		_		_	<u> </u>	_	-
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	464,183	_	550,958	_	548,747	_	546,602
Net (Expense)/Revenue							
Governmental Activities	(3,813,761)		(3,460,834)		(3,583,307)		(3,323,069)
Business-Type Activities	67,301	_	93,117	_	64,017	_	50,818
Total Primary Governmental Net (Expense)/Revenue	(3,746,460)		(3,367,717)		(3,519,290)		(3,272,251)
. o.aary Governmentar Net (Expense)/Nevenue	(0,770,700)	_	(0,001,111)	_	(0,010,200)	_	(0,2,2,201)

¹ Airport totals for 2006 and prior years were combined into "Other".

2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
451,246	\$ 506,726	\$ 427,752	498,542 \$	449,578 \$	441,54
11,761	13,430	12,406	12,994	12,191	13,27
74,243	66,155	63,417	60,506	53,547	49,55
400,166	229,838	149,970	161,427	160,093	171,09
1,752,041	1,689,036	1,669,353	1,622,653	1,494,438	1,412,52
3,511,572	3,428,680	3,290,482	2,989,001	3,167,521	3,051,82
412,263	419,027	407,879	358,718	340,281	322,07
196,780	224,609	186,214	179,670	166,358	171,30
334,236	363,977	300,557	353,904	278,096	232,10
48,594	40,148	35,524	36,246	36,873	32,53
7,192,902	6,981,626	6,543,554	6,273,661	6,158,976	5,897,82
235,301	225,181	122,518	120,215	103,867	113,64
1	-	-	_	-	
166,721	163,030	178,419	180,722	179,628	161,69
8,173	8,473	7,432	4,218	-	,
10,817	10,210	9,292	9,405	6,707	7,87
45,004	71,380	80,306	35,140	65,013	50,90
50,952	58,861	76,860	65,178	47,122	13,58
9,749	8,877	8,598	8,972	5,260 ¹	4,82
526,718	546,012	483,425	423,850	407,597	352,53
7,719,620	7,527,638	7,026,979	6,697,511	6,566,573	6,250,36
106,164	82,738	86,178	76,507	74 507	
				/1,50/	67,06
1,075	1,172	1,303	818	71,507 920	
71,592	56,042	1,303 69,845	818 52,033	920 65,588	81 51,37
71,592 6,846	56,042 4,531	1,303 69,845 2,361	818 52,033 3,202	920 65,588 2,966	81 51,37 3,35
71,592 6,846 7,487	56,042 4,531 2,053	1,303 69,845 2,361 3,653	818 52,033 3,202 4,865	920 65,588 2,966 8,605	8 ² 51,37 3,38 1,36
71,592 6,846 7,487 11,844	56,042 4,531 2,053 12,573	1,303 69,845 2,361 3,653 11,694	818 52,033 3,202 4,865 9,656	920 65,588 2,966 8,605 15,097	81 51,37 3,35 1,36 13,64
71,592 6,846 7,487 11,844 88,166	56,042 4,531 2,053 12,573 90,497	1,303 69,845 2,361 3,653 11,694 89,580	818 52,033 3,202 4,865 9,656 80,435	920 65,588 2,966 8,605 15,097 75,035	81 51,37 3,35 1,36 13,64 63,27
71,592 6,846 7,487 11,844	56,042 4,531 2,053 12,573	1,303 69,845 2,361 3,653 11,694	818 52,033 3,202 4,865 9,656	920 65,588 2,966 8,605 15,097	81 51,37 3,38 1,36 13,64 63,27 72,48
71,592 6,846 7,487 11,844 88,166 95,318	56,042 4,531 2,053 12,573 90,497 91,562	1,303 69,845 2,361 3,653 11,694 89,580 92,737	818 52,033 3,202 4,865 9,656 80,435 81,305 97,761 2,361,828	920 65,588 2,966 8,605 15,097 75,035 76,921 95,394 2,536,857	81 51,37 3,38 1,36 13,64 63,27 72,48 97,17 2,324,72
71,592 6,846 7,487 11,844 88,166 95,318 103,759	56,042 4,531 2,053 12,573 90,497 91,562 111,429	1,303 69,845 2,361 3,653 11,694 89,580 92,737 102,729	818 52,033 3,202 4,865 9,656 80,435 81,305 97,761	920 65,588 2,966 8,605 15,097 75,035 76,921 95,394	81 51,37 3,35 1,36 13,64 63,27 72,45 97,17 2,324,72
 71,592 6,846 7,487 11,844 88,166 95,318 103,759 3,525,858	56,042 4,531 2,053 12,573 90,497 91,562 111,429 3,081,827	1,303 69,845 2,361 3,653 11,694 89,580 92,737 102,729 2,559,533	818 52,033 3,202 4,865 9,656 80,435 81,305 97,761 2,361,828 6,434	920 65,588 2,966 8,605 15,097 75,035 76,921 95,394 2,536,857 24,268	8° 51,33° 3,33° 1,36° 63,21° 72,46° 97,17 2,324,72 174,14°
71,592 6,846 7,487 11,844 88,166 95,318 103,759 3,525,858	56,042 4,531 2,053 12,573 90,497 91,562 111,429 3,081,827	1,303 69,845 2,361 3,653 11,694 89,580 92,737 102,729 2,559,533	818 52,033 3,202 4,865 9,656 80,435 81,305 97,761 2,361,828 6,434	920 65,588 2,966 8,605 15,097 75,035 76,921 95,394 2,536,857 24,268	8' 51,3' 3,3' 1,36 63,2' 72,4' 97,1' 2,324,7' 174,14
71,592 6,846 7,487 11,844 88,166 95,318 103,759 3,525,858 - 4,018,109	56,042 4,531 2,053 12,573 90,497 91,562 111,429 3,081,827 - 3,534,424	1,303 69,845 2,361 3,653 11,694 89,580 92,737 102,729 2,559,533 - 3,019,613	818 52,033 3,202 4,865 9,656 80,435 81,305 97,761 2,361,828 6,434 2,774,844	920 65,588 2,966 8,605 15,097 75,035 76,921 95,394 2,536,857 24,268 2,973,158	8° 51,3° 3,3° 1,36' 63,2° 72,4' 97,1° 2,324,7° 174,1- 2,869,36'
71,592 6,846 7,487 11,844 88,166 95,318 103,759 3,525,858 - 4,018,109	56,042 4,531 2,053 12,573 90,497 91,562 111,429 3,081,827 - 3,534,424 97,362 12,530 213,073	1,303 69,845 2,361 3,653 11,694 89,580 92,737 102,729 2,559,533 - 3,019,613	818 52,033 3,202 4,865 9,656 80,435 81,305 97,761 2,361,828 6,434 2,774,844 112,482 12,525 231,628	920 65,588 2,966 8,605 15,097 75,035 76,921 95,394 2,536,857 24,268 2,973,158	8° 51,3° 3,3° 1,36' 63,2° 72,4' 97,1° 2,324,7° 174,1- 2,869,36'
71,592 6,846 7,487 11,844 88,166 95,318 103,759 3,525,858 - 4,018,109	56,042 4,531 2,053 12,573 90,497 91,562 111,429 3,081,827 - 3,534,424 97,362 12,530 213,073 3,961	1,303 69,845 2,361 3,653 11,694 89,580 92,737 102,729 2,559,533 	818 52,033 3,202 4,865 9,656 80,435 81,305 97,761 2,361,828 6,434 2,774,844 112,482 12,525 231,628 2,169	920 65,588 2,966 8,605 15,097 75,035 76,921 95,394 2,536,857 24,268 2,973,158	8° 51,3° 3,3° 1,36 63,2° 72,4° 97,1° 2,324,7° 174,1° 2,869,36 100,1° 12,56 211,98
71,592 6,846 7,487 11,844 88,166 95,318 103,759 3,525,858 - 4,018,109 127,438 12,528 219,966 1,929 4,951	56,042 4,531 2,053 12,573 90,497 91,562 111,429 3,081,827 	1,303 69,845 2,361 3,653 11,694 89,580 92,737 102,729 2,559,533 - 3,019,613	818 52,033 3,202 4,865 9,656 80,435 81,305 97,761 2,361,828 6,434 2,774,844 112,482 12,525 231,628 2,169 3,837	920 65,588 2,966 8,605 15,097 75,035 76,921 95,394 2,536,857 24,268 2,973,158	8 51,3 3,3 1,36 63,27 72,44 97,17 2,324,72 174,14 2,869,36 100,15 12,56 211,96 - 3,64
71,592 6,846 7,487 11,844 88,166 95,318 103,759 3,525,858 - 4,018,109 127,438 12,528 219,966 1,929 4,951 49,487	56,042 4,531 2,053 12,573 90,497 91,562 111,429 3,081,827 - 3,534,424 97,362 12,530 213,073 3,961 4,347 75,784	1,303 69,845 2,361 3,653 11,694 89,580 92,737 102,729 2,559,533 - 3,019,613 106,536 12,527 228,980 2,089 4,116 77,229	818 52,033 3,202 4,865 9,656 80,435 81,305 97,761 2,361,828 6,434 2,774,844 112,482 12,525 231,628 2,169 3,837 30,656	920 65,588 2,966 8,605 15,097 75,035 76,921 95,394 2,536,857 24,268 2,973,158 102,611 12,525 230,962 - 3,464 70,427	81 51,33 3,35 1,36 13,64 63,27 72,48 97,17 2,324,72 174,14 2,869,38 100,13 12,58 211,96 - 3,64
71,592 6,846 7,487 11,844 88,166 95,318 103,759 3,525,858 - 4,018,109 127,438 12,528 219,966 1,929 4,951 49,487 65,609	56,042 4,531 2,053 12,573 90,497 91,562 111,429 3,081,827 - 3,534,424 97,362 12,530 213,073 3,961 4,347 75,784 68,704	1,303 69,845 2,361 3,653 11,694 89,580 92,737 102,729 2,559,533 - 3,019,613 106,536 12,527 228,980 2,089 4,116 77,229 54,507	818 52,033 3,202 4,865 9,656 80,435 81,305 97,761 2,361,828 6,434 2,774,844 112,482 12,525 231,628 2,169 3,837 30,656 63,339	920 65,588 2,966 8,605 15,097 75,035 76,921 95,394 2,536,857 24,268 2,973,158 102,611 12,525 230,962 - 3,464 70,427 25,886	81 51,37 3,38 1,364 63,27 72,44 97,17 2,324,72 174,14 2,869,38 100,13 12,58 211,96
71,592 6,846 7,487 11,844 88,166 95,318 103,759 3,525,858 - 4,018,109 127,438 12,528 219,966 1,929 4,951 49,487 65,609 7,126	56,042 4,531 2,053 12,573 90,497 91,562 111,429 3,081,827 - 3,534,424 97,362 12,530 213,073 3,961 4,347 75,784 68,704 7,150	1,303 69,845 2,361 3,653 11,694 89,580 92,737 102,729 2,559,533 - 3,019,613 106,536 12,527 228,980 2,089 4,116 77,229 54,507 7,213	818 52,033 3,202 4,865 9,656 80,435 81,305 97,761 2,361,828 6,434 2,774,844 112,482 12,525 231,628 2,169 3,837 30,656 63,339 6,882	920 65,588 2,966 8,605 15,097 75,035 76,921 95,394 2,536,857 24,268 2,973,158 102,611 12,525 230,962 - 3,464 70,427 25,886 4,242	81 51,37 3,38 1,36 63,27 72,44 97,17 2,324,72 174,14 2,869,38 100,13 12,55 211,96 - 3,66 46,47 5,21 2,73
71,592 6,846 7,487 11,844 88,166 95,318 103,759 3,525,858 - 4,018,109 127,438 12,528 219,966 1,929 4,951 49,487 65,609	56,042 4,531 2,053 12,573 90,497 91,562 111,429 3,081,827 - 3,534,424 97,362 12,530 213,073 3,961 4,347 75,784 68,704	1,303 69,845 2,361 3,653 11,694 89,580 92,737 102,729 2,559,533 - 3,019,613 106,536 12,527 228,980 2,089 4,116 77,229 54,507	818 52,033 3,202 4,865 9,656 80,435 81,305 97,761 2,361,828 6,434 2,774,844 112,482 12,525 231,628 2,169 3,837 30,656 63,339 6,882 21,386	920 65,588 2,966 8,605 15,097 75,035 76,921 95,394 2,536,857 24,268 2,973,158 102,611 12,525 230,962 - 3,464 70,427 25,886	8' 51,3' 3,3' 1,36 63,2' 72,4' 97,1' 2,324,7' 174,1' 2,869,36' 100,1' 12,55 211,96 46,4' 5,2' 2,7' 23,9'
71,592 6,846 7,487 11,844 88,166 95,318 103,759 3,525,858 - 4,018,109 127,438 12,528 219,966 1,929 4,951 49,487 65,609 7,126	56,042 4,531 2,053 12,573 90,497 91,562 111,429 3,081,827 - 3,534,424 97,362 12,530 213,073 3,961 4,347 75,784 68,704 7,150	1,303 69,845 2,361 3,653 11,694 89,580 92,737 102,729 2,559,533 - 3,019,613 106,536 12,527 228,980 2,089 4,116 77,229 54,507 7,213	818 52,033 3,202 4,865 9,656 80,435 81,305 97,761 2,361,828 6,434 2,774,844 112,482 12,525 231,628 2,169 3,837 30,656 63,339 6,882	920 65,588 2,966 8,605 15,097 75,035 76,921 95,394 2,536,857 24,268 2,973,158 102,611 12,525 230,962 - 3,464 70,427 25,886 4,242	86 51,3; 3,3; 1,36 63,2; 72,4; 97,1; 2,324,7; 174,1- 2,869,3; 100,1; 12,5; 211,96 - 3,66 46,4; 5,2; 23,9; 15
71,592 6,846 7,487 11,844 88,166 95,318 103,759 3,525,858 - 4,018,109 127,438 12,528 219,966 1,929 4,951 49,487 65,609 7,126 44,629 - 533,663	97,362 12,530 2,053 12,573 90,497 91,562 111,429 3,081,827 - 3,534,424 97,362 12,530 213,073 3,961 4,347 75,784 68,704 7,150 20,170 - 503,081	1,303 69,845 2,361 3,653 11,694 89,580 92,737 102,729 2,559,533 - 3,019,613 106,536 12,527 228,980 2,089 4,116 77,229 54,507 7,213 22,950 - 516,147	818 52,033 3,202 4,865 9,656 80,435 81,305 97,761 2,361,828 6,434 2,774,844 112,482 12,525 231,628 2,169 3,837 30,656 63,339 6,882 21,386 4,143 489,047	920 65,588 2,966 8,605 15,097 75,035 76,921 95,394 2,536,857 24,268 2,973,158 102,611 12,525 230,962 - 3,464 70,427 25,886 4,242 20,663 - 470,780	81 51,37 3,38 13,64 63,27 72,44 97,17 2,369,38 100,13 12,58 211,96 - 3,66 46,47 5,27 23,91 10 406,88
71,592 6,846 7,487 11,844 88,166 95,318 103,759 3,525,858 - 4,018,109 127,438 12,528 219,966 1,929 4,951 49,487 65,609 7,126 44,629 - 533,663	56,042 4,531 2,053 12,573 90,497 91,562 111,429 3,081,827 - 3,534,424 97,362 12,530 213,073 3,961 4,347 75,784 68,704 7,150 20,170 - 503,081	1,303 69,845 2,361 3,653 11,694 89,580 92,737 102,729 2,559,533 - 3,019,613 106,536 12,527 228,980 2,089 4,116 77,229 54,507 7,213 22,950 - 516,147	818 52,033 3,202 4,865 9,656 80,435 81,305 97,761 2,361,828 6,434 2,774,844 112,482 12,525 231,628 2,169 3,837 30,656 63,339 6,882 21,386 4,143 489,047	920 65,588 2,966 8,605 15,097 75,035 76,921 95,394 2,536,857 24,268 2,973,158 102,611 12,525 230,962 - 3,464 70,427 25,886 4,242 20,663 - 470,780	81 51,37 3,38 1,364 63,27 72,46 97,17 2,324,72 174,14 2,869,38 100,13 12,58 211,96 - 3,64 46,47 5,21 2,73 23,91 19 406,88
71,592 6,846 7,487 11,844 88,166 95,318 103,759 3,525,858 - 4,018,109 127,438 12,528 219,966 1,929 4,951 49,487 65,609 7,126 44,629 - 533,663	97,362 12,530 2,053 12,573 90,497 91,562 111,429 3,081,827 - 3,534,424 97,362 12,530 213,073 3,961 4,347 75,784 68,704 7,150 20,170 - 503,081	1,303 69,845 2,361 3,653 11,694 89,580 92,737 102,729 2,559,533 - 3,019,613 106,536 12,527 228,980 2,089 4,116 77,229 54,507 7,213 22,950 - 516,147	818 52,033 3,202 4,865 9,656 80,435 81,305 97,761 2,361,828 6,434 2,774,844 112,482 12,525 231,628 2,169 3,837 30,656 63,339 6,882 21,386 4,143 489,047	920 65,588 2,966 8,605 15,097 75,035 76,921 95,394 2,536,857 24,268 2,973,158 102,611 12,525 230,962 - 3,464 70,427 25,886 4,242 20,663 - 470,780	67,06 81 51,37 3,35 1,36 13,64 63,27 72,45 97,17 2,324,72 174,14 2,869,38 100,13 12,58 211,96 - 3,64 46,47 5,21 2,73 23,91 19 406,85

(continued)

STATE OF MAINE CHANGES IN NET POSITION BY ACTIVITIES (Continued)

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Expressed in Thousands)

		2014	_	2013	_	2012	_	2011
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position								
Governmental Activities:								
Taxes:								
Corporate ²	\$	194,770	\$	294,333	\$	334,818	\$	310,693
Individual Income		1,399,238		1,508,024		1,459,039		1,455,959
Fuel		237,439		235,112		245,815		241,710
Property		51,684		49,444		45,902		45,882
Sales & Use		1,257,376		1,140,645		1,113,952		1,097,900
Other ²		383.026		313.154		273.062		283,715
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		19,950		10,288		2,543		17,051
Miscellaneous Income		118,043		100,329		76,360		107,017
Loss on Assets Held for Sale		(53)						· -
Tobacco Settlement		57,749		50,723		51,188		48,554
Special tems		48,861		92,401		-		(36,931)
Transfers - Internal Activities		193,192		54,916		54,968		(13,016)
Total Governmental Activities		3,961,275	_	3,849,369		3,657,647	_	3,558,534
Business-Type Activities:								
Miscellaneous Income		-		-		-		-
Special tems		(48,861)		(108,288)		-		(7,086)
Transfers - Internal Activities		(193,192)		(54,916)		(54,968)		13,016
Total Business-Type Activities	-	(242,053)	_	(163,204)	_	(54,968)	_	5,930
Total Primary Government	-	3,719,222	_	3,686,165	_	3,602,679	_	3,564,464
Change in Net Position								
Governmental Activities		147,514		388,535		74,340		235,465
Business-Type Activities	_	(174,752)		(70,087)		9,049	_	56,748
Total Change in Net Position - Primary Government	\$	(27,238)	\$	318,448	\$	83,389	\$_	292,213

 $^{^{2} \}quad \mbox{Realignment of corporate and other taxes occurred in 2014.}$

SOURCE State of Maine Comprehensive Annual Financial Reporting System. Accrual basis of accounting.

SCHEDULE 2 (continued)

_	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
\$	282,998 \$	266,551 \$	291,463 \$	292,255 \$	305,872 \$	244,842
	1,297,568	1,374,681	1,552,412	1,478,542	1,403,790	1,296,606
	223,953	228,438	231,727	226,744	224,474	209,569
	46,627	39,120	43,672	48,339	53,272	50,962
	1,090,578	1,142,485	1,141,714	1,107,361	1,001,436	1,042,654
	258,775	250,297	254,297	255,550	263,506	223,326
	12,378	6,417	5,857	39,599	28,881	20,650
	92,536	91,528	120,109	123,036	104,272	92,851
	-	(57)	(1,016)	(445)	(217)	(112)
	51,601	61,388	64,399	48,978	41,573	50,006
	(11,728)	-	(100,000)	-	(31,212)	30,881
	37,279	43,700	38,470	40,979	51,708	50,211
	3,382,565	3,504,548	3,643,104	3,660,938	3,447,355	3,312,446
	-	-	2	2	448	-
	-	-	-	-	31,787	(50,000)
	(37,279)	(43,700)	(38,470)	(40,979)	(51,708)	(50,211)
	(37,279)	(43,700)	(38,468)	(40,977)	(19,473)	(100,211)
_	3,345,286	3,460,848	3,604,636	3,619,961	3,427,882	3,212,235
-						
	207,772	57,346	119,163	162,121	261,537	284,005
_	(30,334)	(86,631)	(5,746)	24,220	43,710	(45,894)
\$	177,438 \$	(29,285) \$	113,417 \$	186,341 \$	305,247 \$	238,111

STATE OF MAINE FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Expressed in Thousands)

	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011
General Fund Nonspendable: Permanent Fund Principal Inventories and Prepaid Items Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total General Fund	- 3,807 2,064 - - - (221,307) (215,436)	\$ - 3,341 3,534 - - (151,250) (144,375)	\$ 2,965 2,989 - - (355,889) (349,935)	\$ 3,846 3,344 - (243,559) (236,369)
All Other Governmental Funds: Nonspendable: Permanent Fund Principal Inventories and Prepaid Items Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned (deficit)	\$ 21,895 1,521 543,911 48,381 15,987 (247)	\$ 17,794 1,556 502,108 - - - (132,447)	\$ 16,328 1,563 527,811 38,436 12,489 (2,300)	\$ 14,961 1,578 493,094 38,444 17,149 (4,374)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 631,448	\$ 389,011	\$ 594,327	\$ 560,852
Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 416,012	\$ 244,636	\$ 244,392	\$ 324,483
General Fund Reserved Unreserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - -
Total General Fund	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$ -
Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ _	\$ _	\$ -	\$ _

SOURCE: State of Maine Comprehensive Annual Financial Reporting System.

Modified accrual basis of accounting.

Beginning fiscal year 2011, the fund balance categories were reclassified as a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 54. Fund balance has not been restated for prior years.

_	2010	2	009	2008		:	2007	2	006		2005		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
		-						-		-			
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$			
		<u> </u>		Ψ		Ψ		<u> </u>		Ψ			
\$	-	\$	_	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
\$	102,770	\$ 1	16,986	\$	165,402	\$	127,136	\$ 1	77,796	\$	192,684		
Ψ	(411,018)		390,379)		(403,874)		283,485)		355,427)		146,328)		
\$	(308,248)	\$ (2	273,393)	\$	(238,472)	\$ (156,349)	\$ (1	77,631)	\$	46,356		
				_									
\$	547,669	\$ 4	142,613	\$	458,238	\$	424,965	\$ 4	60,257	\$	521,984		
	67,964		32,736		(31,858)		4,270	((67,148)		(30,605)		
\$	615,633	\$ 4	175,349	\$	426,380	\$	429,235	\$ 3	93,109	\$	491,379		
\$	307,385	\$ 2	201,956	\$	187,908	\$	272,886	\$ 2	15,478	\$	537,735		

STATE OF MAINE CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Expressed in Thousands)

	2014	2013	2012	2011
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 3,530,357	\$ 3,558,881	\$ 3,469,925	\$ 3,398,030
Assessments and Other Revenue	350,758	351,510	331,862	314,447
Federal Grants and Reimbursements	2,830,083	3,048,069	3,162,059	3,366,618
Service Charges	164,461	141,358	147,379	155,491
Investment Income (Loss)	17,767	9,921	1,299	16,250
Miscellaneous Revenue	154,219	130,615	127,327	132,411
Total Revenues	7,047,645	7,240,354	7,239,851	7,383,247
Expenditures				
Current:				
Governmental Support & Operations	332,180	402,006	408,730	400,580
Economic Development & Workforce Training	173,868	241,126	301,827	375,234
Education	1,701,248	1,590,595	1,616,987	1,717,991
Health and Human Services	3,681,004	3,676,832	3,771,099	3,571,466
Business Licensing & Regulation	72,020	62,883	65,876	67,700
Natural Resources Development & Protection	195,526	208,453	204,353	211,168
Justice and Protection	417,896	392,352	383,123	398,911
Arts, Heritage & Cultural Enrichment	11,154	10,298	10,981	11,544
Transportation Safety & Development Debt Service:	536,995	584,201	566,540	657,528
Principal Payments	125,325	143,229	134,886	121,995
Interest Payments	34,820	38,791	40,133	38,131
Capital Outlays	35,227	7,753	25,729	
Total Expenditures	7,317,263	7,358,519	7,530,264	7,572,248
Revenue over (under) Expenditures	(269,618)	(118,165)	(290,413)	(189,001)
Other Financies Courses (Heas)				
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	400.704	470 040	400 405	205 670
Transfer from Other Funds	426,724	472,313	426,135	395,679
Transfer to Other Funds	(379,767)	(399,791)	(365,936)	(332,250)
COPS and Other	77,821	6,371	2,625	5,244
Proceeds from Component Unit Loan Payable	183,482	-	58,726	51,710
Bonds Issued	123,000	30,290	82,265	108,135
Bonds Defeased	(4,500)	- 0.040	-	-
Premium on Bonds Issued	14,175	2,210	6,507	
Net Other Finance Sources (Uses)	440,935	111,393	210,322	228,518
Special Items:				
Transfer of STAR Fund	=	7,016	-	-
Return of Excess Equity from Retiree Health Insurance Fund	-	-	-	(22,520)
Refund to Federal Government Resulting from Excess Equity Distribution	-	-	-	-
Purchase of Landfill	-	-	-	-
Sale of Landfill Capacity	-	-	-	-
Other	59	-	-	-
Proceeds from Sale of Liquor Operating Rights				
Net Special Items	59	7,016	<u> </u>	(22,520)
	\$ 171,376	\$ 244	\$ (80,091)	\$ 16,997

\$ 3,215,299 334,656 3,535,224					
	\$ 3,240,269	\$3,510,637	\$ 3,430,669	\$3,344,803	\$ 3,035,988
3 535 224	322,239	320,363	289,301	290,455	256,690
3,333,224	3,092,757	2,569,632	2,386,317	2,625,354	2,500,523
159,854	148,904	145,091	123,249	135,815	119,996
11,273	(264)	2,356	26,740	24,140	16,740
144,509	138,740	134,110	161,676	115,800	130,609
7,400,815	6,942,645	6,682,189	6,417,952	6,536,367	6,060,540
410,269	433,723	469,060	411,803	497,996	430,38
401,839	229,090	152,403	162,003	162,326	173,91
1,776,207	1,702,917	1,681,096	1,637,848	1,510,662	1,425,24
3,608,645	3,448,401	3,356,683	3,066,272	3,364,164	3,097,85
73,807	65,235	65,470	61,540	56,064	50,88
224,598	222,947	195,330	204,204	191,612	184,17
415,689	445,389	415,645	372,674	362,394	346,84
11,613	13,208	12,717	13,215	12,655	13,47
568,639	557,684	550,819	494,586	605,780	501,23
120,087	85,759	81,015	83,680	75,090	66,79
39,332	23,271	19,575	20,334	18,998	15,97
<u> </u>					
7,650,725	7,227,624	6,999,813	6,528,159	6,857,741	6,306,77
(249,910)	(284,979)	(317,624)	(110,207)	(321,374)	(246,22
352,719	315,508	312,154	352,896	282,739	342,96
(309,596)	(254,300)	(225,695)	(279,691)	(235,505)	(288,86
40,520	4,474	50,542	35,543	10,727	6,06
142,857	100,000	-	-	22,111	49,42
70,110	133,345	104,075	60,975	52,390	140,02
-	-	-	, -	-	-
<u>-</u>					
296,610	299,027	241,076	169,723	132,462	249,60
-	-	-	-	-	-
63,115	-	-	-	-	105,71
-	-	-	-	-	(19,11
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	- -	- -	50,00
63,115				-	136,59
\$ 109,815	\$ 14,048	\$ (76,548)	\$ 59,516	\$ (188,912)	\$ 139,97
100,010	Ψ 17,070	* (10,040)	Ψ 33,010	ψ (130,012)	Ψ 100,91
1.63%	1.23%	1.19%	1.32%	1.13%	1.10

STATE OF MAINE CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Expressed in Thousands)

	2014	2013	2012	2011
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 3,027,088	\$ 3,077,321	\$ 2,990,353	\$ 2,926,972
Assessments and Other Revenue	97,622	106,086	103,292	107,878
Federal Grants and Reimbursements	1,988	1,726	3,377	11,832
Service Charges	50,580	46,281	49,008	46,206
Investment Income (Loss)	716	356	1,413	(54
Miscellaneous Revenue	23,706	10,467	17,047	15,805
Total Revenues	3,201,700	3,242,237	3,164,490	3,108,639
Expenditures Current:				
Governmental Support & Operations	219,125	265,160	255,191	238,729
Economic Development & Workforce Training	32,635	31,922	33,561	34,504
Education	1,404,149	1,332,688	1,335,736	1,389,383
Health and Human Services	1,159,000	907,141	1,126,805	933,047
Business Licensing & Regulation	3,797	992	1,120,000	300,047
Natural Resources Development & Protection	66,684	64,184	65,332	64,972
Justice and Protection	283,477	258,969	253,226	264,792
	,		*	
Arts, Heritage & Cultural Enrichment	7,459	6,932	7,117	7,08
Transportation Safety & Development Debt Service:	-	-	-	7,000
Principal Payments	85,735	103,840	98,340	89,83
Interest Payments	18,163	20,657	21,714	21,42
Capital Outlay	<u>-</u> _			
Total Expenditures	3,280,224	2,992,485	3,197,022	3,050,768
Revenue over (under) Expenditures	(78,524)	249,752	(32,532)	57,87
O her Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfer from Other Funds	169,095	181,932	134,722	179,795
Transfer to Other Funds	(206,907)	(230,298)	(216,827)	(167,274
Other	45,275	4,174	1,071	1,487
Bonds Issued				
Net O her Finance Sources (Uses)	7,463	(44,192)	(81,034)	14,008
Special Items:				
Return of Excess Equity from Retiree Health Insurance Fund	-	-	-	-
Purchase of Landfill	-	-	-	-
Sale of Landfill Capacity	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from Sale of Liquor Operating Rights				
Net Special Items				
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (71,061)	\$ 205,560	\$ (113,566)	\$ 71,879
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (71,061)	\$ 205,560	\$ (113,566)	\$ 7
Debt Service as a Percentage of NonCapital Expenditures	2.7%	3.8%	3.3%	3

SOURCE: State of Maine Comprehensive Annual Financial Repor ing System. Modified accrual basis of accounting.

2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
\$ 2,756,435	\$ 2,808,997	\$ 3,079,706	\$ 3,003,382	\$ 2,926,835	\$ 2,653,628
117,119	120,682	116,742	109,336	105,371	88,514
11,047	14,844	11,041	16,762	17,334	28,894
50,852	44,211	47,262	36,717	41,395	38,351
567	8,425	2,562	9,653	12,299	6,877
12,284	9,892	7,872	25,099	14,993	12,437
2,948,304	3,007,051	3,265,185	3,200,949	3,118,227	2,828,70
257,093	273,595	280,871	262,721	327,529	270,370
35,646	35,751	39,360	40,280	45,324	42,278
1,419,891	1,451,223	1,478,192	1,438,605	1,283,214	1,201,008
758,808	786,512	1,063,499	972,875	1,097,456	957,37
22	6	-	-	-	;
67,324	67,669	72,709	70,373	70,878	67,310
270,581	270,594	267,117	245,592	227,588	220,141
7,311	8,096	8,632	8,958	8,504	8,52
-	1	-	-	178	83
92,035	65,685	66,250	69,350	57,985	53,51
24,103	15,179	16,058	17,369	15,263	12,54
2,932,814	2,974,311	3,292,688	3,126,123	3,133,919	2,833,88
15,490	32,740	(27,503)	74,826	(15,692)	(5,18
106,694	87,178	101,092	115,292	90,912	101,81
(205,768)	(155,566)	(152,813)	(190,074)	(164,923)	(168,17
382	727	5,531	23,346	666	-
-					1,68
(98,692)	(67,661)	(46,190)	(51,436)	(73,345)	(64,67
48,347	_	_	_	_	68,48
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	_	_	-	_	-
<u> </u>					50,00
48,347					118,48
\$ (34,855)	\$ (34,921)	\$ (73,693)	\$ 23,390	\$ (89,037)	\$ 48,62
\$ (34,855)	\$ (34,921)	\$ (73,693)	\$ 23,390	\$ (89,037)	\$ 48,6
3.5%	2.4%	2.1%	2.4%	2.0%	2.1

STATE OF MAINE INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX AND TAX RATES ON TAXABLE INCOME

Last Ten Calendar Years (Expressed in Thousands)

		2013		2012		2011		2010	
Individual Income Tax Liability	\$	1,311,617	\$	1,433,654	\$	1,343,096	\$	1,310,748	
Personal Income	\$	54,358,810	\$	52,957,962	² \$	51,528,515	² \$	49,395,325	2
Average Effective Tax Rate		2.4%		2.7%		2.6%		2.7%	
		2013		2012		2011		2010	
Income Bracket Tax Rate	\$0 - \$ 0.0%	5,100	\$0 - \$ 2.0%	\$5,100	\$0 - 2.0°	· \$5,000 %	\$0 - 2.09	· \$4,950 %	
Income Bracket Tax Rate	\$5,000 6.5%	0 - \$20,349	\$5,00 4.5%	00 - \$10,149	\$5,0 4.5°	000 - \$9,949 %	\$4,9 4.59	950 - \$9,849 %	
Income Bracket Tax Rate			\$10,1 7.0%	50 - \$20,349	\$9,9 7.0°	950 - \$19,950 %	\$9,8 7.09	350 - \$19,750 %	
Income Bracket Tax Rate	\$20,3 7.95%		\$20,3 8.5%		\$19 8.5°	,950+ %	\$19 8.59	,750+ %	

Individual income tax brackets are indexed for inflation beginning in tax year 2003.

SOURCE: Maine Revenue Services.

¹ Amounts shown are for single and married filing separate returns. For joint filers, approx. double the income amounts, for head of household filers multiply the brackets by approx 1.5.

² Restated

	2009		2008		2007		2006		2005	_	2004
\$ \$	1,231,328 48,984,861 2.5%	\$ ² \$	1,327,007 48,777,252 2.7%	\$ ² \$	1,441,838 47,126,621 3.1%	\$ ² \$	1,364,514 45,143,495 3.0%	\$ ² \$	1,286,375 42,542,595 3.0%	2 0	
	2009		2008		2007		2006		2005	_	2004
\$0 - 3 2.0%	\$5,049 5	\$0 - 2.0%	\$4,849 %	\$0 - 2.09	\$4,749 %	\$0 - 2.09	\$4,549 %	\$0 - 2.0°	- \$4,449 %		0 - \$4,349 .0%
\$5,0 4.5%	50 - \$10,049	\$4,8 4.5%	350 - \$9,699 %	\$4,7 4.59	750 - \$9,450 %	\$4,5 4.5	550 - \$9,099 %	\$4,4 4.5°	450 - \$8,849 %		4,350 - \$8,649 .5%
\$10,0 7.0%	050 - \$20,149	\$9,7 7.09	700 - \$19,449 %	\$9,4 7.09	450 - \$18,950 %	\$9,7 7.09	100 - \$18,249 %	\$8,8 7.0°	850 - \$17,699 %		8,650 - \$17349 .0%
\$20, ²		\$19 8.5%	,450+ %	\$18 8.59	,950 + %	\$18 8.59	,250+ %	\$17 8.5°	7,700+ %		17,350+ .5%



STATE OF MAINE INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX FILERS AND TAX LIABILITY BY MAINE ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME

(Tax Liability Expressed in Millions)

2013 Tax Year

Income Level	Number of Filers	Percentage of Total	Tax Liability	Percentage of Total
\$0 and below	27,339	4.1%	\$ (6.50)	-0.5%
\$1 - \$ 10,000	96,350	14.3%	(6.57)	-0.5%
\$10,001 - \$ 20,000	103,051	15.3%	(0.37)	0.0%
\$20,001 - \$ 30,000	92,949	13.8%	27.62	2.1%
\$30,001 - \$ 50,000	125,982	18.8%	120.35	9.2%
\$50,001 - \$ 75,000	91,560	13.6%	194.38	14.8%
\$75,001 - \$100,000	53,558	8.0%	191.18	14.6%
\$100,001 - \$200,000	59,819	8.9%	375.91	28.7%
\$200,001 and higher	21,790	3.2%	415.62	31.6%
Total	672,398	100.0%	\$1,311.62	100.0%

(Tax Liability Expressed in Millions)

2004 Tax Year

Income Level	Number of Filers	Percentage of Total	Tax Liability	Percentage of Total
\$0 and below	8,205	1.3%	\$ 0.10	0.0%
\$1 - \$ 10,000	114,036	17.9%	1.08	0.1%
\$10,001 - \$ 20,000	112,199	17.6%	16.21	1.3%
\$20,001 - \$ 30,000	98,084	15.4%	51.61	4.3%
\$30,001 - \$ 50,000	126,055	19.8%	158.86	13.2%
\$50,001 - \$ 75,000	87,593	13.7%	220.24	18.3%
\$75,001 - \$100,000	41,821	6.6%	172.85	14.4%
\$100,001 - \$200,000	34,463	5.4%	237.74	19.8%
\$200,001 and higher	14,737	2.3%	344.48	28.6%
Total	637,193	100.0%	\$1,203.16	100.0%

SOURCE: Maine Revenue Services.

STATE OF MAINE TAXABLE SALES AND SALES TAX RATES

Last Ten Calendar Years (Expressed in Thousands)

	2013	2012	2011	2010
Business Operating	\$ 2,144,569	\$ 2,071,027	\$ 2,013,955	\$ 1,918,061 ¹
Building Supply	2,184,879	2,062,162	2,080,002	1,952,148 ¹
Food Store	1,654,251	1,624,714	1,575,567	1,549,563
General Merchandise	3,107,412	3,086,232	3,027,034	3,035,792
Other Retail	2,169,047	2,105,616	2,094,362	2,018,804
Auto/Transportation	3,947,689	3,665,555	3,482,008	3,301,937
Restaurant/Lodging	3,040,446	2,927,667	2,762,278	2,673,050
Total	\$ 18,248,292	\$ 17,542,972	\$ 17,035,206	\$ 16,449,356

Sales and Use Tax Rates:

General Sales & Use	5%	5%	5%	5%
Lodging & Prepared Food	7%	7%	7%	7%
Short-term Auto Rental	10%	10%	10%	10%

Effective October 1, 2013: (1) general sales and use tax increased to 5.5% (2) 7% rate on meals and lodging increases to 8%. These increases revert back to the 5% and 7% rates effective 7/1/2015.

SOURCE: Maine Revenue Services.

¹Restated

310,659 1 2,42	4,081 ¹ \$ 2,099,28 1,975 ¹ 2,526,62		\$ 1,875,710
1	1,975 1 2,526,62	3 2,464,352	0.044.007
	4		2,344,687
1,45° 1,45°	1,665 1,404,21	6 1,343,160	1,278,427
)74,233 ¹ 3,140	0,754 1 3,097,38	2,986,708	3,001,887
994,361 ¹ 1,94	3,510 ¹ 1,936,04	0 1,824,692	1,708,180
168,340 ¹ 3,689	9,403 1 3,613,74	1 3,695,730	3,744,219
603,360 1 2,579	5,752 1 2,451,37	2,319,463	2,238,980
1	7.140 ¹ \$ 17.128.67	10 \$ 16,608,457	\$ 16,192,090
	03,360 1 2,57	$03,360 \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} 2,575,752 \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} 2,451,37$	03,360

5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
7%	7%	7%	7%	7%	7%
10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%



STATE OF MAINE CALCULATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN FOR THE TEN YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Pursuant to Article IX, Section 14 of the Maine Constitution, the Legislature shall not create any debt or debts on behalf of the State, which shall exceed \$2,000,000 in the aggregate, except to suppress insurrection, to repel invasion, or for purposes of war, and except for temporary loans to be paid out of money raised by taxation during the fiscal year in which they are made. Whenever 2/3 of both Houses shall deem it necessary, by proper enactment ratified by a majority of the electors voting thereon at a general or special election, the Legislature may authorize the issuance of bonds on behalf of the State as approved by such action. Temporary loans to be paid out of moneys raised by taxation during any fiscal year shall not exceed in the aggregate during the fiscal year in question an amount greater than 10 percent of all the moneys appropriated, authorized and allocated by the Legislature from undedicated revenues to the General Fund and dedicated revenues to the Highway Fund for that fiscal year, exclusive of proceeds or expenditures from the sale of bonds, or greater than 1 percent of the total valuation of the State of Maine, whichever is the lesser.

There were no temporary loans outstanding at June 30, for the years presented below, which were subject to the Constitutional limitations.*

All other general long-term bonds outstanding at June 30, for the years presented below, were issued pursuant to properly ratified legislation.

Calculations of temporary loans made during the year, yet paid back prior to year end are:

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Year	Temporary Loans Outstanding During the Year*	Total Governmental Funds Revenue	% of Total Governmental Funds Revenue	10% of Total Governmental Funds Revenue Limit Amount	Total Valuation	% of Total Valuation	1% of Total Valuation Limit Amount
2014	\$ -	\$7,315,155	%	\$731,516	\$158,661,600	%	\$1,586,616
2013	\$ -	\$6,959,426	%	\$695,943	\$160,011,900	%	\$1,600,119
2012	\$ -	\$6,947,865	%	\$694,787	\$163,424,200	%	\$1,634,242
2011	\$68,455	\$7,190,530	.95%	\$719,053	\$166,990,700	.04%	\$1,669,907
2010	\$41,245	\$7,083,733	.58%	\$708,373	\$170,336,350	.02%	\$1,703,336
2009	\$112,110	\$6,827,987	1.64%	\$682,799	\$168,006,150	.07%	\$1,680,062
2008	\$88,820	\$6,406,302	1.39%	\$640,630	\$162,744,550	.05%	\$1,627,446
2007	\$55,840	\$6,230,265	0.90%	\$623,027	\$148,946,200	.04%	\$1,489,462
2006	\$169,852	\$6,366,819	2.67%	\$636,682	\$133,628,600	.13%	\$1,336,286
2005	\$332,850	\$6,114,226	5.44%	\$611,423	\$118,038,020	.28%	\$1,180,380

STATE OF MAINE RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Expressed in Thousands, Except Per Capita)

		2014		2013		2012		2011
Governmental Activities Debt								
General Obligation Bonds	\$	399,190	\$	369,725	\$	472,055	\$	520,230
MGFA Revenue Bonds		187,175		199,910		187,865		172,150
COPS and Other Financing Arrangements		106,810		47,938		52,097		71,830
Obligations Under Capital Leases		35,215		34,741		29,778		33,690
Loans Payable to Component Unit1		472,976		304,045		328,131		290,919
Total Governmental Activities Debt		1,201,366		956,359		1,069,926		1,088,819
Business-Type Activities Debt							_	-
Total Primary Government Debt	\$	1,201,366	\$_	956,359	\$	1,069,926	\$	1,088,819
Debt Ratios Ratio of Total Debt to Personal Income ²		2.2%		1.8%		2.0%		2.1%
D 0 " 3	\$							
Per Capita ³	Ф	904	\$	720	\$	805	\$	819
Net General Obligation Bonded Debt	Ф	904	\$	720	\$	805	\$	819
Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Gross Bonded Debt	\$	904 586,365	\$ \$	720 569,635	\$	805 659,920	\$ \$	819 692,380
Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Gross Bonded Debt Less: Debt Service Funds	Ť	586,365	\$	569,635	\$	659,920 <u>-</u>	\$	692,380
Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Gross Bonded Debt	Ť		·		·		Ť	
Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Gross Bonded Debt Less: Debt Service Funds	Ť	586,365	\$	569,635	\$	659,920 <u>-</u>	\$	692,380

¹ Federal and other revenue streams associated with qualified transportation projects are pledged as security for GARVEE and TransCap bonds. These pledged future revenues offset the unspent proceeds of the bond received by a component unit. Profit from the Alcoholic Beverages Enterprise Fund are pledged as security for the Liquor bonds. See Schedule 11.

Personal income data can be found in Schedule 12.

Population data can be found on Schedule 12.
 Estimated property value can be found on Schedule 9

2010	 2009	 2008		2007		2006		2005
\$ 500,100	\$ 529,990	\$ 475,835	\$	448,760	\$	467,550	\$	487,095
189,080	192,935	208,560		182,605		186,215		189,570
76,291	50,079	66,493		79,886		36,581		36,865
33,329	37,634	37,522		41,751		40,091		39,905
258,394	131,769	38,338		42,353		46,268		49,423
1,057,194	942,407	826,748		795,355		776,705		802,858
	 	 						-
			•		•	770 705	•	000 050
\$ 1,057,194	\$ 942,407	\$ 826,748	\$	795,355	\$	776,705	\$_	802,858
2.1%	1.9%	1.7%		1.7%		1.7%		1.9%
\$ 2.1% 796	\$ 1.9% 709	\$ 1.7% 621	\$	1.7% 599	\$	1.7% 587	\$	1.9% 609
2.1%	1.9%	1.7%		1.7%		1.7%		1.9% 609 676,665
\$ 2.1% 796	\$ 1.9% 709	\$ 1.7% 621	\$	1.7% 599	\$	1.7% 587 653,765	\$	1.9% 609
\$ 2.1% 796 689,180	\$ 1.9% 709 722,925 -	\$ 1.7% 621 684,395	\$	1.7% 599 631,365	\$	1.7% 587 653,765 5,824	\$	1.9% 609 676,665 11,657

STATE OF MAINE PLEDGED FUTURE REVENUE COVERAGE

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Expressed in Thousands)

		2014		2013	2012	2011
Grant Anticipation Revenue \	/ehicle (GA	RVEE) Bond	s ¹			
Federal Aid Revenues	\$	210,870	\$	223,076	\$ 206,952	\$ 186,326
Annual Debt Service	\$	15,951	\$	15,921	\$ 15,100	\$ 11,191
Debt Service Coverage		7.56%		7.14%	7.30%	6.01%

The State has committed to appropriate each year a portion of the State's future federal transportation funds, in amounts sufficient to cover the principal and interest requirements of Maine Municipal Bond Bank's debt for these bonds. The State's receipt of these funds is subject to continuing federal appropriations.

Transportation Infrastructure Revenue (TRANSCAP) Bonds²

Pledged Revenue Stream	\$ 38,340	\$ 40,154	\$ 38,171	\$ 38,136
Annual Debt Service	\$ 20,268	\$ 20,268	\$ 17,467	\$ 16,951
Debt Service Coverage	52.86%	50.48%	45.76%	44.45%

SOURCE: Department of Transportation.

The State has committed the profit of the Alcoholic Beverages Enterprise Fund as pledged revenue until such time as the bond liability is paid in full, pursuant to 28-A MRSA § 90. In FY 2014 only interest payments were due.

Liquor Revenue Bonds³

Pledged Revenue Stream	\$ -
Annual Debt Service	\$ 5,306
Debt Service Coverage	0.00%

¹ Based on Federal Fiscal Year End

² Based on State Fiscal Year End

³ The profit from the Alcoholic Beverages Enterprise Fund began being deposited 7/1/15.

 2010	 2009	 2008	 2007	2006	2005
\$ 150,868	\$ 147,530	\$ 146,454	\$ 168,499	\$ 167,405	\$ 174,989
\$ 10,650	\$ 6,384	\$ 5,521	\$ 5,579	\$ 4,867	\$ 366
7.06%	4.33%	3.77%	3.31%	2.91%	0.21%
\$ 38,124	\$ 5,000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
\$ 7,567	\$ 658	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
19.85%	13.16%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

STATE OF MAINE DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2013	2012	2011
Maine:				
Population (in thousands) ¹	not available	1,328	1,329	1,329
Total Personal Income (in millions) ¹	55,269	54,479	53,283	51,653
Per Capita Personal Income ²	not available	41,014	40,093	38,866
Unemployment Rate ³	5.5%	6.8%	7.5%	7.8%
United States:				
Population (in thousands) ¹	not available	316,129	313,914	311,588
Total Personal Income (in millions) ¹	14,420,042	14,081,242	13,729,063	13,179,561
Per Capita Personal Income ²	not available	44,543	43,735	42,298
Unemployment Rate ³	6.1%	7.6%	8.2%	8.9%

¹ FY14 source is the preliminary average of the last 4 quarters reported in the Quarterly Personal Income Summary last updated September 30, 2013. FY12 - FY04 source is SA1-3 Annual Personal Income Summary last updated September 30, 2013; revised estimates for 2005 - 2012

² Calculation total personal income/population

³ Local Area Unemployment Statistics Information and Analysis, Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
1,328	1,330	1,331	1,327	1,324	1,319
49,360	48,939	48,771	47,122	45,140	42,537
37,169	36,796	36,642	35,510	34,094	32,249
8.0%	8.6%	5.0%	4.5%	4.4%	4.6%
309,629	306,772	304,094	301,231	298,380	295,517
12,423,332	12,073,738	12,429,284	11,990,244	11,376,460	10,605,645
40,123	39,357	40,873	39,804	38,127	35,888
9.5%	9.2%	5.5%	4.6%	4.6%	5%



STATE OF MAINE PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS - TOP 10

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Current Year and Ten Years Ago

			2014	ļ			2005	
Employer	Range o	f Emi	olovees	Rank	Percentage of Total State Employment	Average Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total State Employment
Maine State Government	14.001	-	14.500	1	2.4%	15.800	1	2.7%
Hannaford Brothers Co.	7,501	-	8,000	2	1.3%	7,000	2	1.2%
Wal Mart/Sam's Club	7,001	-	7,500	3	1.2%	6,000	3	1.0%
Department of Defense	6,501	-	7,000	4	1.1%	5,700	4	1.0%
Maine Medical Center	6,501	-	7,000	5	1.1%	5,000	5	0.8%
Bath Iron Works Corporation	5,001	-	5,500	6	0.9%	5,000	6	0.8%
L L Bean, Inc	4,001	-	4,500	7	0.7%	5,000	7	0.8%
Eastern Maine Medical Center	3,501	-	4,000	8	0.6%	3,000	9	0.5%
University of Maine at Orono	3,001	-	3,500	9	0.5%			
US Post Office	3,001	-	3,500	10	0.5%	4,100	8	0.7%
UNUMPROVIDENT Corp.	-	-	-			3,000	10	0.5%
Total	60,010		65,000		10.5%	59,600	·	10.0%

Source: Maine Department of Labor, Center for Workforce Research and Information

Note:

Percentage of total state employment is based on the midpoints in the ranges given.

STATE OF MAINE SCHEDULE OF STATE GOVERNMENT FULL TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY POLICY AREA

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2013	2012	2011
Arts, Heritage & Cultural Enrichment	89.6	89.6	90.3	92.1
Business Licensing & Regulation	389.0	395.0	395.6	406.0
Economic Development & Workforce Training	557.5	558.5	555.0	593.6
Education	192.5	190.6	185.6	194.3
Governmental Support & Operations	2,106.1	2,128.4	2,162.4	2,214.3
Health and Human Services	3,475.4	3,468.4	3,477.4	3,645.1
Justice and Protection	2,959.3	2,960.3	2,969.8	2,986.6
Natural Resources Development & Protection	1,448.8	1,461.0	1,446.4	1,481.8
Transportation Safety & Development	2,045.8	2,072.4	2,072.4	2,123.2
Total Full Time Equivalents	13,264.0	13,324.2	13,354.9	13,737.1

SOURCE: Maine Bureau of Budget.

2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
94.1	95.9	105.4	107.4	107.4	109.5
413.0	411.5	420.0	413.2	413.2	417.2
594.6	604.6	614.6	624.1	624.1	892.5
195.3	201.6	207.9	209.6	209.6	215.0
2,217.8	2,239.5	2,246.0	2,247.5	2,222.5	1,696.3
3,718.1	3,691.6	3,777.4	3,738.9	3,767.4	4,025.5
2,988.6	2,986.1	2,990.6	2,937.6	2,909.6	2,969.7
1,490.9	1,498.4	1,530.0	1,523.2	1,522.3	1,615.3
2,123.2	2,277.5	2,277.5	2,300.7	2,301.7	2,390.5
13,835.8	14,006.7	14,169.5	14,102.2	14,077.8	14,331.5

STATE OF MAINE OPERATING INDICATORS AND CAPITAL INFORMATION

Fiscal Years Ended June 30

Operating Indicators by Function:	2014	2013	2012	2011
Education				
Students enrolled in the free/reduced lunch program ⁴	86,500	85,731	84,717	83,625
Economic Development & Workforce Training				
Unemployed persons	39,300	48,500	52,900	52,500
Governmental Support & Operations				
Return on investments	0.28%	0.29%	0.35%	0.24%
Lottery tickets sales, in millions	230	228	228	216
Health and Human Services				
Percentage of population enrolled in MaineCare ¹	24%	26%	26%	26%
Number of TANF cases ²	7,617	9,342	13,260	14,151
Number of members served by Dirigo Health	40,565	40,388	38,070	35,105
Justice and Protection				
Average Number of Adult Inmates	2,089	2,016	2,043	2,124
Average Number of Juvenile Inmates	144	155	170	186
Number of guard troops	3,236	3,169	3,124	3,065
Number of cases tried in the court system	229,365	237,596	242,710	260,171
Natural Resources and Development				
Number of park passes purchased ³	14,039	12,498	12,117	11,288
Number of visitors to State parks	2,553,638	2,519,849	2,648,484	2,528,900
Number of hunting and fishing licenses sold ³	529,615	516,442	497,712	503,487
Transportation Safety & Development				
Number of construction projects	227	218	194	238

¹ Based on the average enrollees over the fiscal year.

² Based on the average number of cases over the fiscal year.

³ As of December.

⁴ As of October of the school year.

2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
82,372	75,358	73,130	71,536	69,125
54,200	59,100	36,400	30,700	32,100
0.59%	1.52%	4.19%	5.16%	4.10%
217	211	229	234	229
27%	26%	25%	26%	26%
13,686	12,849	12,479	12,631	12,821
31,323	29,936	28,745	24,110	18,067
2,167	2,177	2,038	2,060	2,078
195	184	199	203	275
3,070	3,199	3,277	3,168	3,131
285,567	292,295	282,980	278,088	281,006
11,443	10,073	10,963	10,092	9,864
2,443,640	2,243,606	1,930,186	2,063,356	2,083,310
503,425	499,821	500,367	494,231	485,794
173	124	116	271	195

STATE OF MAINE CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION

Fiscal Years Ended June 30

Capital Assets by Function:	2014	2013	2012	2011
Governmental Support & Operations				
Vehicles controlled by Central Fleet Management	2,114	2,116	2,037	1,922
Health and Human Services				
Number of regional offices	16	16	17	18
Justice and Protection				
Number of correctional facilities	8	8	9	9
Number of armories and AFR's	21	21	18	16
Number of State police barracks	8	8	8	8
Number of vehicles in Public Safety	487	420	439	504
Natural Resources and Development				
Total acreage of State parks	98,831	98,832	97,948	97,942
Number of State park buildings	569	567	556	553
Transportation Safety & Development				
Number of DOT vehicles and equipment	1,219	1,188	1,457	1,193
Number of regional DOT active buildings	568	564	564	577

2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
1,977	1,596	1,665	1,738	1,675
18	18	18	18	18
9	9	9	8	8
16	16	16	17	17
8	8	8	8	8
515	605	654	541	521
97,387	97,300	100,540	100,092	99,935
552	533	530	526	519
1,308	1,268	1,446	1,625	1,163
587	586	574	612	647