MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

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PUBLIC DOCUMENTS

OF THE

STATE OF MAINE

BEING THE

REPORTS

OF THE VARIOUS

PUBLIC OFFICERS DEPARTMENTS AND INSTITUTIONS

FOR THE TWO YEARS

JULY 1, 1926 - JUNE 30, 1928

STATE OF MAINE

Thirty-ninth Report

OF THE

Librarian

OF THE

Maine State Library

FOR THE PERIOD

July 1, 1926 to June 30, 1928

TO THE

EIGHTY-FOURTH LEGISLATURE

1929



HENRY E. DUNNACK, Librarian

AUGUSTA, MAINE

Council Library Committee

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To the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Maine:

Gentlemen:

The Maine State Library presents herewith its thirty-ninth report covering the period from July 1, 1926, to June 30, 1928.

Respectfully submitted,

HENRY E. DUNNACK,

Librarian.

The State Library objectives are:

- 1. A strong central organization to lead in library development through the state, to supply additional book service to local libraries and to give direct library privileges to individuals in communities without libraries until local public library service can be developed.
- 2. Adequate public library resources within easy reach of everyone in Maine.
- 3. The establishment of district system as a basis for adequate rural public library service.

There are two things the librarian recommends:

- 1. More room for the library.
- 2. The addition to the library staff of a school librarian.

The first of these recommendations, he urges as an absolute necessity. Each of these needs is discussed at length in the report and ought to receive your careful consideration.

STATE LIBRARY SERVICE

State-wide library service is the function of the Maine State Library. It aids in establishing local libraries and in developing existing libraries. It supplements their book collections from its larger resources. It gives direct book service to communities, groups, and individuals until adequate local library service can be established. It often advises or supervises school and institutional libraries. It sets up a program for library development in the state. Without such leadership, library progress would be slow and unsystematic.

In the establishment of public libraries, the help and guidance of a state agency is especially needed in order to avoid costly mistakes. Assistance is given with a view to creating and holding community interest, securing tax support, selecting the best books, installing simple methods of caring for them, and choosing a librarian able to take full responsibility.

Consulting service is also given to established libraries. The field agent meets with library boards, civic organizations, and advises and helps the librarian with internal problems of library administration. Help is also extended through correspondence, through the publication of a bulletin, through comparative statistics of public libraries, and through library institutes or district meetings.

In Maine, advisory powers only have been given the State Library. Some right to set standards has accompanied the distribution of the small state grants in the New England states, in New York, New Jersey, Maryland, Delaware, and in four Canadian provinces—Ontario, British Columbia, Alberta and Saskatchewan. New York now has broad powers in setting standards. Where state certification is required, as in California, Oklahoma, Wisconsin, and Ohio, the head of the state library extension agency is usually the ranking member of the certification board. In Maine, state aid is given to all libraries on the basis of ten per cent of the amount granted by the town. In addition the State pays part of the expenses of librarians attending the library institutes. It also furnishes books to libraries which are newly founded, when towns have raised money for this definite purpose.

Taking the Library to the People. In the old days it was thought that a library fulfilled its mission when it gave assistance to those who made their wants known. This position is no longer tenable. The library must go to the people. It must let the people know what it has on its shelves. It must find out and supply what the public needs.

In harmony with this idea the Librarian has prepared and distributed thousands of circulars giving detailed information about the library and how to use it, and has made many public addresses before granges, boards of trade, and other public gatherings, explaining in detail the resources of the library and its ability to supply every kind of information dealing with the development and progress of agriculture, commerce, industries of all kinds, as well as law, history and education.

Adult Education. Adult education is attracting nation-wide attention. A few years ago this demand led the American Library Association to publish the "Reading with a Purpose" booklets with suggested courses in reading. Of course this was only following an idea which most progressive libraries had practiced for a long time. The heart of this adult education idea lies in simply directing the reading of busy people.

For years the libraries have made a special effort to direct the reading of young people and to furnish worth while juvenile books. Today the same service is offered to adults, who, because of the urgent demands of modern life, are no longer able to keep in touch with the ever changing thought of the day, therefore the librarian must know the literature covering every phase of modern life and be ready to suggest the worth while books to the carpenter, doctor, the school teacher, the club woman or the lawyer.

A very important consideration in planning for a library is that it shall not be merely a circulating station for the disbursement of modern fiction, but one around which centers the education of the community; a place where books shall be available for business and professional men, club women, students, teachers, tradesmen, workmen; a place where those who are obliged to leave school at the age of eighteen or younger may continue their education; a place which has a right to ask for adequate support from public funds because of actual educational service to the community.

What such a library can accomplish depends almost entirely upon the librarian, supported by the trustees, an adequate book stock and public interest. It is necessary to have a *vision* of the kind of work a library should do—the kind of service a library should give to the community. The librarian should be determined to have every citizen in town use the library, regardless of the amount of effort it costs.

Book Service For Local Libraries. Direct book service from the State Library, to the libraries of the state, is a permanent and important part of the work of the State Library. It supplies the more unusual and expensive books which are often urgently needed by individual readers, but needed only occasionally. These could not and should not be bought for each library. The state agency serves as a central book reservoir for all the libraries of the state; it is actually an economy rather than an additional expense. When local public libraries cover the whole field, the State Library can devote full attention to supplementary service, and more adequately meet the needs of serious students.

The Visiting Librarian. The visiting librarian has become a necessity of modern rural life. A community without a visiting librarian is crippled in its educational activities. The State Library is now sending its extension director to all parts of the State, visiting libraries and communities without libraries, seeking to create an interest in library work.

It will be many years before many of our rural communities can have library service of their own. The handicaps of rural life incident to market conditions, inadequate transportation facilities, and high taxes, make it practically impossible for these communities to build or maintain libraries. The State through its State Library, the traveling libraries, and a visiting librarian, must furnish the service.

LIBRARY EXTENSION

Library workers are generally interested in library extension because there is an increasing demand especially among the rural communities for a tax supported library in every town where population and valuation make it possible.

The cities and large towns of Maine are for the most part favored with efficient library service. Beyond these however, is the open country where for the most part there is very limited library service, and many communities are absolutely without the advantages of the public library.

In the old days the farmer was more or less isolated. This condition is rapidly changing. The consolidated school, the county extension agents, the marketing organizations, are associating him with large community interests. The radio, rural free delivery, the telephone, and the phonograph, keep him in touch with what is going on in the world, furnish him with market reports, tell him about good books, and bring him good music. The good roads and automobile are solving his transportation problems and bringing his home into close relations with the town.

The farmer of the new day with the above contacts is seeking a better chance in life for his home and his children. The farmer wants his children to be better educated, more widely read, and more efficient in their relations with agriculture. The public library, the greatest of all democratic institutions now enjoyed by the city and big town people, must be given to the farmer. Successful farming not only means efficiency, but also contentment and satisfaction with the things of life. Those who have made a study of rural life believe that the things necessary are good homes, roads, churches, schools, libraries, social and recreational facilities.

Here then is the demand for library extension. The question is, "Are the librarians sufficiently informed and interested in the great problem of rural life betterment?" If so, it seems that the opportunity is at hand to render a very necessary and worth while service.

At the start, two things are absolutely necessary. First, a method must be devised which will be practical, one which will secure results. Second, we must have the cooperation of the librarians in the State. I think we have found a method by which we can make at least a start in our campaign.

In the West a system of county libraries, serving as centers for the distribution of books has been established. In New England where we have a town form of government, it is doubtful if the county library system can be used to advantage.

THE DISTRICT SYSTEM

In Maine we have adopted an extension plan known as the District System, using the city or large town library as the natural center of a local area. An effort is being made to induce the surrounding towns to vote an appropriation to such a central library, in return for which the people of the town are to have the free use of the neighboring library and the service of the staff and may also have collections of books sent to each community center. For instance, the towns of Dresden, Farmingdale, Pittston, and Randolph, are being served by the library of the city of Gardiner through this plan of organization.

This form of service is provided for by the laws of 1925, Chapter 175, Section 30. The law reads:

Any town may raise and appropriate annually a sum of money not exceeding the legal limit established for maintaining free libraries, for the purpose of securing to its inhabitants the free use of a library located in adjoining towns. Section 31 of the same chapter reads: Two or more adjacent towns may unite in establishing and maintaining a free public library with branches thereof in each town for the free use of the inhabitants of said town.

DIRECTOR OF SCHOOL LIBRARIES

The committee on library extension of the American Library Association in their last report devoted a chapter to the discussion of the library in the public school. In this report they say that the specialized service of the well organized city school library—a book laboratory for every department of instruction—is outside the scope of public library extension. But the rural or village school library is often suggested as a source of general reading matter, in the absence of any other.

School laws require school libraries in fourteen states, permit expenditure of public funds for them in sixteen, permit such expenditure only to supplement the use of funds raised privately, in seven. There is no legal provision in eleven states, but requirement is by state standards in all but five.

Financial Provision. A fundamental difficulty is that other school needs are pressing and tax receipts often inadequate. The school library is apt to be neglected unless specific financial provision is made for it. State aid is given in fourteen states and all the Canadian provinces except Quebec; for example, 20¢ per child in Wisconsin, \$20.00 for each teacher in Minnesota, up to \$40.00 per building (provided the district appropriates the same amount.) In other states the districts are required to spend a fixed amount annually from their regular school funds: in California, not less than \$25.00 per teacher, in Iowa from 5¢ to 15¢ per child, in Kansas and Nevada, at least \$5.00 per teacher. But in many of the states the school library is entirely dependent upon money raised by the students or by the Parent Teacher Association. The library is still considered an extra, not "an integral part of education."

The most effective help, that of a state school library specialist, is given in eight states—Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, and Wisconsin. We confidently expect that great progress would be made if the State Library had a school librarian on its staff who could instruct a teacher librarian in the care and use of books. The situation is undoubtedly improving. More careful supervision is raising rural school standards. Emphasis on silent rather than oral reading and other new teaching methods make books more necessary. In many other states the Parent Teacher Association is devoting interest, time, money, to the cause. The rural school library is on the upward path.

The Library in the Public School. Among the new things in education is the important place the library is taking. In Maine all the colleges and many of the high schools are giving some instruction in the use of the library. The real need at this time is instruction in the upper grades and in the high schools on how to find information.

The rural school is rapidly taking the center of the stage in educational discussions. We have long pointed with pride to the country boy and girl in American life as possessing in unusual degree the elements of success. It is a question if this is true in our State today. On the other hand the State through its Department of Education is making a notable contribution by its pioneer work of training "helping teachers."

There are certain important steps which need to be taken in training children to love to read that which is worth while: they must be given books to read which they can read with pleasure, in order to form the reading habit; they must be trained to form the habit of reading for information. This can be done through providing attractive books of travel to read in connection with the study of geography; interesting biographies and historical stories in connection with the study of history; other interesting books in connection with the study of history, geography, science, English, and other subjects taught in school; they should read books of an inspirational character, books calculated to make them begin to think what they are to do in life, and to arouse in them a desire to make the most and the best of themselves.

The books which we read develop and influence character as

much as the companions with whom we associate. No school, therefore, discharges its obligation to its pupils and the public which does not inculcate in its students this ambition to associate with the most uplifting factors in civilization—good books.

All this emphasizes the fact that the time has come when library science, the art of making information available, is an important and even a necessary part of every educational system and every successful business administration. These conclusions, opinions and facts suggest that the time has come for the state to take some action which will relate the children of the state to the best books in literature, science and business. Therefore, I advise adding to the library staff a director of school libraries. This director must be a trained librarian, who will visit the libraries and teach the librarians in the small libraries how to serve their community through helping the school teachers and training the pupils to use the library.

If we are to adequately train our young people for life we must start farther back than with the girls and boys of the high school. If the librarian sends out to the grades, from the sixth up, groups of interesting books, the children begin to feel that the library is really theirs, and they become eager to use it. If it is possible to have the individual child return the books after he has read them, it will cultivate a familiarity with the workings of the library and a friendship with the librarian which will be a great help when these same children enter the high school. The library will always be one place where they stand on firm ground.

There is special need of interesting the teachers of the rural schools in the use of the library. We need their hearty cooperation. If the teachers are able to show a familiarity with the books in the library it will do much toward making the library popular with the school.

No doubt there should be a library in every school building. This is recognized and provided for in all modern high schools, and the day will come when this will be true of grade school buildings. Until that day arrives, there is no reason why the state should not make temporary provisions through the state library.

The duties of the director of school libraries should include the following:

- 1. Outlining aims, plans, and policies for more and better school libraries.
- 2. Addresses at teachers' and community meetings.
- 3. Publication of bulletins of information giving expert advice in the various problems of organizing a library.
- 4. Publication of lists of books suitable for purchase and for guidance in general reading.
- 5. Securing of data through questionnaires upon which to base recommendations, advice and suggestions.
- 6. Planning courses of instruction in the use of books and libraries.
- 7. Correlating aims and plans for more and better library service with the various agencies of the state department of education and the state library.
- 8. To give information and assist in organizing school libraries in the grades and high school.
- 9. To bring the local libraries into active relations with the public school.
- 10. Teaching librarians and teachers how they may/cooperate in making local libraries serve as school libraries.

There is on the staff of the Bangor Public Library one person who devotes full time to school and hospital library work. Mr. Boyd, the Librarian, informs me that this work has been a decided success and is continually expanding. Until this or some other plan is developed, the state library should be able to organize the work in the schools on the request and through the aid of the superintendent, principals, and teachers. There can be no justification or excuse for sending children out of the school system without some knowledge in regard to the way of using the libraries in the state.

DEMAND FOR TRAINED LIBRARIANS

An important tendency in the library world is the demand for trained librarians. The time has come when the library can no longer fill its place in the community or carry on its educational plan unless the librarian comes to the work with careful preparation. In most of our states there are a large number of libraries which do not have librarians who have been properly trained in library methods.

A serious difficulty in connection with securing suitably equipped librarians in Maine is that a large number of towns cannot, or do not, pay a salary which will command the services of a library school graduate. By far the largest number of libraries are in what might be called the small town library class, where the librarian has at *most* only one or two assistants, and salaries are almost negligible. In Maine, the State Library is trying to solve the problem of technical training for its librarians through correspondence courses and library institutes where the simpler methods of library work are taught.

The importance of technical training does not minimize the necessity of a knowledge of books, their authors and contents. Every librarian should be, must be, well read. In the old days, librarians were book lovers and critical scholars; it was this type of men who organized and fostered library work. Today, the value of a cultural background for a librarian must not be overlooked. The more persons, graduates of colleges and universities, who can be attracted to the library field, the better for the reading public.

MORE ROOM FOR BOOKS

A problem that must receive your immediate attention is where we are to put the 10,000 volumes which will come to the library during the next two years. Every available shelf space is now in use. I invite you to visit the library and see conditions as they exist:

The capacity of the main room, with its furnishings at the present time, is approximately seventy thousand volumes. There are shelved in a store house outside the capitol building about seventy thousand volumes.

With available space filled to full capacity, with more than half our books stored in locations not easily accessible and with a collection growing rapidly in size and increasing in usefulness each year, the Library has come to the point where its efficiency is vitally impaired and its development nearly at a standstill.

We have, here in Maine, conditions which are peculiar to ourselves; an area relatively sparsely settled, with no great cities, no large universities or endowments to gather enormous collections of books. The great majority of our people must depend on the State Library for technical and special books, because this is ab-

solutely the only library which can meet their needs. Destiny seems to point to the State Library as the one great library of the state.

The present conditions as outlined demand immediate action. You can do one of three things.

First: Erect a new building directly west of the present capitol on land now owned by the state. A State Library should be convenient to the capitol, of a style of architecture that is harmonious with it, so constructed as to house all material belonging to it for a considerable period of years to come, and yet planned to allow indefinite future extension without destroying the proportions.

Second: Increase the size of the present State House. This second solution is not only the practical but the economical one: to extend a wing to the rear of the capitol in harmony with the design of the present building. This wing should be designed by the best *library* architect and should be provided with the most modern library equipment. It should be a home for all the library activities of the State, and the public documents now entrusted to the State Library for distribution or preservation. This library wing should release enough office space to provide satisfactory quarters for the present overcrowded conditions of the State House.

Third: Double stack the present library. This would provide for an additional fifty-one thousand volumes. This would be only a temporary solution and it is a question if the expenditure would be justified. However, this legislature ought not to adjourn without taking some action in this matter. If you believe financial conditions do not warrant the extension in the rear of the present building, then I advise that an appropriation be made to double stack the present library.

ACCESSIONS

Biennial period, July 1, 1926—June 30, 1928.

1926-27 1359 46 1927-28 1391 100	-	Bound Unbound	Total 1405
			1491
2750 146	975	9750 146	2896

By exchange	Bound	Unbound	Total
1926-27	493	862	1355
1927-28	456	1536	1992
	949	2398	3347
By gift			
1926-27	112	202	314
1927-28	72	172	244
	·		
	184	374	.558
From U. S. Gov't.			
1926-27	163	1835	1998
1927-28	169	1929	2098
		 .	
	332	3764	4096
Total accessions	4215	6682	10897

CIRCULATION

The records show that the number of books lent by the State Library and the traveling library for the year 1926-27 was 48,039, and for the year 1927-28, 49,797. The types of books which had the largest circulation were literature, and sociology which includes books on government, education, marketing and commerce.

CIRCULATION RECORD

1926-27 July 1, 1926— June 30, 1927	General Works	Philos- ophy	Reli- gion	Sociol- ogy	Lan- guage	Science	Useful Arts	Fine Arts	Liter- ature	History	Travel	Biog- raphy	Period- icals	Total
July August September October November December January February March April May	49 44 56 60 106 135 218 178 134 92 75 36	69 59 49 91 93 84 108 75 87 95 101 66	49 30 55 59 60 70 74 46 74 44 33 48	225 155 182 270 248 398 463 376 446 322 235 169	18 13 21 5 7 24 17 15 19 14 11	77 77 52 64 89 86 113 86 89 67 71	124 116 195 132 231 235 246 237 286 178 163	132 121 134 124 158 162 178 148 177 139 124 88	280 311 164 247 321 299 454 387 380 323 265 180	109 114 139 163 209 232 283 261 316 217 173 123	72 100 113 122 146 177 230 164 184 110 106	139 144 103 123 197 183 215 194 154 108 101	343 217 277 240 262 192 238 243 285 217 211	1686 1501 1540 1700 2127 2277 2837 2410 2631 1926 1669
TOTAL	1183	977	642	3489	168	930	2244	1685	3611	2339	1603	1736	2837	23444

CIRCULATION RECORD

1927-28 July 1, 1927— June 30, 1928	General Works	Philos- ophy	Reli- gion	Sociol- ogy	Lan- guage	Science	Useful Arts	Fine Arts	Liter- ature	History	Travel	Biog- raphy	Period- icals	Total
July August September October November December January February March April May June	39 46 34 102 106 168 192 149 128 142 88 24	54 59 67 81 57 55 111 80 109 103 66 40	36 21 47 40 44 48 53 44 67 43 32 25	150 170 245 181 185 170 285 291 322 260 178 154	28 17 19 15 5 8 6 15 22 8 16	96 117 94 73 72 52 74 82 76 68 53 42	133 131 119 199 156 148 242 184 185 188 119	106 125 135 180 140 104 158 199 179 166 117 89	238 176 321 345 233 308 321 369 372 397 363 199	126 120 91 158 159 135 150 159 179 187 127 80	84 87 86 115 129 84 153 168 146 157 101 74	134 103 88 149 119 149 233 234 199 178 160 74	141 117 167 225 170 135 199 191 242 235 141 137	1365 - 1239 1513 1863 1575 1564 2177 2165 2226 2132 1561 1067
TOTAL	1218	882	500	2591	171	899	1921	1698	3642	1671	1384	1820	2100	20497

SHIPPING

There were shipped to and from the Library during the year 1926-27, by mail or express, 15,199 parcels, 48 films and 1450 traveling libraries; and during the year 1927-28 there were 21,212 parcels, 12 films and 1582 traveling libraries.

About 2,000 state publications were distributed personally to legislative members, government officials and private individuals.

BINDING AND REBINDING

During the year 1926-27, 22 volumes of current newspapers and 299 volumes of current magazines were bound for the permanent files. 111 books were rebound and mended.

In 1927-28, 105 volumes of newspapers and 398 volumes of magazines were bound, and 476 books were rebound and repaired.

ADVERTÍSING

The State Library advertises systematically and continuously in the following definite ways:

A descriptive leaflet is enclosed in each letter mailed from the library.

The Maine Library Bulletin, published each quarter, is sent to trustees, librarians, libraries and to individuals requesting it. This publication contains items of interest about Maine, feature articles about Maine and Maine people, news of Maine libraries and a list of the books added to the State Library during the preceding three months.

Letters are sent out to Sunday School and Public School Superintendents, to summer camps and hotels, to Grange Lecturers, Boy Scout leaders, ministers and other groups of people, telling them of books available through the individual loan and traveling library service.

Much advertising is done in the Press and talks are given by the Librarian before clubs, Boards of Trade, groups of teachers, students, business men, etc.

The attention of the librarians is constantly called to the resources of the State Library available for supplementary material, through the library institutes and visits of the library visitor who is a member of the staff.

Exhibits of books and posters are made at the annual meetings of the Maine State Teachers' Association, each fall. Members of the staff are in attendance at that time to answer questions, lend books and distribute information about the library. A display of traveling library books is sent each summer to the Conference of Helping Teachers at Castine.

Special exhibits during the period from 1926-1928 were held at the Presque Isle, Bangor, Waterville and Lewiston State Fairs. A large exhibit showing our methods of publicity was presented at the Conference of the All New England Libraries, held in Portland, June, 1928. This display attracted much attention and comment among the four hundred and fifty librarians present from all parts of New England.

Three large pamphlet binders were prepared and sent the American Library Association Conference at West Baden containing all the forms used by the State Library. These were shown in three separate lots, one containing all forms used in the traveling library division, one all forms used in the individual loan division and one showing samples of all publicity leaflets, folders, booklets, etc., distributed by the library. The form letters shown in these binders were compiled to show a model, typical request from an imaginary borrower and all the replies incident to the filling of such a request.

CLIPPING BUREAU

A valuable addition to the Library's sources of information is the newspaper clipping bureau which has been in operation since May, 1927. The bureau was created to meet the demand for upto-the-minute material which has great current value but is not available in books and magazines. The newspaper has come to have a recognized standing as a medium of reliable and accurate information, and the use of newspaper articles in many forms of enterprise is now very general.

The range of subjects covered at present by the Library clipping bureau includes primarily those which relate to Maine, but some attention has been paid to New England as a unit, and some clippings on general subjects have been made. All Maine newspapers, daily, weekly and Sunday, are received and clipped, together with a few selected papers from outside of Maine.

The material is arranged in specially designed files and each

clipping is marked with the date of publication, and the name of the paper from which it is taken is indicated. The clippings are available to the several State departments and to the general public on loan in the same manner as books from the Library proper. Suggestions are made from time to time by the departments as to special subjects which they desire clipped. The executive department and the Maine Development Commission in particular have made very frequent use of the bureau's resources for data which would not otherwise have been readily procurable.

Among the topics covered by the bureau as relating especially to Maine are agriculture, business, electricity, fish and game, aviation, education, highways, forestry, industries, hotels, literature, publicity, shipping, prohibition, water power, social welfare, politics, art, music, radio, theatres and finance.

While a part of the material is of comparatively temporary value, much of it is of permanent worth and will become of increasing value among the Library's assets. Articles on Maine history, art, literature and about men and women who have gone from this State to achieve distinction elsewhere are examples.

In addition to its regular functions, the clipping bureau has recently been of service to the legislative recess committee investigating the subject of old age pensions.

The bureau had the active cooperation of the executive department in its creative stage, and because the Library funds were not sufficient to carry it, it has been maintained jointly by the Library and the executive department. To continue this bureau, an additional appropriation must be added to the library appropriation for salaries.

LOCALITIES SERVED

During the year 1926-27 individual loans were made to 436 localities, and during the year 1927-28 to 422 different localities.

The records show that there were 107 localities served in 1927-28 which were not served in 1926-27. Adding the localities which were served both years we find that there were 511 different localities served during the biennial period covered by this report.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

July 1, 1926 to June 30, 1927

Salaries and Clerk Hire

A				00
Appropriation	#1E 96E	00	\$16.000	UU
Expenditures	\$15,365	Uð		
Transfer to appropriation for	900	00		
Maintenance	300		•	ſ
Unexpended balance	334	92		
	\$16,000	00	\$16,000	00
Maintenance		•	•	
Appropriation		•	\$8,500	00
Credit by postage and other refunds			902	
Credit by postage and other relands Credit by transfer from 1926 appropri	riations		568	
Credit by transfer from Salaries and		no.	300	
Expenditures	\$10,195		.′	UU
-	Ф10,190	02	(
Transfer to appropriation for Re-	10	00	!	
ports of Judicial Decisions		53	÷.	
Unexpended balance		99		
	\$10,271	15	\$10,271	15
and the second s			(
Traveling Librar	ies		And the second	
Appropriation			\$6,500	00
Credit by refunds			1,267	65
Expenditures	\$7,638	58	\	
Unexpended balance	129	07		
Service Commence of the Commen	Ф П ПОП	<u> </u>	#F F0F	
	\$7,767	00	\$7,767	65
Stipend for Free Public	a Librari		. 5	
Supena for Free 1 aout	Diorait	69	/	
Appropriation			\$12,000	00
Expenditures	\$11,916		,	
Unexpended balance	83	40	<i>.</i>	
	\$12,000	00	\$12,000	00

Donations For Founding Free Public Libraries

Appropriation Expenditures	\$100	00	\$100	00
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$100	00	\$100	00
Reports of $Judicial\ L$) a ai oi om e			
Appropriation	ecisions		\$2,400	00
Credit by transfer from maintenance			,	00
Expenditures	\$2,419	00		
	\$2,419	00	\$2,419	00
Publication of Ancient Vi	tal Stati	stics		
Appropriation			\$1,000	00
Expenditures	\$1,000	00	# - /	
	\$1,000	00	\$1,000	00
Pinding Poblic Dec				
Binding Public Doc Appropriation	umenis		\$700	00
Expenditures	\$233	50	Φ100	00
Unexpended balance	466			
	\$700	00	\$700	00
Contingent Expenses of I	Legislatu	ire		
, *	U		#1 O7O	00
Appropriation Expenditures	\$1,070	00	\$1,070	
	\$1,070	00	\$1,070	00
Contingent Expenses of L	Legislatu	re		
Appropriation			. \$400,	00
Expenditures	\$377	50	4-201	, - ,
Unexpended balance		50.	F y	
A Alexander	\$400	00	\$400	00

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

July 1, 1927 to June 30, 1928

Salaries	and	Clerk	Hire

Salaries and Clerk	mre			
Appropriation			\$16,000	00
Expenditures	\$15,539	64	•	
Unexpended balance	460	36		1
	\$16,000	00	\$16,000	00
Maintenance			;	
Appropriation			\$8,500	nn-
Credit by postage and other refunds	•		554	
Expenditures	\$8,776	46	1,001	ŲΟ
Unexpended balance	278			*
÷ .	\$9,054	63	\$9,054	63
Traveling Librar	ies		Ź,	
Appropriation			\$6,500	00
Credit by refunds			1,286	64
Expenditures	\$7,404	04		
Unexpended balance	382	60		
	\$7,786	64	\$7,786	64
Stipend For Free Publi	$c\ Librari$	es		
Appropriation			\$12,650	00
Expenditures	\$12,483	50		
Unexpended balance	166	50	· ·	V 4
	\$12,650	00	\$12,650	00
Donations For Founding Free	Public I	Libro	aries $(\stackrel{)}{\ }$	
Appropriation			\$200	00
Unexpended balance	\$200	00		:14
Young the second of the second	\$200	00	\$200	00

Decisions		
60.410.00	\$2,500	00
•		
81 00		
\$2,500 00	\$2,500	00
tistics		
	\$1,000	00
\$1,000 00		
\$1,000 00	\$1,000	00
of Maine		
	\$1,500	00
\$1,500 00		
\$1,500 00	\$1,500	00
and People		
	\$300	00
\$284 00		
16 00		,
\$300 00	\$300	00
History		
	\$600	00
\$600 00		
\$600 00	\$600	00
f Dresden		
	\$1,000	00
\$1,000 00		
\$1000 00	\$1000	00
oneers		
	\$450	00
\$450 00	**	
\$450.00	\$450	00
	\$1,000 00 \$1,000 00 \$1,000 00 \$1,500 00 \$1,500 00 \$1,500 00 \$284 00 16 00 \$300 00 History \$600 00 \$600 00 \$1,000 00 \$1000 00	\$2,419 00 \$1 00 \$2,500 00 \$2,500 \$1,000 00 \$1,000 00 \$1,000 00 \$1,500 00 \$1,500 00 \$1,500 00 \$1,500 00 \$284 00 \$16 00 \$300 00 \$300 History \$600 00 \$600 00 \$1,000 00 \$1,000 00 \$1,000 00 \$1,000 00 \$1,000 00 \$1,000 00 \$1,000 00 \$1,000 00 \$1,000 00 \$1,000 00 \$1,000 00 \$1,000 00 \$1,000 00 \$1,000 00

Maine Physicians Members of The Mass. Medical Society at the Separation

at the	Separation	
Appropriation	\$500	00
Unexpended balance	\$500 00	
	\$500 00 \$500	.00
Portlan	d By The Sea	
Appropriation	\$500	00
Expenditures	\$500 00	
	\$500 00 \$500	00
Province and Co	ourt Records of Maine	
Appropriation	\$1,000	00
Expenditures	\$1,000 00	

State Publications

\$1,000 00

\$1,000 00

July 1, 1926—June 30, 1928.

3 4-3 2, 20-3	v 44.10 00, 20201	
Name	Year	No. Rec'd.
Agriculture	1924-26	250
Assessors	1925-26	262
Auditor	1924-26	300
Bank	1924-26	250
Charities and Corrections	1924-26	250
Commissioner of Education	1924-26	250
Executive Register	· 1927	300
Fisheries and Game, Inland	1924-26	. 300
Fisheries, Sea and Shore	1924-26	250
Forest	1925-26	250
Governor's Message	1925	48
Highway	. 1924-26	300
Labor and Industries	1925-26	300
Library	1924-26	/ 1000
Public Utilities	1924-26	300
Treasurer	1924-26	250
Business Man's Ideas of Finance		5000
George Folsom-John A. Poor and a Ce	en-	,
tury of Historical Research With	Ref-	
erence to Early Colonial Maine	•	525

History of Ellsworth		125
· ·		_
History of Lee		150
Matinicus Isle		. 71
Legislative Record	1927	350
Library Bulletins	1926-1928	20,500
Maine Province and Court Records V. I.		. 100
Pageant of the State of Maine	-	4000
Pamphlet Laws		250
Portland By The Sea		250
Public Documents	1924-26	- 51
Publicity Material		5000
Two American Pioneers		150
Hallowell Vital Records Vols. 3, 4 and 5	•	1500
Laws of Maine	1927	1400
Maine Reports Vol. 125		800
Maine Reports Vol. 126		. 800
Miscellaneous material		500

STATE AID TO FREE PUBLIC LIBRARIES

The Library Law of the State of Maine allows a city, town or village corporation to raise whatever sum of money is agreed upon, for the maintenance of a library. Money may also be given toward the support of a library in an adjoining town in order that the citizens in a place having no library may enjoy the benefits of one. The law is particularly liberal in that it places no limit on the sum which may be raised.

As the "library idea" grows and the need and usefulness of such an institution becomes more and more apparent, appropriations made by cities and towns increase substantially. This has happened in Maine until the sum which the Legislature provides for the payment of a stipend based on appropriations made by towns for this purpose, has become entirely inadequate necessitating a reduction in the per cent payable. This does not affect any cities or towns which raise a sum over \$5,000 as the law limits the payment of any stipend in excess of \$500, regardless of the amount appropriated by the municipality, but it does become rather a hardship to some of the smaller libraries which need every cent possible for the purchase of books. We commend the increasing appropriations but regret the necessary curtailing of the stipend paid.

Following is the statistical record of libraries receiving a state stipend during the period of this bi-ennial report.

MAINE FREE PUBLIC LIBRARIES RECEIVING STATE AID, PAID 1926 (Based on 1925 Town Appropriations)

Location	Name	Librarian	Population	Volumes	Circulation .	Stipend
Acton	Public	Mrs. C. A. Butler	499	1033		\$ 4.68
Alfred	Parsons Memorial	Mary C. Emerson	738	9288	5884	23.43
Andover	Public	Mrs. Alice B. Thurston	767	7450	3020	18.75
Anson	Stewart Public	Mrs. Verna B. Murphy	2563	3750	2659	36.43
Auburn	Public	Georgiana Lunt	16985	26493	87350	500.00
Augusta	Lithgow Public	Elizabeth M. Andrews	14114	14599	33591	234 .37
Baileyville	Woodland Public	Lena D. Weeks	2243	2500	10655	75.00
Bangor	Public	Elmar T. Boyd	25978	103385	219989	500 .00
Bar Harbor	Jessup Memorial	Inez M. Suminsby	3622	14000	16855	46 .87
Bath	Patten Free	Margaret R. Foote	14731	27432	34382	281 .25
Belfast	Free	E. Frances Abbott	5083	20691	32673	46 .87
Bethel	Bethel	Maude L. Thurston	1792	5820	6348	37 .50
Biddeford	Public	Emma Hatch	18008	22221	51031	328.12
Boothbay Harbor	Public	Mrs. Alice Orne	2025	6023	26216	84 .37
Bradford	John B. Curtis	Annie M. Salley	738	1890	4501	4.68
Brewer	Free Public	Frances K. Aiken	6064	6487	16272	112.50
Brunswick	Curtis Memorial	Mary G. Gilman	7261	18000	30229	168.75
Buckfield	Zadoc Long	Minerva E. Allen	957	7000	3400	19.46
Calais	Free	Bertha E. Boyd	6084	13700	17392	159 .07
Camden	Public	Mrs. Ada R. Dyer	3403	10746	19959	112.50
Canaan	Prescott Public	Mrs. L. C. Salesbury	822	2113	250	16.40
Cape Elizabeth	Thomas Memorial	Helen I. Brown	1534	2630	1560	23.43
Caribou	Public	Mrs. Ada Britton	6018	10448	47465	195 .58
Castine	Witherle Memorial	Katherine Davenport	743	6752	4917	47 .12
Charleston	Public	Mrs. Dora Hamm	720	256	1181	9 .37
Cherryfield	Public	Ida E. Wakefield	1100	2690	4900	4.68
Clinton	Brown Memorial	Mrs. Lottie W. McNally	1230	4316	5554	51.56
Corinna	Stewart Free	Edna A. Hutchins	1394	14960	11036	4 .68
Damariscotta	Skidompha	Jospehine Wright	849	3928	7345	18.75
Danforth	Library Corp	Averill McKechnie	1201	1970	1375	9.37
Dennysville	Lincoln Memorial	Jennie W. Kilby	434	4021	1542	13.12
Dexter	Town	Abbie H. Hamilton	4113	15254	24568	215.62
Dixfield	Public	Mrs. A. B. Root	1134			28.12
Dover-Foxcroft	Thompson Free	M. E. Averill	3150	13940	21377	164 .06
Dresden	(Appropriates for use of Gar	diner Library				4.68
East Livermore	Livermore Falls Library					
\	Association	Cora M. Wyman	2636	5946	26711	112.50
Eastport	Peavey Memorial	Mrs. Maude Bogrette	4494	14145	12578	46 .87
Eliot	William Fogg	Mrs. Blanche Liebman	1530	10000	7864	28.12
Ellsworth	City	Mary A. Hodgkins	3058	7500		93.75
Fairfield	Lawrence	Mrs. Alice Totman	1240	10226	14736	187 .50

MAINE FREE PUBLIC LIBRARIES RECEIVING STATE AID, PAID 1926 (Based on 1925 Town Appropriations)

Location	Name	Librarian	Population	Volumes	Circulation	Stipend
Farmingdale	(Appropriates for use of Gar	diner Library)	-			\$6 .09
Farmington	Cutler Memorial	Rena H. Adams	3197	19870	36500	140 .62
Fort Fairfield	Free Public	Kate K. Estes	4551	6500	18212	168.75
Freeport	B. H. Bartol	Annette H. Aldrich	2488	5813	14015	93 .7.5
Friendship	Friendship	Beatrice Bromhall	696	1500		9.37
Gardiner	Public		5475	12015	44159	253 .12
Gorham	Baxter Memorial		2870	12680	14929	150 .00
Gray	Stimson Memorial		1139	2160	3950	15.59
Greenville	Shaw Library		1550	4375	10835	46 .87
Guilford	Memorial	Ernestine Hale	1687	6679	8278	70.31
Hallowell	Hubbard Free		2764	15000	9350	23.43
Harrison	Caswell	Josephine P. Ricker	901	3032	5110	18.75
Hartland	Free		1140	4227	10587	28.12
Hebron	Moody Public		652	356	480	4 .68
Hiram	Soldiers' Memorial		837	3000		9.37
Hollis (Center)	Hollis Center		1092	2143	2025	4.68
Houlton	Cary Memorial		6191	14444	42243	234 .37
Howland	Thomas Free	Anna L. Colbath	724	1848	6463	46 .61
Islesboro	Free		637	4450	6060	65.62
Jackman	Association		902	2387		9.37
Jay (North)	Niles Memorial	Mrs. Carolyn B. Miller	3152	2086	4827	46 .87
Jonesboro	Public		461	750		4 .68
Jonesport	Peabody Memorial		2129	2000	5123	46 .87
Kenduskeag	Case Memorial		451	1547	1 .	2.34
			3138	10449	19439	46 .87
Kennebunk Kennebunkport	FreeLewis T. Graves Memorial	Mrs. Agnes McCartney	1431	7660	11210	37 .50
		sonsfield Library)		7000	1	2.34
Kezar Falls	Public	Annie L. Barr	31791	31845	85400	50000
Lewiston	Public	Mrs. Edna Long	1506	3400		18.75
Limestone	Davis Memorial		803	2699	2263	18.75
	Lincoln Memorial		2452	1982	10766	197 .97
Lincoln	Porter Memorial	Mrs. Lucy C. Crocker	$\frac{2452}{2152}$	6000	9451	46 .87
Machias	Porter Memoriai	Mrs. Emma F. Clark	3700	6500	30067	187 .50
Madison	Public	Mrs. Emma F. Clark	3700 1614	4653	13000	4687
Mechanic Falls	Public	Kate L. Denison	453	1900		40.67
Mercer	Shaw	Elizabeth Purcell	453 4528	6402	42257	421 .87
Millinocket	Memorial					
Milo	Free Public	Mrs. Florence M. Cotter	2894	4396	21775 4675	93.75
Monmouth	Cumston Public		1372	4621		37 .50
Monson	Public	Madeline LeClair	1079	1750	. 3230	4 .68
Moose River	<u>(Appropriates for use of Jack</u>	man)				4 .68
New Gloucester	Public	Mrs. Louise E. True	1384	7500	9700	44 .43

New Sharon	Public	Mrs. F. P. Caswell	885	2635	3211	
Newcastle	(Appropriates for use of Da	ma riscotta Library)				
Newport	Public	Myrtle Day	1709	3534	11975	
Norridgewock	Free Public	Mrs. Josie B. Whiting	1532	5350	5175	
North Haven	North Haven	Jennie D. Beverage	510	4400	2700	
Norway	Public	Mrs. Eva M. Kimball	2969	9054	15000	
Oakland	I Public	Helen A Smiley	2473	5000	30000	
Old Orchard	Free Public	Elizabeth H. House	1164	7600	1	
Old Town	Public	Amy S. Wood	6956	7953		
Oxford	Freeland Holmes	Mrs. Kate Starbird	1097		20129	
Orono	W. C. T. U.	E. F. Hutchings		5141	5412	
Palmyra	Dublic	T W F	3133	2848	7479	
Paris (South)	Public	L. W. Frost	824	1120	1429	
Parleman	Public	Mrs. Ella A. Wight	3656	5500	14321	
Parkman	Parkman	Mrs. Lettie Kimball	565	84	607	
Passadumkeag	Public	Mae Knowlton	354	3685	3449	
Patten	Community R. R	Mrs. Nora J. Palmer	1498	2372	6864	
Phillips	Phillips	Bertha E. Boston	1353	6410	9610	
Pittsfield	. Public	Minnie Porter	2700	8482	19172	:
Porter	(Appropriates for use of G	ar diner Library)				
Portland	Public	l Jane L. Burbank	69272	89558	169305	
Presque Isle	Free	Lucinda B. Marston	5581	7290	20444	
Randolph	(Appropriates for use of G	ar diner Library		1230	20111	
Rangeley	Public		1028	9050	11177	
Ripley	Crocker Free	Mrs. N. B. Hamilton	383	2358	11177	
Rockland	Public	Kathleen M. Snow	8109	13873	40004	
Rockport	Public	Mrs. Katherine Dunbar			43364	
Rumford	Public	Downies Mastring Dundar	1774	3960	14688	
Sanford	D-12	Bernice MacKinnon	8576	9775	39733	
Sanford	. Public	Bentley Aveyard	10691	6700	14400	
Sanford (P. O. Springvale)	Public	Angie H. Gile	10691	4000	23400	
Sangerville		Addie M. Hamilton	1246	1626	6140	
Searsport	Carver Memorial	Mildred E. Shute	1373	3865	3852	
Skowhegan			5981	17420	34813	
Solon	Public	Mrs. Lenora E. Ray	1054	2554	8272	
So. Berwick	Fogg Memorial	John H. Goodwin	2955	8989	2610	
Southwest Harbor	Manset and Seawall	Cynthia Stanley	824	900	400	
Southwest Harbor	S. W. Harbor		824	4900		•
Stetson			427	2041	2503	
Thomaston	Public	Ella K. Gilchrist	2019	8117	8887	
Upton	Public	Malvena C. Abbott	123		8887	
Vassalboro (East)	Public	Mrs. I. D. Cotes		890		
Vinalhaven	Dublia	Mrs. L. P. Cates	1936	2566	3049	
Waldoboro	Public	Clara R. Calderwood	1965	5600	8048	
Wainen	Public	Anne G. Gray	2462	4300	5629	
Warren	Free Public	Mrs. Julia V. Watts	1500	3364	9100	
Washburn	Public		1		11	
Washington	al Gibbs Free	Mary E. Poland	660	1200	1700	
Waterville	Free Public		13351	18752	59556	
Weld	Free Public	l Emma L. Dummer	521	5350	00000	

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MAINE FREE PUBLIC LIBRARIES RECEIVING STATE AID, Paid 1926 (Based on 1925 Town Appropriations)

Location	Name	Librarian	Population	Volumes	Circulation	Stipend
- Westbrook Wilton Winslow Winter Harbor Winterport Wiscasset Woodstock Yarmouth	Public Public Memorial	Jennie G. Andrews Mrs. Mary E. Newport Jennie P. Howard Lena C. Joy Mrs. Annie B. Clements Mrs. Elizabeth L. Webb Mrs. Stella B. Bacon Ina A. Russell	9453 2505 3280 503 1433 1192 765 2216	18685 5975 5053 1390 5014 3100 3084 10148	54272 16407 5788 4269 5418 11970 5015 12680	\$ 455.76 93.75 46.87 18.75 56.25 18.75 18.75 112.50
York (Village)	Public	Myrtie E. Banks	2727	2600		70.30

MAINE FREE PUBLIC LIBRARIES RECEIVING STATE AID, Paid 1927 (Based on 1926 Town Appropriations)

			,		,	
Location	Name	Librarian	Population	Volumes	Circulation	Stipend
Acton	Public	Mrs. C. A. Butler	499	1264		\$3.56
Alfred	Parsons Memorial	Mary C. Emerson	738	9456	5917	24.37
Andover	Public	Mrs. Alice B. Thurston	767	7535	3250	19.50
Anson	Stewart Public	Mrs. Verna B. Murphy	2563	4312	2845	39.00
Auburn	Public	Georgiana Lunt	16985	27564	90519	500.00
Augusta	Lithgow Public	Elizabeth M. Andrews	14114	14649	39361	195.00
Baileyville	Woodland Public	Lena D. Weeks	2243	3225	12000	78.00
Bangor	Public	Elmar T. Boyd	25978	111849	248074	500.00
Bar Harbor	Jessup Memorial	Inez Suminsby	, 3622	14100	18742	48.75
Bath	Patten Free	Margaret R. Foote	14731	25558	33436	292.50
Belfast	Free	E. Frances Abbott	5083	20980	34090	46.75
Bethel	Bethel	Maude L. Glover	1792	5925		39.00
Biddeford	Public	Emma Hatch	18008	23000	53590	341.25
Boothbay Harbor	Public	Mrs. Alice Orne	2025	6477	29573	87 .75
Bradford	John B. Curtis	Annie M. Salley	738	1964	4193	4 .87
Brewer	Free Public	Frances K. Aiken	6064	6749	16537	117 .00
Brunswick	Curtis Memorial	Mary G. Gilman	7261	18000	29433	175.50
Buckfield	Zadoc Long	Minerva E. Allen	957	8500	3740	24.37
Calais	Free	Bertha E. Bovd	6084	14035	16847	143.24
Camden	Public	Mrs. Ada R. Dyer	3403	11281	22434	117 .00
Canaan	Prescott Free	Mrs. L. C. Salesbury	822	2190	3638	17 .06
Cape Elizabeth	Thomas Memorial	Helen I. Brown	1534	2774	1720	24.37
Caribou	Public	Mrs. Ada Britton	6018	10885	46191	243.75
Castine	Witherle Memorial	Katherine Davenport	743	6922	5555	47 .83
Charleston	Public	Mrs. Dora Hamm	720	345	2155	9.75
Cherryfield	Public	Ida E. Wakefield	1100	2675	3542	4 .87
Clinton	Brown Memorial	Mrs. Lottie W. McNally	1230	4272	6145	31.68
Corinna	Stewart Free	Edna A. Hutchins	1394	15103	11513	24.96
Damariscotta	Skidompha	Josephine Wright	849	4401	5232	19.50
Dennysville	Lincoln Memorial	Jennie W. Kilby	434	4090	2085	13.65
Dexter	Town	Abbie H. Hamilton	4113	15269	26941	243.75
Dixfield	Public	Mrs. A. B. Root	1134			29.25
Dover-Foxcroft	Thompson Free	Manda Robinson	3150	14240	20037	170.62
Dresden	(Appropriates for use of Gar	diner Library)				4 .87
East Livermore	Livermore Falls Library	7.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2	l			
1	Association	Cora M. Wyman	2636	6493	24619	117 .00
Eastport	Peavey Memorial	Mrs. Maude Bogrette	4494	14502	13652	48 .75
Eliot	William Fogg	Mrs. Blanche Liebman	1530	10625	7422	19.50
EliotEllsworth	City	Mary A. Hodgkins	3058-	8000		97.50
Fairfield	Lawrence	Mrs. Alice Totman		10475	15410	170.62
Farmingdale	(Appropriates for use of Gar	diner Library)	l	l	ll	. 6.33

MAINE FREE PUBLIC LIBRARIES RECEIVING STATE AID, Paid 1927 (Based on 1926 Town Appropriations)

Location	Name	Librarian	Population	Volumes	Circulation	Stipend
- Farmington	Cutler Memorial	Rena H. Adams	3197	20326	36500	146 .25
Fort Fairfield		Kate K. Estes		20020	19112	243 .75
		Grace M. Rogers		5899	12583	97.50
Freeport		Beatrice Bromhall		2000		9.75
Friendship		Martha S. Bartlett		12634	34352	276.48
Gardiner		Lillian Hulbert		300		.97
Garfield		Victoria A. Magnusson	2870	13130	19091	156 .00
Gorham	Daxter Memoriai	Helen I. Merrill		2252	3847	21 .93
Gray				4565	11872	48.75
Greenville		Mrs. Nora Brown		6795	8975	73.12
Guilford	Memorial	Ernestine Hale			9235	24 .37
Hallowell	Hubbard Free	Abby L. Eveleth		15000		24 .57 19 .50
Harrison		Vida A. Greene	901	3175	5705	
Hartland	Free	Mrs. Mary C. Smith	1140	5493	13486	29 .25
Hebron	Moody Public	Mrs. C. W. Cummings	652	418	600	4 .87
Hiram	Soldiers' Memorial	(Henry W. Merrill)	837	3000		9.75
Hollis (Center)	Hollis Center	Ruth V. Tarbox	1092	2246	1725	4 .87
Houlton	Cary Memorial	Anna Barnes	6191	14747	35789	243 .75
Howland	Thomas Free	Anna L. Colbath	724	2199	7312	58 .50
Islesboro		Mrs. Marion L. Kimball	637	4950	6060	97 .50
Jackman				2437	2412	9 .75
Jay (North)		Mrs. Carolyn B. Miller		2556	4590	48 .75
Jonesboro		E. L. Bridgham		700	200	4 .87
Jonesport		Mrs. W. D. Kelley	2129	2025	4497	48.75
Kenduskeag		Mrs. Nellie L. Nason		1608		2.43
		Mrs. Mary R. Ross		10700	20119	48.75
Kennebunk		Mrs. Agnes McCartney		8054	14000	39.00
Kennebunkport					1 14000	· 2.43
Kezar Falls	(Appropriates for use of Par	sonsfield Library		33672	93198	500.00
Lewiston	Public	Annie L. Barr		3190	500	48.75
Limestone		Mrs. Edna Long			3696	19.50
Limington	Davis Memorial			3000		175.50
Lincoln		Mary E. Buzzell		2887	13183	48.75
Machias	Porter Memorial	Mrs. Lucy C. Crocker	2152	6452	10153	
Madison	Public	Mrs. Emma F. Clark		6800	32164	195.00
Mechanic Falls		Kate L. Denison		4928	12500	42 .03
Mercer	Shaw	Elizabeth Purcell		2000	2912	2 .97
Mexico	Free Public	Mary L. Stafford		1811	10963	58 .50
Millinocket		Lora D. Gagnon	4528	· 7000	40000	448 .75
Milo		Mrs. Florence M. Cotter	2894	4156	21873	97 .50
Monmouth			1372	4800	5600	53.62
Monson		Madeline LeClair		1850	3000	4 .87
Moose River		man)				4 .87

New Gloucester	Public Public	Mrs. Louise E. True	1384	7606	9300	46 .80 10 .09	
New Sharon	(A manufactor for use of Dome	riscotta Library)	1	"	3000	19.50	
Newcastle		Myrtle Day	1709	3534	12179	$\frac{13.30}{24.37}$	
Newport		Myrtle Day	1532	5515	6173	26.81	
Norridgewock	Free Public	Mrs. Josie B. Whiting		4533	3525	20.81 11.50	
North Haven		Jennie D. Beverage	510				
Norway	Public	Mrs. Eva M. Kimball	2969	5810	13899	117.00	
Oakland	Public	Helen A. Smiley	2473	5000	31580	146 .25	
Old Orchard	Free Public	Elizabeth H. House	1164	7845	11960	39 .00	
Old Town	. Public	Frances H. Folsom	6956	8390	21430	243.75	
Oxford		Kate Starbird	1097	5310	5499	24.37	•
Orono		E. F. Hutchings	3133	2872	6478	63.37	
Palmyra		L. W. Frost	824	1229	1530	4 .87	
Paris (South)			3656	7000	17315	48.75	
Parkman		Mrs. Louise Kimball	565	88	262	2.53	
			1498	2513	7429	29.25	
Patten		Bertha E. Boston	1353	6544	9740	. 43.87	
Phillips	Phillips	Minnie Porter	2700	8780	20120	219.37	
Pittsfield			,	0,00	20120.	4 .87	•
Porter		diner Library)	60979	00000	171407	500.00	
Portland	Public	Jane L. Burbank	69272	92803			
Presque Isle	Free	Lucinda B. Marston	5581	. 7535	20105	175 .50	
Randolph	(Appropriates for use of Gar	diner Library)			*8050	9.75	
Rangeley	Public	Mrs. Lena J. Penney	1028	9411	13858	117 .00	
Ripley	Crocker Free	Mrs. N. B. Hamilton	383	2396	2750	$\frac{7}{2}.31$	
Rockland	Public	Kathleen M. Snow	8109	14647	54816	487 .50	
Rockport		Mrs. Katherine Dunbar	1774	. 4242	11208	51 .18	
Rumford		Frances Brown	8576	12000	38379	438.75	
Sanford	Public	Bentley Aveyard	10691	6750	13400	78.00	
Sanford (P. O. Springvale)		Angie H. Gile	10691	5000	31200	48.75	
Sangerville	Public		1246	1864	6637	14.62	
Searsport	Carver Memorial	Mildred E. Shute	1373	4096	3777	34.12	
		Lizzie T. Hussey	5981	17800	34852	146 .25	
Skowhegan		Mrs. Lenora E. Ray	1054	2708	6420	9.75	
Solon		John H. Goodwin	2955	9073	9860	9.75	
So. Berwick	Fogg Memorial	John H. Goodwin	824	950	700	9.75	
Southwest Harbor		Cynthia Stanley	824	5020		$9.75 \\ 9.75$	
Southwest Harbor	S. W. Harbor	Mrs. Lila Cousins			9155	$\frac{9.75}{9.75}$	
Stetson		Elizabeth Merrill	427	2032	3155 10091	9.75 19.50	
Thomaston		Ella K. Gilchrist	2019	8117		19.50 4.87	
Upton	Public	Malvena C. Abbott	123	936	1300		
Vassalboro (East)	Public	Mrs, L. P. Cates	1936	2667	2753	19.50	
Vinalhaven	Public	Clara G. Calderwood	1965	5824	7670	58.50	
Waldoboro	Public	Ella T. White	2462	4347	4508	19.50	
Warren		Mrs. Julia V. Watts	1500	3510	7800	9.75	
Washburn	Public		_1870	2000	5209	48.75	
Washington	Gibbs Free		660	1457	1900	2.43	
Waterville		Jennie M. Smith	13351	19466	61601	500.00	
Wavervine	. Fice i abite	UCHIANO ITAL NAMED IN THE STATE OF THE STATE		=-			
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MAINE FREE PUBLIC LIBRARIES RECEIVING STATE AID, Paid 1927 (Based on 1926 Town Appropriations)

Location	Name	Librarian	Population	Volumes	Circulation	Stipend
-Weld Westbrook Wilton Winslow Winter Harbor Winterport Wiscasset Woodstock Yarmouth York (Village)	Goodspeed Memorial	Jennie G. Andrews Mrs. Mary E. Newport Jennie P. Howard Lena C. Joy Mrs. Annie B. Clements Mrs. Elizabeth L. Webb Mrs. Stella B. Bacoon	521 9453 2505 3280 503 1433 1192 765 2216 2727	5448 19238 6314 5216 1470 5228 3525 3041 10931 3325	59443 18117 6006 4858 5483 9700 4504 13372 7280	\$ 14 .62 426 .81 97 .50 48 .75 19 .50 39 .00 19 .50 19 .50 117 .00 97 .50

LIBRARY BUILDINGS ERECTED 1926—28

Camden, Camden Public Library.

Brick and granite building. Cost \$60,000. Site and \$10,000 given by Mrs. Edward Bok, and the remainder by community and summer guests.

Carmel, Simpson Memorial Library.

Wooden building with ground given by F. M. Simpson. The cost of renovation, furnishings and books was met by the community.

East Millinocket, East Millinocket High School.

\$100,000 brick building in which one large room is used for a combination school and public library. \$25,000 and library furnishings were the gift of Garret Schenck.

Fairfield, Fairfield High School Library.

The \$5,000 gift of the Lawrence sisters. Well planned and fully equipped.

Hinckley, Emily F. Ryerson Memorial.

Colonial brick building. Replaces one burned two years ago. Houses library and club room for girls only.

Mexico, Mexico Public Library.

Wooden building. Cost \$5,000. Lot and \$2,000 given by the town and the remainder raised by community effort.

North Berwick, D. A. Hurd Public Library.

Brick and stone building the gift of Mr. D. A. Hurd. Endowment funds of \$1,750 given by other friends of the library.

North Monmouth, North Monmouth Public Library.

A one story building erected by local subscriptions. The lot was the gift of the Winthrop Mills Company.

Owl's Head, Owl's Head Village Library Association.

Wooden building, cost \$750. Entire amount raised by the community.

Paris, (South), South Paris Public Library.

Red brick building. The lot was given by Charles Deering. \$21,360 was raised by subscription and the furnishings were given by Mrs. L. L. Mason.

Paris (West), Arthur L. Mann Memorial Library.

Native stone. The lot and \$5,000 from the estate of Lewis M.

Mann and an equal sum from his son Edwin J. Mann.

Phippsburg, Albert F. Totman Memorial Library.

Bought and remodelled old chapel with \$5,000 left by Albert F.

Totman.

Sedgwick, Ladies' Library Association.

Purchased small building which will later be repaired.

Warren, M. R. Mathews Memorial Library.

Stone building. \$20,000 from Eva Frances Mathews and \$10,000 more for its endowment. The lot was the gift of the Georges River Mills.

Winslow, Winslow Public Library.

Brick and stone building. Cost about \$30,000. Several bequests and local subscriptions financed it.

GIFTS AND BEQUESTS TO MAINE LIBRARIES

July 1926—June 1928

Andover, Andover Public Library.
200 volumes from Mrs. Henry V. Poor.

Anson, Stewart Public Library.
200 books under the will of Ben Foster.

Auburn, Auburn Public Library.
300 volumes from the estate of Storah Crafts.
200 French and German books from Miss Augusta Prescott.
Valuable old maps from John A. Morrill.

Bangor, Bangor Public Library.

2,100 books and original Remington painting from the estate of Sada L. Coe.

Collection of 1,627 musical scores from Bangor Symphony Orchestra.

Biddeford, McArthur Library.

Rug from Miss McArthur.

Set of Kipling from Miss Jane M. Owen.

29 volumes from the Hispanic Society of America.

- Bridgton, Bridgton Public Library. \$500 under the will of Mrs. J. F. Wardwell.
- Brooklin, Robert A. Friend Memorial Library. \$180 and a new furnace from Friend Brothers.
- Brunswick, Captain John Curtis Memorial Library. \$10,000 under the will of W. J. Curtis. Bust of W. J. Curtis. Garden enlarged by Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Curtis. Many valuable gifts to Maritime Collection.
- Camden, Camden Public Library.

 Library site and \$10,000 from Mrs. Edward Bok.
- Carmel, Simpson Memorial Library.

 Building and land from F. M. Simpson.

 Antique Windsor chair from Mrs. F. M. Simpson.
- Cornish, Cornish Library Association. \$10,000 for a building from Dr. Sherman W. Bonney.
- Cumberland Center, Prince Memorial Library. \$2,000 from the Allen estate.
- Dexter, Dexter Town Library.

 Collection of minerals from Joseph K. Springall.
- East Machias, East Machias Library Association.
 \$5,000, 3,000 books and many valuable paintings under the will of Miss Florence Sturdivant.
 \$200 worth of books from Mrs. C. D. Oakes.
- East Millinocket, East Millinocket High School. \$25,000 from Garret Schenck towards combination high school building and library.
- Fairfield, Fairfield High School Library. \$5,000 from the Lawrence sisters.
- Farmington, Cutler Memorial Library. \$20,000 under the will of Edmund Hayes.
- Fort Fairfield, Free Public Library. \$1,000 and 2,500 books under the will of F. N. Drew.

Frankfort, Waldo Pierce Reading Room. \$20,000 under the will of Florence M. Cushing.

Gardiner, Gardiner Public Library.

Plot of land adjoining the library from Mrs. Alice White.

Gorham, Baxter Memorial Library. \$5,000 Frederick Robie fund.

Hartland, Hartland Free Public Library.
150 books under the will of Mrs. Annie W. Fuller.
450 books from D. D. Stuart.
125 books from Outlook Club.

Houlton, Cary Memorial Library.
Bronze tablet in memory of Jonah Dunn.

Jonesport, Peabody Memorial Library. \$150 from Jonesport Library Association.

Kenduskeag, Case Memorial Library.
Victrola and records from Fred Rust.
Bookstack from Eugene Rust.

Lewiston, Lewiston Public Library.
60 bound volumes of D. A. R. Lineage books.

Lincoln, Lincoln Memorial Library.
Bronze memorial tablet from R. J. MacGregor.

Livermore, Livermore Public Library.

New library lawn and barberry hedge. Gift of new furnace.

\$100 from Miss Geneva Casey.

Machias, Porter Memorial Library. \$200 for children's books.

Manset, Manset Library. \$347 and 152 books from summer colony.

Mexico, Mexico Public Library. \$100 for books.

Milo, Milo Free Public Library.
Collection of books and cabinet of valuable curios under the will of William T. Stubbs.

- North Berwick, D. A. Hurd Public Library.

 Library building given by Mr. D. A. Hurd.

 Endowment of \$1,759 from friends of the Library.
- North Monmouth, North Monmouth Public Library.
 Library lot from the Winthrop Mills Company.
- Orono, University of Maine Library.

 150 volumes from the Hispanic Society of America.
- Paris (South), South Paris Public Library. Site for new library from Charles Deering. Furnishings given by Mrs. L. L. Mason.
- Paris (West), Arthur L. Mann Memorial Library.

 Lot and \$5,000 for building from the estate of Lewis M. Mann.

 \$5,000 from Edwin J. Mann.
- Patten, Community Reading Room. \$2,000 under the will of George P. Davenport.
- Phippsburg, Albert F. Totman Memorial Library. \$5,000 under the will of Albert F. Totman.
- Portland, Portland Public Library.
 \$15,000 from the estate of Harriet B. Allen given by Charles A.
 Stout.
- Rumford, Rumford Public Library.

 Painting by Harrison B. Brown from Hugh J. Chisholm.
- Sebago, Leon Cummings Spaulding Library.

 Bronze tablet in memory of the donor of the library, from his friends.
- Southwest Harbor, Southwest Harbor Library.

 The George L. Fowler private library from Miss Alice Fowler.
- Standish, Richville Library.
 Victrola and records.
- Warren, M. R. Mathews Memorial Library.
 Lot given by Georges River Mills.
 \$30,000 under the will of Eva Frances Mathews for library building.

Waterville, Waterville Free Public Library.

\$1,000 under the will of Mrs. W. B. Arnold.

\$200 from Rotary Club.

\$100 from People's National Bank.

Wayne, Wayne Library.

Gift of lot for proposed new building from Mr. F. G. Lamson. Valuable rug.

500 bookplates.

Wilton, Goodspeed Memorial Library.

\$100 from Tyngtown Club.

Barberry hedge from Earle Sawyer.

Winslow, Winslow Public Library.

\$125 and valuable clock under the will of R. O. Jones.

SUMMER READING COURSE

The title of this course is somewhat misleading as it may be taken at any time in the year but originally it was offered to school children through the public libraries and summer seemed to be the best time to undertake such a course. It is not limited to use through a public library but may be conducted by any teacher or individual who may wish to assume the supervision of one or more children following the reading. The books are furnished by the State Library and consist of special editions which are required for the course. Certificates are offered to those reading each of the books on the list.

CORRESPONDENCE COURSE

The library offers a correspondence course in library science to workers actually engaged in work in a library in the state. This course covers a variety of subjects, including reference, classification, periodicals, simple cataloguing and a great deal of general reading. Those entering the course are required to attend a meeting of the Maine Library Association, a Round Table conference offered by the State Library, visit some one approved library and work at least one week at the State Library, before taking the examination and completing the work. The course offers no guarantee of a position but there is sufficient change, from time to

time in positions in the smaller libraries so that there is a reasonable expectation for opportunity to benefit by the completion of this work.

APPRENTICES IN STATE LIBRARY

A feature of the work which has developed from a small beginning is that of training apprentices in the State Library. When this work first started entry was limited to one person at a time for a short period of six months or less. During the past two years there have been two apprentices at a time for a period of ten or twelve months. Such an arrangement gives opportunity for more detailed acquaintance with all the departments of the library, as the apprentices work several weeks in turn under direction in each department or else their time is divided among the departments for an hour at a time each day. In either case they remain long enough to get a definite amount of training. At the same time they study a regular course in library science under the direction of the assistant librarian. These apprentices receive no salary.

TRAVELING LIBRARIES

The circulation of traveling library sets is increasing in a normal and very gratifying way. Continued and systematic advertising proves to be effective as shown by a tendency in the circulation, to waver with discontinuance of advertising at any point. We feel that there should be more extensive use of the adult sets made by people in remote communities. Special travel and study club collections are in constant demand but the sets containing general literature do not circulate in proportion to the others. Juvenile collections cannot be supplied in the quantities desired and it has been necessary to place a limit on their circulation by restricting the sending of them to towns where there are free public libraries, until all other communities are supplied.

These traveling libraries provide to people remote from library centers, the opportunity to read the best of literature including biography, science, history, modern fiction and also the finest of juvenile literature in best illustrated form for the children.

The traveling libraries provide for small public libraries an opportunity to secure fifty books by the payment of a slight transportation fee of \$2.50 instead of a sum equal to at the very least \$2.00 a volume, thus releasing book funds for the purchase of reference and other more permanent material.

The matter of securing complete circulation records for the traveling libraries is one which is very difficult and we are continually making efforts for cooperation on the part of patrons in presenting full returns showing the actual use of the books which we send out. A record of books used may seem needless to one asked to keep it in connection with *one* set of books, but when that one set is multiplied by nearly 800 sent out through the state, it is easily seen that the information becomes very important for purposes of comparison. It is the only way by which the value of this book service to our citizens can be judged, and the only method by which our work can be compared with that of other states, along this line.

Books in the traveling libraries are selected with a view to the needs of the general reader and the general literature included is the "Readable" kind,—books of popular science, biography and history. Juvenile books are selected from the finest of standard children's literature and the editions are those which most attract through pictures, print and general make-up. Our aim in the selection of this literature is to lead children to enjoy books. The following tables show the circulation of traveling library books for the years 1926-28.

July 1, 1926—June 30, 1927

Adult fiction	. 26,242
Adult non-fiction	3,865
Juvenile fiction	23,609
Juvenile non-fiction	18,147
Total	71,863
July 1, 1927—June 30, 1928	
Adult fiction	28,782
Adult non-fiction	3,577
Juvenile fiction	,
Juvenile non-fiction	11,800

The geographical extent and increase of traveling library service during the past five years is revealed in the following statistics. The whole number of cities, towns and plantations is 520. The following table indicates the number using traveling libraries.

A 110	COLLO	ing taste materies the name of asing traveling nota	LICO.
Jan.	1923		415
Jan.	1925		436
Jan.	1928		488

COMPARATIVE TABLE OF TRAVELING

LIBRARIES DISTRIBUTED

	1917-1	8 18-19	19-20	20-21	21-22	22-23	23-24	24-25	25-26	26-27	7 2728
July	40	32	42	34	42	45	45	35	36	20	, 40
August	21	12	14	21	31	20	25	25	30	35	20
September	43	16	52	55	60	60	65	75	90	100	110
October	59	25	74	84	70	79	75	89 -	100	110	110
November	46	52	49	59	86	90	55	95	100	100	124
December	32	34	34	50	60	96	71	73	75	80	58
January	55	95	45	55	40	42	26	35	40	45	65
February	20	35	30	40	20	40	44	60	65	'70	75
March	35	20	33	36	45	33	43	65	60	60	62
April	10	31	30	44	35	35	40	40	30	35	18
May	19	14	30	25	30	30	35	35	35	30	22
June	28	20	26	32	40	45	45	52	39	40	87
	408	*386	459	535	559	615	569	679	700	725	791

^{*}Influenza epidemic year.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

Printed Reports of State Librarian

	. *	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
G. G. Stacy,	first,	for the year	1861
,	second,	. " " "	1862
4	third,	u u ú	1863
	fourth,	u u u	1864
•	fifth,	<i>u u u</i>	1865
	sixth,	<i>u u u</i>	1866
	seventh,	u uu	1867
J. T. Woodward,	eighth,	u u u	1868
,	ninth,	u = u , u	1869
•	tenth,	u u u	1870
	eleventh,		1871
J. S. Hobbs,	twelfth,	u u u,	1872
01.01	thirteenth,		1873
	fourteenth,	u u u	1874
	fifteenth,	u u u	1875
	sixteenth,	u u u	1876
	seventeenth,	$\cdot u = u = u$	1877
J. D. Myrick,	eighteenth,	u u u	1878
G. G. Stacy,	nineteenth,	u u u	1879
J. D. Myrick,	twentieth,	u "u u	1880
J. S. Hobbs,	twenty-first,	for the years	1881-1882
0. 0. 110000,	twenty-second,	" " "	1883-1884
•	twenty-third,	u u u	1885-1886
•	twenty-fourth,	u u u	1887-1888
* ₁ *	report not printed,	u ii u	1889-1890
L. D. Carver,	twenty-fifth,	u u u	1891-1892
,,_,	twenty-sixth,	u u ü	1893-1894
	twenty-seventh,	· u u u	1895-1896
	twenty-eighth,		1897-1898
	twenty-ninth,	u u u	1899-1900
	thirtieth,		1901-1902
	thirty-first,		1903-1904
E. W. Emery,	thirty-second,		1905-1906
z. W. zmory,	report not printed,	·u u u	1907-1909
H. C. Prince,	" " "		1910-1911
H. E. Holmes,		for the year	1910-1911
H. C. Prince,		for the years	1913-1914
H. E. Dunnack,	thirty-third,	" " "	1915-1914
11. 12. Dunnack,	thirty-fourth,	u u u	1917-1918
	thirty-fifth,	u u u	1917-1910
?	thirty-sixth,	u u u	1919-1920
	thirty-seventh,	<i>u u u</i>	1921-1922
	thirty-eighth,		1922-1924 1924-1926
	,		1924-1920
	thirty-ninth,	•	1920-1928