# MAINE STATE LEGISLATURE

The following document is provided by the

LAW AND LEGISLATIVE DIGITAL LIBRARY

at the Maine State Law and Legislative Reference Library

http://legislature.maine.gov/lawlib



Reproduced from scanned originals with text recognition applied (searchable text may contain some errors and/or omissions)

# PUBLIC DOCUMENTS OF MAINE

1913

BEING THE

# ANNUAL REPORTS

OF THE VARIOUS

# DEPARTMENTS AND INSTITUTIONS

For the Year 1912

VOLUME III

WATERVILLE SENTINEL PUBLISHING COMPANY 1914

# FIFTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

# Maine School for Feeble-Minded

# AT WEST POWNAL

FOR THE

Year Ending September 30, 1913



WATERVILLE Company
sentingl publishing company

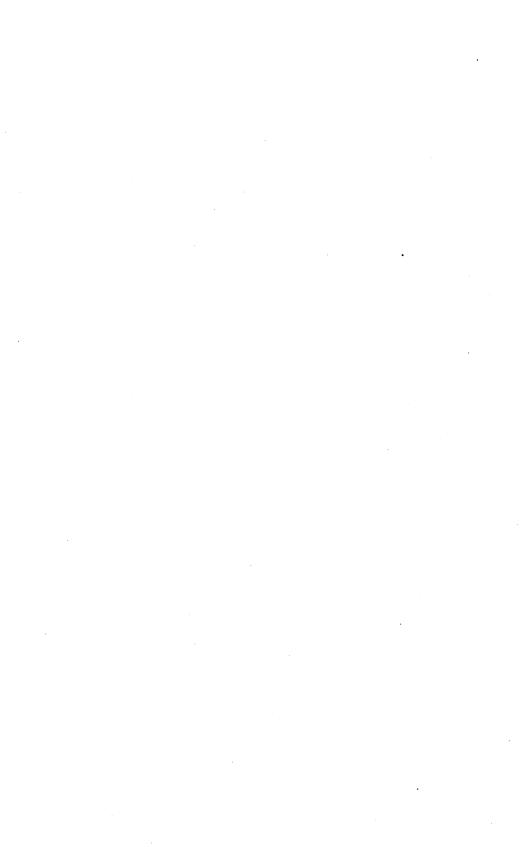


## TRUSTEES.

Dr. Seth C. Gordon, PresidentPortland
Mrs. Laura L. Cony, Secretary
Mr. Young A. Thurston
Mr. Frank W. Burnham
Mr. Fred R. Smith,
Mr. Oliver L. Hall
Dr. Fred A. Chandler

## VISITING COMMITTEE OF GOVERNOR'S COUNCIL.

Hon.	JAMES P.	Hutchinson, ChairmanAub	urn
Hon.	BENJAMIN	F. ColcordSears	port
· Hon.	JAMES S.	WrightSouth P	aris



## RESIDENT OFFICERS.

CAR J. HEDIN, M. DSuperintendent and Treasurer
LEWIS ROBINSON, M. D
MISS MARTHA B. GRANTGeneral Matron
MISS GLADYS L. EASTMANBookkeeper
MISS ELIZABETH PARSONS
Miss Flora M. Randali,
Miss Helen F. Rose
MISS FLORENCE LIBBY Assistant Teacher and Physical Instructor
MR. IRVIN J. SAWYER
MISS Annie M. Mitchell,
MISS GRACE D. CLEVELAND
Mrs. Josephine Clark
Mrs. Margaret C. Wheeler
Mrs. Sadie Tapley
Mr. Christopher S. Lowe
Mr. Earl L. Hayford
Mr. Water KelseySupervisor at Hill Farm
Mr. Anthony MartellSupervisor at Valley Farm

. 

# FIFTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES OF THE MAINE SCHOOL FOR FEEBLE-MINDED AT WEST POWNAL.

To the Honorable Governor and Council of the State of Maine:

The Trustees of the Maine School for Feeble-Minded submit the fifth annual report.

Since the last report there have been several changes of material importance to the Institution. The first superintendent, Dr. George S. Bliss, resigned to accept a position at Fort Wayne, Indiana, at a much increased salary. It became necessary that he should take up his connection with the new position, at an early date, giving us a very limited time to secure some one in his place. Fortunately, the Board had been familiar with the work of Dr. Carl J. Hedin, first assistant physician at the Augusta State Hospital, and being satisfied of both his professional and executive ability, unanimously offered the position to him, which he accepted at a salary of \$2,000. Dr. Hedin has most fully justified the wisdom of the Trustees in selecting him for the place. He is, in all respects, a most valuable man as superintendent of this institution. With quite remarkable executive ability, he combines rare tact in the management of the class of unfortunates committed to the School. He has made many changes in the interest of economy, at the same time accomplishing much more substantial results. Where formerly a farmer was employed both at the Hill and the Valley Farm, Mr. Lowe has been given charge of the two farms, not only saving one salary, but avoiding any conflict of authority, thus conducing to harmony among all parties.

Other changes have been equally productive of good results. Dr. Hedin has shown rare judgment in the purchase of supplies, as well as care in distribution of the food, so that while an abundance has been furnished to all, a systematic arrangement

of meals has resulted in a saving of many dollars. The per capita cost to the State is more than 50 cents less per week than ever before. The farm products amount to considerably more than last year, notwithstanding the excessive drought and lack of apples.

The amount of labor expended in clearing the farms of useless brush, rocks and waste materials, has not only added much good arable land to the farm, but materially increased the beauty of the landscape and highways. As farther beautifying the farm, a group of dilapidated sheds and outbuildings have been removed from an obscure place, brought into prominence, thoroughly repaired and painted, and made very useful for purposes where new buildings would soon have been needed. Under his direction most of the labor in laying the foundation of the new barn and other buildings, such as the dairy, piggery, ice house, and new well, has been performed by the inmates of the Institution,—all, except a small amount for expert laborers, has been done without expense to the State.

Much credit is due Dr. Hedin, in coöperation with the farmer, for successful adaptation of the various soils of the large farm to proper crops. A fine herd of Holstein cows in a new barn with all modern appliances, guarantees an abundant supply of milk, and butter in certain seasons. The accompanying report of Dr. Hedin will supply the details of the year's work, which has been highly gratifying.

A new building, for nurses, is in process of construction, and at an early date we hope to occupy it. The contracts are all within the appropriation; indeed, we may fairly expect some little surplus, which can be used for equipment.

The question of an adequate water supply is still before us, and a very serious one it certainly is. An appropriation by Governor Plaisted and Council was expended for an artesian well, under Messrs. Merrill and Trott, of Bath. After drilling 327 feet and finding no water they advised abandoning it, which was done. Your Honorable Body later authorized employing Reed and Son, who, by contract, agreed to furnish 36,000 gallons of water daily, or receive no pay,—we to pay them six dollars per foot in case they are successful in furnishing the amount. At the present date a depth of nearly 300 feet

has been reached with no indications of any reasonable amount of water. It is the opinion of the members of the Board, who have been most familiar with the water question, that a more abundant source of supply must soon be found, which can come only from the brook at, or near, the Gray Station and now owned by the Institution, and that measures should be completed as soon as possible, so that the trouble of the past summer shall not be repeated another season.

We cannot conclude this report without referring, with special admiration, to the work done by the teachers in the School. No one unacquainted with the work done in the School proper, can adequately comprehend the amount of patience required to successfully direct these feeble minds in lines that lead to enlightenment of their clouded intellects. Nothing but a love for the work could accomplish the results, such as can be seen daily in the school-rooms. The zeal shown by the teachers employed here, compels the commendation of all who witness the literary and industrial work done by them.

There are, at least, a thousand more of the feeble-minded in our State, that sooner or later will demand admission into this or similar homes, and it is up to the legislators to provide sufficient accommodations for a much larger number than is now assembled at Pownal. The State must first provide for its poor and unfortunate wards. Suitable accommodations are expensive, but they should take precedence of all provision for private, or semi-private charities. We owe it to ourselves that this institution shall not suffer for want of all proper aid demanded by humanity.

We respectfully refer your Honorable Body to the details so clearly and forcibly set forth by Dr. Hedin, believing that all his suggestions demand careful consideration.

SETH C. GORDON, LAURA L. CONY, YOUNG A. THURSTON, FRANK W. BURNHAM, OLIVER L. HALL, FRED A. CHANDLER, F. R. SMITH,

Trustees.

#### SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

#### To the Trustees of the Maine School for Feeble-Minded:

I have the honor to submit herewith the fifth annual report of the Superintendent of the Maine School for Feeble-Minded for the year ended September 30, 1913.

#### GENERAL STATISTICS.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Number enrolled Oct. 1, 1912	110	112	222
Number actually present Oct. 1, 1912	104	110	214
Number on visit Oct. 1, 1912	6	2	8
Admitted during the year	26	31	57
Viz: by commitment	18	27	45
without commitment	2	2	4
from visit	3	1	4
Nominally admitted from visit for discharge  Discharged during the year	3 9	3	12
Died during the year	9	3	12
Number enrolled September 30, 1913	119	135	254
Number actually present September 30, 1913	114	134	248
Number on visit September 30, 1913	2	1	3
Number escaped September 30, 1913	3	0	3
Daily average number of patients actually present.	112.9	122.7	235.6
Applications received during the year	32	22	54
Applicants waiting for admission	110	41	151

#### Admissions.

During the year just ended the number of patients actually present has increased from 214 to 248, an increase of 34; and the daily average number of patients present has increased from 190 to 235.6, an increase of 45.6. Of the 57 admissions, 45 were admitted by commitment, 4 without commitment (children under six years of age), 4 readmissions from visit, and 4 nominally admitted for discharge. Of the 49 cases of the new admissions, 22 were under 16 years of age and capable of learning to read and write; 7 were under 16 years of age and not capable of being taught to read and write; 6 males were over 16 years of age; and 14 females were over 16 years of age.

Table No. 2 shows the mental age and classification of the new admissions.

#### DISCHARGES AND DEATHS.

We discharged 3 patients as capable of self-support, 8 as improved, and I as not improved. Of the 12 cases discharged during the year, 7 were discharged while home on trial visit, 2 were taken home by friends, 2 were discharged to be taken out of the State, and I was transferred to the Augusta State Hospital.

Considering the fact that a large percentage of the feeble-minded are poorly developed, which predisposes them to physical diseases, we have had only a few serious illnesses. There were 5 deaths during the year. The death rate calculated upon the total number who received treatment was 1.8 per cent. or 18 deaths to 1,000 population, which shows that the death rate among our feeble-minded is only slightly larger than that in the State at large. Each of the deaths was the result of one of the following causes: broncho-pneumonia, epilepsy and enterocolitis, tubercular-enteritis, exhaustion from malnutrition, epilepsy with exhaustion.

#### APPLICANTS AWAITING ADMISSION.

We have now 110 applications on file for admission for boys, and 41 for girls, making a total of 151 feeble-minded persons waiting for admission to the School. These figures, however, are no indication of the number of feeble-minded in in the State. The people know that the Institution is full, hence many apply only for urgent and troublesome cases. Some have withdrawn their applications and applied to private and state institutions in other states. Then again a large percentage of the high grade imbeciles and morons are not recognized as feeble-minded by the relatives or friends, and yet we know only too well that oftentimes these are the most harmful and dangerous to the community, as they are able to reproduce their kind, and thus become an important factor in the production of feeble-mindedness, insanity, crime, pauperism, intemperance and prostitution. Since we know that the production of feeble-

mindedness is largely a question of heredity and that the only way to reduce the number of defectives is to prevent them from begetting their own kind, why should we not segregate all the feeble-minded and thus prevent feeble-mindedness?

#### MEDICAL WORK.

A thorough physical examination of the children, and a systematic mental examination and testing by the Binet-Simon Tests for Intelligence Age, and classification of our children have been begun. These examinations enable us to determine more accurately and scientifically the exact degree of mental defect present in each child. Reports of the child's behavior on the wards, as well as reports of its actual work and progress m school, are also filed with each child's record.

Aside from a few cases of a mild form of measles, we have been singularly free from contagious diseases. As common among children, we have had many minor gastric and intestinal disturbances; but on the whole, the health of our children has been good.

### EDUCATIONAL AND INDUSTRIAL TRAINING.

During the past year we have had a great many inquiries from parents of our children and other interested persons in regard to the work being done in our school and industrial departments. The aim of our instruction and training is to develop each child in the direction of his capabilities. We give our children as much literary instruction as they are capable of being benefited by, but unfortunately only a few feeble-minded are capable of learning to read and write intelligently. We lay much emphasis on industrial training and useful occupations, as it is only by this sort of training that the feeble-minded are ever able in later life to become useful and contribute to their own support. Indeed, the simplest occupation taught becomes educative as it stimulates mental activity, and the feeble-minded learn many things in connection with their work which they would not be able to learn from books.

The average attendance in school during the past year was 108, and the number in school at the beginning of this school

year is 140. The schedule of the school exercises appended shows the daily order of the school and industrial classes.

### RENOVATIONS AND NEW CONSTRUCTIONS.

Last fall the Governor's Council authorized the renovation of an old farm house into a hospital. This work was completed and the building was ready for occupancy in February, but has not been opened on account of our insufficient water supply. The hospital will accommodate 18 patients, with quarters for nurses to care for them. It is fitted up with modern heating, plumbing, and ventilating systems, and is made sanitary in every respect. The hospital is a much needed addition to our present accommodations, as we always have a certain number of patients who need hospital care and special medical treatment, for which there is no provision in the other buildings. It is to be regretted that we do not have water enough to open and occupy this building, which is so much needed.

At the Valley Farm the new cow barn with silo and hay barn adjoining, the creamery, the slaughter-house, and the piggery have all been completed and are now occupied. The new cow barn accommodates 40 heads of cattle, besides the bull pen and one maternity pen. It is substantially and sanitarily built, and was much needed for the health and safe keeping of our stock. The piggery, with the slaughter-house adjoining, has room for about 50 hogs. The new creamery enables us to handle the milk and cream in a sanitary manner. These buildings are all wooden structures built upon concrete foundations.

#### REPAIRS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

Since last spring, extensive exterior repairs and improvements have been made throughout the Institution. At the Valley Farm the sheds between the old barn and dormitories have all been removed, repaired, and painted. They are now ready to be used for the following purposes: I ice house, I sawdust shed, and I wood shed. The exterior of the old barn has also been repaired and painted. The old piggery has been moved beyond the new piggery. These changes have greatly improved the sanitary conditions about the Boys' Dormitories, as well as

the appearance of the grounds. Repairs of foundations, roofs, and chimneys, and painting of several other buildings have been accomplished.

The bushes and underbrush about the Brick Buildings have been cut, cleared away, and the brush burnt. The grading about me Girls' Home is nearly completed, and the same begun about Staples Hall. The bushes along the road from the Office to the Morse House have been cut, and the brush burnt. The grading, the cutting of the bushes and clearing away the brush, have been accomplished almost wholly by the boys. Roads and walks about the grounds have also been repaired and improved.

#### ACTIVITIES AND AMUSEMENTS OF THE CHILDREN.

The older boys take an active part in the work on the farm and about the grounds, while the older girls assist about the work in the laundry, sewing and mending room, kitchen and dining-rooms, and general housework. The younger children attend the school and industrial classes.

During the winter we have weekly entertainments for the children, such as: dances, picture shows, music, playing of games, etc. During the summer, baseball is the favorite pastime and games are frequently played Saturday afternoons between the Hill Farm boys and the Valley Farm boys. The regular holidays are observed in some special manner with parties and entertainments for the children. Christmas and Fourth of July are looked forward to with much interest and anticipation for several weeks beforehand.

Every Sunday, except through July and August, the children attend Sunday-school in the morning. Sunday afternoons are usually spent out of doors whenever the weather is pleasant.

#### THE FARM AND GARDEN.

Last spring about seven acres of rough land were cleared from rocks and stumps and then planted with potatoes, which are now yielding a fair crop. This fall the bushes have been cut and the brush burnt on several acres of meadow land which is now ready to be plowed. The garden yielded a good crop of vegetables. Our hay and corn crops suffered from the extreme

dry weather, and consequently there was a shortage in these crops. We also regret that the apple crop is very small, as this is a very useful and beneficial fruit for the children. Yields from the farm and garden will be found in the table giving the farm and garden products.

Our herd of cows has furnished the milk and some butter for the Institution. With the exception of one thorough-bred bull and one cow, our cattle are all grade Holsteins. Our herd consists of 23 cows, 4 heifers, 8 heifer calves, and one bull. Our cattle were tested for tuberculosis in March, 1913, and were found to be entirely free from this disease.

#### THE WATER SUPPLY.

As our population increases, the question of furnishing sufficient water for the needs of the Institution becomes greater and more serious. In order to run our laundry properly, to have water sufficient for our children to bathe and wash as frequently as is necessary for their cleanness and health, to supply the kitchen and buildings with water for cooking, washing, and sanitary purposes, and to furnish water for our stock and boilers, we now need about 30,000 gallons per day. Our present wells furnish from 15,000 to 18,000 gallons per day during wet seasons, and from 5,000 to 6,000 gallons per day in dry weather. From the above facts, it is obvious that at no time during the year do our present wells supply sufficient, or even more than half the amount of water which we ought to have. During the past year we had to haul water part of the time during December and February, and all the time through June, July, August, and September. During the latter period, on account of the extreme dry weather, some of our wells gave out completely, and we had to haul water with two teams, in order to supply our necessary wants. At present we are constructing a new well at the Valley Farm. This well apparently had a flow of about 3,000 gallons of water per day during the drought, and possibly will supply more during other seasons. This new well in addition to the old wells at Valley Farm, we hope will supply that colony as well as our stock with sufficient water for the future. Last winter an artesian well 327 feet deep was drilled at the Hill Farm, but without success, as no water was found. Another artesian well is being drilled now, and has already been sunk 275 feet without any water having been found. In leaving this subject, I pray and urge that something will be done as soon as possible which will materially aid in relieving this unfortunate and dangerous state of affairs. I say dangerous, for we are indeed very ill fitted to meet any calamity which might befall us, such as fire or an epidemic of disease.

#### WAGES.

The problem of securing and retaining good employees, especially women attendants, in institutions is ever growing more difficult. Many good and intelligent women apply for positions, but refuse to accept them when they learn what the wages are and the number of hours that they must remain on duty. Others accept these places, but leave in a short time, as they can secure positions that pay them better. In an institution of this kind where every attendant comes in close contact with the children, and therefore has some influence upon their character, it is of the utmost importance that the attendants should be of an intelligent and high grade class. The only remedy for this condition, it seems to me, is to pay higher wages and shorten the hours on duty, so that these positions will attract people of a higher intelligence and character.

## Cost of Maintenance.

#### RESIGNATIONS.

Miss Mary A. Smith, general matron, resigned on August 31st. During her four and a half years' connection with the Institution, Miss Smith rendered most faithful service. Miss Martha B. Grant, who previously had been matron at Staples

Hall, was appointed to the position of general matron. Dr. Lewis Robinson, assistant physician, resigned on September 30th, after one year of faithful and efficient service. His successor has not yet been appointed.

#### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

We gratefully acknowledge the following gifts: Christmas presents for the children from the Chenery Manufacturing Co., magazines and periodicals from the Cumberland Club, one organ for our Sunday-school room from Messrs. Cressey and Allen, also candy and small gifts from other friends.

#### Conclusion

It gives me pleasure to express my appreciation of the loyal cooperation and faithful work of the officers, teachers, and employees of the School.

The members of the visiting committee from the Governor's Council have shown a keen and friendly interest in the affairs of the Institution, and to them I feel indebted for kind and helpful suggestions.

To your Honorable Board of Trustees, who have honored me with your confidence, shown uniform kindness, and given me your constant and unanimous support, in the performance of my duties as superintendent, I wish to express my sincere thanks.

Respectfully submitted,
CARL J. HEDIN,
Suarintendent.

October 1, 1913.

# MEDICAL STATISTICS, 1913.

### TABLE No. 1.

#### GENERAL STATISTICS OF THE YEAR.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
	1		
Number enrolled Oct. 1, 1912	110	112	222
Number actually present Oct. 1, 1912	104	110	214
Number on visit Oct. 1, 1912	6	2	8
Admitted during the year	26	31	57
Viz: by commitment	18	27	45
without commitment	2	2	4
from visit	3	1	4
Nominally admitted from visit for discharge	3	1	4
Discharged during the year	9	3	12
Died during the year	2	3	5
Number enrolled September 30, 1913	119	135	254
Number actually present September 30, 1913	114	134	248
Number on visit September 30, 1913	2	1	3
Number escaped September 30, 1913	3	0	3
Daily average number of patients actually present.	112.9	122.7	235.6
Applications received during the year	32	22	<b>54</b>
Applicants waiting for admission	110	41	151

## TABLE No 2.

# CLASSIFICATION OF THE NEW ADMISSIONS ACCORDING TO THEIR MENTAL AGE AS ASCERTAINED BY THE BINET-SIMON TESTS FOR INTELLIGENCE AGE.

Mental Age.	CLASSIFICATION.	Males.	Females.	Totals.
10 years. 9 and 9 years. 7 and 6 years. 5 years. 4 and 3 years. 2 years. 1 year. Under 1 year.	High Grade Morons. Middle Grade Morons. Low Grade Morons High Grade Imbeciles Middle Grade Imbeciles Low Grade Imbeciles High Grade Idiots. Middle Grade Idiots. Low Grade Idiots. Low Grade Idiots.	0 2 7 3 5	2 1 7 9 1 3 1 3 2	2 1 9 16 4 8 3 3 3

# TABLE No. 3.

#### RESIDENCE BY COUNTIES OF INMATES ENROLLED SEPTEMBER 30, 1913.

roostook		
umberland		
ranklin		
ancock		
ennebec		
iscataquis		
igadanoc		
omerset		
ashington		
ork	************	

# TABLE No. 4.

#### AGES OF INMATES ENROLLED SEPTEMBER 30, 1913.

	Males.	Females.	Totals.
Under 6 years of age. From 6 to 10 years. From 10 to 15 years From 15 to 20 years From 20 to 25 years From 25 to 30 years From 30 to 40 years From 40 to 50 years From 40 to 50 years	4 21 33 19 14 16	2 10 20 33 25 12 24 5 4	3 14 41 66 44 26 40 14 6
Totals	119	135	254

## DAILY ORDER OF SCHOOL EXERCISES:

#### FLORA M. RANDALL, HEAD TEACHER.

Classes.	8:45 to 9:05 A. M.	9:05 to 9:40	9:40 to 10:20	10:20 to 11:00	11;00 to 11:30	1:00 to 2:30	2:30 to 4:00
Miss Randall		Kindergarten and Sense Training 9:05 to 9:20 1st Grade Number 9:20 to 9:40.	Kindergarten and Sense Training 9:40 to 9:55. Ist Grade Reading 9:55 to 10:10 Physical Training 10:10 to 10:20.	2d grade, 3d grade 4th grade. 10:20 to 10:50 2d Grade Reading	classes 3d grade. 4th grade.	Singing 1:00 to 1:15. Kindergarten and Sense Training.	Visitation of the classes.
Miss Rose	Prayer	Crocheting and knit- ting.	†Rug hooking weav- ing, lace making, braiding.	†Sewing, cutting of rags.	Tuesday and Thursday, Folk Dancing	*Knitting, sewing, crocheting, rug making, weaving, lace making.	*Knitting, sewing crocheting rug making, weaving lace making.
Miss Libby	pus	Kindergarten, 1 class Sewing 1 class.	Kindergarten 1 class Sewing 1 class.	Physical Training.	Mon., Wed., Fri., Physical training. Tues. and Thurs., Folk dancing.	Number Classes. 1st grade, 2d grade 3rd grade, 4th grade.	Physical Training. 2:30 to 2:40. Reading classes, 1st grade, 2nd grade, 3d grade 4th grade.
Mr. Sawyer	Music	Slo Ma	yd. nual Training.	Slo Manus	yd. al Training.	Sloy Manual T	
Miss Randall	Alternating	Thursday and Frid		nced classes in Indus	trial Work.		

<sup>\*</sup>Classes alternate different days.

#### TREASURER'S REPORT.

To the Trustees of the Maine School for Feeble-Minded:

I herewith submit the following report of the financial affairs of this institution for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1913:

Income and Expenses for the Year Ending September 30, 1913.

#### INCOME.

Cattle	\$125	00		
Farm	12,971	24		
Board of Patients	2,089	98		
Appropriation for Deficiency, 1912	929	81		
Appropriation for Maintenance, 1912		02		
Appropriation for Maintenance, 1913	32,826	18		
Appropriation for New Water Supply	9	36		
Appropriation for Nurses' Home	27	04		
Interest and Discount	49	35		
Cancelled Checks	2	77		
		—	\$74,609	75

#### EXPENSES.

Salaries of Officers	\$4,721 03
Pay Roll of Employees	15,637 52
Fuel, Coal	3,324 04
Fuel, Wood	609 00
Groceries	8,068 75
Butter, Eggs and Milk	6,187 20
Meats	2,058 83
Fish	315 31
Hats, Caps and Clothing	704 27
Dry Goods and Millinery	809 66
Boots and Shoes	669 11
Rubber Goods	6 50
Kitchen Utensils and Crockery	315 42
Medicine and Attendance	115 21

Miscellaneous Supplies	111	22		
Repairs to Buildings and Grounds	3,483	00		
Insurance	20			
Repairs and Renewals of Equipment	225	•		
Household Furnishings	926	•		
Farm Equipment	500	•		
Horses	160	00		
Hogs	310	13		
Hens	17	45		
Feed	2,843	95		
Hay	2,108	80		
Farm Miscellaneous	1,545	<b>4</b> I		
Telephone	428	33		
Postage, Stationery and Printing	420	05		
Traveling Expenses	231	69		
Freight and Express	125	29		
Office Furnishings	5	50		
Sundry Expenses	80	23		
Laundry Furnishings	2	74		
Entertainment for Children	37	85		
Water Supply Expense	465	56		
Storehouse Equipment		95		
School Industrial Equipment and Supplies	26	00		
Funeral Expenses	16	00		
Total Expenses for Year			\$57,635	38
Surplus			16,974	37
			\$74,609	75

# Resources and Liabilities for the Year Ending September 30, 1913. RESOURCES.

Inventories	\$39,916	20
Plant Account	177,971	50
Hospital (Completed)	2,413	54
New Barn (Completed)	7,259	14
Dairy (Completed)	1,114	93
Piggery and Slaughter-house (Completed)	2,459	46
Artesian Well (Completed)	1,054	25
New Water Supply (Not Completed)	9	36
Nurses' Home (Not Completed)	27	04
Patients' Account	612	47
State of Maine (Balance of Appropriation for		
Maintenance, 1913)	32,048	92
New Water Supply (Balance of Appropriation)	40,516	64
Nurses' Home (Balance of Appropriation)	14,972	96
Cash on Hand, September 30, 1913	2,108	42
		Φ.

#### LIABILITIES.

Audited Vouchers	\$2,094 37
tion, 1913	29,673 82
Unexpended Balance of New Water Supply Ap-	
propriation	40,516.64
Unexpended Balance of Nurses' Home Appropria-	
tion	14,972 96
Surplus	235,227 04
	\$322,484 83

Cost of Maintenance and Pcr Capita Cost for Year Ending September 30, 1913.

#### COST OF MAINTENANCE.

Total cost of support of education of inmates and mainten-	
ance of property for the year ending September 30, 1913	\$57,635 38
Total income from farm, patients' board, etc	15,238 34
Total cost to the State for support and education of inmates	
and maintenance of property for the year ending Septem-	
ber 30, 1913	42,397 04

#### PER CAPITA COST.

Average number of inmates	235.6
Cost to the Institution per week per capita	\$4 69
Income from farm, inmates' board, etc., per week, per capita	I 24
Cost to the State per week, per capita	3 45
Per capita cost for fiscal year ending September 30, 1912	5 26
Per capita cost for fiscal year ending September 30, 1913	4 69
Decrease in per capita cost per week	57

Respectfully submitted,

CARL J. HEDIN,

Treasurer.

Examined and found correct as compared with the records in the office of the State Auditor.

T. F. CALLAHAN,

State Auditor.

Farm and Garden Products for the Year Ending September 30, 1913.

498	Bushels	Apples	
200	Bushels	Apples	(Cider)
138	Bushels	Beets	
36	Bushels	Beans	

2492 Quarts Blueberries 8142 Pounds Butter

55 Bushels Cucumbers

462 Dozen Ears Corn

802 Bushels Carrots

218 Bushels Cabbage 3 Calves (Killed)

351 Loads Dressing

210 2-3 Dozen Eggs

160 Tons Hay

39 Bushels Lettuce

163,171 Pounds Milk 22 Pigs (Killed)

1,815 Bushels Potatoes

1,015 Busilets Totatoes

5 Tons Pumpkins

2 Bushels Peppers

84 Bushels Peas

31 Bushels Radishes

31 Bushels Rhubarb

218 Quarts Raspberries

21 Tons Straw

3 Tons Squash

1,1742 Quarts Strawberries

19 Bushels Spinach

123 Bushels String Beans

168 Bushels Summer Squash

58 Bushels Turnips

77 Bushels Tomatoes

79 Bushels Turnip Greens

2 Tons Vegetable Tops

187 Cords Wood

(This table includes 1912 crops harvested after September 30, 1912, and 1913 crops harvested before October 1, 1913.)

Articles Made in the Industrial Room During the Year Ending September 30, 1913.

23 Aprons

10 Bureau Scarfs

8 Bean Bags

22 Belts

18 Baskets

9 Bags

13 Caps

5 Centre Pieces

6 Doilies

19 Dish Cloths (Knit)

8 Hoods

12 Holders

6 Handkerchiefs

10 Jabots

18 Yards Lace (Torchon)

5½ Yards Lace (Crocheted)

25 Pairs Mittens

o Napkin Rings

3 Pin Cushions

4 Shawls

I Pair Doll's Pillow Slips

1 Pair Horse Reins

16 Needle Books

6 Pin Balls

864 Pounds Rags (Sewed)

512 Yards Rugs (Woven)

1 Rug (Hooked)

3 Sofa Cushions

2 Sweaters

2 Table Mats

2 Ties

I Table Spread

# Articles Made in the Sewing-Room During the Year Ending September 30, 1913.

26	Aprons (Waiter)	3	Matrons' Waists
84	Aprons (Work)	80	Napkins (Table)
50	Aprons (Kitchen)	350	Napkins (Children's)
79	Aprons (Attendants')	437	Nightshirts
97	Aprons (Class)	62	Pairs Overalls
24	Rolls Bandages (2 in.)	I	Pair Pants
7	Bread Cloths	60	Petticoats
10	Blouses, Boys'	380	Pillow Slips
134	Bibs (Attendants')	5	Rompers
127	Chemises	3	Shirt-waists
183	Corset Covers	164	Sheets (Children's)
117	Pairs Drawers	118	Sheets
178	Dresses	222	Pairs Suspenders
8	Dolls (Rag)	114	Shirts (Men's Outside)
53	Frocks	338 '	Towels (Children's)
276	Garter Tips	119	Towels (Roller)
27	Holders	58 ′	Towels (Glass)
16	Knee Pads	211	Towels (Dish)
14	Laundry Bags	148 ′	Towels (Hand)
119	Pairs Mittens (Faced)	/ 15 ′	Table Cloths
2	Matrons' Skirts	15 ′	Ties (Boys')
12	Matrons' Uniforms	24	Underwaists

Articles Repaired in the Manual Training Room During the Year Ending September 30, 1913.

2 Waiter Coats

(Toys)

4 Milk Cloths

4 Inset Boards

18 Basket Bottoms (Woven) 2 Jumping Jacks 2 Baseball Bats 37 Knitting Needles 5 Bean Bag Boards 1 May Pole 2 Bins for Industrial Room 26 Needles, Flat, 12" long, 1" wide 12 Peg Boards 12" x 12" 1 Bird House 6 Blocks (Binet Tests) 1400 Pegs 2" for Boards I Set Book Braces 2 Plant Trellises т Вох  $6\frac{1}{2}$ " х  $6\frac{1}{2}$ " х  $6\frac{1}{2}$ " 1 Rack for Kettle 1 Box, Diamond Shape 2 Ring Toss Boards 2 Boxes with Compartments 3' x 1' 2 Roosters (Toy) 26 Boxes, 9" x 13" x 6" I Tray for Cabinet Drawer 6 Yards Toweling 6c Diamonds 5" x ½" (Blocks) r Warp Frame 2 Ducks 12 Weaving Frames T Electric Car 88 Weaving Splints for Frames 6 Hammock Frames 25 Whirligigs

Articles Repaired in the Manual Training Room During the Year Ending September 30, 1913.

10	Baseballs	2 Curtain Pole Hooks (Replaced)
I	Broom	2 Desks (Repaired)
4	Brush Handles	2 Door Hasps (Replaced)
8	Bureau Drawers	2 Flags
1	Cart	25 Floor Rubbers (Recovered and
2	Catcher's Mitts	New Ropes)
2	Chairs (New back and reseated)	2 Footballs
4	Chairs (Reseated)	8 Jump Ropes (Wired Ends)
6	Chairs (Repaired)	3 Locks (Mended)
1	Chair (Rocking, reseated)	3 Looms (Mended)
4 I	Chairs (Shellacked)	1 Paper Cutter
I	Clothes Rack	1 Pair Scissors
1	Crutch	274 Shoes (Cobbled)
I	Curtain	1 Wardrobe Door